

Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas October 17, 2024

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 17 de octubre de 2024

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> Karla R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

#### BOTA, NEPACOMMENTS@gsp.gov

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> Karia R. Carmichael NEPA Program Monager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

DATE/FECHA	4-24	
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ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZ	washington / Delta	NA
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	139 Tobin Pl.	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	(9/5) 534-7760	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓN		il come

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NAME/APELLIOO Bernarda ArizMendis	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN HI/OS CLE Plata	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 5911 SIMM DIA DE 8/ DASO	TX 79905
TELEPHONE/TELESONO (915) 260 10 84	
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTRÓNICO	

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

DATE/FECHA
NAME/APELLIDO Brigh L
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN Washington De Ha Nighborhord Association
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO (915) 996-3778
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTRONICO LAPEZ bran 040@ gmail-com
COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:  1 like the proposal that the Semi trucks are Not going to cross
the bridge onymore this will improve not only contron fort Print, but then from I do have some concerns over Alding Hot of land lines for a to cross over this will increase truffic and contron footprint.



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

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TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	4020 Trowl	1735		
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNIC	o Lette26	yahoo.co	m	
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NAME/APELLIDO ) 6	lires	AVERZUER	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGAN			
ADDRESS/OIRECCIÓN	7051	Ramos Ct	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	913	5-304-7924	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRO	ónico		

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> Korlo R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Brunch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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NAME/ APELLIDO	CARMEN NATERA
ORGANIZATION/ ORGAN	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	5230 TROWBRIDE
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	(915) 726-6700
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTRO	

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NAME/ APELUDO	Chavarria :	Eva
ORGANIZATION/ OR:	SANIZACIÓN	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	4528 Blanco	#=15.1
TELEPHONE/TELÉFOR	10 (915) 974-68	
EMAIL/ CORRED ELEC		

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NAME/ APELUDO &	rangelina Jimenez	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGA	NIZACIÓN 0	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	Irilas de plata	
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NAME/ APELLIDO CST	ben dimenez	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN		
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	445 Cortez Dr. 79905	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	(915) 873 34 14	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO		

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

DATE/FECHA 10-24-	.24
NAME APELLIDO Elizabe	Hod Reminez
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	Washington Park Association
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 5/6	De Variens Da
mate delicated a life drawn Manageria	15-479-1122
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	ramirez chizabeth c @ yakoo, com
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	through the andrew Bridge
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NAME/ APELLIDO CT	MELLO	VIRGINIA	BARRAZA
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANI	ZACIÓN		
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	319 MA	RYJENNE	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO		3/3 235	
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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

# FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas

DATE/FECHA DE DE 2002A	
NAME/APELLIDO Fred Borrego	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN SAN JUAN ASSOCI	Ation
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 6805 Alameda	
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO 915-526-1725	
EMAILY CORRECT ELECTRÓNICO Alcoep @ shegloba	1.net
COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS: In Support of	GSA - A1+ 4
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NAME APELLIOO GENOVEVA J JINENEZ	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN HILOS de PLATA	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 5/6.5. PAYNOR - 99905	
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO 9/5-2/9-72-60	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

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Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102

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NAME/ APELLIDO	Prace B. Mins	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGAN		
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	302 CARGIZE St. 79965	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915-772-7920	
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTR		

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

DATE/FECHA /2-1-2024	
NAME/APELLIDO Gilbert Ortega	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN Washington Delta Neighborhood Associatio	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 140 Tobin	
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO 915-269-2041	
EMAIL/CORRED ELECTRÓNICO ortega, gilbert 16 Ogmail.com	
COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	
I am for the account of the by GCA that are	
I am for the proposed alternative by GSA that remove commercial traffic, north and south, from BOTA.	763
Commercial frattic, north and south, from DOIA.	



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NAME/ APELLIDO	LORILA ORREI
	ACION +/1605 BE PLATA
PARTICIPATION OF A PROPERTY OF A STATE OF A	DIUS. HILLS
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	9(5) 2344044
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓN	iico

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COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:

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NAME/APELLIDO TRUIII/O G/ORIA	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 1221 ESON ANTONIO	
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO 9\$5-8200487	
EMAIL/CORRED ELECTRÓNICO HILOS de PIATAS	

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas

Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas October 17, 2024

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 17 de octubre de 2024

NAME/ APELLIDO	David	DV	alenzo.	ela
ORGANIZATION/ ORGA	NIZACIÓN			
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	7051	Lamo	05 0+	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	415		1-7924	
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECT	комісо			

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DATE/FECHA 18-24	
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ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN SAN JUAN ASS.	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 6026 (LEVELAND	
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO 915 3353209	
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NAME/ APELLIDO	OSE DATOURO Aguilezi
ORGANIZATION/ ORGAN	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	219 U. Maryland
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO	(9-5) 250-4519
EMAJL/ CORREO ELECTRI	twice V./A

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas October 17, 2024

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 17 de octubre de 2024

NAME/APELLIDO JUSE I NI AJERA	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN HILOS de place	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 5230 TROWBRIDGE	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO (QU) 226-6700	
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTRÓNICO	

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NAME/AMELLIDO JOSEFinas. Fleinas. Fleinas dez
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 7840 Kngho Kngho Knght 11-
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 7840 Rnglos Knynths aft. 113 TELEPHONE/TELÉPONO 975-799-1998
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO

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NAME/ APELLIDO	Luis Maria
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	Hilos de Plata / Delta Washington
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	11731 Trey Burton Dr. 79936
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915 433 2377
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	I. mada e steglobal. Net

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NAME/APELLIDO Laurencia Soto	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 6412 Edgemene	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO/915) 301-2094	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

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NAME/ APELLIDO	Marting Estrada	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACI		
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	207 HARDESTY Pl.	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	19151 252 5695	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	(7.5)	

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NAME/ APELLIDO	Marting Estrada	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACI		
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	207 HARDESTY Pl.	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	19181 251 5695	
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# COMMENT FORM - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas

NAME/APELLIDO Marthe Aida Munoz  ORGANIZATION/ORGANIZACIÓN SAN Juan Association Highberhood  ADORESS/DIRECCIÓN 5935 Tejas Dr.  TELEPHONE/TELEPONO (915) 790-831.3  EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO MARTÍNEZ 1960/BOR MAR	16-18-24	
ORGANIZATION/ORGANIZACIÓN SON JUAN ASSOCIATION Nie Nosthood ADORESS/DIRECCIÓN 5935 Tejas Dr. TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO (915) 790-8363 EMAIL/CORREO ELECTRÓNICO MARINEZ 1960/29 Mol. COM COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:		
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 5935 Teja3 Dr.  TELEPHONE/TELÉPONO (915) 790-8363  EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO MARIANZ 1960/09 Mail. COM  COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:		
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FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condudo de El Paso. El Paso. Texas I el 17 de octubre de 2024

ORGANIZATION/ ORGA	NIZACIÓN	Hilas	de Plata
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	4451	De164	E1 PAGO TX 7996
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	)		

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NAME/ APELLIDO	Marcanta Vollalobas
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANI	N A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	344 Val. Verde St.
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915 3737328
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTRÓ	NICO

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Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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NAME APELLIDO 1/9A 62/inda	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN 4:105 do DIGTO	
NDORESS/DIRECCION 5429 0151 CIR 79804	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO 9/5 250 4/9/	
MAJL/ CORRED ELECTRÓNICO	

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NAME/APELLICO PAZ	ESTRADA
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	Hilos de Plata
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	411 5. Ochoa
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915-543-8/34
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

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NAME/ APELLIDO	PEdro MAYORY & GUILANDO
ORGANIZATION/ O	IGANIZACIÓN HILOS de PLATA
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓ	N 201 Alicis DR APT D
TELEPHONE/TELÉFO	
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NAME/ APELLIDO	QUIR.	mo (	J:11+						
ORGANIZATION/ ORGAN	-	-	os de	Plata	Delta	Washington	PK	NH	A
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	405	K4	le st	79	905				
TELEPHONE/TELÉPONO		915	926	6701					
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GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St., Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 8433 VIllanova Dr.	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	
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> Korla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Roam 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas October 17, 2024

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 17 de octubre de 2024

NAME/ APELLIDO	Resa D. Rivera
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANI	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	348- Concepcion ST. El Pago. Tx.
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915-803-56-76
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓ	

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be furned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to November 04, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karla R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

# BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte pasterior a en una haja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hay o enviado por correa electrônico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 04 de noviembre de 2024 a enviar por correa a la siguiente dirección.

> Korla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St., Roam 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder formalmente a estos comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado par el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas October 17, 2024

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NAME/ APELLIDO	Roberto Trevizo
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZA	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	213 Harresty
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915 274 4910
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTRÓN	ico

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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav

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> Karlo R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8; FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder formalmente a estas comentarias, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipa. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas October 17, 2024

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 17 de octubre de 2024

NAMES APELLIDO \$1251NY BARRAZA
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN BILLOS de Plata
NOORESS/DIRECCIÓN 445 TO DESTA EL PASO TR 79905
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO
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Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to November 04, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the 615 document.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Monager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Monagement and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav

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> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Monager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder formalmente a estas comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipa. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

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## COMMENT FORM - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas

NAME/ APELLIDO VIVIRO Cordova Flores

ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN Washington Purk Association

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 514 De Vargas

TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO (915) 401-4007

EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO VIV92742@ gmail.com

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:

I am hoping that the BOTA will continue to only be

Imhoping that the BOTA will change from commercial bridge to a passager/walk over type bridge. Changing the bridge from a passager/walk over bridge would greatly elevate the pollution levels. These pollutions have caused several problems to humans and even perhaps the 200 animals. We must remember that this bridge is within a neighbor like I said before have caused health problems. Also within this neighbor we have 3 schools that are directly by the flow of the commercial trucks.



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas October 17, 2024

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas I el 17 de octubre de 2024

NAME/ APELLIDO // ORGANIZATION/ ORGAN		205 1	05 Pla	ta		
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Korla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 829 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

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> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

Na pademos responder formalmente a estas comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento ElS.

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# COMMENT FORM - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – BOTA LPOE Draft EIS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas

With a the Control of
DATE/FECHA 10-24-24
NAME/APELLIDO CUPTERIA Repteria
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN COX Lung ton Delte W.A.
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 354 Francis St.
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO 915-637-3026
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTRÓNICO renteria appleix @ gmail. com
COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:
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By JSA That removed commenced traffic
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**Transportation Policy Board** 

Oscar Leeser, Chair Mayor, City of El Paso César Blanco Vice-Chair Texas State Senator **Chris Canales** 

City of El Paso Representative Ramon Cano Mayor, Town of Clint Miguel Chacon

Mayor, City of San Elizario, TX Joseph Cervantes New Mexico State Senator

Rudy Cruz Jr. City of Socorro Representative Aaron Chavarria, P.E.

District Engineer, NMDOT Anthony Dekeyser

Director Sun Metro, City of El Paso Mary E. Gonzalez

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**Norma Palacios** 

Public Works Assistant Director, Javier Perea Mayor, City of Sunland Park, NM **Rachel Quintana** Mayor, Village of Vinton

Isabel Salcido City of El Paso Representative Ricardo Samaniego County Judge, El Paso County Tomas Trevino, P.E.

District Engineer, TxDOT **Anthony Turner** Mayor, Town of Anthony

Eduardo Calvo, AICP Executive Director

November 27, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration 819 Taylor St. Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

On behalf of the Transportation Policy Board ("TPB") of the El Paso Metropolitan Planning Organization ("El Paso MPO"), I submit this letter as a follow up to our letter dated October 25, 2024:

At its meeting on November 15, 2024, the El Paso MPO TPB continued its discussion and review of the GSA's Draft EIS. The TPB considered the data and analysis available to date, as well as public comments from community stakeholders, all of which led to the TPB's recommendation that the GSA select Alternative 1A as the GSA's final alternative. The TPB's support for Alternative 1A reflects the governing body's understanding that decisions, including the present recommendation, must be made from a truly regional perspective, and not just from the viewpoint of each governmental body that comprises the El Paso MPO. This is especially true when making official recommendations on generational projects such as this one. The TPB recognizes that rather than serving as a solution or mitigation of the congestion and air quality impacts of truck traffic in the region, Alternative 4 simply shifts the problem from one border crossing to another within the region. In short, Alternative 4 does not serve as a solution to the adverse effects of truck traffic congestion and air quality issues arising as part of the congestion. The TPB's support for Alternative 1A, in part, arises from the consensus that, based on the information currently available. Alternative 1A is a sensible compromise: it does not currently exclude commercial traffic from the BOTA but allows for that reality in the future, if it is later conclusively determined that doing so is beneficial to the region. Delaying such a drastic change while allowing more time for the needed studies and dialogue of all interested parties, including the El Paso MPO, and stakeholders from both sides of the border, is an important factor in the TPB's recommendation in support of Alternative 1A. The region's stakeholders need additional time to prepare for and address the negative impacts to other border crossings that will result from Alternative 4 while also ensuring the efficient crossborder movement of people, vehicles, and goods.

This letter, as well as the ongoing collaboration between the El Paso MPO and the GSA, are intended to contribute to GSA's understanding of the issues and enable the selection of the alternative that best meets the region's needs. We thank you again for the opportunity to submit this letter during the extended public comment period for the Draft EIS. If you have any questions, please contact me at ecalvo@elpasompo.org or at (915) 212-0258.

Respectfully submitted,

Eduardo Calvo, AICP **Executive Director** 

cc: Oscar Leeser, Mayor City of El Paso, Chair Transportation Policy Board



## Asociación de Maquiladoras, A.C. Av. Paseo de la Victoria No. 3545 Cd. Juárez, Chih., México. C.P. 32460 Tel. (656) 629-2001

## Consequences of the Closure of Commercial Traffic at the Córdoba-Américas Port

The closure of the Córdoba-Américas Port would deal a severe blow to the economic competitiveness of the border region, both on the Mexican and U.S. sides. This port is a strategic point in the trade relationship between Mexico and the United States, and its closure would bring about serious consequences for binational trade, the local economy, and the well-being of citizens in both countries.

**Declining Binational Competitiveness:** Currently, the Córdoba-Américas port is among the top five border crossings in the United States in terms of trade with Mexico. In 2022, over \$75 billion in goods crossed through this border into the U.S., according to Customs and Border Protection (CBP). Closing this port would significantly reduce logistical efficiency and disadvantage Ciudad Juárez compared to other border crossings like Laredo and El Paso.

In comparison, ports like Laredo handle around \$248 billion in trade each year and are aggressively investing in new infrastructure to accommodate greater volumes of cargo, giving them a competitive edge if Córdoba-Américas reduces or ceases its operational capacity.

Impact on the Flow of Goods and the U.S. Supply Chain: The Córdoba-Américas port is crucial for the supply of goods to the U.S. Approximately 500 trucks per day transport goods, including food and industrial products, to key U.S. cities such as El Paso, Dallas, and Denver. Around 12% of agricultural cargo entering the U.S. from Mexico crosses through this port, meaning that its closure would significantly disrupt the flow of essential agricultural products, such as fruits and vegetables, that supply thousands of U.S. supermarkets.

According to data from the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), crossing times could increase by up to 40% if traffic from Córdoba-Américas is redistributed to less prepared ports, causing delays in product deliveries and potential disruptions to the U.S. supply chain.

Negative Environmental Impact in the U.S. Southwest: A study by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) revealed that border crossing delays increase greenhouse gas emissions. If traffic is diverted to ports like Santa Teresa or Tornillo, additional delays would increase diesel emissions by 25%, particularly in urban areas near the crossings like El Paso and Las Cruces. This would affect air quality, worsening public health issues such as asthma and other respiratory diseases.

**Economic Consequences for the U.S. Southwest:** The closure of the port would not only impact Ciudad Juárez but also the economy of nearby U.S. communities. El Paso County heavily relies on cross-border trade with Mexico, with over \$80 billion in annual imports passing through its ports. According to a study by the Migration Policy Institute, more than 15% of jobs in El Paso are directly or indirectly related to



# Asociación de Maquiladoras, A.C. Av. Paseo de la Victoria No. 3545 Cd. Juárez, Chih., México. C.P. 32460 Tel. (656) 629-2001

U.S.-Mexico trade. Closing the Córdoba-Américas port would have a devastating impact on these jobs, particularly in sectors such as transportation, logistics, and manufacturing.

Additionally, the National Retail Federation has warned that supply chain disruptions, especially at key border crossings, could increase logistics costs in the U.S. by up to 20%, directly affecting consumer prices.

Lack of Adequate Infrastructure in Tornillo and Other Ports: While alternatives such as Tornillo have been proposed, this port lacks the necessary infrastructure to handle a significant increase in commercial traffic. According to data from the Texas Department of Transportation, Tornillo currently handles less than 5% of the trade that passes through Córdoba-Américas, and its infrastructure, such as rail connections and warehouses, is not equipped to handle a much larger volume of cargo. Additionally, the lack of road safety guarantees connecting Tornillo to other cities makes its massive use unfeasible in the short term.

Santa Teresa has also been mentioned as an alternative, but according to the Border Trade Alliance, although it has growth potential, it currently handles only 7% of the total volume passing through Ciudad Juárez. In the long term, it could be an option, but in the short term, its capacity to handle additional traffic is limited.

Importance of the Flow of Food and Essential Goods: Of the approximately 500 trucks crossing through Córdoba-Américas daily, a large portion transports food and agricultural products to U.S. markets. According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), more than 30% of the fruits and vegetables arriving in Texas and surrounding states like New Mexico and Arizona come from Mexico, and many of these products cross through Córdoba-Américas. Closing the port could lead to shortages in supermarkets and increases in the prices of staple foods, affecting American families in the region.

Conclusion: Closing the Córdoba-Américas port is not just a local issue; it affects both sides of the border. From a U.S. perspective, the closure would have profound economic, environmental, and social consequences. The U.S. supply chain would be severely impacted, and trade between Mexico and the U.S. would slow, negatively affecting both businesses and consumers. It is crucial to keep this port operational to protect the economic competitiveness and commercial stability of the border region and to avoid a negative impact on the communities that depend on this commercial flow.

Your sincerely
Maguiladoras Associtation – Index Cd. Juarez



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

2 messages

**GARCIA**, **ARMANDO B** <ARMANDO.B.GARCIA@cbp.dhs.gov>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Tue, Sep 24, 2024 at 11:08 AM

NO on the closure of the BOTA cargo facility.



CBPO Armando B. Garcia

U. S. Customs & Border Protection

El Paso Field Office

3600 E. Paisano St.

El Paso, TX 79901

(915) 730-7066

armando.b.garcia@cbp.dhs.gov

Mon, Oct 21, 2024 at 8:54 AM

[Quoted text hidden]



# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Martinez**, **Ana** <amartinez@tnexpress.net>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 12:18 PM

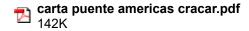
Best regards.

Ana Laura Martinez

Transportes Enlace Internacional

amartinez@tnexpress.net

Cel: 915-241-0082





## "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

3 messages

**DELACRUZ, ARTHUR** <aRTHUR.DELACRUZ@cbp.dhs.gov>
To: "BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@GSA.GOV" <BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov>
Co: "DELACRUZ, ARTHUR" <aRTHUR.DELACRUZ@cbp.dhs.gov>

Fri, Sep 27, 2024 at 7:35 PM

NO!

Arthur De La Cruz

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Port of El Paso

El Paso Texas 79925

Arthur.delacruz@cbp.dhs.gov

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BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Oct 7, 2024 at 10:30 AM

To: "DELACRUZ, ARTHUR" <ARTHUR.DELACRUZ@cbp.dhs.gov> Co: "DELACRUZ, ARTHUR" <ARTHUR.DELACRUZ@cbp.dhs.gov>

No to what? No commercial trucks at BOTA or Do not stop commercial trucks at BOTA? [Quoted text hidden]

Mon, Oct 21, 2024 at 8:51 AM

[Quoted text hidden]



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**TRANSPORTES RAMOS** <transportesramos@sbtrmx.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 1:20 PM

Good afternoon

My name is Arturo Ramos, I appreciate your attention to the attached letter.

Best regards







November 25, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Re: GSA's Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry Draft Environmental Impact

Statement

To Whom it May Concern:

The American Trucking Associations, Inc. (ATA), on behalf of its more than 35,000 member companies and organizations, is writing to formally express our concerns with the General Services Administration's (GSA) recommendation to remove commercial truck traffic from the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) in El Paso, Texas as part of the proposed modernization project. As the largest national trade association representing the interests of the trucking industry, ATA is dedicated to advocating for the safety and security of our members, the trucking industry at large, and all our nation's critical infrastructure sectors, including those at land ports of entry. As such, we believe that eliminating commercial traffic at BOTA would create significant adverse impacts on trade and commerce in the region.

### **Increased Congestion at Other Ports of Entry**

The removal of commercial truck traffic from BOTA would force the current traffic to the other international bridges. Diversion of freight would likely create additional congestion and delays at these alternative ports. It is our understanding that these other bridges and ports were not originally designed for the level of freight volume they would likely get as a result of the BOTA closing to trucks.

### **Supply Chain Disruptions**

BOTA is important in the cross-border supply chain. As a result, stopping commercial truck traffic at this port would disrupt well-established trade routes and schedules. This would also add unnecessary stress and economic burden on the motor carriers currently operating in the region.

#### **Impact on Freight Costs**

Eliminating commercial truck traffic from BOTA would drive freight onto tolled international bridges. The trucking industry operates on very thin profit margins, which is especially true over the last two years because of difficult economic times for the industry as freight levels have fallen. Pushing trucks to alternative tolled bridges will increase costs. Operating costs have already been rising significantly over the last few years. In fact, according to the American Transportation Research Institute, they are up over 25% since 2020. BOTA's toll-free access offers a crucial cost advantage for cross-border commerce, upon



which many businesses in the region rely. The removal of this option could disproportionately burden small to medium-sized enterprises, which is a massive segment of the industry given that over 90% of all fleets in the United States operate 6 or fewer trucks.

#### **Lack of Local Stakeholder Engagement**

We have heard from members in Texas that many El Paso and Ciudad Juarez business entities are frustrated over a lack of constituent communication from GSA officials throughout this process. A comprehensive and transparent process should include consultations with those directly affected, particularly business owners, motor carriers, and others in the logistics industry.

#### **Coordinating with Mexican Authorities**

The proposed changes also require close coordination with Mexican authorities, whose cooperation is critical to smooth and efficient binational trade operations. ATA has been made aware that our transportation partners in the Mexican government are not in agreement with GSA's decision, nor are they in a position to become prepared for its timeline of implementation.

#### Conclusion

With these significant concerns in mind, ATA urges GSA to reconsider its preferred alternative, Alternative 4, and to re-evaluate the impacts that the elimination of commercial truck traffic at BOTA would have on the regional economy, supply chains, and local stakeholders. We encourage GSA to select an alternative that maintains commercial truck access at BOTA and incorporates a more inclusive, stakeholder-driven planning process.

Thank you for your attention to these concerns. Should you have any questions or need more information regarding these comments please call me at 703-838-1799 or email me at bcostello@trucking.org.

Respectfully,

**Bob Costello** 

Senior Vice President, International Trade & Security Policy











# November 4, 2024

United States General Services Administration 1800 F Street NW Washington, D.C. 20405 Delivered electronically to BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

# To Whom It May Concern:

We, the undersigned, want to express our deep concern with the General Services Administration's (GSA) premature and ill-advised recommendation to remove commercial traffic from the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). This concern is compounded by the fact that many El Paso and Ciudad Juarez business stakeholders have indicated a lack of constituent communication from GSA officials throughout this process, which will have an enormous impact on cross-border commerce between Texas and Mexico – our state and nation's largest trading partner. Furthermore, our partners in the Mexican government are not in agreement with your decision, nor are they in a position to become prepared for its timeline of implementation.

These factors make it evident that the GSA has rushed to a conclusion without having gathered all the necessary facts, data, or analyses from the communities that will be most impacted. By your own admission during your recent public meeting, GSA is still in the data collection phase and soliciting stakeholder input, yet you have already decided to recommend an option that the business community strongly opposes, which will harm vital economies on both sides of the border. In addition, stakeholders are concerned about the lack of clarity as to what traffic projection studies your team has used in their process to determine your preferred alternative, as well as the dubious accuracy of those studies. This includes a complete lack of information regarding southbound traffic and only a recent attempt to capture this data with a small sample size at one port of entry. The regional port system will be unable to adjust to the abrupt changes outlined in your recommendation until there is a comprehensive understanding of the regional traffic system, including southbound data at the affected ports of entry.

The lack of an economic impact study or comprehensive traffic analysis in arriving at this conclusion is both irresponsible and short-sighted. It appears that the GSA is rushing to a foregone conclusion without having properly engaged all









stakeholders in the El Paso-Juarez community and without having the proper level of information necessary to justify such an impactful decision. This raises serious concerns about the integrity and thoroughness of the decision-making process. The El Paso community, and the region at large, deserves better than a recommendation built on incomplete information and skewed priorities in a rushed process.

We strongly urge you to retract this recommendation, ensuring that all relevant facts, particularly those relating to economic and traffic impacts, are taken into full account. Any decision made without this essential data will be a complete disservice to the El Paso-Juarez community and their integrated local economies and is nothing short of an affront to the many stakeholders who rely on the efficient functioning of this vital commercial artery.

Sincerely,

Glenn Hamer President & CEO

Texas Association of Business

Alejandro Malagón

Confederación de Cámaras Industriales de los Estados Unidos Mexicanos John Esparza President & CEO Texas Trucking Association

Miguel Ángel Martínez

President

Cámara Nacional de Autotransporte

de Carga



November 5, 2024

# **U.S. General Service Administration**

BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

Subject: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Flo Networks and its board members, executives and shareholders have long been advocates of strong and healthy Bi-National commercial operations across our border. We believe that the well-being of our economy and community is inseparable from the trade and transport that takes place in our region on a daily basis, and we see the long-term opportunities and prosperity which are available to us if we can properly foster and grow our ability to execute trade and transportation on the border. That being said, we have also come to appreciate the difficulties and challenges in logistics which stem from operating on the border. While the operations and systems which enable our commerce to function are monumental, they are also very delicate. Small changes can have dramatic impacts and, for that reason, actions which have the potential to stifle regional commerce require strategic and intentional plans of action.

For these reasons, we urge the GSA to take a strategic approach to any proposed changes to the commercial traffic capabilities of the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). We believe this approach should be in line with alternative 1A which was previously published by the GSA on September 20 of this year, and which would provide for flexibility in connection with northbound and southbound commercial traffic on the BOTA. We have discussed this matter with other businesses which we believe to be particularly well versed in the subject and strongly endorse a solution which includes (i) phased implementation to avoid material and adverse effects on our regional trade and transportation, (ii) the implementation of an "Empties-Only Corridor" which we believe will provide a sophisticated solution for complex problems being faced on the BOTA today, (iii) a Hazmat Management solution that would benefit local populations as well as regional commerce and (iv) an emphasis on placing value in the ability to access Contingent Relief which the BOTA provides our region.

We understand that solutions have been proposed by the Tecma Group which address our concerns and we endorse the implementation of said solutions as well as

the involvement of Tecma Group in coming up with a strategic plan for this complex challenge. As parties with a vested interest in the long-term wellbeing of our Bi-National economy, we would like to offer our availability to discuss any issues in connection with the foregoing and thank you for your attention on this matter.

Best regards,

**Miguel Fernandez** 

CEO

mfs@flo.net



Dear Ms. Carmichael.

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in EI Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the EI Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Wan Rey

President

Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC.

**CRACAR** 

6248 Edgemere Blvd. suite 106

El Paso, Tx. 79925



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in EI Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte **región** and Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

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Sincerely,

Ivan Rey

President

Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC.

CRACAR

6248 Edgemere Blvd. suite 106

El Paso, Tx. 79925





United States General Services Administration 1800 F Street NW Washington, D.C. 20405 Delivered electronically to <u>BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov</u>

### To Whom It May Concern:

On behalf of the Texas business community, I write to express our gratitude for your efforts to modernize the Bridge of Americas (BOTA) port of entry in El Paso. We believe modernization of this major trade gateway is sorely needed and look forward to participating in a process that will surely yield fruitful results that support economic growth throughout our entire binational region. However, we strongly urge you to avoid removing commercial traffic from your final strategy to modernize BOTA.

We trust that all required due diligence will be performed prior to any final decisions being made regarding this complex and impactful public project. Of special interest to us will be the thoughtful consideration of the results of the operational, administrative, environmental, and economic impact studies fiduciarily required to ensure informed decision-making based on objective factors.

One area of particular interest for us is in addressing the <u>root causes</u> of the congestion at the BOTA. We must take a hard look at improving operational efficiencies at BOTA and consider other important factors inconspicuously impacting traffic flow. For instance, high toll charges disproportionately affect individuals and families who are already financially strained, compelling them to go out of their way to use the free BOTA to avoid excessive toll fees at a bridge near them.

Congestion at BOTA can be attributed to the significant influx of individual and family vehicles seeking toll relief at peak times. This being said, waiving tolls for noncommercial vehicles at all toll bridges during key hours is a simple solution that will certainly help alleviate the current pressure on BOTA by dispersing traffic across multiple crossings. With the region's growth and the economic challenges faced by many residents, it is no longer feasible for families to be expected to pay tolls during peak times. This is just one suggestion for relief, and we welcome the opportunity to analyze this and other potential solutions with you.

TAB strongly supports the need to prioritize the 'Port of the Future' program in the BOTA modernization initiative. It is crucial that this program becomes a key element of the modernization strategy, as its promulgation of high-quality standards is directly relevant to enhancing efficient cross-border trade to support our state's business community. The program's approach to consistently solving common challenges, particularly in the realm of emerging technologies, is essential for the long-term success of this endeavor.

Furthermore, the appropriate agencies responsible for the efficient and effective movement of traffic across BOTA must be given the required directives and funding to invest in impactful





technology that will help enhance security while maximizing operational efficiency. Additionally, it is important to ensure that the <u>existing BOTA</u> infrastructure is utilized at **full capacity at all times**. Consistent operational efficiency is achievable by diminishing unnecessary bureaucratic impediments while taking advantage of leading-edge technology and common-sense solutions.

It is essential to understand that the economic vitality of our region heavily depends on the efficiency and sustainability of our binational transportation infrastructure, particularly for commercial activities. Any modernization plan needs to consider the full impact on all stakeholders, including the logistics and manufacturing industries, before it is implemented so that the communities that rely on robust and efficient cross-border commercial activity will not be adversely impacted.

In summary, we urge the GSA and El Paso City officials to:

- 1. Commission a comprehensive array of professional studies to determine the operational, administrative, environmental, and economic impact of the BOTA modernization mission;
- 2. Establish optimal operational efficiency as the primary mission objective for the BOTA modernization effort;
- 3. Consider and address the full spectrum of potential root causes for the traffic congestion at BOTA and not just the symptoms;
- 4. Use appropriated funding to reform the toll policies at all land ports of entry to alleviate congestion at BOTA during peak times; and
- 5. Fully consider the broader social and economic implications of all options, especially any effort to reroute commercial traffic.

Texas' binational economy deserves a solution that is equitable, economically sound, and sustainable for <u>all</u> stakeholders on both sides of the border. Maintaining an efficient and reliable flow of trade through our region will encourage investment and produce prosperity for all. Thank you for your coordination.

Sincerely,

Glenn Hamer President & CEO

Texas Association of Business

<del>\_\_\_\_\_\_</del>

John Esparza President & CEO Texas Trucking Association

Cc: Sito Negron, Senior Policy Advisor, El Paso Precinct 2, L.Negron@epcounty.com



Cd. Juarez, Chih October 22, 2024 U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Servicio Binacional de Transporte Ramos S.A. de C.V., I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Arturo Ramos
General Director
SERVICIO BINACIONAL DE TRANSPORTE RAMOS S.A. DE C.V.
2121 E Yandell Dr
El Paso TX 79903

SERVICIO BINACIONAL DE TRANSPORTE RAMOS S.A DE C.V.



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor st, Room 12-8 Fort Worth, TX 76102

SUBJECT: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and ASOCIACION DE TRANSPORTISTAS DE CIUDAD JUAREZ, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

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Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Carlos Alberto Loera Mojica

Finance Manager SERVICIO INTERNACIONAL DE ENLACE TERRESTRE, S.A. DE C.V.

E-mail: carlos.loera@t-siete.com

ccp. Armando Sotelo Suárez



October 23, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

# Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in EI Paso, Texas as a member of the Paso Del Norte region and ASOCIACION DE TRANSPORTISTAS DE CIUDAD JUAREZ, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

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Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely

Enrique Andujo Dávila

Border Express de México S.A. de C.V.

Carr. Juarez Porvenir #880-8A Col. Zaragocita Cd. Juarez, Chih. C.P. 32701

MX (656) 411-3255 | US (915) 875-1103 | bex.mx

# TRANSPORTES LYRMA DE CD. JUAREZ, S.A DE C.V

**U.S. General Services Administration** 

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC (CRACAR), I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

MR. SALVADOR LOPEZ PORTILLO

GENERAL MANGER / CEO

TRANSPORTES LYRMA DE CD JUAREZ SA DE CV





November 1, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

I am writing to express significant concerns regarding the preferred plan outlined in the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) modernization project, specifically the proposal to eliminate commercial cargo operations at this vital port of entry.

As CEO of The Borderplex Alliance, representing numerous business interests in the region, I must emphasize that the current proposal requires substantial revision to address several critical issues:

- Lack of comprehensive binational coordination with Mexican authorities
- Absence of detailed capacity analysis for alternative ports of entry
- Insufficient strategic planning for traffic redistribution
- Incomplete assessment of economic impacts on regional commerce

The elimination of commercial traffic at BOTA without addressing these fundamental concerns would severely impact our region's economic vitality. Our border economy relies heavily on efficient commercial operations, and any modifications must be implemented with careful consideration of all stakeholders' interests.

We strongly urge the appropriate agencies to:

- Develop a comprehensive binational implementation plan
- Conduct thorough capacity studies at alternative crossing points
- Create detailed traffic management strategies
- Perform in-depth economic impact analyses
- Engage in additional consultation with regional stakeholders

While we remain open to exploring various solutions for modernizing our ports of entry, we must note that of the current options presented, Alternative 1a, though not perfect, represents a superior approach to the current recommended option. We encourage the GSA to continue working with stakeholders to develop a more balanced approach that maintains the vital commercial operations that sustain our region's economy.

Sincerely,

Jon Barela

CEO

The Borderplex Alliance



November 26, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. I strongly support Alternative 1A for this project, as further outlined in the paragraphs below.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Very truly yours,

Jobe Materials, L.P.

Garrett J. Yancey

Assistant General Counsel (915) 298-9614 [Office] (915) 333-9572 [Cell]

garrett@jobeco.com



November 26, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

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Very truly yours,

Jobe Materials, L.P.

Ralph Wm. Richards

Vice President and General Counsel

(915) 298-9903 [Office] (915) 478-7484 [Cell] ralph@jobeco.com



November 4, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Delivered via electronic mail

Re: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

To Whom it May Concern:

On behalf of the public and private sector members of the Border Trade Alliance, we are writing to formally express our concerns with the General Services Administration's recommendation to remove commercial truck traffic from the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) in El Paso, Texas as part of the proposed modernization project. While BTA appreciates the effort to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act and to address social, economic, and environmental impacts through the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), we believe that eliminating commercial traffic at BOTA would create significant, adverse impacts on trade and commerce in the region.

#### **Impact on freight costs**

Eliminating commercial truck traffic from BOTA would drive freight onto tolled international bridges, creating upward pressure on shipping costs for firms on both sides of the border. BOTA's toll-free access offers a crucial cost advantage for cross-border commerce that many businesses in the region rely on. The removal of this option could disproportionately burden small to medium-sized enterprises, threatening economic stability and the competitiveness of U.S.-Mexico trade in this region.

### Increased congestion at other ports of entry

BTA is concerned that removing commercial cargo traffic from BOTA would result in a diversion of freight to other international bridges, creating additional congestion and delays at these locations. The redirection of trucks to alternative ports not originally designed for increased freight volume could negatively impact both commercial efficiency and the region's air quality by increasing emissions due to slower traffic and idling times.

#### **Supply chain disruptions**

BOTA is a critical link in the cross-border supply chain, and the elimination of commercial traffic at this port would disrupt well-established trade routes and schedules. The resulting delays and logistical challenges would add considerable uncertainty to supply chains, which could have a cascading negative economic impact on industries across the region.

#### Lack of engagement with local stakeholders

The BTA is particularly concerned about the apparent lack of a robust stakeholder engagement process involving the local business community. A comprehensive decision-making process should include meaningful consultation with those directly affected, particularly business owners, freight operators, and logistics professionals. Including these stakeholders ensures that the proposed alternatives serve the region's long-term economic interests.

continued

#### **Coordination with Mexican authorities**

Additionally, the proposed changes require close coordination with Mexican authorities, whose cooperation is critical to smooth and efficient binational trade operations. The absence of a transparent, coordinated effort risks implementing changes that could create operational inconsistencies and potentially compromise cross-border efficiencies.

With these significant concerns in mind, BTA urges GSA to reconsider its preferred alternative, Alternative 4, and to re-evaluate the impacts that the elimination of commercial truck traffic at BOTA would have on the regional economy, supply chains, and local stakeholders. We encourage GSA to select an alternative that maintains commercial truck access at BOTA and incorporates a more inclusive, stakeholder-driven planning process.

Thank you for your attention to these concerns. We look forward to a continued dialogue with GSA on this matter and would welcome the opportunity to discuss further the consequences of eliminating commercial traffic at BOTA.

Sincerely,

Lance Jungmeyer Chairman

Border Trade Alliance

Britton/Mullen President

Border Trade Alliance



#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

#### **BOTA**

1 message

Carlos Loera <carlos.loera@t-siete.com>

Wed, Oct 23, 2024 at 3:06 PM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "rarooc@yahoo.com.mx" <rarooc@yahoo.com.mx>, ARMANDO SOTELO <armando\_sotelo@sbcglobal.net>

Please find the attached letter.

Regards.

Nuestro dominio de correo ha cambiado a @t-siete.com

Favor de considerarlo en sus comunicaciones.



# Carlos Loera

Gerente de Administración y Finanzas

O: (656) 682-2946 x1104

C: (656) 440-1241





#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

# Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

1 message

Carlos Noé #1EXPEDITE <carlosn@number1expedite.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 1:30 PM

U.S. General Services Administration

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Please accept our cordial greetings. We are writing to express our deep concern regarding the Draft Environmental Impact Statement issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) regarding the Cordova-De las Americas Bridge (BOTA) modernization project. The preferred alternative selected

in said draft contemplates the permanent elimination of the goods crossing, which would have a devastating impact on our region.

The Cordova-De las Americas International Bridge (BOTA) is a crucial link for Cross-Border trade, as it is the only toll-free bridge along the entire border between Mexico and the United States. Its strategic location provides access to Highway 54, connecting Interstate 1 O and Inner Loop 375, making it a vital hub for the manufacturing industry.

In 2019, the Cross-Border trade at BOTA amounted to \$76,649 million, which represented 14. 78% of the total exchanges. By 2023, this value had exceeded \$21,559 million annually. Presently, the bridge accommodates 20,000 light noncommercial vehicles and 500 Northbound as well as 2,000

Southbound commercial cargo trucks every day, with waiting times ranging from 30 minutes to 2 hours during peak hours.

The commercial closure of this crossing would have serious consequences for the regional economy and trade relations between Chihuahua and Texas. Some of the most worrying implications are:

- 1. **Economic Impact:** Juarez City is home to 318 companies affiliated with the IMMEX program, 117 of which are American owned. These companies would suffer significant losses due to the additional cost of redirecting shipments, estimated to be between \$120 and \$180 per vehicle.
- 2. **Infrastructure and Logistics:** The rerouting of commercial traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta crossing may cause a major bottleneck, as this crossing is already operating at almost full capacity. The alternative crossings, San Jeronimo-Santa Teresa and Guadalupe-Tornilo, have limitations in terms of

infrastructure, personnel, and schedules, which would lead to delays and increased logistics expenses.

- 3. **Collaboration and Impact on the USMCA:** The interruption of the flow of goods contravenes the spirit of cooperation and free trade established in the Agreement between Mexico, the United States, and Canada (USMCA), affecting the competitiveness of Mexican and American companies.
- 4. **Competitiveness and Future Trends:** The region is continuously expanding, with forecasts of increased trade and industry. Closing this crossing would be counterproductive, considering the growing demand for efficient crossings in the future.
- 5. **Nearshoring and Strategic Growth:** Nearshoring in Ciudad Jurez is strengthening due to its proximity to the US, which allows for reduced costs and shipping times. Improvements in infrastructure and trade agreements are crucial to favor this

strategic growth.

6. **Sustainability and Environmental Impact:** Rerouting trucks to other congested crossings would increase the number of pollutants, significantly impacting air quality and the health of nearby residential communities.

Due to the strategic significance of the Cordova Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) for our region and for bilateral relations between Mexico and the United States, we kindly request your intervention to prevent the temporary or permanent closure of commercial traffic at this crossing.

We propose that the modernization of the United States Customs Office to Mexico consider three key areas:

- A. **Comprehensive Infrastructure Expansion and Improvement:** It is necessary to expand the bridge and the north-south access facilities, implementing a phased strategy that considers commercial traffic during public works.
- B. **Optimization of Operation and Personnel:** Optimization by extending operating hours and Strengthening checkpoints personnel and modernizing technological systems to optimize traffic and cargo processing.
- C. **Sustainability and Long-Term Accessibility:** Design a strategy to ensure the continued operation of the crossing and the maintenance of the toll-free bridge, while optimizing crossing times to reduce environmental impact.

We appreciate your attention to this matter and are available to provide any additional information you

Sources: \*(Data: INDEX, Trust, AAA, Transport), ONU HABITAT

Lic. Carlos A. Noé



Carlosn@number1expedite.com

General Manager



www.Number1expedite.com



Office 915 400 2045 Extension 115

Cel. 1 915 603 1372 52 656 215 2201





#### \*\*\*\*\* NOTA IMPORTANTE \*\*\*\*\*

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#### 2 attachments

image001.png 1K

SFLEXPERTEC24102112190 REVISED.pdf 46K



#### **U.S.** General Services Administration

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Transportes Enlace Internacional I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Jose Manuel Gomez Alvarez

Director

Transportes Enlace Internacional



#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

# **BOTA Letter**

1 message

Cassandra Diaz <cdi@flo.net>

Wed, Nov 6, 2024 at 5:25 PM

To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov, mariajose.calixtro@mail.house.gov Cc: Miguel Fernandez <mfs@flo.net>

Good afternoon,

Please receive the attached letter on behalf of Miguel Fernandez Stevenson from Flo Networks.

Respectfully, Cassandra Diaz



U.S General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Dear Karla Carmichael:

In a global context where regional integration is key to strengthening supply chains and the economic competitiveness of North America, Ciudad Juárez and the region encompassing the states of Chihuahua, Texas, and New Mexico play a fundamental role as one of the main manufacturing centers on the continent. In Ciudad Juárez alone, there are 321 export manufacturing establishments, of which 36% are U.S.-owned, representing an average annual investment of over \$45 million usd in the past three years. Additionally, about 41% of the goods crossing this border are destined to the norther states of the US, highlighting the national economic impact generated by this region.

One of the main factors contributing to this relevance is the Córdova de las Américas bridge, through which goods worth \$21.5 billion transit annually. It is noteworthy that 60% of the cost to expand the commercial area of this bridge, carried out in 1997, was covered by local transporters. Moreover, this expansion was completed without interrupting international transit and in coordination with contractors from Mexico and the United States, projecting a useful life of 60 years. From this coordination, a trust fund was established that still exists today and has been fundamental for financing the maintenance of the border crossing.

The Córdova de las Américas bridge efficiently connects the most important road infrastructure in the region giving direct access to federal and interstate highways on both sides of the border, without the need to pass through residential areas, allowing an annual flow of more than 480,000 cargo trucks moving north to south and over 110,000 moving south to north.

In this sense, we express our opposition to the press release issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA), which presents Alternative 4 as the preferred option, proposing the elimination of commercial cargo traffic, which would have serious implications for the development and competitiveness of the region.

We believe this option will generate negative consequences such as:

- High impact to residential communities in Ciudad Juárez: Diverting trucks to other border crossings will increase truck traffic on streets and neighborhoods in Ciudad Juárez, causing deterioration and affecting the quality of life of its residents.
- Environmental impact in densely populated areas: Redirecting traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta bridge would transfer pollutant emissions from a less populated area to one with a high population density, worsening air quality and public health issues.



SECRETARÍA DE INNOVACIÓN Y DESARROLLO ECONÓMICO

- 3. Need for additional investments at other crossings: Alternatives such as San Jerónimo—Santa Teresa and Guadalupe—Marcelino Serna (Tornillo) lack the necessary infrastructure to absorb the additional cargo traffic that would be diverted. Expanding and modernizing these crossings would require significant investment, which is already being pursued by the governments of both countries; however, it does not provide an immediate solution.
- 4. New Investments: Due to the attraction of new investments in the state, a demand increase of up to 1,000 trailers daily is expected in the medium term, necessitating an expansion of the crossings rather than a reduction.
- 5. Loss of previous investments: The Mexican National Customs Agency (ANAM) has made significant investments in equipment and technological systems at the Córdova de las Américas crossing. Closing commercial traffic at this port would mean a direct loss of those resources, as well as underutilization of the existing infrastructure.
- Increased costs and prices for industry and transporters: Diverting commercial traffic would increase
  operational costs for industry and transporters by between \$120 and \$180 usd per truck, directly affecting
  the region's competitiveness.

In this context, implementing Alternative 1A not only strengthens the binational cooperation but better aligns to the current and future needs of comercial transit in the región.

We thank you in advance for your attention to this request and trust that your intervention will be decisive in ensuring a favorable decision for the development and integration of our region.

Sincerely

Fernando Alba Quiñonez

Undersecretary of Energy, Mining and Industry
Secretariat of Inovation and Economic Development
Chihuahua State Government





Chihuahua, Chihuahua, October 22, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Logistica San Ignacio SA de CV, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Homero Soto Sepúlveda

Owner

LOGÍSTICA SAN IGANCIO, S.A. de C.V.

US DOT # 3361525

2220 Basset Ave, PMB182 El Paso, TX 79901



Octubre 09, 2024

#### Puente Libre Córdova

U.S. General Services Administration BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Asunto: "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

En mi carácter de Representante del Presidente Municipal del Gobierno de Ciudad Juárez y en referencia a la consulta ciudadana, donde se analizarán los impactos sociales, económicos y ambientales de las alternativas para la Modernización de la Aduana en la Ciudad de El Paso del Puerto de entrada del puente libre Córdova o de las Américas me permito externar lo siguiente:

La Alternativa 1A: Modernización de varios niveles que permita el tránsito peatonal, de vehículos no comerciales y de carga comercial y donde esta alternativa incluye la flexibilidad para eliminar el tráfico de carga comercial en dirección norte y sur en el futuro, puede ser la alternativa más viable en estos momentos ya que podemos tener la certeza de que desde el Gobierno Municipal, Estatal y Federal, encontraríamos en conjunto con los usuarios del tráfico comercial, alternativas de desarrollar la infraestructura necesaria, de acuerdo al propio crecimiento de las necesidades de la Industria Manufacturera local y al mismo tiempo desarrollar los otros polos de desarrollo disponibles entre Ciudad Juárez y los Estados de Texas y Nuevo México.

La opción de la alternativa 4 donde se busca el cierre definitivo de la opción para carga, consideramos que va totalmente en contra del espíritu de cooperación y de integración económica que alienta el regreso de las empresas de manufactura y de la propia necesidad del mejoramiento de infraestructura binacional que permita con la tecnología disponible una movilidad rápida y expedita, que resolviera los problemas que hoy enfrentamos en los puertos de entrada (POE) a nuestros mercados compartidos. Y me refiero al texto que explícitamente cancela el tráfico de carga comercial y nos haría retroceder en competitividad y entregaría la economía que resulta de la logística relacionada transfiriendo esta al Estado de Nuevo México.

La Alternativa 4: Modernización de varios niveles que permita el tránsito peatonal y de vehículos no comerciales con la eliminación del tráfico de carga comercial en dirección norte y sur.)

Av. Francisco Villa 950 Nte. Col. Centro, Juárez Chihuahua México, CP 32000 Tel +52 (656) 737 00 00



Externo la preocupación de mi gobierno y de los usuarios del puente libre Córdova ya que esta infraestructura es fundamental para el comercio y la economía de nuestra región fronteriza.

Nuestra región fronteriza es un ejemplo único de cooperación y aunque desde el inicio de los estudios de referencia para la modernización de la Aduana Americana acompañamos y celebramos que se invierta en la modernización, pero el costo e impacto al comercio y tráfico de carga seria devastador para El Paso y para la Industria Manufacturera y de Logística entre ambos países. El Puente Córdova de las Américas (BOTA) es una arteria vital para esta actividad.

Las implicaciones más preocupantes son:

- 1. Económicas: La industria maquiladora y las empresas de capital americano que dependen de este cruce enfrentarían pérdidas significativas debido al desvío de embarques y los costos adicionales que esto implicaría.
- 2. De Infraestructura y Logística: La interrupción de esta vía vital no solo afectaría a las empresas regionales, sino que también podría exacerbar los problemas de congestión y tiempos de espera de las otras alternativas de cruce restantes.
- 3. De colaboración, Impacto en el TMEC: La interrupción del flujo de mercancías contraviene en el espíritu de cooperación y libre comercio establecido en los acuerdos del TMEC afectando las operaciones y la competitividad de las empresas mexicanas y americanas
- 4. De competitividad, Tendencias Futuras: La región está en constante crecimiento, con proyecciones de aumento en el comercio y la industria.
- 5. De Sostenibilidad, Impacto Ambiental: El redireccionamiento de camiones a otros cruces saturados incrementara las emisiones de CO2, producto de los tiempos de espera más largas del lado americano y rutas más largas en el lado mexicano y menos directas. Además, al desviar el tráfico hacia zonas más pobladas, el impacto en la calidad del aire se intensifica, afectando de manera significativa a comunidades residenciales cercanas y aumentando la exposición de la población a contaminantes nocivos. Esto contrapone los esfuerzos por reducir la huella de carbono en el transporte.

Av. Francisco Villa 950 Nte. Col. Centro, Juárez Chihuahua México, CP 32000 Tel +52 (656) 737 00 00



Por todo esto y acompañando la voz y preocupación de las empresas y las organizaciones relacionadas al sector manufacturero, solicito que esta carta se admita con la exposición de motivos aquí planteados.

#### Atentamente:

Juan Acereto Cervera Asuntos Internacionales Gobierno de Ciudad Juarez 915 316 6201

Av. Francisco Villa 950 Nte. Col. Centro, Juárez Chihuahua México, CP 32000 Tel +52 (656) 737 00 00



#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

3 messages

#### cosme rappa <cosmerappa@hotmail.com>

Sun, Sep 29, 2024 at 7:49 PM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "gus.sanchez@nteu143.org" <gus.sanchez@nteu143.org>, "joshua.monsanto@nteu143.org"

<joshua.monsanto@nteu143.org>, Alex Armendariz <alejandro.armendariz@nteu143.org>

I Do not agree with closing commercial operations of BOTA port of Entry. this option will send traffic to smaller POE s that do Not have proper staffing/infrastructure. Trucks will pollute no matter where they are crossing, there must be other "Green" Alternatives like the Cargo Rail with intermodal terminals on both sides (MEX/USA)GSA must also take the CBP Employees opinion into account. One option that comes to min, is to involve CBP employees by holding a Meeting with our Union NTEU chapter 143 and its members. Other similar meetings have been held with affected parties. Our union elected chapter president e-mail addresses is <a href="mailto:Gus.Sanchez@nteu143.org">Gus.Sanchez@nteu143.org</a>, I believe at this point our union is being neutral at the matter and can assist with providing non bias information to all sides. The overwhelming of trucks crossing from Juarez are Empty and buy goods in El Paso to export back to México. If those businesses close in El Paso, will the property Taxes in El Paso increase?

#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> da.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Oct 7, 2024 at 10:25 AM

To: cosme rappa <cosmerappa@hotmail.com>

Cc: "gus.sanchez@nteu143.org" <gus.sanchez@nteu143.org>, "joshua.monsanto@nteu143.org" <joshua.monsanto@nteu143.org>, Alex Armendariz <alejandro.armendariz@nteu143.org>

Please come to the public meeting we have scheduled for October 17, 5:30 to 7:00 MT at the Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Dr.. El Paso 79905. You will all be able to hear a presentation about the project and where we are currently and everyone can write out their comments and submitt to us. This is how changes can happen, through public input.

[Quoted text hidden]

# BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> da.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Oct 7, 2024 at 10:28 AM

To: Daniel Partida - 7PCA <daniel.partida@gsa.gov>

Danny, Have yall sat down with the union? I am starting to see comments from CBP individuals who say it could affect their career because they will not have the experience in commercial inspections to be able to bid on positions at other facilities.

[Quoted text hidden]



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte región and Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Ivan Rey

President

Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC.

CRACAR

6248 Edgemere Blvd. suite 106

El Paso, Tx. 79925



Karla Carmichael
NEPA Program Manager
U.S. General Services Administration

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing on behalf of Desarrollo Económico de Ciudad Juárez, A.C. to highlight the vital role of the commercial and familial relationship between our nations, which brings significant benefits to our cities. The trade connections fostered through the Bridge of the Americas are essential for strengthening ties and creating opportunities for elpasoans and juarenses. As we pursue modernization, it is critical to ensure the bridge remains open, and we support Alternative 1A to preserve this vital link.

With more than USD \$800 billion crossing the Mexico-U.S. border each year—one-fifth of which passes through our region—maintaining the capacity for commercial vehicle traffic is essential for our economic future. Such a figure will only grow, as the US DoT reports that, up to August, the northbound cargo traffic through the ports of El Paso has been 14% larger than all of 2023. According to El Paso Mobility Coalition, around 450,000 cargo vehicles will have used BOTA facilities by the end of this year. Those trucks transport the lifeblood of our economies, delivering essential goods that fuel the engine of binational commerce. Not to mention that, as the only toll-free crossing, BOTA hosts more than 20 million crossings each year, people commuting to gather with friends and family or for economic reasons.

We fully acknowledge the locals' health and environmental concerns. However, closing the bridge would only transfer the problem to another crossing. Zaragoza-Ysleta, which currently processes more than 7 times the quantity of containers than BOTA, seems to be the feasible option due to the limited capacity of the other installations. Saturation in that bridge will cause more emissions that will affect more than 23,000 children aged 0 to 19 living in the area on both sides of the border. A number that exceeds 21,000 of the BOTA zone. Moreover, emissions from freight vehicles within cities might increase as they will make longer causing traffic congestion.

The Bridge of the Americas represents stands as a testament to the commitment of our countries to nurturing local economies while improving the quality of life. We urge you to consider these critical factors and advocate Alternative 1A, which supports sustainable trade practices while prioritizing the health and safety of our communities.

Thank you for your attention to this important matter. We look forward to continuing our partnership in fostering development that benefits both Ciudad Juárez and El Paso.

Sincerely,

Cristina Touché Lozano President of the Board

Desarrollo Económico de Ciudad Juárez, A.C.



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS Dear Ms. Carmichael:

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in EI Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and [menciona tu organización o afiliación], I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development. Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Lic Pablo E. Armendariz Garcia Representante Legal

Dynamo Fletes y Servicios SA de CV

1519 Wyoming Ave, El Paso, TX 79902, Estados Unidos



#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

Eduardo Beltran <eduardo.beltran@elomx.com>

Wed, Oct 23, 2024 at 4:51 PM

To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Cc: "Cristy Gutierrez (ELO)" <cristy.gutierrez@elomx.com>, alfredo.sierra@elomx.com

Regards!









November 1, 2024

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and A. O. Smith Corporation, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Eduardo González Director of Operations
A. O. Smith Corporation
Ph. +1 915 629 1405



November 26, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. I strongly support Alternative 1A for this project, as further outlined in the paragraphs below.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Very truly yours,

Jobe Materials, L.P.

Ralph Wm. Richards

Vice President and General Counsel

(915) 298-9903 [Office] (915) 478-7484 [Cell] ralph@jobeco.com



November 26, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

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Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Very truly yours,

Jobe Materials, L.P.

Garrett J. Yancey

Assistant General Counsel (915) 298-9614 [Office] (915) 333-9572 [Cell]

garrett@jobeco.com

#### October 25th, 2024



Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and CRACAR - Consejo Regional de Autotransporte de Carga, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Lic. Jaime Herrera Uriarte

Director General

AIBL - American International Border Logistics SA de CV

Jaime.Herrera@aibl.com.mx



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

SUBJECT: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in EI Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and ASOCIACION DE TRANSPORTISTAS DE CIUDAD JUAREZ, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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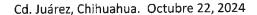
Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas. Sincerely,

MANUEL SOTELO SUAREZ

**PRESIDENT** 

E-mail: manuel.sotelo@fletessotelo.com.mx





U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Asunto: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael, I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and [menciona tu organización o afiliación], I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development. Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely

A.A. Lic. Nora Elena Yu Hernández

Presidenta

Asociación Local de Agentes Aduanales de Ciudad Juárez noraelenayu@gmail.com; presidente@aaajuarez.org.mx

mobile: 656 6269589



October 18, 2024

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Bermudez International, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Gerardo A. Benavente Bermudez International

Blvd. Tomás Fernández 8587 Edificio A, Suite 302

Parque Industrial Antonio J. Bermúdez Cd. Juárez, Chihuahua, México 32470

Ph. 656,629,23.80, 81 & 79

M. 656.600.78.69



### Petition to Maintain the Operational Status of the Bridge of the Americas Trucking Lanes

October 28, 2024

From: Best Express Transportation, LLC

4504 Bay Willow Way El Paso, TX 79928

To: US C

US General Services Administration

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St. Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

CC:

Congresswoman Veronica Escobar

221 N. Kansas Street | Suite 1500

El Paso, TX 79901

Mayor Oscar Lesser and El Paso City Officials

City of El Paso, Texas

300 N. Campbell El Paso, Texas 79901

As a transportation company, Best Express Transportation, LLC, we are deeply concerned about the potential closure of commercial traffic lanes on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). This closure would have a negative impact on our business, which employs 48 team members and contractors, and would also harm the broader community economically.

The BOTA port is vital to the El Paso area's economy, serving as a primary trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The improvements proposed under Alternative 1A are essential to maintaining this economic link, as they will enhance both security and operational efficiency, supporting local commerce, job creation, and long-term regional economic health.

Statement of Support:

We fully support the adoption of Alternative 1A.

Sincerely,

Salvador A. Munoz

CEO









November 4, 2024

United States General Services Administration 1800 F Street NW Washington, D.C. 20405 Delivered electronically to <u>BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov</u>

### To Whom It May Concern:

We, the undersigned, want to express our deep concern with the General Services Administration's (GSA) premature and ill-advised recommendation to remove commercial traffic from the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). This concern is compounded by the fact that many El Paso and Ciudad Juarez business stakeholders have indicated a lack of constituent communication from GSA officials throughout this process, which will have an enormous impact on cross-border commerce between Texas and Mexico – our state and nation's largest trading partner. Furthermore, our partners in the Mexican government are not in agreement with your decision, nor are they in a position to become prepared for its timeline of implementation.

These factors make it evident that the GSA has rushed to a conclusion without having gathered all the necessary facts, data, or analyses from the communities that will be most impacted. By your own admission during your recent public meeting, GSA is still in the data collection phase and soliciting stakeholder input, yet you have already decided to recommend an option that the business community strongly opposes, which will harm vital economies on both sides of the border. In addition, stakeholders are concerned about the lack of clarity as to what traffic projection studies your team has used in their process to determine your preferred alternative, as well as the dubious accuracy of those studies. This includes a complete lack of information regarding southbound traffic and only a recent attempt to capture this data with a small sample size at one port of entry. The regional port system will be unable to adjust to the abrupt changes outlined in your recommendation until there is a comprehensive understanding of the regional traffic system, including southbound data at the affected ports of entry.

The lack of an economic impact study or comprehensive traffic analysis in arriving at this conclusion is both irresponsible and short-sighted. It appears that the GSA is rushing to a foregone conclusion without having properly engaged all









stakeholders in the El Paso-Juarez community and without having the proper level of information necessary to justify such an impactful decision. This raises serious concerns about the integrity and thoroughness of the decision-making process. The El Paso community, and the region at large, deserves better than a recommendation built on incomplete information and skewed priorities in a rushed process.

We strongly urge you to retract this recommendation, ensuring that all relevant facts, particularly those relating to economic and traffic impacts, are taken into full account. Any decision made without this essential data will be a complete disservice to the El Paso-Juarez community and their integrated local economies and is nothing short of an affront to the many stakeholders who rely on the efficient functioning of this vital commercial artery.

Sincerely,

Glenn Hamer

President & CEO

Texas Association of Business

Malagón

Confederación de Cámaras Industriales de los Estados Unidos Mexicanos

Texas Trucking Association

Miguel Ángel Martínez

President

John Esparza

President & CEO

Cámara Nacional de Autotransporte

de Carga



Chihuahua, Chihuahua, México Octuber 8th, 2024

Dear Ms. Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Consejo Mexicano de Comercio Exterior del Estado de Chihuahua (COMCE), I am writting express my strong support for **Alternative 1A** on the draft **Environmental Impact Statement** (EIS) for the **Bridge of the Americas** (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under this alternative will support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy, also will help addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A.

Laura Elena Durán Armendáriz Directora COMCE Chihuahua **Subject:** Public comment in support of alternative 1A. In the Cordova de las Américas Bridge (BOTA) Remodeling Project.

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

### Dear Karla Carmichael:

Please accept our cordial greetings. We are writing to express our deep concern regarding the Draft Environmental Impact Statement issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) regarding the Cordova-De las Américas Bridge (BOTA) modernization project. The preferred alternative selected in said draft contemplates the permanent elimination of the goods crossing, which would have a devastating impact on our region.

The Cordova-De las Américas International Bridge (BOTA) is a crucial link for cross-border trade, as it is the only toll-free bridge along the entire border between Mexico and the United States. Its strategic location provides access to Highway 54, connecting Interstate 10 and Inner Loop 375, making it a vital hub for the manufacturing industry.

In 2019, the cross-border trade at BOTA amounted to \$76,649 million, which represented 14.78% of the total exchanges. By 2023, this value had exceeded \$21,559 million annually. Presently, the bridge accommodates 20,000 light noncommercial vehicles and 500 Northbound as well as 2,000 Southbound commercial cargo trucks every day, with waiting times ranging from 30 minutes to 2 hours during peak hours.

The commercial closure of this crossing would have serious consequences for the regional economy and trade relations between Chihuahua and Texas. Some of the most worrying implications are:

- 1. Economic Impact: Juárez City is home to 318 companies affiliated with the IMMEX program, 117 of which are American-owned. These companies would suffer significant losses due to the additional cost of redirecting shipments, estimated to be between \$120 and \$180 per vehicle.
- 2. Infrastructure and Logistics: The rerouting of commercial traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta crossing may cause a major bottleneck, as this crossing is already operating at almost full capacity. The alternative crossings, San Jerónimo-Santa Teresa and Guadalupe-Tomillo, have limitations in terms of infrastructure, personnel, and schedules, which would lead to delays and increased logistics, expenses.



- 3. Collaboration and Impact on the USMCA: The interruption of the flow of goods contravenes the spirit of cooperation and free trade established in the Agreement between Mexico, the United States, and Canada (USMCA), affecting the competitiveness of Mexican and American companies.
- 4. Competitiveness and Future Trends: The region is continuously expanding, with forecasts of increased trade and industry. Closing this crossing would be counterproductive, considering the growing demand for efficient crossings in the future.
- 5. Nearshoring and Strategic Growth: Nearshoring in Ciudad Juárez is strengthening due to its proximity to the US, which allows for reduced costs and shipping times. Improvements in infrastructure and trade agreements are crucial to favor this strategic growth.
- Sustainability and Environmental Impact: Rerouting trucks to other congested crossings
  would increase the number of pollutants, significantly impacting air quality and the health of nearby
  residential communities.

"Due to the strategic significance of the Cordova Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) for our region and for bilateral relations between Mexico and the United States, we kindly request your intervention to prevent the temporary or permanent closure of commercial traffic at this crossing.

We propose that the modernization of the United States Customs Office to Mexico consider three key areas:

- A. Comprehensive Infrastructure Expansion and Improvement: It is necessary to expand the bridge and the north-south access facilities, implementing a phased strategy that considers commercial traffic during public works.
- B. Optimization of Operation and Personnel: Optimization by extending operating hours and Strengthening checkpoints personnel and modernizing technological systems to optimize traffic and cargo processing.
- C. Sustainability and Long-Term Accessibility: Design a strategy to ensure the continued operation of the crossing and the maintenance of the toll-free bridge, while optimizing crossing times to reduce environmental impact.

We appreciate your attention to this matter and are available to provide any additional information you may need.

Sincerely.

The signatories below support the content of this letter.

**SIGNATURES** 



# Isela Molina - President of CANACINTRA Nora Elega Yu Hernández - President of the Local Association of Customs Brokers Manuel Sotelo Suarez - President of the Association of Transporters of Juárez José Cuautlé Azcatl - President of the Coalition of Transporters of Ciudad Juárez Lilia García - Director of CRACAR Óscar Flores - Operations Director, Northern Region, CANACAR Humberto Álvarez Quevedo - President of the Regional Economic Development Council



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte región and Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Ivan Rey

President

Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC.

CRACAR

6248 Edgemere Blvd. suite 106

El Paso, Tx. 79925



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and [menciona tu organización o afiliación], I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development. Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Lic Pablo E. Armendariz Garcia

Representante Legal

Dynamo Fletes y Servicios SA de CV

1519 Wyoming Ave, El Paso, TX 79902, Estados Unidos

# **ECCOTRANS LLC**

# Petition to Maintain the Operational Status of the Bridge of the Americas Trucking Lanes

October 28, 2024

From: ECCOTRANS LLC

To: US General Services Administration

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St. Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

CC: Congresswoman Veronica Escobar

221 N. Kansas Street | Suite 1500

El Paso, TX 79901

Mayor Oscar Lesser and El Paso City Officials

City of El Paso, Texas

300 N. Campbell El Paso, Texas 79901

As a transportation company, (ECCOTRANS LLC we are deeply concerned about the potential closure of commercial traffic lanes on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). This closure would have a negative impact on our business, which employs 20 team members and contractors, and would also harm the broader community economically.

The BOTA port is vital to the El Paso area's economy, serving as a primary trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The improvements proposed under Alternative 1A are essential to maintaining this economic link, as they will enhance both security and operational efficiency, supporting local commerce, job creation, and long-term regional economic health.

Statement of Support:

We fully support the adoption of Alternative 1A.

Sincerely,

Jose Luis Acosta

President



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Expedite Freight Services, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Javier Ivan Carrillo Chavez

Javiel Carrillo

**EXPIDITE FREIGHT SERVICES** 



October 2, 2024

Asunto: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Express Tres Fronteras SA de CV, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Omar José Avila García

Express Tres Fronteras SA de CV oavila@3fronteras.com.mx

656 638 6111 915 373 7358



CD. Juarez, Chihuahua, October 21, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

SUBJECT: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and FLETES SOTELO, S.A. DE C.V., I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

MANUEL SOTELO SUAREZ

PRESIDENT

E-mail: manuel.sotelo@fletessotelo.com.mx

Cd. Juárez, Chihuahua, October 21, 2024

Subject: Position on the Closure of Cargo Transportation contemplated in the Cordova de las Americas Bridge (BOTA) Remodeling Project

U.S. General Services Administration
Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager
18-19 Taylor St, Room 12-B
Fort Worth, TX 76102

Please accept our cordial greetings. We are writing to express our deep concern regarding the Draft Environmental Impact Statement issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) regarding the Cordova-De las Americas Bridge (BOTA) modernization project. The preferred alternative selected in said draft contemplates the permanent elimination of the goods crossing, which would have a devastating impact on our region.

The Cordova-De (as Americas International Bridge (BOTA) is a crucial link for Cross-Border trade, as it is the only tollfree bridge along the entire border between Mexico and the United States. Its strategic location provides access to Highway 54, connecting Interstate 1 0 and Inner Loop 375, making it a vital hub for the manufacturing industry.

In 2019, the Cross-Border trade at BOTA amounted to \$76,649 million, which represented 14,78% of the total exchanges. By 2023, this value had exceeded \$21,559 million annually. Presently, the bridge accommodates 20,000 light noncommercial vehicles and 500 Northbound as well as 2,000 Southbound commercial cargo trucks every day, with waiting times ranging Trom 30 minutes to 2 hours during peak hours.

The commercial closure of this crossing would have serious consequences for the regional economy and trade relations between Chihuahua and Texas. Some of the most worrying implications are:

- 1. Economic Impact: Juarez City is home to 318 companies affiliated with the IMMEX program, 117 of which are American owned, These companies would suffer significant losses due to the additional cost of redirecting shipments, estimated to be between \$120 and \$180 per vehicle.
- 2 infrastructure and Logislics: The rerouting of commercial traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta crossing may cause a major bottleneck, as this crossing is already operating at almost full capacity. The alternative crossings, San Jerónimo-Santa Teresa and Guadalupe-Tornillo, have limitations in terms of infrastructure, personnel, and schedules, which would lead to delays and increased logislics expenses
- 3 Collaboration and Impact on the USI'1CA: The interruption of the flow of goods contravenes the spirit of cooperation and free trade established in the Agreement between Mexico, the United States, and Canada (USMCA), affecting the competitiveness of Mexican and American companies.
- 4. Competitiveness and Future Trends: The region is continuously expanding, with forecasts of increased trade and industry. Closing this crossing would be counterproductive, considering the growing demand for efficient crossings in the future.
- Nearshoring and Strategic Growth: Nearshoring in Ciudad Juárez is strengthening due to its proximity to the US, which allows for reduced costs and shipping times. Improvements in infrastructure and trade agreements are crucial to favor this strategic growth.
- 6 Sustainability and Environmental Impact: Rerouting Irucks to other congested crossings would increase the number of pollutants, significantly impacting air quality and the health of nearby residential communities.

Due to the strategic significance of the Cordova Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) for our region and for bilateral relations between Mexico and the United States, we kindly request your intervention to prevent the temporary

or permanent closure of commercial traffic at this crossing.

We propose that the modernization of the United States Customs Office to Mexico consider three key

A. Comprehensive Infrastructure Expansion and Improvement: It is necessary to expand the bridge and the north-south access facilities, implementing a phased strategy that considers commercial traffic during public works.

B. Optimization of Operation and Personnel: Optimization by extending operating hours and Strengthening checkpoints personnel and modernizing technological systems to optimize traffic and cargo processing.

C. Sustainability and Long-Term Accessibility: Design a strategy to ensure the continued operation of the crossing and the maintenance of the toll-free bridge, while optimizing crossing times to reduce environmental impact. We appreciate your attention to this matter and are available to provide any additional information you may

Sincerely,

Omar Salasp ata Customs coordi ator Flexpertech Manufacturin S de RL de C

Sources: \*(Data: INDEX, Trust, AAA, Transport), ONU HABITAT.



Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and FWS Logistics International, LLC., I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Carlos Eduardo Salazar

Vice President

FWS Logistics International, LLC.

+1 (915) 892-6209



October 28, 2024

From: KORIMA INC.

1781 Kuna Loop El Paso Tx., 79936

To: US General Services Administration

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St. Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

CC: Congresswoman Veronica Escobar

221 N. Kansas Street | Suite 1500

El Paso, TX 79901

Mayor Oscar Lesser and El Paso City Officials

City of El Paso, Texas

300 N. Campbell El Paso, Texas 79901

As a transportation company, Korima Inc., we are deeply concerned about the potential closure of commercial traffic lanes on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). This closure would have a negative impact on our business, which employs 15 team members and contractors, and would also harm the broader community economically.

The BOTA port is vital to the El Paso area's economy, serving as a primary trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The improvements proposed under Alternative 1A are essential to maintaining this economic link, as they will enhance both security and operational efficiency, supporting local commerce, job creation, and long-term regional economic health.

Statement of Support:

We fully support the adoption of Alternative 1A.

Sincerely.

Manuel Sotelo Suarez

President





**U.S. General Services Administration** 

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Logistica San Ignacio SA de CV, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

lomero Soto Sepúlveda

wner

LOGÍSTICA SAN IGANCIO, S.A. de C.V.

US DOT # 3361525

2220 Basset Ave, PMB182 El Paso, TX 79901



ADMINISTRACIÓN DE SERVICIOS GENERALES DE EE.UU.

KARLA CARMICHAEL, DIRECTORA DEL PROGRAMA NEPA
PRESENTE.-

**Asunto: "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"** 

Enviando un cordial saludo, acudo ante Usted en mi carácter de Presidente Municipal de Juárez, a fin de hacer de su conocimiento algunos comentarios y la profunda preocupación que esta Administración tiene respecto a la consulta ciudadana y el borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental, que ha sido emitido por la oficina que atinadamente dirige, en el que se analizarán los impactos sociales, económicos y ambientales del proyecto de modernización del Puente Córdova-De las Américas (BOTA); con la representatividad que ostento y escuchando las diversas voces que pudieran verse afectadas, dada la relación directa con los efectos de esta iniciativa, me permito externar lo siguiente:

Respecto a la primera alternativa, que describe la modernización en varios niveles para permitir el tránsito peatonal de vehículos no comerciales y de carga comercial, incluyendo la flexibilidad para eliminar el tráfico de carga comercial en dirección norte a sur en el futuro, se considera que es la opción más viable en estos momentos, toda vez que podemos tener certeza de que, desde el Gobierno Municipal, Estatal y Federal, en coordinación con los usuarios del tráfico comercial encontraremos alternativas para desarrollar la infraestructura necesaria atendiendo planificadamente al crecimiento de las necesidades de la industria manufacturera local y al mismo tiempo desarrollar otros polos de



desarrollo disponibles entre Ciudad Juárez y los estados de Texas y Nuevo México.

Por otro lado, en relación con la alternativa identificada como cuarta, que propone el cierre definitivo del cruce para carga que actualmente se encuentra habilitado y en total uso, se considera que el realizar este cierre de manera temporal o peor aún de manera permanente, se estaría yendo en contra del espíritu de cooperación e integración económica, que históricamente hemos tenido en esta región fronteriza y que fomenta el regreso de las empresas de manufactura y de la propia necesidad de mejorar la infraestructura binacional. Es por ello que nuestra postura sería que, aprovechando las tecnologías disponibles, podríamos lograr una movilidad rápida y expedita que resuelva los problemas actuales en los puertos de entrada (POE) hacia nuestros mercados compartidos. Así mismo, me refiero específicamente al texto que cancela el tráfico de carga comercial, lo cual en consecuencia nos haría retroceder en competitividad y ocasionaría un detrimento en la economía que depende de la logística relacionada con dicho cruce comercial.

Externamos la preocupación de este gobierno municipal, la cual es compartida por los usuarios del Puente Libre Córdova, ya que esta infraestructura es fundamental para el comercio y la economía de nuestra región fronteriza, siendo un ejemplo único de cooperación en el País. Desde el inicio de los estudios de referencia para la modernización de la Aduana Americana, nuestra ciudad por medio del gobierno ha acompañado el proceso y jamás se opondría a la inversión en modernización de infraestructura. Sin embargo, el Puente Córdova-De las Américas (BOTA) es una arteria vital para la industria manufacturera y los





servicios de logística, por lo que el costo e impacto de un cese al comercio y tráfico de carga sería devastador para las economías de la región fronteriza.

Me permito compartirle las implicaciones negativas que observamos al concretizarse el cierre definitivo del tráfico para los usuarios de carga comercial:

- Económicas: La industria maquiladora y las empresas de capital estadounidense que dependen de este cruce enfrentarian pérdidas significativas debido al desvío de embarques y los costos adicionales que esto les generaría.
- De Infraestructura y Logística: La interrupción de esta vía vital, no solo afectaría a las empresas regionales, sino que también podría exacerbar los problemas de congestión y los tiempos de espera en las otras alternativas de cruce restantes.
- Impacto en el T-MEC: El cese del flujo de mercancías contravendría el espíritu de cooperación y libre comercio establecido en el acuerdo del T-MEC, afectando las operaciones y la competitividad de las empresas mexicanas y estadounidenses.
- Sostenibilidad: El redireccionamiento de camiones a otros cruces saturados incrementará las emisiones de CO2, debido a los tiempos de espera más largos en el lado estadounidense y las rutas más extensas y menos directas en el lado mexicano. Además, al desviar el tráfico hacia zonas más pobladas, el impacto en la calidad del aire se intensificará, afectando de manera significativa a comunidades residenciales cercanas y aumentando la exposición de la población a contaminantes nocivos.



Esto va en contra de los esfuerzos por reducir la huella de carbono en el transporte.

De igual modo, acompañando la voz y preocupación de las empresas, confiamos en que, a través del diálogo y la colaboración continua, se puede encontrar una solución que no solo modernice la infraestructura del BOTA, sino que también preserve su papel crucial en la economía de la región. El compromiso de nuestra administración es seguir trabajando con todas las partes interesadas para asegurar un futuro próspero y sostenible para la frontera.

Es por lo anteriormente expuesto que hacemos un llamado respetuoso a reconsiderar las intenciones de cierre al tráfico de carga, en uno de los cruces fronterizos más importantes de ambos países y en su caso se busquen alternativas que fomenten el desarrollo económico sostenible para esta zona fronteriza.

**ATENTAMENTE** 

CIUDAD JUÁREZ, CHIHUAHUA, A 16 DE OCTUBRE DE 2024.

LIC. CRUZ PEREZ CUÉLLAR

PRESIDENTE MUNICIPAL DE CIUDAD JUÁREZ







Cd. Juárez, Chihuahua, a 18 de Octubre de 2024

**Asunto:** Postura ante el Cierre de Transporte de Carga contemplado en el Proyecto de Remodelación del Puente Córdova de las Américas (BOTA)

DR. JUAN RAMÓN DE LA FUENTE SECRETARIO DE RELACIONES EXTERIORES GOBIERNO DE MÉXICO

### Estimado Secretario de la Fuente:

Reciba un cordial saludo. Nos dirigimos a usted para expresar nuestra profunda preocupación respecto al Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental emitido por la Administración de Servicios Generales de EE. UU. (GSA) en relación con el proyecto de modernización del Puente Córdova-De las Américas (BOTA). La alternativa preferida seleccionada en dicho borrador contempla la eliminación permanente del cruce de mercancías, lo cual tendría un impacto devastador en nuestra región.

El Puente Internacional Córdova-De las Américas (BOTA) es una arteria vital para el comercio transfronterizo, siendo el único puente libre de peaje en toda la frontera entre México y Estados Unidos. Su ubicación estratégica, con acceso a la carretera 54, que conecta con la Carretera Interestatal 10 y el Circuito Interior Loop 375, lo convierte en un punto crucial para la Industria de Manufactura.

En 2019, el comercio transfronterizo en BOTA alcanzó un valor de \$76,649 millones de dólares, representando el 14.78% del total de los intercambios. En 2023, este valor superó los \$21,559 millones de dólares anuales. Actualmente, el puente maneja entre 6,000 y 8,000 vehículos ligeros y de 800 a 1,200 camiones de carga diariamente, con tiempos de espera que varían de 30 minutos a 2 horas durante las horas pico.

El cierre comercial de este cruce tendría graves consecuencias para la economía regional y las relaciones comerciales entre Chihuahua y Texas. Algunas de las implicaciones más preocupantes son:

- Impacto Económico: Ciudad Juárez alberga 318 empresas afiliadas al programa IMMEX, de las cuales 117 son de capital estadounidense. Estas empresas enfrentarían pérdidas significativas debido al costo adicional por el desvío de los embarques, estimado entre 120 y 180 dólares por vehículo redirigido a otros cruces.
- 2. **Infraestructura y Logística**: El desvío del tráfico comercial al cruce Zaragoza-Ysleta podría provocar un colapso significativo, ya que este cruce opera casi a su máxima capacidad. Los cruces alternativos, San Jerónimo-Santa Teresa y Guadalupe-Tornillo, presentan limitaciones en infraestructura, personal y horarios, lo que generaría retrasos y costos logísticos adicionales.
- Colaboración e Impacto en el TMEC: La interrupción del flujo de mercancías contraviene el espíritu de cooperación y libre comercio establecido en el Tratado entre México, Estados Unidos y Canadá (TMEC), afectando la competitividad de las empresas mexicanas y estadounidenses.
- 4. Competitividad y Tendencias Futuras: La región está en constante crecimiento, con proyecciones de aumento en el comercio y la industria. Cerrar este cruce sería contraproducente, dado que la demanda de cruces eficientes aumentará en el futuro.
- 5. Nearshoring y Crecimiento Estratégico: El nearshoring en Ciudad Juárez se está fortaleciendo gracias a su cercanía con EE. UU., lo que permite reducir costos y tiempos de envío. Las mejoras en infraestructura y tratados comerciales son cruciales para favorecer este crecimiento estratégico.
- Sostenibilidad e Impacto Ambiental: El redireccionamiento de camiones a otros cruces saturados incrementaría la carga de contaminantes, afectando significativamente la calidad del aire y la salud de las comunidades residenciales cercanas.

Dada la importancia estratégica del Puente Córdova-De las Américas (BOTA) para nuestra región y para las relaciones bilaterales entre México y Estados Unidos, solicitamos respetuosamente su intervención para evitar el cierre del tráfico comercial en este cruce, tanto de manera temporal como permanente.

Proponemos que la modernización de la Aduana de Estados Unidos a México considere tres áreas clave:

- A. Ampliación y Mejora Integral de la Infraestructura: Es necesario ampliar el puente y las instalaciones de acceso norte-sur, implementando una estrategia por fases que contemple el tráfico comercial durante las obras.
- B. Optimización del Funcionamiento y Personal: Ampliar los horarios de operación y reforzar el personal en los puntos de control, además de modernizar los sistemas tecnológicos para optimizar el procesamiento del tránsito y la carga.
- C. **Sostenibilidad y Accesibilidad a Largo Plazo**: Diseñar una estrategia que garantice la operatividad continua del cruce y el mantenimiento del puente libre de peaje, eficientizando los tiempos de cruce para reducir el impacto ambiental.

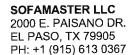
Agradecemos de antemano su atención a este asunto y quedamos a su disposición para cualquier información adicional.

Atentamente,

**Fuentes** 

\*(Data: INDEX, Fideicomiso, AAA, Transporte) ONU HABITAT

**FIRMAS** 





Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in EI Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Sofamaster, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas. Sincerely,

Jorge Contreras Hayes President Sofamaster LLC Cel. (915)929-3312 jch@sofamaster.com





Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Solution Tools Mold & Die Inc, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development. Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Juan Diego Palma

COO

Servicio Especializado en Transporte Para Maguiladoras en México

8745

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Ref:

Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael, I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and TRANSERVICIOS, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By Improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely.

Pable Salazar
TRANSERVICIOS
Managing Director
salazar transervicios.com

Ph. +52 6562574700



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St. Room 12-B Forth Worth, TX 76102

SUBJECT: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and TRANSPORTADORA NORTE DE CHIHUAHUA, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely

Juan Alfonso Buchanag

Transportadora Norte de Chihuahua alfonso.buchanan@tnch.com.mx



U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Transporte Green Solutions S de RL de CV, afiliacion a CONSEJO REGIONAL DEL AUTOTRASNPORTE DE CARGA, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Heriberto Cruz Rivera

Gerente Operativo

Transporte Green Solutions S de RL de QV

OCT 22 2024

12273 Gateway West Blvd. 79936

El Paso, Tx.

Transporte Green Solutions S. de R.L. de C.V. Ramón Rayón No. 1643, Col. Moreno, C.P. 32550 Cd. Juárez, Chihuahua, México; Tel. (656) 626 7261

### TRANSPORTES DELFINES

**U.S. General Services Administration** 

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and [TRANSPORTES DELFINES], I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

SERGIO ROBERTO GONZALEZ LANDA

GENERAL MANAGER

TRANSPORTES DELFINES

11025 Argal Court El Paso Tx 79935



### **U.S. General Services Administration**

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Transportes Enlace Internacional I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Jose Manuel Gomez Alvarez

Director

Transportes Enlace Internacional

## Petition to Maintain the Operational Status of the Bridge of the Americas Trucking Lanes

October 28, 2024

From: TRANSPORTES INDUSTRIALES VITA SA DE CV BARTON 11803, COL. LOS NOGALES CHIHUAHUA, CHIH., MEXICO 31380

**US General Services Administration** Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St. Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Mayor Oscar Lesser and El Paso Congresswoman Veronica Escobar City Officials City of El Paso, Texas 221 N. Kansas Street | Suite 1500 300 N. Campbell El Paso, Texas 79901 El Paso, TX 79901

As a transportation company, TRANSPORTES INDUSTRIALES VITA SA DE CV, we are deeply concerned about the potential closure of commercial traffic lanes on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). This closure would have a negative impact on our business, which employs 262 team members as well as many contractors, and would also harm the broader community economically.

The BOTA port is vital to the El Paso area's economy, serving as a primary trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The improvements proposed under Alternative 1A are essential to maintaining this economic link, as they will enhance both security and operational efficiency, supporting local commerce, job creation, and long-term regional economic health.

Statement of Support:

We fully support the adoption of Alternative 1A.

Sincerely

Talamás Rohana Juan Manue

CEO









# TRANSPORTES LYRMA DE CD. JUAREZ, S.A DE C.V

**U.S. General Services Administration** 

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga AC (CRACAR), I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

MR. SALVADOR COPEZ PORTILLO

GENERAL MANGER / CEO

TRANSPORTES LYRMA DE CD JUAREZ SA DE CV



#### Ciudad Juárez Chihuahua México, 22 de Octubre de 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga, A.C., I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution

for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Arturo Trejo Rubio Director General Transportes Trejo

14911 Loera St, El Paso Texas 79928

www.transportestrejo.mx

🕜 Transportes Trejo

**656 682 0951** 



December 2, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration
Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
Greater Southwest Region 7
819 Taylor St., Room 12-B
Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry Draft Environmental Impact Statement

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

I am writing to express concerns regarding the preferred plan outlined in the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) modernization project, specifically the proposal to eliminate commercial cargo operations at this vital Port of Entry.

Our concerns are summarized as follows:

- The removal of commercial traffic timeline should be reviewed in combination with other regional investments in infrastructure.
- The Draft EIS should consider options that encourage decarbonization technology implementation in partnership with industry that uses the BOTA.
- More analysis is needed beyond the scope of the Draft EIS to truly decide the future of commercial traffic at BOTA and other regional Ports of Entry.

#### ABOUT EL PASO ELECTRIC

El Paso Electric (EPE) is a vertically-integrated, investor-owned regional electric utility that is engaged in generation, transmission, and distribution service to power approximately 460,000 customers in a 10,000 square mile area of the Rio Grande valley in west Texas and southern New Mexico. Our service territory extends from Hatch, New Mexico to Van Horn, Texas. EPE has established a mission to transform the energy landscape with a focus on bold carbon-free energy goals defined by a commitment to 80% carbon-free energy by 2035 and the pursuit of 100% decarbonization of our generation portfolio by 2045. Our corporate goals and our recent investments demonstrate alignment with a focus on environmental impacts. Our position as a regional utility with a focus on growth for the betterment of our community members and customers grants us a unique perspective with which to respond to this EIS and its resulting impacts.













#### **CURRENT TRAFFIC AND REGIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE**

However, the current suggested strategy of removing truck traffic at BOTA does not match the intended goals. As an example, the current trade data

(https://explore.dot.gov/views/BorderCrossingData/PercentChange) suggests that truck traffic at BOTA has significantly declined from a peak within the last 10 years of 810,935 truck crossings (2018) to 112,451 as of October 2024. If the monthly average of 2024 continues, the annual total truck crossings would be down 83.4% from peak levels in 2018. In fact, all modes of transportation – buses, trains, and passenger vehicles – are down from their 10-year peaks in 2024. This seems to point to a natural reduction of overall vehicular impact on the surrounding areas of BOTA.

In addition, there are regional concerns that an immediate, rather than gradual or delayed reduction, will increase infrastructure impacts in other areas. For example, while detailed, the current analysis does not consider the impacts of this transition on staffing at other points of entry — on both sides of the U.S.-Mexico border. Without proper agreements in place to handle the increased demands (either in times of operations, personnel assignments, or enhanced investment in infrastructure and technologies to reduce wait times), the isolation of decision on the impacts around BOTA seem void of the impacts on the broader region. Our region needs to ensure that the assessment is balanced to all needs of the region.

Another anecdotal situation could be diverting traffic to the Santa Teresa Port of Entry (STPOE), as was seen during the Texas Department of Public Safety inspections during 2023 and 2024. Additional traffic that is expected to move in this direction will be met by congestion due to improvements in traffic flows that are scheduled to begin and be completed in the next 4 years. These projects include the Texas Department of Transportation's (TXDOT) work at Interstate 10 and Artcraft, which is the access to interstate infrastructure from the STPOE, and the New Mexico Department of Transportation's (NMDOT) border highway connector project, which will funnel commercial traffic to the Sunland Park region. These projects, until completed will be bottlenecks to commercial traffic and will either be negatively impacted by diversion from BOTA or will encourage industry to use the Yselta Port of Entry (YPOE) at a rate higher than currently examined by the EIS.

The Draft EIS also does not consider impacts on increased wait times at other regional Ports of Entry. It does not factor what investments would be required in Mexico at the other Ports of Entry, nor does it highlight that our partners in Mexico at the federal level are considering investments in tandem with this effort.

Delaying the diversion of commercial traffic from BOTA until regional infrastructure improvements are completed around the other Ports of Entry can provide the easiest transition.

# epelectric.com











#### FOCUS ON CARBON-REDUCING TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENTS

The EIS highlights an additional estimated 17,000 annual miles that will be traveled by commercial traffic because of this change. While the regional impacts of reported vehicular-related pollution around the BOTA Port of Entry (POE) may be reduced, the region will likely see increased impacts from the additional mileage created by this decision.

Furthermore, The U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT) has deployed significant funding targeting environmental improvements around Ports of Entry. As an option to curb environmental concerns, EPE encourages the examination of decarbonization of vehicles over removal of commercial vehicles.

For example, designating BOTA as a location for electric trucks and enacting policies and investments that encourage this type of use can equally achieve the environmental impacts. This approach can also serve to entice new regional private-sector investments while growing new industries and support services in the region.

EPE encourages this decision concerning commercial traffic at BOTA to consider partnership with USDOT efforts and to create enticements for carbon-free transportation technologies to be implemented around BOTA as another solution.

#### IN CONCLUSION

While the current recommended option (Alternative 4) addresses the scope of the Draft EIS, the impacts that are addressed by this option will be displaced onto other Ports of Entry in the region. The commercial traffic through all our Ports of Entry is vital to the continued growth of our region's economy, and we believe there are solutions that can be implemented that better a broader scope of stakeholders and goals than the current recommended option allows.

We encourage the U.S. GSA to reexamine Alternative 1a as a preference over Alternative 4. We further encourage the U.S. GSA to continue studying how regional impacts can be mitigated and delay this decision until more analysis and regional factors can be included.

Sincerely

Kelly Tomblin President & CEO

El Paso Electric

epelectric.com















#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

2 messages

DE LA TORRE, ELISABET < ELISABET.DELATORRE@cbp.dhs.gov>

Mon, Sep 30, 2024 at 10:38

AM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Good morning,

To whom it may concern,

BOTA Cargo Facility **should not** be shut down; it is an integral part of the trade and commerce here in the El Paso, Texas area. If BOTA is shut down, there will be an increase in wait times for the commercial lanes and business' will be negatively impacted. As an officer I won't ever learn or see what the Cargo unit does or how things are ran if the facility is shut down, I would not be able to bid for the unit and I won't be a well-rounded officer, which in turn may affect my career in the long run when it comes to promotion.

#### CBPO Elisabet De La Torre

U.S. Customs and Border Protection Paso Del Norte Port of Entry 1000 S. El Paso St. El Paso, TX. 79901 elisabet.delatorre@cbp.dhs.gov

Mon, Oct 21, 2024 at 8:50 AM

[Quoted text hidden]



# Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

1 message

Emily Gomez #1EXPEDITE <emilyg@number1expedite.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 1:37 PM

U.S. General Services Administration

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Please accept our cordial greetings. We are writing to express our deep concern regarding the Draft Environmental Impact Statement issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) regarding the Cordova-De las Americas Bridge (BOTA) modernization project. The preferred alternative selected

in said draft contemplates the permanent elimination of the goods crossing, which would have a devastating impact on our region.

The Cordova-De las Americas International Bridge (BOTA) is a crucial link for Cross-Border trade, as it is the only toll-free bridge along the entire border between Mexico and the United States. Its strategic location provides access to Highway 54, connecting Interstate 1 O and Inner Loop 375, making it a vital hub for the manufacturing industry.

In 2019, the Cross-Border trade at BOTA amounted to \$76,649 million, which represented 14. 78% of the total exchanges. By 2023, this value had exceeded \$21,559 million annually. Presently, the bridge accommodates 20,000 light noncommercial vehicles and 500 Northbound as well as 2,000

Southbound commercial cargo trucks every day, with waiting times ranging from 30 minutes to 2 hours during peak hours.

The commercial closure of this crossing would have serious consequences for the regional economy and trade relations between Chihuahua and Texas. Some of the most worrying implications are:

- 1. **Economic Impact:** Juarez City is home to 318 companies affiliated with the IMMEX program, 117 of which are American owned. These companies would suffer significant losses due to the additional cost of redirecting shipments, estimated to be between \$120 and \$180 per vehicle.
- 2. **Infrastructure and Logistics:** The rerouting of commercial traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta crossing may cause a major bottleneck, as this crossing is already operating at almost full capacity. The alternative crossings, San Jeronimo-Santa Teresa and Guadalupe-Tornilo, have limitations in terms of

infrastructure, personnel, and schedules, which would lead to delays and increased logistics expenses.

- 3. **Collaboration and Impact on the USMCA:** The interruption of the flow of goods contravenes the spirit of cooperation and free trade established in the Agreement between Mexico, the United States, and Canada (USMCA), affecting the competitiveness of Mexican and American companies.
- 4. **Competitiveness and Future Trends:** The region is continuously expanding, with forecasts of increased trade and industry. Closing this crossing would be counterproductive, considering the growing demand for efficient crossings in the future.

- 5. **Nearshoring and Strategic Growth:** Nearshoring in Ciudad Jurez is strengthening due to its proximity to the US, which allows for reduced costs and shipping times. Improvements in infrastructure and trade agreements are crucial to favor this strategic growth.
- 6. **Sustainability and Environmental Impact:** Rerouting trucks to other congested crossings would increase the number of pollutants, significantly impacting air quality and the health of nearby residential communities.

Due to the strategic significance of the Cordova Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) for our region and for bilateral relations between Mexico and the United States, we kindly request your intervention to prevent the temporary or permanent closure of commercial traffic at this crossing.

We propose that the modernization of the United States Customs Office to Mexico consider three key areas:

- A. **Comprehensive Infrastructure Expansion and Improvement:** It is necessary to expand the bridge and the north-south access facilities, implementing a phased strategy that considers commercial traffic during public works.
- B. **Optimization of Operation and Personnel:** Optimization by extending operating hours and Strengthening checkpoints personnel and modernizing technological systems to optimize traffic and cargo processing.
- C. **Sustainability and Long-Term Accessibility:** Design a strategy to ensure the continued operation of the crossing and the maintenance of the toll-free bridge, while optimizing crossing times to reduce environmental impact.

We appreciate your attention to this matter and are available to provide any additional information you

Sources: \*(Data: INDEX, Trust, AAA, Transport), ONU HABITAT

#### **ESTIMADO CLIENTE:**

Para facilitar nuestra comunicacion

y contactar a todo el equipo de

TRAFICO FORANEOS

FAVOR DE USAR EL CORREO DE GRUPO

# foraneosnoe@number1expedite.com

#### **Emily Gomez**

#### Supervisora de Operaciones

- emilyg@number1expedite.com
- www.number1expedite.com
- Oficina: 656.171.3276
- CEL.704.3638



#### \*\*\*\*\* NOTA IMPORTANTE \*\*\*\*\*

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#### 5 attachments



image001.png 1K



image002.png 1K



image003.png



image004.png 1K



SWMA.BOTA.pdf 45K



# In support of Alternative 1A

1 message

Enrique Andujo (BEX) <enrique.andujo@bex.mx>

Wed, Oct 23, 2024 at 6:10 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

U.S. General Services Administration

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

Please accept our cordial greetings. We are writing to express our deep concern regarding the Draft Environmental Impact Statement issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) regarding the Cordova-De las Americas Bridge (BOTA) modernization project. The preferred alternative selected in said draft contemplates the permanent elimination of the goods crossing, which would have a devastating impact on our region.

The Cordova-De las Americas International Bridge (BOTA) is a crucial link for Cross-Border trade, as it is the only toll-free bridge along the entire border between Mexico and the United States. Its strategic location provides access to Highway 54, connecting Interstate 1 O and Inner Loop 375, making it a vital hub for the manufacturing industry.

Thank you in advance for the consideration of this letter.

#### Best regards



### Enrique Andujo Director General

Border Express de México S.A. de C.V.

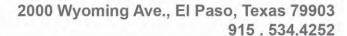
Tel. (656) 411 3255 Ext. 116 | Cel. (656) 167 8567 Carr. Juárez Porvenir #880-8A Col. Zaragocita Cd. Juárez, Chih. C.P. 32701



@www.bex.mx

7~

**BOTA LPOE Alternative 1A Border Express de Mexico.pdf** 953K





Cd. Juárez, Chihuahua, October 23, 2024

**Subject:** Position on the Closure of Cargo Transportation contemplated in the Cordova de las Americas Bridge (BOTA) Remodeling Project

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Please accept our cordial greetings. We are writing to express our deep concern regarding the Draft Environmental Impact Statement issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) regarding the Cordova-De las Americas Bridge (BOTA) modernization project. The preferred alternative selected in said draft contemplates the permanent elimination of the goods crossing, which would have a devastating impact on our region.

The Cordova-De las Americas International Bridge (BOTA) is a crucial link for Cross-Border trade, as it is the only toll-free bridge along the entire border between Mexico and the United States. Its strategic location provides access to Highway 54, connecting Interstate 10 and Inner Loop 375, making it a vital hub for the manufacturing industry.

In 2019, the Cross-Border trade at BOTA amounted to \$76,649 million, which represented 14.78% of the total exchanges. By 2023, this value had exceeded \$21,559 million annually. Presently, the bridge accommodates 20,000 light noncommercial vehicles and 500 Northbound as well as 2,000 Southbound commercial cargo trucks every day, with waiting times ranging from 30 minutes to 2 hours during peak hours.

The commercial closure of this crossing would have serious consequences for the regional economy and trade relations between Chihuahua and Texas. Some of the most worrying implications are:

- 1. **Economic Impact:** Juárez City is home to 318 companies affiliated with the IMMEX program, 117 of which are American owned. These companies would suffer significant losses due to the additional cost of redirecting shipments, estimated to be between \$120 and \$180 per vehicle.
- 2. **Infrastructure and Logistics:** The rerouting of commercial traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta crossing may cause a major bottleneck, as this crossing is already operating at almost full capacity. The alternative crossings, San Jerónimo-Santa Teresa and Guadalupe-Tornillo, have limitations in terms of infrastructure, personnel, and schedules, which would lead to delays and increased logistics expenses.
- 3. **Collaboration and Impact on the USMCA:** The interruption of the flow of goods contravenes the spirit of cooperation and free trade established in the Agreement between Mexico, the United States, and Canada (USMCA), a Uecting the competitiveness of Mexican and American companies.



- 4. **Competitiveness and Future Trends:** The region is continuously expanding, with forecasts of increased trade and industry. Closing this crossing would be counterproductive, considering the growing demand for eUicient crossings in the future.
- 5. **Nearshoring and Strategic Growth:** Nearshoring in Ciudad Juárez is strengthening due to its proximity to the US, which allows for reduced costs and shipping times. Improvements in infrastructure and trade agreements are crucial to favor this strategic growth.
- 6. **Sustainability and Environmental Impact:** Rerouting trucks to other congested crossings would increase the number of pollutants, significantly impacting air quality and the health of nearby residential communities.

Due to the strategic significance of the Cordova Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) for our region and for bilateral relations between Mexico and the United States, we kindly request your intervention to prevent the temporary or permanent closure of commercial traffic at this crossing.

We propose that the modernization of the United States Customs Office to Mexico consider three key areas:

- A. Comprehensive Infrastructure Expansion and Improvement: It is necessary to expand the bridge and the north-south access facilities, implementing a phased strategy that considers commercial traffic during public works.
- B. **Optimization of Operation and Personnel:** Optimization by extending operating hours and Strengthening checkpoints personnel and modernizing technological systems to optimize traffic and cargo processing.
- C. **Sustainability and Long-Term Accessibility:** Design a strategy to ensure the continued operation of the crossing and the maintenance of the toll-free bridge, while optimizing crossing times to reduce environmental impact.

We appreciate your attention to this matter and are available to provide any additional information you may need.

Sincerely,

**Alan Russell** 

**CEO** 

Sources: \*(Data: INDEX, Trust, AAA, Transport), ONU HABITAT.



#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**El Paso Wood Products, Inc** francisco@epwoodproducts.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Wed, Nov 13, 2024 at 12:03 PM

As a business owner in El Paso and a manufacturing facility in Juarez I oppose the closure of commercial traffic at the EL Paso Bridge of the Americas. Closing commercial traffic at this bridge will not reduce overall emissions; it will simply relocate it to the 3 other ports of entry in the area. Furthermore traffic congestion will increase at Zaragoza and Santa Teresa neither port which is equipped to handle more traffic. The bridge closure will negatively impact my business. My office and warehouse are ideally located 3.2 miles from BOTA. Routing traffic to Zaragoza or Santa Teresa will add time, mileage and increase the cost of our operations. These costs will have to be based on to our clients at a time when we are already suffering from decline in sales and increased cost. Please reconsider keeping commercial traffic at BOTA.

Regards,

--

Francisco Fernández Vice President El Paso Wood Products, Inc.

tel: +1.915.545.2974 cel: +1.915.892.5248





#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

2 messages

Garrick Taylor <garrick@thebta.org>

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 9:12 AM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Below and attached please find the Border Trade Alliance's response to the BOTA LPOE Draft EIS.

November 4, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Delivered via electronic mail

Re: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

To Whom it May Concern:

On behalf of the public and private sector members of the Border Trade Alliance, we are writing to formally express our concerns with the General Services Administration's recommendation to remove commercial truck traffic from the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) in El Paso, Texas as part of the proposed modernization project. While BTA appreciates the effort to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act and to address social, economic, and environmental impacts through the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), we believe that eliminating commercial traffic at BOTA would create significant, adverse impacts on trade and commerce in the region.

#### Impact on freight costs

Eliminating commercial truck traffic from BOTA would drive freight onto tolled international bridges, creating upward pressure on shipping costs for firms on both sides of the border. BOTA's toll-free access offers a crucial cost advantage for cross-border commerce that many businesses in the region rely on. The removal of this option could disproportionately burden small to medium-sized enterprises, threatening economic stability and the competitiveness of U.S.-Mexico trade in this region.

#### Increased congestion at other ports of entry

BTA is concerned that removing commercial cargo traffic from BOTA would result in a diversion of freight to other international bridges, creating additional congestion and delays at these locations. The redirection of trucks to alternative

ports not originally designed for increased freight volume could negatively impact both commercial efficiency and the region's air quality by increasing emissions due to slower traffic and idling times.

#### Supply chain disruptions

BOTA is a critical link in the cross-border supply chain, and the elimination of commercial traffic at this port would disrupt well-established trade routes and schedules. The resulting delays and logistical challenges would add considerable uncertainty to supply chains, which could have a cascading negative economic impact on industries across the region.

#### Lack of engagement with local stakeholders

The BTA is particularly concerned about the apparent lack of a robust stakeholder engagement process involving the local business community. A comprehensive decision-making process should include meaningful consultation with those directly affected, particularly business owners, freight operators, and logistics professionals. Including these stakeholders ensures that the proposed alternatives serve the region's long-term economic interests.

#### **Coordination with Mexican authorities**

Additionally, the proposed changes require close coordination with Mexican authorities, whose cooperation is critical to smooth and efficient binational trade operations. The absence of a transparent, coordinated effort risks implementing changes that could create operational inconsistencies and potentially compromise cross-border efficiencies.

With these significant concerns in mind, BTA urges GSA to reconsider its preferred alternative, Alternative 4, and to reevaluate the impacts that the elimination of commercial truck traffic at BOTA would have on the regional economy, supply chains, and local stakeholders. We encourage GSA to select an alternative that maintains commercial truck access at BOTA and incorporates a more inclusive, stakeholder-driven planning process.

Thank you for your attention to these concerns. We look forward to a continued dialogue with GSA on this matter and would welcome the opportunity to discuss further the consequences of eliminating commercial traffic at BOTA.

Sincerely,

Lance Jungmeyer Britton Mullen

Chairman President

Border Trade Alliance Border Trade Alliance

BTA letter GSA BOTA November 2024 (1).pdf

**BOTA NEPA Comments** <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> To: Garrick Taylor <garrick@thebta.org>

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 12:25 PM

At the request of the Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, the El Paso MPO, and others, GSA has decided to extend the public comment period for the draft ElS of the BOTA LPOE Modernization Project from November 4th to December 1st, 2024. We do not anticipate that this will change the overall project schedule but will provide us time to consider additional traffic and air modeling data. Please let your collegues, community and any interested parties know. Thank you, Karla

[Quoted text hidden]



# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

operaciones@transportestrejo.mx < operaciones@transportestrejo.mx >

Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 1:22 PM

To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Cc: atrejo@transportestrejo.mx

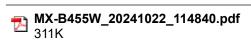
Good afternoon, I share with you writing regarding BOTA, excellent day.

regards





Libre de virus.www.avast.com





To:

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

#### Public Comments In Support of Alternative 1A – BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

11/04/2024

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

Hope this letter finds you and your team well. In addition, this letter serves as a vessel for the West Texas New Mexico Customs Brokers Association to submit our public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. The West Texas New Mexico Customs Brokers Association (WTNMCBA) is an association of 72 members strong with the majority of our membership performing customs brokerage, freight forwarding and carrier activities. We have been active in the Paso del Norte region since 1965 and pride ourselves in contributing to improve trade in our region. The WTNMCBA would like to express our strong support for Alternative 1A.

We believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

We request keeping commercial cargo in this Port of Entry in order to:

- Keep a competitive setting for business currently coming into the market under the recent nearshoring wave
  - Other Ports of Entry are expanding operations instead of contracting (example Laredo Port of Entry)
  - This may impact the decision making of potential companies looking to migrate into border cities and potential jobs may be loss in the region
- Allow time for infrastructure projects to materialize in other Ports of Entry and Mexico to support the increase of trade and day to day operation
  - o Currently other Ports of Entry do not have the required infrastructure to cope with additional volume of trailers. This may impact border crossing time and supply chains
  - The decision to seize operations may hinder warehousing, customs brokers, bi national transportation and logistical services which are dependent of the flow of cargo specially in the vicinity of the Bridge of the Americas

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely and with best regards,

David Reyes-Arteaga

President at West Texas New Mexico Customs Broker Association

915-892-0927

wtnmcba@gmail.com





#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Arturo Montes** <amontes19@icloud.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Mon, Sep 23, 2024 at 2:09 PM

So closing cargo traffic, which is open 8 hours is going to reduce pollution, but creating 30 lanes of vehicle traffic for 24 hours 7 days a week is going to eliminate pollution? And allowing easier passage to and from Mexico is only going to reduce the tax base, because more people will avoid living in El Paso and move to Mexico where no taxes are paid. And those law abiding citizens will have to pay more in taxes, not a good idea, closing the cargo lot.



# Binational Business Impact Concerns/Disagreement: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

1 message

David Zapata <dzapata@txbiz.org>

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 1:40 PM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: Glenn Hamer <ghamer@txbiz.org>, John Esparza <john@texastrucking.com>, "presidencia@canacar.com.mx" concamin.org.mx" <alejandro.gomez@concamin.org.mx</a>>

Dear GSA Representative,

On behalf of the Texas Association of Business, the Texas Trucking Association, the Confederation of Industrial Chambers of Mexico, and the Mexican National Chamber of Cargo Transportation, I'm sending you a letter to submit to you to serve as our public comments in regard to the BPTA LPOE Draft EIS.

Our binational group of business leaders strongly disagrees with your stated preferred approach to remove commercial traffic from BOTA as part of your modernization plan for the bridge.

Please find our letter attached for more details and information.

Thank you,

#### **David Zapata**

Vice President of International Affairs

& Executive Director, Mexico Trade and Investment Policy Council

Cell: 210.548.7663

www.txbiz.org | Pro-Business • Pro-Texas

316 W. 12<sup>th</sup> Street, #200 Austin, TX 78701



"The Voice of Texas Business."



Binational Trade Coalition-GSA Concerns 11.4.2024.pdf 658K



#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

NANEZ, TOMAS <TOMAS.NANEZ@cbp.dhs.gov>
To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Sep 26, 2024 at 11:12 AM

Alcon,

I am in favor of keeping the BOTA Cargo facility open. Closing it will hurt the economy on both the U.S. and Mexico side. Thank you.

V/r

Tomas Nanez CBP Officer

Port of El Paso

Foreign-Trade Zone

501 George Perry Suite I

El Paso, Texas 79925

Office Main Line: (915) 730-7650

Desk Number: (915) 730-7654

tomas.nanez@cbp.dhs.gov



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#### Chihuahua State Goverment - BOTA NEPA Comments

2 messages

**fernando.alba@chihuahua.com.mx** <fernando.alba@chihuahua.com.mx> Wed, Oct 30, 2024 at 5:29 PM To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov, uadelnorte@sre.gob.mx, violeta.padilla@chihuahua.com.mx

Dear All, I hope this message finds you well.

Through this email we share our position in support of alternative 1A for the remodeling of BOTA.

Please let me know if you have any additional comments or questions.

Sincerely Fernando Alba Undersecretary of Energy, Mining and Industry. State of Chihuahua, Mexico.

#### 2 attachments



Scan\_2024\_10\_30\_15\_48\_57\_427.pdf 995K



Scan\_2024\_10\_30\_15\_49\_29\_218.pdf 744K

#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> da.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

To: fernando.alba@chihuahua.com.mx

Cc: uadelnorte@sre.gob.mx, violeta.padilla@chihuahua.com.mx

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 12:23 PM

At the request of the Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, the El Paso MPO, and others, GSA has decided to extend the public comment period for the draft ElS of the BOTA LPOE Modernization Project from November 4th to December 1st, 2024. We do not anticipate that this will change the overall project schedule but will provide us time to consider additional traffic and air modeling data. Please let your collegues, community and any interested parties know. Thank you, Karla

[Quoted text hidden]



#### Commercial traffic

3 messages

Luis Vega <vegalou28@gmail.com>

Sun, Oct 6, 2024 at 9:48 AM

To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Cc: "Rep. Veronica Escobar" < Veronica. Escobar@mail.house.gov>

If one of your options is to divert Commercial traffic from BOTA where do you plan on diverting it too! Not Zaragoza! Pollution and traffic is already bad enough especially with the opening of the three story apartments off Socorro soon within City limits and the clearing of farm land (farm house was demolished) off Caribe and Socorro this lot is being looked to store more 18 Wheel Commercial traffic! Help us out alleviate less traffic less pollution don't hurt us by adding mote! Luis Vega

#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Oct 7, 2024 at 8:53 AM

To: Luis Vega <vegalou28@gmail.com>

Cc: "Rep. Veronica Escobar" < Veronica. Escobar@mail.house.gov>

Thank you for your email Mr. Vega. Do you have an option that GSA has not looked at and should? How would you deal with the situation?

[Quoted text hidden]

#### Luis Vega <vegalou28@gmail.com>

Mon, Oct 7, 2024 at 9:02 AM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> Cc: "Rep. Veronica Escobar" < Veronica.Escobar@mail.house.gov>

Long drive either use Santa Teresa and/or open up a Commercial bridge like Laredo, this will also accommodate Customs by having all commercial related agents, specialists and equipment in one area. Thank you

#### Get Outlook for iOS

**From:** karla.carmichael@gsa.gov < karla.carmichael@gsa.gov > on behalf of BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov >

**Sent:** Monday, October 7, 2024 7:53:50 AM **To:** Luis Vega <vegalou28@gmail.com>

Cc: Rep. Veronica Escobar < Veronica. Escobar@mail.house.gov>

Subject: Re: Commercial traffic

[Quoted text hidden]



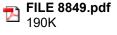
# Position on the Closure of Cargo Transportation contemplated in the Cordova de las Americas Bridge (BOTA) Remodeling Project

1 message

**Manuel Sotelo** <manuel.sotelo@fletessotelo.com.mx> To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Thu, Oct 24, 2024 at 9:44 AM

Pon en manos del Señor todas tus obras, y tus proyectos se cumplirán. (Proverbios 16:3 NVI)





### Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

1 message

Ivan Rey <irey@rgx.group>

Tue, Oct 15, 2024 at 11:44 AM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>
Cc: "ricardo@elpaso.org" <ricardo@elpaso.org" <IMCEAUNDEFINED-manny+40elpaso+2Eorg@namprd03.prod.outlook.com>

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and [menciona tu organización o afiliación], I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,







# Public Comments In Support of Alternative 1A – BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

1 message

Reyes-Arteaga, David / Kuehne + Nagel / Elp BM < David.Reyes-arteaga@kuehne-nagel.com>

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 9:01 PM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "wtnmcba@gmail.com" <wtnmcba@gmail.com>, "hcaballero@caballeroxp.com" <hcaballero@caballeroxp.com>, "Mary Frances Allen (PCHB President)" <mary@pedrazachb.com>, "garias@ariaslogistics.com" <garias@ariaslogistics.com>, Natalie Calzadilla <Natalie.Calzadilla@tecma.com>, "Campos, Ana Lilia" <analilia.campos@dbschenker.com>, Veronica Legarreta <vlegarreta@capin-vyborny.com>, Joshua Avalos <Joshua.Avalos@chrobinson.com>, ANGELICA QUINTANILLA <angelica.quintanilla@fedex.com>

Good evening Ms. Carmichael,

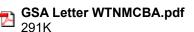
Please see attached our public comments in support to alternative 1A in behalf of the West Texas New Mexico Customs Brokers Association

Best regards,



#### **David Reyes Arteaga**

President West Texas New Mexico Customs Brokers Association 915-892-0927 wtnmcba@gmail.com





Lic.Paola Jacobo Piñon <sa.secparticular@juarez.gob.mx> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov</sa.secparticular@juarez.gob.mx>	Thu, Oct 17, 2024 at 5:27 PM
Buen día,	
Me permito remitirle oficio-solicitud realizada por el Presidente Municipal de Juá	rez, Lic. Cruz Pérez Cuéllar.
Favor de confirmar de recibido.	
Saludos cordiales,	
Lic. Paola Jacobo	
Personal adscrito a la presidencia.	



#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**MUNOZ, MARIO C.** <MARIO.C.MUNOZ@cbp.dhs.gov>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Sep 26, 2024 at 11:18 AM

Don't close the BOTA Cargo facility, this is a big money maker for our city in this area. We need to understand the cost for the companies as well for the added travel and security for the items they carry, which will be added to us as consumers. So I feel that this Cargo bridge should not be closed.

Thank You,

CBPO Mario C Munoz

Mario C Munoz

Foreign Trade Zone

Port of El Paso, Texas

**US Customs Border Protection** 

501 George Perry Suite I

El Paso, TX. 79925

Office 915-730-7650

Direct 915-730-7661

Fax 915-775-0427

mario.c.munoz@cbp.dhs.gov



Cd. Juárez, Chihuahua a 23 de octubre del 2024

U.S. General Services Administration

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and [menciona tu organización o afiliación], I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

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Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Cristina Gutierrez Avila

Directora General

Especialistas en Logistica S.A. de C.V.

1325 Montana ave. El Paso, TX. 79902, USA



# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS - Logistica San Ignacio**

1 message

**Homero Soto** <a href="mailto:soto@icloud.com">homero.soto@icloud.com</a>>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

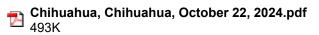
Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 2:29 PM

Dear GSA,

Please find attached our comment on behalf of our compañia, Logistica San Ignacio SA de CV.

Sincerely,

Homero Soto Owner Logistica San Ignacio





# Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

1 message

**Iveth Ponce #1EXPEDITE** <iveth@number1expedite.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 1:36 PM

U.S. General Services Administration

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Please accept our cordial greetings. We are writing to express our deep concern regarding the Draft Environmental Impact Statement issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) regarding the Cordova-De las Americas Bridge (BOTA) modernization project. The preferred alternative selected

in said draft contemplates the permanent elimination of the goods crossing, which would have a devastating impact on our region.

The Cordova-De las Americas International Bridge (BOTA) is a crucial link for Cross-Border trade, as it is the only toll-free bridge along the entire border between Mexico and the United States. Its strategic location provides access to Highway 54, connecting Interstate 1 O and Inner Loop 375, making it a vital hub for the manufacturing industry.

In 2019, the Cross-Border trade at BOTA amounted to \$76,649 million, which represented 14. 78% of the total exchanges. By 2023, this value had exceeded \$21,559 million annually. Presently, the bridge accommodates 20,000 light noncommercial vehicles and 500 Northbound as well as 2,000

Southbound commercial cargo trucks every day, with waiting times ranging from 30 minutes to 2 hours during peak hours.

The commercial closure of this crossing would have serious consequences for the regional economy and trade relations between Chihuahua and Texas. Some of the most worrying implications are:

- 1. **Economic Impact:** Juarez City is home to 318 companies affiliated with the IMMEX program, 117 of which are American owned. These companies would suffer significant losses due to the additional cost of redirecting shipments, estimated to be between \$120 and \$180 per vehicle.
- 2. **Infrastructure and Logistics:** The rerouting of commercial traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta crossing may cause a major bottleneck, as this crossing is already operating at almost full capacity. The alternative crossings, San Jeronimo-Santa Teresa and Guadalupe-Tornilo, have limitations in terms of

infrastructure, personnel, and schedules, which would lead to delays and increased logistics expenses.

- 3. **Collaboration and Impact on the USMCA:** The interruption of the flow of goods contravenes the spirit of cooperation and free trade established in the Agreement between Mexico, the United States, and Canada (USMCA), affecting the competitiveness of Mexican and American companies.
- 4. **Competitiveness and Future Trends:** The region is continuously expanding, with forecasts of increased trade and industry. Closing this crossing would be counterproductive, considering the growing demand for efficient crossings

12/17/24, 3:27 PM

in the future.

- 5. **Nearshoring and Strategic Growth:** Nearshoring in Ciudad Jurez is strengthening due to its proximity to the US, which allows for reduced costs and shipping times. Improvements in infrastructure and trade agreements are crucial to favor this strategic growth.
- 6. **Sustainability and Environmental Impact:** Rerouting trucks to other congested crossings would increase the number of pollutants, significantly impacting air quality and the health of nearby residential communities.

Due to the strategic significance of the Cordova Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) for our region and for bilateral relations between Mexico and the United States, we kindly request your intervention to prevent the temporary or permanent closure of commercial traffic at this crossing.

We propose that the modernization of the United States Customs Office to Mexico consider three key areas:

- A. **Comprehensive Infrastructure Expansion and Improvement:** It is necessary to expand the bridge and the north-south access facilities, implementing a phased strategy that considers commercial traffic during public works.
- B. **Optimization of Operation and Personnel:** Optimization by extending operating hours and Strengthening checkpoints personnel and modernizing technological systems to optimize traffic and cargo processing.
- C. **Sustainability and Long-Term Accessibility:** Design a strategy to ensure the continued operation of the crossing and the maintenance of the toll-free bridge, while optimizing crossing times to reduce environmental impact.

We appreciate your attention to this matter and are available to provide any additional information you

Sources: \*(Data: INDEX, Trust, AAA, Transport), ONU HABITAT

#### **Iveth Ponce**

Operaciones

- iveth@number1expedite.com
- www.number1expedite.com
- Oficina: 656.171.3276 Ext.204
- Celular: 656.704.3645



#### 5 attachments



image001.png 1K



image002.png



image003.png 1K



image004.png



**doc00623820241021104555.pdf** 40K



## **US GSA Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE**

1 message

Jaime Herrera <jaime.herrera@aibl.com.mx>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Wed, Oct 30, 2024 at 12:59 PM

Dear Sirs,

Thank you for receiving the attached letter concerning the matter supporting Alternative 1A for the BOTA LPOE.

Sincerely,

## Jaime Herrera



## American International Border Logistics S.A. de C.V.

Tel. 656-611-0745 Cellphone 915-203-1998

Email: Jaime.Herrera@aibl.com.mx

Visit us at: https://www.aibl.com.mx

Direccion: Blvd. Gomez Morin #880, Col. Salvarcar

Ciudad Juárez, México, Chihuahua 32575

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## **BOTA Cargo Facility Closure**

4 messages

**HERNANDEZ**, **JAIME J** <JAIME.J.HERNANDEZ@cbp.dhs.gov> To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov> Co: "HERNANDEZ, JAIME J" <JAIME.J.HERNANDEZ@cbp.dhs.gov>

Fri, Sep 27, 2024 at 1:24 PM

Reasons not to close BOTA Cargo lot

- 1. We are simply transferring our noise and air pollution to Ysleta... this project would in no way eliminate pollution... it simply dumps it on our neighbors
- Ysleta is already under tremendous stress with current traffic levels. The majority of the CBP officers at Ysleta Cargo are near or at their overtime limit... Sending them an additional 700 trucks a day would create an undue burden
- 3. Ysleta Cargo already has a 9 hour wait time... sending them another 700 trucks a day is too much (they only report a 45 minute wait time, which is incorrect... they only report the wait time from the Mexican Port to the American POE which is about 45 minutes, but the line behind the Mexican port varies between an additional 6 to 9 hours...
- 4. Imagine shutting down BOTA Cargo due to noise and air pollution when the wait time here is only 15 minutes, while the wait time at Ysleta Cargo is anywhere from 6 to 9 hours... how much noise and air pollution do hundreds if not thousands of trucks make while waiting in line for 9 hours..?
- 5. The only reason BOTA's stats seem low at this time is because many trucking companies don't think they'll be able to get their trucks through BOTA since we close at 2pm... when BOTA was open till 6, we had so many trucks we didn't know what to do...
- 6. The narrative we hear every single day is that "<u>We</u>" can't justify leaving BOTA Cargo open because the numbers don't support it, but cutting back on our hours of operation is the ONLY reason trucking companies can't come through here anymore... it was a self-inflicted wound...
- 7. It makes no sense for a trucking company to go to Ysleta and sit in an 9-hour long line AND pay additional fees per axle when there is virtually no wait and no fees at BOTA Cargo... I believe some trucking companies are being paid by the city to go to Ysleta instead of BOTA... we can't pay trucking companies to go somewhere else and then claim that nobody wants to use the BOTA POE...

	My	biggest	concern	is	the	inaccurate	wait	times	at	Ysleta
--	----	---------	---------	----	-----	------------	------	-------	----	--------

We can't pretend we don't know what the real wait time is at Ysleta...

It's 9 hours long... not 45 minutes...

It's the same in PVP... it's not 45 minutes every single day... there's times that the wait times in PVP approach 3 hours, but we just report 45 minutes so we don't have to do Sit Room reports...

Thanks for giving us the opportunity to express our concerns...

Jaime J. Hernandez

From:

Sent: Monday, September 23, 2024, 1:03 PM

To: Subject: just say, "NO"

Comment for the closure of the BOTA cargo facility,

Comments can be submitted through the following methods:

Email: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

Must include "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS" in the subject line.

Mail:

U.S. General Services Administration

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Comments must be received by 10:59 p.m. Mountain Standard Time on Nov. 4, to be considered by

GSA.

## BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

To: gsaronmoore@gmail.com

[Quoted text hidden]

BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> da.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

To: Adena Alarcon - 7PCA <adena.alarcon@gsa.gov>

Wed, Oct 9, 2024 at 3:22 PM

Tue, Oct 8, 2024 at 11:04 AM

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **HERNANDEZ**, **JAIME J** <JAIME.J.HERNANDEZ@cbp.dhs.gov>

Date: Fri, Sep 27, 2024 at 1:24 PM Subject: BOTA Cargo Facility Closure

To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov> Cc: HERNANDEZ, JAIME J <JAIME.J.HERNANDEZ@cbp.dhs.gov>

[Quoted text hidden]

BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
sobota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

To: robert.f.villarreal@cbp.dhs.gov

Mon, Oct 21, 2024 at 8:52 AM

----- Forwarded message ------

From: **HERNANDEZ**, **JAIME J** <JAIME.J.HERNANDEZ@cbp.dhs.gov>

Date: Fri, Sep 27, 2024 at 1:24 PM Subject: BOTA Cargo Facility Closure

To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov> Cc: HERNANDEZ, JAIME J <JAIME.J.HERNANDEZ@cbp.dhs.gov>

[Quoted text hidden]



## Comments on the Draft EIS for the Bridge of the Americas

2 messages

Oda Jennys <odajennys@gmail.com>

Wed, Oct 16, 2024 at 10:34 PM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

## Dear GSA Team,

I hope this message finds you well. I am writing to share my comments on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) regarding the proposed changes to the Bridge of the Americas.

As a member of the El Paso community, I cannot stress enough the importance of this bridge as a vital artery for our economy. The Bridge of the Americas is not merely a crossing; it serves as a lifeline for countless small businesses and truckers who rely on it for their livelihoods. Closing the bridge to big trucks could have devastating impacts on our local economy, leading to significant job losses and a decline in cross-border trade.

#### **Economic Importance**

The trucking industry accounts for approximately 46 percent of logistics costs worldwide, and El Paso plays a crucial role in this system. Our city has historically been a strategic trade hub due to its location, facilitating the movement of goods between the U.S. and Mexico. This connection is essential not only for local businesses but also for regional and national trade. By closing the bridge to commercial vehicles, we risk losing this economic advantage, which could take years to recover from.

#### Supporting Alternative 1A

I strongly urge you to consider Alternative 1A, which proposes a multilevel modernization of the bridge. This option allows for the accommodation of pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic. Here are several reasons why this alternative stands out:

- 1. Comprehensive modernization: The multilevel design will enhance traffic flow and safety for all users, separating different types of traffic to reduce congestion and accidents. This design is essential for maintaining the efficiency of cross-border trade.
- 2. Minimal land impact: Most of the work will be conducted within existing port boundaries, minimizing disruption to the surrounding community. The minor land acquisition required will ensure that we can modernize without significantly impacting local businesses or residents.
- 3. Future flexibility: This alternative includes the ability to eliminate northbound and southbound commercial cargo traffic in the future if necessary. This adaptability allows the bridge to evolve with changing needs and regulations, ensuring long-term sustainability.
- 4. Job preservation: By maintaining commercial cargo traffic, we protect high-paying jobs crucial for our local economy. The loss of these jobs would not only affect individual families but could also lead to broader economic instability in the region.
- 5. Enhanced trade efficiency: Modernizing the bridge will improve the efficiency of cross-border trade, which is vital as global logistics spending continues to grow. El Paso must remain a central player in this trade network, and Alternative 1A supports that goal.

#### Conclusion

In summary, while I understand the need for environmental considerations, we cannot overlook the potential economic fallout from closing the Bridge of the Americas to big trucks. The implications for job loss, community stability, and our city's economic future are too significant to ignore.

Thank you for considering my comments. I appreciate the opportunity to voice my concerns, and I look forward to the upcoming meeting where I hope to see other community members engaged in this important discussion.

Sincerely, Jenny Solo 505 Centennial Dr El Paso TX 79912 714-900-3646

BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Oct 17, 2024 at 8:39 AM

To: Daniel Partida - 7PCA <daniel.partida@gsa.gov>, Charlie Hart - 7P1 <charlie.hart@gsa.gov>

[Quoted text hidden]



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

jse.nichols714 <jse.nichols714@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 2:36 PM

Hello,

I am a concerned resident of the Rio Vally neighborhood located off Artcraft State Hwy 178 near the Santa Teresa NM border port of entry.

The BOTA project has proposed eliminating commercial traffic. This would likely result in a substantial increase in commercial traffic crossing through the Santa Teresa port.

I have lived in this community for over 20 years and the amount of commercial traffic on arteraft has increased exponentially in the last 5 years.

We already experience regular delays and traffic jams as a result of the wind turbine blade trucks coming through on a near daily basis. Not to mention all of the I10 construction currently.

I would implore you to not proceed with the plan to stop all commercial traffic at the Bridge of Americas.

Kind regards,

Jessica Nichols El Paso Resident

Sent from my Galaxy



## Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

1 message

Jim Huff <jhuff@firstlightfcu.org>

Wed, Nov 13, 2024 at 9:54 AM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "Manny@elpaso.org" < Manny@elpaso.org>

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the El Paso Chamber and an Executive at FirstLight Federal Credit Union, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

#### Jim Huff |Chief Retail Officer

FirstLight Federal Credit Union | Improve Lives. Achieve Dreams.

P: (915) 562-1172| E: jhuff@firstlightfcu.org

9983 Kenworthy El Paso, TX 79924 | firstlightfcu.org

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## "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

1 message

Jody Mullings <JMullings@city.bank>

Tue, Nov 5, 2024 at 7:24 PM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

\*\*\* Caution: External Email \*\*\*

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the El Paso Chamber and President of City Bank El Paso, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

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Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Joseph "Jody" W. Mullings

President - City Bank El Paso

7901 N. Mesa

El Paso, TX 79932

915-834-6041 office

915-584-5639 cell

jmullings@city.bank

Jody Mullings | El Paso Market President

City Bank

Tel: 915-834-6041 | 800 Our Bank

Mobile: 915-584-5639 Email: JMullings@city.bank

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## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Juan Acereto** <jacereto@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Thu, Oct 17, 2024 at 7:21 PM

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Program Division

Juan Acereto Cervera International Affairs Representante del Gobierno de Juarez 915 316 6201

CamScanner 17-10-2024 18.03.pdf 2270K



Octubre 09, 2024

## Puente Libre Córdova

U.S. General Services Administration BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Asunto: "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

En mi carácter de Representante del Presidente Municipal del Gobierno de Ciudad Juárez y en referencia a la consulta ciudadana, donde se analizarán los impactos sociales, económicos y ambientales de las alternativas para la Modernización de la Aduana en la Ciudad de El Paso del Puerto de entrada del puente libre Córdova o de las Américas me permito externar lo siguiente:

La Alternativa 1A: Modernización de varios niveles que permita el tránsito peatonal, de vehículos no comerciales y de carga comercial y donde esta alternativa incluye la flexibilidad para eliminar el tráfico de carga comercial en dirección norte y sur en el futuro, puede ser la alternativa más viable en estos momentos ya que podemos tener la certeza de que desde el Gobierno Municipal, Estatal y Federal, encontraríamos en conjunto con los usuarios del tráfico comercial, alternativas de desarrollar la infraestructura necesaria, de acuerdo al propio crecimiento de las necesidades de la Industria Manufacturera local y al mismo tiempo desarrollar los otros polos de desarrollo disponibles entre Ciudad Juárez y los Estados de Texas y Nuevo México.

La opción de la alternativa 4 donde se busca el cierre definitivo de la opción para carga, consideramos que va totalmente en contra del espíritu de cooperación y de integración económica que alienta el regreso de las empresas de manufactura y de la propia necesidad del mejoramiento de infraestructura binacional que permita con la tecnología disponible una movilidad rápida y expedita, que resolviera los problemas que hoy enfrentamos en los puertos de entrada (POE) a nuestros mercados compartidos. Y me refiero al texto que explícitamente cancela el tráfico de carga comercial y nos haría retroceder en competitividad y entregaría la economía que resulta de la logística relacionada transfiriendo esta al Estado de Nuevo México.

La Alternativa 4: Modernización de varios niveles que permita el tránsito peatonal y de vehículos no comerciales con la eliminación del tráfico de carga comercial en dirección norte y sur.)

Av. Francisco Villa 950 Nte. Col. Centro, Juárez Chihuahua México, CP 32000 Tel +52 (656) 737 00 00



Externo la preocupación de mi gobierno y de los usuarios del puente libre Córdova ya que esta infraestructura es fundamental para el comercio y la economía de nuestra región fronteriza.

Nuestra región fronteriza es un ejemplo único de cooperación y aunque desde el inicio de los estudios de referencia para la modernización de la Aduana Americana acompañamos y celebramos que se invierta en la modernización, pero el costo e impacto al comercio y tráfico de carga seria devastador para El Paso y para la Industria Manufacturera y de Logística entre ambos países. El Puente Córdova de las Américas (BOTA) es una arteria vital para esta actividad.

Las implicaciones más preocupantes son:

- 1. Económicas: La industria maquiladora y las empresas de capital americano que dependen de este cruce enfrentarían pérdidas significativas debido al desvío de embarques y los costos adicionales que esto implicaría.
- 2. De Infraestructura y Logística: La interrupción de esta vía vital no solo afectaría a las empresas regionales, sino que también podría exacerbar los problemas de congestión y tiempos de espera de las otras alternativas de cruce restantes.
- 3. De colaboración, Impacto en el TMEC: La interrupción del flujo de mercancías contraviene en el espíritu de cooperación y libre comercio establecido en los acuerdos del TMEC afectando las operaciones y la competitividad de las empresas mexicanas y americanas
- 4. De competitividad, Tendencias Futuras: La región está en constante crecimiento, con proyecciones de aumento en el comercio y la industria.
- 5. De Sostenibilidad, Impacto Ambiental: El redireccionamiento de camiones a otros cruces saturados incrementara las emisiones de CO2, producto de los tiempos de espera más largas del lado americano y rutas más largas en el lado mexicano y menos directas. Además, al desviar el tráfico hacia zonas más pobladas, el impacto en la calidad del aire se intensifica, afectando de manera significativa a comunidades residenciales cercanas y aumentando la exposición de la población a contaminantes nocivos. Esto contrapone los esfuerzos por reducir la huella de carbono en el transporte.

Av. Francisco Villa 950 Nte. Col. Centro, Juárez Chihuahua México, CP 32000 Tel +52 (656) 737 00 00



Por todo esto y acompañando la voz y preocupación de las empresas y las organizaciones relacionadas al sector manufacturero, solicito que esta carta se admita con la exposición de motivos aquí planteados.

## Atentamente:

Juan Acereto Cervera Asuntos Internacionales Gobierno de Ciudad Juarez 915 316 6201

Av. Francisco Villa 950 Nte. Col. Centro, Juárez Chihuahua México, CP 32000 Tel +52 (656) 737 00 00

October 9, 2024 Córdova Free Bridge

US General Services Administration BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Subject: "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

In my capacity as Representative of the Municipal President of the City Government Juárez and in reference to the citizen consultation, where the impacts will be analyzed social, economic and environmental alternatives for the Modernization of the Customs in the City of El Paso of the Port of Entry of the Córdova Free Bridge or the Americas allow me to express the following:

Alternative 1A: Multi-level modernization that allows pedestrian traffic, non-commercial vehicles and commercial cargo and where this alternative includes the flexibility to eliminate northbound and southbound commercial freight traffic in the future, may be the most viable alternative at this time since we can be certain that from the Municipal, State and Federal Government, we would find, together with commercial traffic users, alternatives to develop the necessary infrastructure, according to the growth of the needs of the local Manufacturing Industry and at the same time develop the other development poles available between the City Juárez and the States of Texas and New Mexico.

The option of alternative 4 where the definitive closure of the commercial option is sought, We consider that it goes totally against the spirit of cooperation and integration economy that encourages the return of manufacturing companies and the industry itself need to improve binational infrastructure that allows technology fast and expeditious mobility available, which would solve the problems that today we face in our shared markets at the ports of entry and I refer to the text that explicitly cancels commercial cargo traffic and would make us regress in competitiveness and would deliver the economy that results from logistics related transferring this to the State of New Mexico.

Alternative 4: Multi-level modernization that allows pedestrian and traffic traffic non-commercial vehicles with the elimination of commercial cargo traffic in the direction north and south.)

I express the concern of my government and the users of the Córdova free bridge now that this infrastructure is fundamental for the trade and economy of our region Border.

Our border region is a unique example of cooperation and although from the beginning of reference studies for the modernization of American Customs. We support and celebrate the investment in modernization, but the cost and impact to trade and cargo traffic would be devastating for El Paso and the Industry Manufacturing and Logistics between both countries. The Córdova Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) is a vital artery for this activity.

The most worrying implications are:

- 1. Economic: The maquiladora industry and the American capital companies that depend on this crossing would face significant losses due to the diversion of shipments and the additional costs that this would entail.
- 2. Infrastructure and Logistics: The interruption of this vital route would not only affect the regional businesses, but could also exacerbate congestion problems and waiting times of the other remaining crossing alternatives.
- 3. Collaboration, Impact on the <u>USMCA</u> (United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement): The interruption of the flow of goods contravenes the spirit of cooperation and free trade established in the agreements of the USMCA affecting the operations and competitiveness of Mexican companies and American
- 4. Competitiveness, Future Trends: The region is constantly growing, with projections of increase in commerce and industry.
- 5. Sustainability, Environmental Impact: Redirection of trucks to other saturated crossings will increase CO2 emissions, as a result of waiting times longer on the American side and longer and less direct routes on the Mexican side.

Additionally, by diverting traffic to more populated areas, the impact on air quality

intensifies, significantly affecting nearby residential communities and increasing the population's exposure to harmful pollutants. This contrasts efforts to reduce the carbon footprint in transportation.

For all this and accompanying the voice and concern of companies and organizations related to the manufacturing sector, I request that this letter be admitted with the explanatory reasons presented here.

## Sincerely:

Juan Acereto Cervera
International Affairs
Government of Ciudad Juarez
915 316 6201



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

juan meza <juanmez31@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Mon, Oct 28, 2024 at 11:10 AM

I am opposed to the GSA proposal of closing the commercial facility at the Bridge of the Americas. This proposal would have negative consequences for the following reasons:

No reduction in pollution from Mexico. Especially if the goal is to increase the amount of lanes coming into the country. To go from 14 lanes to double that, would be more pollution, noise, and congestion. Cargo is only open for five days a week at 8 hours a day. Compare that to traffic from Mexico 24/7.

Severe impact to the economy. You will essentially lose jobs and increase the costs associated with the goods being redirected to other ports of entry. Your decision to close cargo not only affects local economy, but national as well.

Complexities with infrastructure. Currently there is only one major route of transport for the vehicles traveling from Mexico to the United States, and that is the road that passes underneath the Paisano Bridge. If you build an additional 14 lanes, that means you will need an additional exit route for said traffic. This would probably mean that an alternative route would have to be provided to ease congestion. Possibly even taking property that is outside of the current footprint to accommodate.

Eliminating cargo will only make things worse in the long term. Other ports of entry are already overwhelmed and staffing levels are expected to drop significantly in 2028. It is easier to maintain 6 lanes of cargo traffic than 14 lanes of regular vehicle traffic. At the very least you should consider what the cost would be to eliminate cargo and implement additional lanes for regular cars and trucks.

Please take these points into consideration and thank you for your time. Yours sincerely, Juan Meza Sent from my iPhone



November 1, 2024

## U.S. General Service Administration

BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

Subject: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

The TECMA Group of Companies' position is to keep the Commercial Traffic alive on Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). This valuable asset enhances the commerce of our Bi-National Region. We propose a solution that is a Win/Win to all parties' concern.

Our Proposal for your consideration is as Follows: Alternate 1a – GSA Press Release September 20. The alternative that includes flexibility regarding northbound and southbound Commercial Traffic.

- A Phased Implementation: BOTA's Commercial Traffic should not be altered until the alternate Ports of Entry can adapt to handle Northbound and Southbound Commercial Freight. This action should begin prior to commencement of BOTA construction.
- Empties-Only Corridor: Designate BOTA's commercial crossings for empty trucks (empties). This initiative will streamline traffic flow and reduce pollution from idling trucks.

BOTA only current truck traffic

- 65% of northbound trucks are empties (average of 500-600 trucks: 200 loaded / 400 empties).
- 90% of southbound trucks are empties (average of 2000 trucks: 200 loaded / 1800 empties).

## 3. Hazmat Management:

- Phase trucks with hazardous materials from the Ysleta Port to the Tornillo Port.
- Currently as a region we move an average of 250 hazmat trucks daily (7% of traffic).
- This will enhance Tornillo's viability and facilitate the redirection from Ysleta Hazmat traffic to Ports of Tornillo and Santa Teresa, removing the risk from populated areas.

## 4. Contingency Relief

- BOTA is a valuable asset for our community and should be kept as a resource in the event of unexpected contingencies.
- In an emergency BOTA can be used as a relief valve continued commerce.



## Conclusion

A phased approach will ensure a seamless transition that maximizes economic benefits for our community while minimizing disruptions in commercial traffic. We can capitalize on our strategic partnership with Mexico to unlock the full potential of our bi-national region.

As add information you will find the below chart valuable in reviewing our regions commercial traffic. For every Northbound truck there is a complementary Southbound truck of which two thirds are empty.

Trucks Northbound											
Port Name	Year 2023	Commercial Booths	Week Schedule Hours	Weekend Schedule Hours	Hours Open per Week	Days of Operation	Avg.Per Week @50 wks a year	Avg. Trucks Per Day	Avg. Trucks per hour	Crossings Per hour Per Lane *	
вота	89,772	6	8		40	5	1,795	359	45	7	
Ysleta	640,667	8	18	8	98	6	12,813	2,373	131	16	
Tornillo	7,139	2	8		40	5	143	29	4	2	
Santa Teresa	178,754	3	14		70	5	3,575	715	51	17	
Total Region	916,332	19	48	8	248	21	18,327	18,327	230	12	

<sup>\*</sup> Hypothetical of a constant pattern

Best Regards,

K. Alan Russell Chairman & CEO

alan@tecma.com



## **BOTA LPOE DRAFT EIS**

2 messages

**HEMMITT, KENT B** <KENT.B.HEMMITT@cbp.dhs.gov>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Wed, Sep 25, 2024 at 8:49 AM

"NO"!!! The proposed closure of the Bridge of The America's (BOTA) Cargo facility isn't going to reduce or alleviate the "so-called" environmental issues in this area. The Diesel semi-trucks pollute far less than the thousands of Privately Owned Vehicles (POV's) crossing the bridge daily! Another point, the residents say the "problem/pollution" exist starting in the evening! The truck traffic at that time is all south bound going into MX, which has "NOTHING" to do with BOTA Cargo!! BOTA cargo facility is only open 6:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. Monday-Friday! Let me bring something else to your attention. Those trucks come from other cargo facilities in and around El Paso! Ysleta, Santa Theresa N.M., and the Tornillo Ports of Entries all have cargo facilities. Those semi-trucks use the BOTA POE to return to MX as well as the Ysleta POE! When the BOTA cargo facility is open, the truck traffic entering from MX or leaving the facility into the U.S. "DOE'S NOT" pass by or go through any residential areas! So where are these supposed residents living? Obviously, GSA and the City of El Paso have "NO" problem with closing this cargo facility and moving the traffic to other POE's around the city and "EXPOSE" those residents to more so-called environmental/pollution problems! It's only going to be a matter of time when those residents find or figure out what your up to, and they start protesting? What is GSA and the City of El Paso going to do then, close those facilities also? No you're not!

Kent Hemmitt

**BOTA NEPA Comments** <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> To: robert.f.villarreal@cbp.dhs.gov

Mon, Oct 21, 2024 at 8:53 AM

[Quoted text hidden]



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

Lilia García <Lgarcia@cracar.com.mx>

Mon, Oct 14, 2024 at 12:54 PM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "Ivan Rey (RGX)" <irey@rgxpress.com>



BOTA Carta - CRACAR.pdf





Cd. Juárez Chihuahua, 30 de septiembre de 2024 Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

## Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Centro Empresarial Ciudad Juárez (Coparmex Ciudad Juárez), I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Novamex

500 W Overland, Suite 300, El Paso, TX 79901 Luis.Fernandez@novamex.com/915.594-1618

> BE SUPER GOOD AND STAY UNIQUE.



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

Marquez, Magdalena <mxmarquez@hotwater.com>

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 12:46 PM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "Gonzalez, Eduardo" <egonzalez@hotwater.com>, "Duarte, David" <dduarte@hotwater.com>

Subject: Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in EI Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and A. O. Smith Corporation, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, noncommercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Eduardo González Director of Operations

A. O. Smith Corporation Ph. +1 915 629 1405







## Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

1 message

Manuel Rodriguez < Manny@elpaso.org >

Mon, Dec 2, 2024 at 10:43 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: Ricardo Mora <ricardo@elpaso.org>

Good evening!

Attached in this message is the letter outlining the official position of the El Paso Chamber, The Borderplex Alliance, the El Paso Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, Desarrollo Económico de Ciudad Juárez, La Cámara Nacional de la Industria de Transformación (CANACINTRA), and Confederación Patronal de la República Mexicana (COPARMEX) of the GSA's preferred alternative for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Modernization Project.

The letter expresses support for alternative 1a, which keeps commercial traffic infrastructure at the port of entry.

Please do not hesitate to reach out to us if you have any questions.

Best,

# Manuel Rodriguez Government Affairs Manager, El Paso Chamber



(915)-534-0500 | (915)-304-9638 | elpaso.org

manny@elpaso.org

303 N Oregon Street, Suite 610, El Paso, TX 79901









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BOTA EIS Position.pdf













#### **U.S. General Services Administration**

819 Taylor St., Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Attention: Ms. Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

On behalf of the El Paso Chamber, The Borderplex Alliance, the El Paso Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, Desarrollo Económico de Ciudad Juárez, La Cámara Nacional de la Industria de Transformación (CANACINTRA), and Confederación Patronal de la República Mexicana (COPARMEX) we are writing to express our strong support for Alternative 1A as outlined in the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (Draft EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project. Recognizing the unique role the BOTA port plays as a central gateway for trade, commerce, and cross-border connectivity, we believe Alternative 1A offers a comprehensive solution that aligns with the long-term economic, environmental, and social goals of our region.

As one of the busiest and most strategically important land ports of entry along the U.S.-Mexico border, the BOTA port serves as an essential infrastructure asset for the region and a vital driver of economic growth. It is a critical hub that supports regional competitiveness by facilitating trade not only between El Paso and Ciudad Juárez but also across North America. The multilevel modernization strategy proposed under Alternative 1A will enable the port to efficiently handle pedestrian, non-commercial, and commercial cargo traffic, preserving the port's full operational capacity while enhancing throughput efficiency, security, and environmental management.

In supporting Alternative 1A, we recognize that the chosen approach must carefully balance operational modernization with the needs of our border community. Alternative 1A accomplishes this by integrating improvements within existing port boundaries, with only minor land acquisition adjacent to the port's eastern edge. This approach allows for substantial modernization while maintaining the port's functional footprint, respecting community boundaries, and minimizing disruption. Additionally, Alternative 1A provides a flexible structure to regulate and potentially restrict commercial cargo traffic in the future, which aligns with our shared commitment to protecting community health and environmental quality.

Our support for Alternative 1A is also deeply rooted in the economic significance of the BOTA port to the El Paso region. The port serves as a cornerstone of our regional economy, supporting local businesses, attracting new industries, and creating jobs that drive sustainable economic growth. By preserving commercial cargo traffic capabilities, Alternative 1A strengthens the economic lifeline

that connects our border community to national and global markets. This is essential for sustaining a vibrant business environment that draws investment, fuels entrepreneurship, and supports the livelihoods of families on both sides of the border.

Moreover, we are aware of and sensitive to the environmental and health concerns raised by the residents of nearby communities, particularly the Chamizal neighborhood. These communities have long experienced the impacts of commercial traffic, including increased air pollution and congestion. As noted in recent reporting, the local and international business community is aligned in its desire to pursue a modernization strategy that addresses these challenges responsibly. Alternative 1A includes provisions that will allow us to reevaluate traffic flows and emissions impacts over time, ensuring that the infrastructure improvements at BOTA do not come at the expense of the health and well-being of our residents.

We firmly believe that a strategic modernization plan under Alternative 1A will enable the BOTA port to meet future demand with a focus on sustainable infrastructure development. By prioritizing regional economic resilience, community health, and environmental stewardship, Alternative 1A represents a forward-thinking approach that enhances our competitive edge without compromising the quality of life for our residents. We also strongly support the El Paso MPO's data-driven approach in evaluating this alternative, which takes into account the nuances of local traffic patterns, air quality impacts, and projected regional growth.

In conclusion, the El Paso Chamber, The Borderplex Alliance, the El Paso Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, Desarrollo Económico de Ciudad Juárez, CANACINTRA, COPARMEX respectfully urge the General Services Administration to adopt Alternative 1A as the preferred path forward for the BOTA modernization project. This alternative not only addresses our immediate infrastructure needs but also positions our region for sustained economic growth, environmental accountability, and community-centered development. We appreciate the GSA's continued commitment to thoughtful and collaborative planning and look forward to further opportunities to support this vital project.

Respectfully,

Ricardo Mora

President &CEO El Paso Chamber

Cindy Ramos-Davidson

Chief Executive Officer

El Paso Hispanic Chamber of Commerce

Jon Barela

Chief Executive Officer Borderplex Alliance

Cristina Touché Lozano

Presidenta

Desarrollo Económico de Ciudad Juárez

Mario Cepeda

La Cámara Nacional de la Industria de

Transformación (CANACINTRA)

Isela Moligra

Confederación Patronal de la República

Mexicana (COPARMEX)



## Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

1 message

**Manuel Rodriguez** <Manny@elpaso.org>
To: BOTA NEPA Comments <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Dec 2, 2024 at 2:20 PM

Good afternoon!

The El Paso Chamber is submitting a total of 31 letters to the General Services Administration in support of Alternative 1A.

Letters included in the attachment come from the public, private, and non-profit sectors.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Best,

## Manuel Rodriguez Government Affairs Manager, El Paso Chamber



(915)-534-0500 | (915)-304-9638 | elpaso.org

manny@elpaso.org

303 N Oregon Street, Suite 610, El Paso, TX 79901









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## 2 attachments



RWR and GYAN BOTA Public Comment (11.26.24).pdf



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

2 messages

**MUNOZ, MARIO C.** <MARIO.C.MUNOZ@cbp.dhs.gov>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Sep 26, 2024 at 11:18 AM

Don't close the BOTA Cargo facility, this is a big money maker for our city in this area. We need to understand the cost for the companies as well for the added travel and security for the items they carry, which will be added to us as consumers. So I feel that this Cargo bridge should not be closed.

Thank You,

CBPO Mario C Munoz

Mario C Munoz

Foreign Trade Zone

Port of El Paso, Texas

**US Customs Border Protection** 

501 George Perry Suite I

El Paso, TX. 79925

Office 915-730-7650

Direct 915-730-7661

Fax 915-775-0427

mario.c.munoz@cbp.dhs.gov

Mon, Oct 21, 2024 at 8:52 AM

[Quoted text hidden]



## **BOTA LPOE DRAFT EIS**

1 message

Leticia Estrada < leticia estrada@transporteslyrma.com.mx> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 2:10 PM

**BOT LPOE Draft EIS** 

Martha Leticia Estrada

Transportes Lyrma...Excelencia en el Transporte

Phone: 656-616 41 47 Ext: 103

Web: www.transporteslyrma.com.mx

Email: leticiaestrada@transporteslyrma.com.mx









BOTA LPOE DRAFT EIS(1).pdf



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

Mauro Monsisvais <mgt51alfatrucking@gmail.com>

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 12:07 PM

To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

The Viable Alternative 4 is the WORST selection

I believe the assessment was not done with the real facts. Eliminating the commercial cargo operations means the following:

- -UGLY impact on the border economy
- -ALL the Commercial Cargo will have to be thru all the other POE available generating ugly congestion (Does anybody cares?)
- -The maguila Industry will be affected on their Cargo Operations
- -The long lines will increase for the cargo (At the present time the crossing time is from 2 hrs to 6hrs)
- -The drivers will suffer the consequences too many to mention

Why eliminate Commercial Cargo Operations when more are needed??????

IT DOESN'T MAKE SENSE AT ALL!!!!!!!!

Mauro Monsisvais



Ciudad Juárez Chihuahua México, 22 de Octubre de 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

**Subject:** Public Comment in Support of Alternative 1A - BOTA LPOE Draft EIS Dear Ms. Carmichael

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Consejo Regional del Autotransporte de Carga, A.C., I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Arturo Trejo Rubio Director General Transportes Trejo

14911 Loera St, El Paso Texas 79928

www.transportestrejo.mx

Transportes Trejo

**6**56 682 0951



Karla Carmichael
NEPA Program Manager
U.S. General Service Administration

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a member of the Paso Del Norte region and Grupo S-Mart, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development. Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the best solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

Grupe S Mart

Public Relation Director oscar.perez@s-martmx.com

Luis Perez I



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

Pablo Armendariz <parmendariz@dynamofletes.com>
Reply-To: parmendariz@dynamofletes.com
To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 2:46 PM



## Pablo Armendáriz

parmendariz@dynamofletes.com Cel. +52 (614) 334.2457





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## Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

1 message

**Paola Lozano** <paola.lozano@economycashcarry.com>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Oct 28, 2024 at 10:54 AM

Good morning,

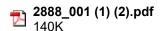
I am sending the attached documents on behalf of Paul Dipp, Juan Jose Sandoval, Cruz Perez Cuellar, Brett C. Preston, and Tanny Berg. Included are the following letters:

- Paul Dipp
- Juan Jose Sandoval,
- Cruz Perez Cuellar
- Brett C. Preston
- Tanny Berg

These documents have also been sent by U.S mail. Thank you.

Kindly,
Paola Lozano
Executive Assistant
1000 E Overland Ave.
El Paso, TX 79901
(915)532-2660







C&W PIRES - GSA Letter 10-17-24.pdf 141K

(English) POSTURA CARTA COLECTIVA PUENTE CORDOVA DE LA AMERICAS BOTA VERSION B (1).docx

Tanny Berg Letter.pdf
126K



## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Patrick Merrick** <pmerrick@wsilver.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Mon, Oct 28, 2024 at 10:06 AM

Please find my public comment attached in support of Alternative 1A for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, TX.

Best regards,

#### **Patrick Merrick**

President | W. Silver Recycling Inc.

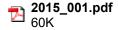


Office: 915-532-5643 | Cell: 505-604-9943

pmerrick@wsilver.com

https://www.wsilver.com/

601 N Mesa St. Suite 1500, El Paso, TX 79901





## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

3 messages

Richard Dayoub <Richard.Dayoub@outlook.com>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Fri, Nov 1, 2024 at 3:53 PM

November 1, 2024

**US General Services Administration** 

ATTN: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor Street, Room 12-B

Fort Worth, TX 76102

Dear Ms. Carmichael.

I am writing to submit my public comments on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, Texas. As a longtime resident of the Paso del Norte Region and businessman who has served our binational community in a number of capacities over the past 50 years, I ask that you consider supporting Alternative 1A. Further, and importantly, I ask that you eliminate any further consideration for Alternative 4, which recommends eliminating all commercial truck traffic from the BOTA. This "preferred" alternative would have a devastating impact on the regional economy, and by extension, the Texas economy, one of Mexico's largest trade partners.

- 1. **Economic Impact:** Ciudad Juarez is home to 318 companies affiliated with the IMMEX program, of which 117 are U.S. owned. These companies would face significant losses due to the additional costs of redirecting shipments, estimated to be between \$120 and \$180 per vehicle being rerouted to other crossings.
- 2. **Infrastructure and Logistics:** Diverting commercial traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta POE will cause a significant increase in congestion, as this crossing is already operating near full capacity. Alternative crossings, such as San Jeronimo-Santa Teresa and Guadalupe-Tornillo present limitations in infrastructure, staffing and hours of operation, leading to further delays and additional logistics costs.
- 3. **Collaboration and Impact on the USMCA:** Disrupting the flow of goods goes against the spirit of cooperation and free trade established in the USMCA, affecting the competitiveness of both Mexican and US companies.
- 4. **Competitiveness and Future Trends:** The region is constantly growing with projections of increased trade and industry. Closing this crossing would be counterproductive as the demand for efficient crossings will only increase in the future.
- 5. **Nearshoring and Strategic Growth:** Nearshoring in Ciudad Juarez is strengthening due to its proximity to the US, which helps reduce costs and shipping times. Infrastructure improvements and trade agreements are crucial to support this strategic growth.
- 6. **Sustainability and Environmental Impact:** Redirecting trucks to already congested crossings would increase pollutant emissions, significantly affecting air quality and the health of nearby residential communities. The plan to expand the number of lanes at the BOTA and eliminate commercial truck traffic will NOT reduce the GHG to the Chamizal neighborhood as has been suggested.

Given the strategic importance of the Bridge of the Americas for our region and for bilateral relations, we respectfully request your support in favor of selecting Alternative 1A – Draft BOTA LPOE EIS with its multi-level modernization, which will accommodate pedestrian, non-commercial vehicles, and commercial cargo traffic. Based on the points discussed, we

believe this is the best option to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the surrounding communities, avoiding both temporary and permanent closures to commercial traffic at this crossing.

The business community on both sides of the border have been recommending the following as part of the modernization of the BOTA for years.

- A. Comprehensive Expansion and Improvement of Infrastructure: It is necessary to expand the bridge and the north-south access facilities, implementing a phased strategy that accounts for commercial traffic during the construction period. Additionally, we consider it important to coordinate parallel projects at other crossings that are scheduled for execution, as starting them simultaneously would cause complete disruption to the flow of goods in both directions.
- B. **Optimization of Operations and Staffing:** Extend operating hours and increase staffing at checkpoints, while also modernizing technological systems to optimize the processing of transit and cargo.
- C. Sustainability and Long-Term Accessibility: Design a strategy to ensure the continuous operation of the crossing and the maintenance of the toll free bridge, while improving crossing times to reduce environmental impact.

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ĸes	pect	ш	IV.
			.,,

Richard E. Dayoub

#### **Chief Executive Officer**

### **Thunderbird Management Consulting, LLC**

5823 North Mesa Street

#714

El Paso, Texas 79912

(915)203-6573

www.thunderbirdmanagementconsulting.com

www.richarddayoub.com

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 12:25 PM

At the request of the Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, the El Paso MPO, and others, GSA has decided to extend the public comment period for the draft ElS of the BOTA LPOE Modernization Project from November 4th to December 1st, 2024. We do not anticipate that this will change the overall project schedule but will provide us time to consider

additional traffic and air modeling data. Please let your collegues, community and any interested parties know. Thank you, Karla

[Quoted text hidden]

**Richard Dayoub** <Richard.Dayoub@outlook.com>
To: BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
Sota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 1:42 PM

Thank you Karla. I will pass this information on. Richard

## Richard E. Dayoub

[Quoted text hidden]



## Comments in opposition to Alternative #4-BOTA

1 message

Robert R. Marble <marble@remtelp.com>

Sat, Nov 30, 2024 at 5:23 PM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "veronica.escobar@mail.house.gov" <veronica.escobar@mail.house.gov>

The intent of The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, at least in part, is to open up the supply chain, to ease the flow of goods on their way to market. This includes the flow of goods across our border with Mexico. How this mandate is served by eliminating 40% of the commercial truck lanes on BOTA and not replacing them anywhere else is impossible to understand. Alternative #4 should be DOA. Alternative #1A is the only sensitive alternative absent a more well thought out alternative.

I cannot accept spending 600 to 700 million dollars to mitigate an anecdotal air quality problem that guts the commercial benefit of BOTA to millions of people on both sides of the border without first building an alternative means of getting goods across the border more quickly, more efficiently. Where is an Economic Impact Study? Where is the manpower that would speed up the current crossing which now runs at far less than capacity?

If the primary focus of an improvement project is pointed to moving more goods more quickly across the border the air quality will improve. But, alternative crossing infrastructure on both sides of the border needs to come before any existing infrastructure is eliminated. If the BOTA commercial lanes are eliminated now I predict it will be decades before increased crossing infrastructure will be built and the local economies will suffer greatly.

Please, slow down, go back to the drawing board and come up with a comprehensive regional plan to increase trade, loosen up the supply chain and clean up the air.

Sincerely,

Robert R. Marble

5-I Butterfield Trail Boulevard

El Paso, TX 79906-4920

915-276-8980



## **BOTALPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

Thu, Oct 17, 2024 at 4:32 PM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

To Whom It May Concern:

El Paso lives and dies on commerce between this country and Mexico. What El Paso needs is more easily accessible north and south bound commercial lanes, not fewer. Alternative #4 is the worst of all the choices and I urge you to abandon this effort. Please explain why GSA thinks it is a good option.

Thank you,

Robert R. Marble

5-I Butterfield Trail Boulevard

El Paso, TX 79906-4920

915-276-8980



## "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

1 message

Ruben Rosales <rrosales.elp@gmail.com>

Sat, Oct 19, 2024 at 1:12 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Closing down the Bridge of the Americas for commercial vehicles is ludacris. People are not thinking the affect this will do to our way a life in the United States. I work for a transportation company in the United States and when we see delays of the production freight that comes across the border it affects us dramatically. People have to keep in mind that our daily necessities come in a truck from, food, clothes, gasoline, electronics etc and every minute counts in this industry.

If this Bridge is closed for commercial trucks that means that the Santa Teresa and Ysleta bridges will see an increase of crossings and that means more waiting times for our Mexcian Carriers trying to bring our necessities across the border.

If people don't want commercial trucks coming across the Bridge of the Americas then a new strategy needs to be presented, maybe closing down pedestrian crossing on the Ysleta Bridge and make a strict commercial trucks crossing or building a bridge from commercial trucks only.

Please keep in mind of the consequences for both sides before making any decisions that will crumble our economy more than what it is now.

Respectfully, Ruben Rosales rrosales.elp@gmail.com U.S General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Dear Karla Carmichael:

In a global context where regional integration is key to strengthening supply chains and the economic competitiveness of North America, Ciudad Juárez and the region encompassing the states of Chihuahua, Texas, and New Mexico play a fundamental role as one of the main manufacturing centers on the continent. In Ciudad Juárez alone, there are 321 export manufacturing establishments, of which 36% are U.S.-owned, representing an average annual investment of over \$45 million usd in the past three years. Additionally, about 41% of the goods crossing this border are destined to the norther states of the US, highlighting the national economic impact generated by this region.

One of the main factors contributing to this relevance is the Córdova de las Américas bridge, through which goods worth \$21.5 billion transit annually. It is noteworthy that 60% of the cost to expand the commercial area of this bridge, carried out in 1997, was covered by local transporters. Moreover, this expansion was completed without interrupting international transit and in coordination with contractors from Mexico and the United States, projecting a useful life of 60 years. From this coordination, a trust fund was established that still exists today and has been fundamental for financing the maintenance of the border crossing.

The Córdova de las Américas bridge efficiently connects the most important road infrastructure in the region giving direct access to federal and interstate highways on both sides of the border, without the need to pass through residential areas, allowing an annual flow of more than 480,000 cargo trucks moving north to south and over 110,000 moving south to north.

In this sense, we express our opposition to the press release issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA), which presents Alternative 4 as the preferred option, proposing the elimination of commercial cargo traffic, which would have serious implications for the development and competitiveness of the region.

We believe this option will generate negative consequences such as:

- High impact to residential communities in Ciudad Juárez: Diverting trucks to other border crossings will increase truck traffic on streets and neighborhoods in Ciudad Juárez, causing deterioration and affecting the quality of life of its residents.
- Environmental impact in densely populated areas: Redirecting traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta bridge would transfer pollutant emissions from a less populated area to one with a high population density, worsening air quality and public health issues.



SECRETARÍA DE INNOVACIÓN Y DESARROLLO ECONÓMICO



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Shawn Ollis** <Shawn.Ollis@datamark.net>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Tue, Nov 5, 2024 at 10:21 AM

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

I am writing to submit my public comment on the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry modernization project in El Paso, TX. As a member of the El Paso Chamber and this year's Vice-Chair of the Board of Directors, I would like to express my strong support for Alternative 1A.

I believe that Alternative 1A, with its multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian, non-commercial vehicle, and commercial cargo traffic, presents the best approach to meet the current and future needs of the BOTA port and the greater El Paso community. By improving both pedestrian and vehicular infrastructure while maintaining flexibility for future adjustments, this alternative provides the most comprehensive solution to ensure the port's continued functionality and economic contribution to the region.

Maintaining commercial cargo traffic at BOTA is critical to the economic vitality of the El Paso area, as the port serves as a key trade corridor between the U.S. and Mexico. The modernization proposed under Alternative 1A will not only enhance security and efficiency but also *support regional commerce and job creation, helping to bolster the local economy for years to come.* 

Furthermore, this alternative addresses key social, economic, and environmental impacts, ensuring that the project aligns with community needs while fostering sustainable growth and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback, and I strongly urge you to consider Alternative 1A as the preferred solution for the future of the Bridge of the Americas.

Sincerely,

**Shawn Ollis** 

Vice President of Global Operations



El Paso, TX 79901 USA

T: 915-242-6294

datamark.net



**SOFAMASTER LLC** 2000 E. PAISANO DR. EL PASO, TX 79905 PH: +1 (915) 613 0367

Cd. Juárez, Chihuahua, October 21, 2024

**Subject:** Position on the Closure of Cargo Transportation contemplated in the Cordova de las Américas Bridge (BOTA) Remodeling Project

U.S. General Services Administration Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Please accept our cordial greetings. We are writing to express our deep concern regarding the Draft Environmental Impact Statement issued by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) regarding the Cordova-De las Américas Bridge (BOTA) modernization project. The preferred alternative selected in said draft contemplates the permanent elimination of the goods crossing, which would have a devastating impact on our region.

The Cordova-De las Américas International Bridge (BOTA) is a crucial link for cross-border trade, as it is the only toll-free bridge along the entire border between Mexico and the United States. Its strategic location provides access to Highway 54, connecting Interstate 10 and Inner Loop 375, making it a vital hub for the manufacturing industry.

In 2019, the cross-border trade at BOTA amounted to \$76,649 million, which represented 14.78% of the total exchanges. By 2023, this value had exceeded \$21,559 million annually. Presently, the bridge accommodates 20,000 light noncommercial vehicles and 500 Northbound as well as 2,000 Southbound commercial cargo trucks every day, with waiting times ranging from 30 minutes to 2 hours during peak hours.

The commercial closure of this crossing would have serious consequences for the regional economy and trade relations between Chihuahua and Texas. Some of the most worrying implications are:

- 1. **Economic Impact:** Juárez City is home to 318 companies affiliated with the IMMEX program, 117 of which are American owned. These companies would suffer significant losses due to the additional cost of redirecting shipments, estimated to be between \$120 and \$180 per vehicle.
- 2. **Infrastructure and Logistics:** The rerouting of commercial traffic to the Zaragoza-Ysleta crossing may cause a major bottleneck, as this crossing is already operating at almost full capacity. The alternative crossings, San Jerónimo-Santa Teresa and Guadalupe-Tornillo, have limitations in terms of infrastructure, personnel, and schedules, which would lead to delays and increased logistics expenses.
- 3. **Collaboration and Impact on the USMCA:** The interruption of the flow of goods contravenes the spirit of cooperation and free trade established in the Agreement between Mexico, the United States, and Canada (USMCA), affecting the competitiveness of Mexican and American companies.





- 4. **Competitiveness and Future Trends:** The region is continuously expanding, with forecasts of increased trade and industry. Closing this crossing would be counterproductive, considering the growing demand for efficient crossings in the future.
- 5. **Nearshoring and Strategic Growth:** Nearshoring in Ciudad Juárez is strengthening due to its proximity to the US, which allows for reduced costs and shipping times. Improvements in infrastructure and trade agreements are crucial to favor this strategic growth.
- 6. **Sustainability and Environmental Impact:** Rerouting trucks to other congested crossings would increase the number of pollutants, significantly impacting air quality and the health of nearby residential communities.

Due to the strategic significance of the Cordova Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) for our region and for bilateral relations between Mexico and the United States, we kindly request your intervention to prevent the temporary or permanent closure of commercial traffic at this crossing.

We propose that the modernization of the United States Customs Office to Mexico consider three key areas:

- A. Comprehensive Infrastructure Expansion and Improvement: It is necessary to expand the bridge and the north-south access facilities, implementing a phased strategy that considers commercial traffic during public works.
- B. **Optimization of Operation and Personnel:** Optimization by extending operating hours and Strengthening checkpoints personnel and modernizing technological systems to optimize traffic and cargo processing.
- C. **Sustainability and Long-Term Accessibility:** Design a strategy to ensure the continued operation of the crossing and the maintenance of the toll-free bridge, while optimizing crossing times to reduce environmental impact.

We appreciate your attention to this matter and are available to provide any additional information you may need.

Sincerely,

Jorge Contreras President Sofamaster LLC

Sources: \*(Data: INDEX, Trust, AAA, Transport), ONU HABITAT.





## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

3 messages

NANEZ, TOMAS <TOMAS.NANEZ@cbp.dhs.gov>
To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Sep 26, 2024 at 11:12 AM

Alcon,

I am in favor of keeping the BOTA Cargo facility open. Closing it will hurt the economy on both the U.S. and Mexico side. Thank you.

V/r

Tomas Nanez CBP Officer

Port of El Paso

Foreign-Trade Zone

501 George Perry Suite I

El Paso, Texas 79925

Office Main Line: (915) 730-7650

Desk Number: (915) 730-7654

tomas.nanez@cbp.dhs.gov



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To: TOMAS.NANEZ@cbp.dhs.gov, TOMAS.NANEZ@cbp.dhs.gov

Your message

To: TOMAS.NANEZ@cbp.dhs.gov Subject: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS Sent: 9/26/24, 11:12:00 AM EST

was read on 10/7/24, 10:44:04 AM EST

## BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

To: robert.f.villarreal@cbp.dhs.gov

Mon, Oct 21, 2024 at 8:53 AM

----- Forwarded message -----

From: NANEZ, TOMAS < TOMAS.NANEZ@cbp.dhs.gov>

Date: Thu, Sep 26, 2024 at 11:12 AM Subject: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

[Quoted text hidden]



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

2 messages

trisdemy@aol.com <trisdemy@aol.com>

Tue, Oct 1, 2024 at 9:37 PM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Subject: Public Comment on the Proposed Closure of Commercial Traffic at the El Paso Bridge of the Americas Port of Entry

Dear General Services Administration,

I am writing to provide public comments regarding the potential closure of commercial traffic at the El Paso Bridge of the Americas Port of Entry as part of the proposed remodel. I understand the remodel is meant to modernize the port for future use, and I believe it is a significant opportunity to ensure the sustainability of legitimate trade and travel for the next 50 to 75 years. For this reason, and several others, I strongly believe that maintaining and enhancing commercial traffic is vital.

Trade is a crucial component of the regional and national economy. In 25 years, trade routes strategically placed at the Bridge of the Americas may continue to grow, and it is essential that the United States and our region are not caught off guard by future challenges—such as those we faced during the COVID-19 pandemic. The shortages of critical goods, such as cleaning supplies and toilet paper, were exacerbated by disrupted trade routes. Reducing trade capacity at the Bridge of the Americas, which serves as a key artery, would be a mistake that could have long-lasting negative impacts.

Furthermore, I am concerned that pushing trade traffic to the outskirts, particularly into New Mexico, would result in a significant loss of jobs for the El Paso area. Shifting trade routes away from this key point of entry would directly impact local businesses and reduce employment opportunities in the city. It's surprising that city leaders and members of Congress would support such a move that could harm our local economy. I would expect the state of Texas to champion the continuation and expansion of trade through the Bridge of the Americas, not diminish it.

Additionally, moving commercial truck traffic to the Santa Teresa Port of Entry in New Mexico would place a burden on El Paso's west side residents, particularly those who live near Artcraft Road. This area already sees a significant volume of truck traffic, and the west side residents should be made aware that if cargo traffic ceases at the Bridge of the Americas, they will experience an increase in heavy traffic through their neighborhoods. This would directly impact their quality of life by introducing additional noise, congestion, and environmental concerns.

Moreover, we should consider the current port strike affecting the entire East Coast. When events like this occur, they disrupt major trade routes across the country. What will we do if something similar happens in the future and we have already shut down commercial traffic at the Bridge of the Americas? This would leave us vulnerable with fewer options to process trade, which could have devastating effects on supply chains, particularly in border regions like El Paso. We need more resiliency in our trade infrastructure, not less.

I have also heard arguments concerning pollution, but I would argue that increasing the number of passenger vehicles rather than commercial trucks would likely result in higher levels of carbon monoxide emissions. Diesel trucks, while concerning, may produce less harmful emissions in comparison to the large volume of passenger vehicles. The remodel should focus on making trade more efficient and environmentally friendly, rather than reducing it.

Additionally, the Bridge of the Americas is the only free bridge in the region, and forcing commercial traffic to alternative ports of entry, where fees are charged, would result in those costs being passed on to consumers. This would create an unnecessary burden on the public and further stifle trade.

For these reasons, I believe that reducing or eliminating commercial traffic at the Bridge of the Americas is not the best course of action. Instead, we should be embracing trade as a means of economic growth and job creation, both for El Paso and the broader region.

Thank you for considering my comments. I urge you to take into account the long-term benefits of maintaining a robust trade route through the Bridge of the Americas as you move forward with plans for the remodel.

Sincerely,

El Paso resident employed in the import and export business.

**BOTA NEPA Comments** <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> To: "trisdemy@aol.com" <trisdemy@aol.com>

Mon, Oct 7, 2024 at 10:00 AM

Can you tell me more about your business? Where are you located and how does the cargo trucks impact your business? Is it the goods they bring or do you sell them food or fuel?

[Quoted text hidden]

## Vincent M. Perez

State Representative-Elect Texas House District 77 Texas House of Representatives

U.S. General Services Administration 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

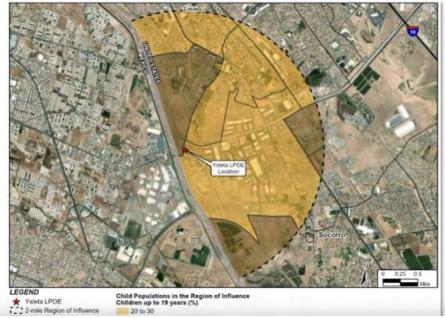
As Texas State Representative-Elect for the house district representing the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA), and all land ports of entry in the City of El Paso, I implore GSA to proceed with Alternative 1A, which allows commercial cargo lanes to remain at BOTA with flexibility to eliminate these lanes in the future. Eliminating commercial cargo lanes from BOTA, without an increase in commercial capacity at other regional land ports to offset this loss, will have overwhelmingly negative economic and environmental consequences in the El Paso/Ciudad Juarez region. According to the most recent CBP data available, 2024 average bridge wait times at the Ysleta Port of Entry are already at the highest levels than at any point in the last three years (at least).¹ The absorption of additional cargo traffic, while the Ysleta port is already operating at full capacity, will have a crippling impact on already excessive bridge wait times. The El Paso region's land ports are already among the most inefficient in Texas and the nation, any consideration to reduce the region's commercial capacity will exacerbate these excessive delays.

Furthermore, I must also express my dismay with the draft EIS's complete omission of environmental impacts emanating from the diversion of cargo traffic, resulting in longer delivery routes, particularly through densely populated neighborhoods in Ciudad Juarez. The municipality does not have the same level of developed federal and state highways present on the American side, and diverted cargo traffic resulting from the removal of cargo lanes at BOTA will be squeezed through an inefficient network of east and west sub-arterial roads in densely populated residential and non-industrial commercial zones within the city. The only main arterial roadway running north and south in Ciudad Juarez is Carretera Federal 45, which was designed to transport commercial and non-commercial traffic to the Bridge of the Americas. Astonishingly, the draft EIS did not examine any of the adverse environmental emissions or their impact to vulnerable populations from the maquiladora of origin to their destination ports, if cargo traffic is removed from BOTA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> UTEP Border Region Modeling Project using US Customs & Border Protection Data https://scholarworks.utep.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1194&context=border\_region

Therefore, GSA's draft EIS is fundamentally flawed and woefully incomplete, as it inexplicably omits any negative environmental harms that will be inflicted on adults and children residing in Ciudad Juarez as truck traffic moves through sub-arterial roads in the heart of the municipality. GSA's consideration of environmental justice applies only to residents north of all impacted land ports. The definition of "minority" "low-income" and "minority or low-income population" does not extend to identical demographics (and significantly more impoverished residents) within an equivalent "Region of Influence' (ROI) south of all impacted ports. Therefore, if a proposed alternative in the draft EIS has marginal environmental improvement or no impact on minority and low-income populations in northern U.S. ROIs, but results in a drastically divergent outcome in a southern equivalent of an ROI, the NEPA process shamefully turns a blind eye to any negative social, economic, and environmental impacts on these marginalized populations in Mexico. It is undeniable there will be a large and disproportionate share of low-income, Mexican residents who will be adversely affected by increased emissions as cargo trucks have to drive an additional 12 miles each way from BOTA-area maquiladoras through residential and non-industrial commercial zones to reach the Ysleta Port of Entry.

Given the unique bi-national nature of land port of entry modernizations, such as the proposed modernization of BOTA, the same environmental justice considerations in areas south of the international boundary should not be valued any less. Though NEPA's protections and considerations only legally apply to residents fortunate enough to reside on one side of the international boundary, what social, environmental, and economic justice is truly achieved if a large and disproportionate share of non-American adults and children within an equivalent radius south are negatively impacted?



Example of the nonsensical environmental impact analysis on children for the proposed BOTA modernization near the Ysleta Port of Entry

Elimination of commercial traffic at BOTA will result in the diversion of cargo traffic from maquiladora industrial zones located near Carretera Federal 45 through densely populated

neighborhoods to the east and west of the existing BOTA port. It will also result in the relocation of industrial factories to more heavily populated neighborhoods near the Ysleta Port. Astonishingly, despite the international repercussions of GSA's proposed alternatives, the agency's draft EIS analysis exists in an alternate reality, as though the proposed alternatives would have zero impact on the residents in the closest proximity to the land ports on the southern side.

Mexico's governmental, business, and community leaders are universally opposed (and understandably so) to any proposal that would remove and divert commercial cargo traffic from BOTA to other land ports. For all the reasons listed above, I strongly urge GSA to proceed with option 1A and to allow for a truly bi-national solution to improve the economic and environmental well-being of our entire border region, not one that produces negligible improvements for one side, at the significant expense and marginalization of the other.

Respectfully,

Vince Perez

Representative-Elect, House District 77

Texas House of Representatives



## Closing our Bridge to Commercial trade.

2 messages

#### W. Stafford Thurmond <wstzorro@hotmail.com>

Thu, Oct 17, 2024 at 8:50 AM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: Aliana Apodaca <alianaapo@gmail.com>, Melissa Saucedo <positivemelissas@gmail.com>, Alyssa Madrid <positivealyssam@gmail.com>

This is the most curtailing event that could happen to this City of El Paso Texas. Not only for all that are Employed in the exchange of trade between us, but the immediate impact of dollars and International companionship. You have no studies talking of Jobs and the Economic curtailment to all the different areas that this would entail.

I am against this and hope you will reconsider.

William Thurmond El Pasoan Business Owner

#### Aliana Apodaca <alianaapo@gmail.com>

Thu, Oct 17, 2024 at 3:35 PM

To: "W. Stafford Thurmond" <wstzorro@hotmail.com>

Cc: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>, Melissa Saucedo <positivemelissas@gmail.com>, Alyssa Madrid <positivealyssam@gmail.com>

I heard some interesting thoughts Supporting this issue. We should seek to understand all perspectives.



Aliana Apodaca, President
Motivational Speaker, Leadership Coach, Culture Change Strategist
814 Wyoming Avenue
El Paso, TX 79902
915-838-1000
alianaapo@gmail.com

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[Quoted text hidden]



### **Comment Forms**

1 message

Rebecca Delgado(ELP) < RDelgado@trla.org>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 4:25 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "Paola Camacho(ELP)" < PCamacho@trla.org>

Hello,

Please find attached 2 forms.

Let me know if you have any questions.

TY,

## Becky Delgado

Legal Assistant

Texas Rio Grande Legal Aid 1331 Texas Avenue El Paso TX 79901

Office: (915) 585-5100 Direct Line: (915) 585-5143 Email: rdelgado@trla.org

www.trla.org



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February 23, 2024

General Services Administration
Karla R. Carmichael
NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
Greater Southwest Region 7
819 Taylor St, Fort Worth, TX

## I. Introduction.

On behalf of Familias Unidas del Chamizal and residents of the San Xavier neighborhood, Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc. submits these comments on the proposed Bridge of the Americas Modernization Project ("BOTA Project"), Docket No. 2023-0002, in response to the General Services Administration's ("GSA") Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") under the National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA"). Familias Unidas del Chamizal and residents of the San Xavier neighborhood request that the GSA select Alternative 4.2

The BOTA is a "Free Bridge" as a result of the Chamizal Treaty of 1963. The BOTA's lack of tolls and its central location have made it a magnet for traffic, particularly passenger vehicles and heavy-duty diesel commercial traffic ("semis" or "heavy-duty trucks"). Unlike most land ports of entry in the country, BOTA is within close proximity of residential neighborhoods. Most efforts to expedite traffic on the BOTA have focused on traffic heading north, despite the fact that congestion also forms heading south every single day. Even more alarming, due to the failings of TXDOT's I-10 Connect Project, southbound traffic at the BOTA backs up into I-10 East, I-10 West and US-54. If GSA selects Alternative 4 and removes the semi traffic from the BOTA, it will reduce the traffic congestion on its north- and southbound arteries.

The BOTA Project is funded by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act ("Bipartisan Infrastructure Act") and by the Inflation Reduction Act ("IRA"), which enshrined climate mitigation, pollution abatement, energy efficiency, and community preservation and restoration into American infrastructural growth and job creation. By utilizing Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA funds in its BOTA Project, GSA has committed itself to ensure that the BOTA Project

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> General Services Administration, Notice-PBS-2023-04; Docket No. 2023-0002; Sequence No. 23, Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement and Notice of Public Scoping Meeting and Comment Period.

<sup>2</sup> Commenters hereby incorporate their April 12, 2023 comments, attached as Exhibit A, TRLA, Complaint under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 on behalf of the San Xavier Community, December 7, 2023 [hereinafter TRLA Title VI Complaint].

translates into benefits for the communities and the environment, in addition to combating climate change, ameliorating environmental injustices, and improving community resiliency.

Commenters represent Southside residents currently living with the longstanding environmental harms of the BOTA and threatened by the Project's proposed expansion of the Port of Entry ("POE"). Southside residents have been continuously bombarded by the environmental harms that stem from commercial growth at the BOTA, with heavy commercial truck traffic stalling for hours on a daily basis directly next to residences and Zavala Elementary School.

GSA must select Alternative 4 and remove all heavy-duty commercial traffic from the BOTA. GSA faces two choices: *to help* ameliorate the harms of this history by removing and relocating semis from the BOTA, or to *encroach further* on already vulnerable communities with noxious pollution from heavy-duty commercial truck traffic. GSA should not repeat history and perpetuate unacceptable threats to public safety, the economy, and the civil and human rights of Southside El Paso communities. Alternative 4 is currently the only proposed alternative that can accomplish this goal and satisfy the goals of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA, as well as achieve Title VI and NEPA compliance. GSA cannot shirk its duties under federal law by choosing an alternative that continues to permit the incessant idling of heavy-duty diesel commercial traffic at the cost of public health.

GSA must prepare an EIS that addresses the significant impacts of the BOTA Modernization Project and adequately mitigates those impacts. To do so, GSA must conduct a robust environmental justice analysis and fully inform itself of the immense benefits of removing commercial truck traffic from the BOTA in both directions and the harms of allowing it to continue, including a discussion of local climate change impacts. This analysis must include a detailed history of environmental racism in Southside El Paso and fully disclose the wide-reaching impacts of the BOTA on these communities, which are already overrun with air pollution sources.

GSA must also implement other environmental pollution reduction strategies, including public transportation on the BOTA for students and daily commuters, additional ready lanes and improved technology to expedite traffic heading north, incentives to boost electric vehicles, native landscaping, and the closure of Zavala Elementary. In the face of climate change, the Project must implement climate adaptation strategies to ensure the safety of commuters and customs officers. The BOTA crossing, which serves everyone across El Paso and Juarez, should be a part of improving public health by tackling air pollution and improving the quality of life of communities near the port and its feeder highways.

## II. Summary of the Proposed Project.

The San Xavier and Chamizal are special and unique communities in El Paso: keystones of El Paso's Mexican American heritage and imbued with a strong support network between neighbors. These communities are intrinsically linked to the BOTA by their proximity and are particularly sensitive to the foreseeable adverse impacts of the BOTA Project.

On November 13, 2023, GSA published its Notice of Intent for the proposed BOTA Port Modernization Project. GSA's Notice of Intent states that purpose of the proposed action is for GSA to "bring[] the BOTA LPOE [Land Port of Entry] infrastructure in line with current CBP

land port design standards...and operational requirements while addressing existing deficiencies identified with the ongoing port operations." The NOI further describes the project need as "improv[ing] the capacity and functionality of the LPOE to meet future public demand, while maintaining the capability to meet border security initiatives," and "ensur[ing] the safety and security for the employees and the travelling public."4

GSA received \$9.9 million in funds through the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, also known as the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, a key measure of President Biden's administration that aims to rebuild the Nation's infrastructure, create jobs, support environmentally conscious manufacturing and innovation, bolster national security, support clean-energy, combat climate change, and increase community resiliency. <sup>5</sup> In December 2023, GSA awarded the contract for pre-design services for the project. <sup>6</sup> The funding for the BOTA is further supplemented by the Inflation Reduction Act, which allocated a total of \$2 billion to GSA to reduce the carbon emissions of its buildings across the nation, including the BOTA. GSA has correctly recognized that:

The [BOTA] project is part of President Biden's Investing in America agenda in growing the American economy from the bottom up and middle-out – from rebuilding our Nation's infrastructure, to creating a manufacturing and innovation boom powered by good-paying jobs, to building a clean-energy economy that will combat climate change and make our communities more resilient.8

On December 13, 2023, GSA held its Public Scoping Meeting to discuss the currently proposed alternatives and obtain public comment on the project. GSA noted that its EIS would discuss direct, indirect, and cumulative effects, and identified the following as issues for analysis of the project's impacts:

- **Hazardous Materials**
- Waste, and/or Site Contamination

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> General Services Administration, Notice-PBS-2023-04; docket No. 2023-0002; Sequence No. 23, Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement and Notice of Public Scoping Meeting and Comment Period. <sup>4</sup> *Id* (emphasis added).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> General Services Administration, GSA awards \$10 Million for Pre-Design Services for Modernizing Facilities at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, December 26, 2023, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/gsaregions/region-7-greater-southwest/region-7-newsroom/greater-southwest-feature-stories-and-news-releases/gsaawards-10-million-for-predesign-services-for-modernizing-facilities-at-the-bridge-of-the-americas-land-port-ofentry-12262023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> General Services Administration, Biden-Harris Administration Announces \$2 Billion for Cleaner Construction Projects to Tackle the Climate Crisis, Spur American Innovation, and Create Good-Paying Jobs as Part of Investing in America Agenda, November 6, 2023, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/newsroom/news-releases/bidenharrisadministration-announces-2-billion-for-cleaner-construction-projects-to-tackle-the-climate-crisis-spur-americaninnovation-and-create-goodpaying-jobs-as-part-of-investing-in-america-agenda-

<sup>11062023#:~:</sup>text=TOPEKA%20%E2%80%93%20The%20U.S.%20General%20Services,Administration's%20Inve sting%20in%20America%20agenda.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> General Services Administration, GSA awards \$10 Million for Pre-Design Services for Modernizing Facilities at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, December 26, 2023, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/gsaregions/region-7-greater-southwest/region-7-newsroom/greater-southwest-feature-stories-and-news-releases/gsaawards-10-million-for-predesign-services-for-modernizing-facilities-at-the-bridge-of-the-americas-land-port-ofentry-12262023.

- Socioeconomics (including Environmental Justice)
- Public Services, Infrastructure, and Utilities
- Surface Waters, Drainage, and Floodplains
- Land Use and Zoning (including Visual and Aesthetics)
- Traffic (Vehicular and Pedestrian), Transportation, and Parking
- Air Quality (including Greenhouse Gas Emissions)
- Noise and Vibration
- Cultural and Historic Resources<sup>9</sup>

GSA presented the public with six alternatives, including the No Action Alternative. Alternative 4 was the only alternative presented that would immediately and permanently remove heavy-duty diesel commercial truck traffic, with minimal land acquisition and the preservation of the County Coliseum. In contrast, every other alternative, excluding the No Action Alternative, would expand the BOTA eastwards towards the County Coliseum and seize portions of County land that are currently used for the benefit of El Paso communities.

GSA further discussed the project timeline, with publication of the Draft EIS expected in the summer of 2024. <sup>10</sup> In nearly every comment submitted to GSA at the December 13, 2023 Meeting, the public urged the removal of heavy-duty commercial traffic and spoke about the hardships of enduring constant diesel emissions from these trucks.

On January 22, 2024, Congresswoman Veronica Escobar and GSA hosted a Public Meeting for the Project, where the community voiced a unified message through shared experiences of living in the forefront of environmental pollution. Residents expressed the struggles of raising children afflicted with respiratory diseases or lung cancer, public schoolteachers spoke about the daily detrimental impact air pollution had on their students, and residents from the San Xavier and Chamizal community groups urged GSA to remedy their ongoing struggle of living under an incessant cloud of diesel emissions, noise, vibrations, and bearing witness to an increasing number of friends and neighbors passing away from cancer. Dr. Toni Ramirez, a public health doctor who serves Central El Paso residents, described how she witnessed the struggles discussed by residents in her daily practice, and voiced concern over the lack of resources to address the medical needs and resiliency of residents most impacted by air pollution.<sup>11</sup>

## III. Legal Framework

### A. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act.

Title VI serves as a critical bulwark against further discrimination in projects such as this one. Title VI's prohibition on discrimination applies to all recipients of federal funds: "No person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." 42 U.S.C. § 2000d. As a federal agency, GSA manages its day-to-day operations with federal funding, and relies on federal funding for its

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> General Services Administration, December 13, 2023, NEPA Public Meeting Summary at 23.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Id. at 24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Congresswoman Veronica Escobar's office informed participants that the public comments were being recorded.

projects. Because of this inextricable reliance on federal funding, GSA is obligated to comply with Title VI in all its programs or activities. <sup>12</sup>

Critically, GSA's Title VI implementing regulations provide that "[w]here previous discriminatory practice or usage tends, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, to exclude individuals from participation in, to deny them the benefits of, or to subject them to discrimination under any program or activity to which this subpart applies, *the applicant or recipient has an obligation to take reasonable action to remove or overcome the consequences of the prior discriminatory practice or usage*, and to accomplish the purposes of the Act. <sup>13</sup> Thus, because of the legacy of discriminatory practices impacting San Javier and Chamizal residents, GSA has an affirmative responsibility to not only avoid discriminating against these communities today, but also to overcome the legacy of past discrimination.

A disproportionate share of the families who live near the BOTA and its arterial highways are Hispanic or Mexican-American. A pattern of governmental decisions has placed Southside communities like San Xavier and the Chamizal at the forefront of environmental contamination. In recognition of this, the Chamizal community—west of San Xavier—has advocated for clean air since the passage of the North American Free Trade Agreement ("NAFTA") in 1994. The Chamizal community has voiced concerns to TXDOT, GSA, EPA, and local government authorities to take meaningful action to ameliorate air pollution, including by advocating for the removal of semi-trucks from Paisano Drive and the BOTA. In furtherance of this goal, residents of the Chamizal and San Xavier neighborhoods engaged in public participation throughout the TXDOT I-10 Connect Project, which removed the semis from Paisano Drive only to place them behind San Xavier. Both communities have been actively engaged in the BOTA Modernization Project, as have Southside community residents east of BOTA and community members from throughout the County.

If GSA allows for a continuation or increase in heavy-duty commercial truck traffic through its BOTA Project, it will authorize the continued pollution of the air that residents breathe, increasing fine particulate pollution associated with premature death and serious health problems. As explained in more detail below, the public health impacts of vehicular air pollution, particularly from heavy-duty diesel trucks, are widespread and severe. <sup>14</sup> The project also risks aggravating soil and water pollution from construction and continued operations at the BOTA. These are unacceptable harms for communities that have suffered from pollution and health problems from the port of entry, highways, busy roads, Marathon refinery, the EPISD bus hub, the EPWU water treatment plant, the covered (yet unabated) toxic landfill at Modesto Park, and other pollution sources for many decades. Should GSA fail to prevent further environmental degradation on the San Xavier and Chamizal communities, it risks violating Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-7, as well as its own Title VI implementing regulations. <sup>15</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 2000d-4a.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 41 C.F.R. § 101-6.204-2 (a)(1)(vi)(4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See infra at Section IV.F.1. Air Pollution Impacts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> 41 C.F.R. Chapter 101 Subpart 101-6.2 et seq.

## B. The National Environmental Policy Act.

The National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA"), 42 U.S.C. § 4332 et seq., provides the congressionally mandated procedure for assessment of these impacts, and NEPA requires that these procedures be completed "at the earliest possible time," i.e., "before decisions are made and before actions are taken." Accordingly, GSA cannot select final project plans for the BOTA Modernization project and obtain necessary permits until the NEPA process is completed, including preparation of an EIS.

#### An EIS must describe:

- i. the environmental impacts of the proposed action;
- ii. any adverse environmental effects which cannot be avoided should the proposal be implemented;
- iii. alternatives to the proposed action;
- iv. the relationship between local short-term uses of man's environment and the maintenance and enhancement of long-term productivity; and
- v. any irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources which would be involved in the proposed action should it be implemented.<sup>17</sup>

An EIS must also describe the direct and indirect effects, and cumulative impacts of, a proposed action. <sup>18</sup> These terms are distinct from one another. Direct effects are "caused by the action and occur at the same time and place." <sup>19</sup> Indirect effects are also "caused by the action" and "are later in time or farther removed in distance, but are still reasonably foreseeable." <sup>20</sup> Indirect effects "may include growth inducing effects and other effects related to induced changes in the pattern of land use, population density or growth rate, and related effect on air and water and other natural systems, including ecosystems. <sup>21</sup>

Cumulative impacts are not causally related to the action. Instead, they are:

The impact on the environment which results from the incremental impact of the action when added to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions regardless of what agency (Federal or non-Federal) or person undertakes such other actions. Cumulative impacts can result from

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> 40 C.F.R. §§ 1501.2, 1500.1(b) (emphases added).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 4332(C).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> 40 C.F.R §§ 1502.16, 1508.7, 1508.8; *Northern Plains Resource Council v. Surface Transportation Board*, 668 F.3d 1067, 1072-73 (9th Cir. 2011).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> 40 C.F.R. § 1508.1(g)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> *Id.* § 1508.1(g)(2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> *Id*.

individually minor but collectively significant actions taking place over a period of time.<sup>22</sup>

The EIS must give each of these categories of effect due consideration.

Finally, while an EIS is being prepared GSA may take no action which would tend to "limit the choice of reasonable alternatives," or "tend[] to determine subsequent development."<sup>23</sup>

### IV. NEPA Procedural Comments of Familias Unidas and San Xavier Residents.

#### A. GSA Must Select Alternative 4 and Remove Semis from the BOTA.

The alternatives analysis "is the heart of the environmental impact statement."<sup>24</sup> Federal agencies must take care not to define the project's purpose so narrowly as to prevent the consideration of a reasonable range of alternatives.<sup>25</sup> CEQ's regulations implementing NEPA, 40 C.F.R. § 1502.14, explain that a reasonable range of alternatives should be presented and compared in the EIS to allow for a "clear basis for choice among options by the decision maker and the public." In addition, CEQ's "Forty Most Asked Questions Concerning National Environmental Policy Act Regulations" explain that agencies must "[r]igorously explore and objectively evaluate all reasonable alternatives, and for alternatives which were eliminated from detailed study, briefly discuss the reasons for their having been eliminated."<sup>26</sup>

Crucially, the alternatives must examine even those alternatives which may be outside the jurisdiction or capability of the agency or applicant.<sup>27</sup> Further, "[a] potential conflict with local or federal law does not necessarily render an alternative unreasonable, although such conflicts must be considered."<sup>28</sup> GSA must also include "appropriate mitigation measures not already included in the proposed action or alternatives."<sup>29</sup> Because alternatives are central to decisionmaking and mitigation, "the existence of a viable but unexamined alternative renders an environmental impact statement inadequate."<sup>30</sup> Should the agency only give an alternative threadbare analysis or ignore critical information pertaining to that alternative, the deficient analysis also renders an environmental impact statement inadequate.<sup>31</sup>

As such, the GSA must fully consider Alternative 4 and its removal of all heavy-duty commercial truck traffic from the POE in both directions, particularly because Alternative 4 emerged from the public's overwhelming demand—reiterated since the first BOTA public meeting in the fall of 2022—for an alternative that prioritizes public health. Including an alternative in the "alternatives analysis" is only the first step, however, and should GSA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> § 1508.1 (g)(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> 40 C.F.R. § 1506.1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> 40 C.F.R. § 1502.14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> See, e.g., Simmons v. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 120 F.3d 664, 666 (7th Cir. 1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> CEQ, "Forty Most Asked Questions Concerning National Environmental Policy Act Regulations," at 3, https://www.energy.gov/nepa/articles/forty-most-asked-questions-concerning-ceqs-national-environmental-policy-act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Id. at 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> *Utahns for Better Transp. v. U.S. Dep't of Transp.*, 305 F.3d 1152, 1170 (10th Cir. 2002), as modified on reh'g, 319 F.3d 1207 (10th Cir. 2003).

encounter challenges in the implementation of Alternative 4, it must in good faith consider potential resolutions. Indeed, it would be a clear violation of NEPA should GSA decline to dismiss Alternative 4 prematurely with no further consideration. Such dismissal would brazenly depart from what is reasonably feasible, especially given the fact that *GSA has full authority to remove and redirect commercial truck traffic from the BOTA*. There is also ample evidence that demonstrates that Alternative 4 is practicable.

## 1. Removing Semi Traffic from the BOTA is Feasible.

The BOTA is not the only land port of entry in the El Paso region that is currently equipped—and certainly not the port that is best equipped—to inspect commercial trucks and their cargo. There are three ports of entry in the region with capacity to handle commercial traffic: Ysleta, Santa Teresa, and Tornillo, all within 10-, 27-, and 40- miles of the BOTA, respectively. Further, the BOTA only operates its northbound commercial crossings from 6a.m. to 2p.m. and as such, cannot be considered a key LPOE in the region for commercial traffic.

With increased border pollution and unprecedented stalling of commercial traffic near the BOTA, GSA must conduct its own analysis on the strategies available to redirect both north- and southbound commercial truck traffic. The other POEs have already demonstrated reliability in absorbing the BOTA's commercial traffic. Since 2022, the BOTA's commercial lanes have been closed numerous times due to the surge in immigrant crossings, and semis were rerouted to other ports. As part of its Alternatives Analysis, GSA must review how these closures at the BOTA impacted other LPOEs and consider strategies to effectuate greater mobility and reduce idling at the BOTA by permanently implementing a similar diversion of truck traffic.

It makes eminent sense to redirect traffic to other POEs, especially Tornillo, given that the transportation infrastructure around the BOTA on both sides of the border was not built to handle heavy-duty truck traffic, while Tornillo was built with semis in mind and is currently the largest POE in El Paso. GSA must seriously consider how to redirect traffic to Tornillo, Ysleta, and Santa Teresa, and analyze how traffic flow can be improved, and the significant air pollution reductions that would flow from such relocations.

## 2. Local Governments have Already Agreed to Explore Using Technology at Another POE to Reduce Semi Traffic.

The sister cities of El Paso and Ciudad Juarez have recognized that they need to address the semi traffic at the ports of entry. In January of 2023, the two cities entered into a Memorandum of Understanding to promote the use of conveyor belt technology at the Ysleta POE to facilitate commercial traffic. GSA should collaborate with the City of El Paso and Juarez in moving forward on installing this technology at the Tornillo POE, given the success of conveyor belt technology in increasing operational efficiency. Upon information and belief, truck drivers do not feel safe queuing on the Mexican side of the Tornillo POE as they wait to enter the U.S., due to cartel activity. However, conveyor belt technology would eliminate idling for northbound traffic and increase safety at the border. GSA must also explore any other actions it can take to improve safety at the Tornillo Bridge and facilitate crossings, including through collaborations with U.S. and Mexican authorities. Unlike the BOTA, the Tornillo Bridge was

8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> CHIA, Benefits of Conveyor Belts in the Port Sector, September 19, 2023, https://espirales.es/notice/benefits-of-conveyor-belts-in-the-port-sector.

built with increased capacity to handle heavy-duty commercial traffic and was meant to help remove congestion from the BOTA. <sup>33</sup> As part of its analysis of alternatives, GSA should rigorously explore options to maintain the Tornillo POE running. GSA should also consider the implementation of conveyer belt at Ysleta and Santa Teresa.

# 3. The Area Surrounding the BOTA has a Denser Population of People than the Other POEs.

Over 9,300 residents live in the three census tracts immediately adjacent to the BOTA, according to the 2020 U.S. Census. The census tracts surrounding the port of entry in Tornillo and Santa Teresa have less than half of those residents, and the neighborhoods are further removed from the border crossings, which mitigates any adverse impacts of traffic and reduces the likelihood that residents will be replaced if there is a need to expand the POE. Even more, the port of entry at Santa Teresa has nearby warehouses and industrial infrastructure that could facilitate commercial truck traffic, and the Tornillo POE has increased capacity to facilitate mobility. We urge GSA to explore these options with careful attention to the impacts of rerouting the trucks. Care should be taken to avoid impacting other environmental justice communities with the relocation of semis. Again, the use of conveyor belt and other technology to improve efficiency would minimize the impact of semi traffic at all the POEs.

## B. GSA Must Select Alternative 4 to Comply with the Environmental Goals of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and Inflation Reduction Act.

Given the fact that the source of the GSA's funding for the project is rooted in federal laws intended to advance environmental justice and reduce GHG emissions, GSA has a duty to integrate the principles of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA into its selected alternative. GSA risks violating its duties imparted by the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA funds should it select an alternative that allows for a continuation and potential increase of vehicular air emissions, which is an outcome that would be set in stone should GSA reject Alternative 4. Even more, GSA would not accomplish its stated goals of "reducing greenhouse gas emissions," "mitigating human health and environment impact," and "ensur[ing] the safety and security for the employees and the travelling public" through the BOTA Project if it allows heavyduty commercial traffic to continue to cross on the BOTA. While GSA's commitment to use lower carbon materials in the Project is a notable step in the right direction, this alone will not satisfy the agency's responsibilities under federal law.

Both the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA aim to reduce U.S. GHG emissions and ameliorate the disproportionate impacts that the country's longstanding reliance on fossil fuels have had on communities of color and low-income communities. The Bipartisan Infrastructure Act was passed to boost American infrastructure with an environmentally forward approach. The Bipartisan Infrastructure Act is intended to "rebuild America's roads, bridges and rails, expand access to clean drinking water, ensure every American has access to high-speed internet, tackle

9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Lorena Figueroa, *Tornillo-Guadalupe Bridge is Now Open*, EL PASO TIMES, February 4, 2016, https://www.elpasotimes.com/story/news/2016/02/04/new-tornillo-guadalupe-bridge-inaugurates/79849438/.

<sup>34</sup> GSA, *GSA Awards \$10 Million for Pre-Design Services for Modernizing Facilities at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry*, December 26, 2023, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/gsa-regions/region-7-greater-southwest/region-7-newsroom/greater-southwest-feature-stories-and-news-releases/gsa-awards-10-million-for-predesign-services-for-modernizing-facilities-at-the-bridge-of-the-americas-land-port-of-entry-12262023.

<sup>35</sup> *Id* (emphasis added).

the climate crisis, advance environmental justice, and invest in communities that have too often been left behind."<sup>36</sup>

The IRA funding provided to modernize ports of entry is specifically conditioned on infrastructure efforts aimed at reducing air pollution.<sup>37</sup> The IRA pushes for the installation of zero emissions equipment and technology at the ports, the development of climate action plans, and the granting of funds to communities near ports that breathe disproportionately high levels of toxic pollutants.<sup>38</sup> The IRA provides additional funding for those ports that are located in areas of nonattainment for any air pollutant, a provision which GSA should take advantage of given El Paso's nonattainment of ozone and PM2.5 pollution.<sup>39</sup> GSA cannot reject the environmental goals of the IRA to view the BOTA Modernization in a climate vacuum and not seize clear opportunities to reduce or eliminate sources of GHG emissions. Accordingly, GSA must select Alternative 4, as it is the only alternative that conforms with the goals of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA.

# C. GSA Must Evaluate the Economic Benefit and Harm of Each Alternative, Including Alternative 4.

NEPA requires that GSA "take a hard look at the environmental consequences" of a proposed action. <sup>40</sup> To satisfy this mandate, GSA must carefully discuss all the benefits of reducing air pollution—as well as the harms of not doing so—in its EIS. GSA cannot give greater weight to the economic benefits of commercial crossings—for example, by monetizing the trade benefits—without also giving fair weight to the harms, and similarly quantifying those harms. Crucially, GSA must evaluate the far-reaching health and economic benefits of removing heavy-duty commercial truck traffic from the BOTA and, conversely, examine the harms of allowing semis to continue to corrode air quality.

The data shows that mitigating air pollution produces astronomical economic benefits. According to a 2019 study, poor air quality may cost the U.S. about \$886 billion a year. <sup>41</sup> Just recently, on February 7, 2024, the EPA took a major step to protect communities by strengthening the national ambient air quality standard for PM 2.5, which the agency estimated to produce \$46 billion in net health benefits by 2032. <sup>42</sup> This is just one of many examples that highlights the immense benefits of reducing the emissions of a single air pollutant. When considering the wide array of pollutants in diesel emissions, the elimination of heavy-duty commercial traffic and its toxic emissions would produce vast economic benefits—including a reduction of asthma attacks, hospitalizations, emergency room visits, missed school- and work

<sup>40</sup> Robertson v. Methow Valley Citizens Council, 490 U.S. 332, 350, 109 S.Ct. 1835, 104 L.Ed.2d 351 (1989) (quoting Kleppe v. Sierra Club, 427 U.S. 390, 410, 96 S.Ct. 2718, 49 L.Ed.2d 576 (1976)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> White House, Statements and Releases: Fact Sheet: The Bipartisan Infrastructure Deal, November 6, 2021, https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/statements-releases/2021/11/06/fact-sheet-the-bipartisan-infrastructure-deal/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> 42 U.S.C.A. § 7433, Sec. 133. Grants to Reduce Air Pollution at Ports.

 $<sup>^{38}</sup>$  See id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Andrew L. Goodkind et al., *Fine-Scale Damage Estimates of Particulate Matter Air Pollution Reveal Opportunities for Location-Specific Mitigation of Emissions*, 116 PNAS 18 (April 8, 2019), https://www.pnas.org/doi/10.1073/pnas.1816102116.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> EPA, EPA Finalizes Stronger Standards for Harmful Soot Pollution, Significantly Increasing Health and Clean Air Protections for Families, Workers, and Communities, February 7, 2024, https://www.epa.gov/newsreleases/epa-finalizes-stronger-standards-harmful-soot-pollution-significantly-increasing.

days, and fewer deaths from cardiopulmonary diseases and cancer, among other diseases and ailments linked to vehicular air pollution.

If GSA implements a rerouting strategy, removing heavy-duty commercial truck traffic can also produce savings in reduced fuel consumption and wear and tear by the trucks themselves. The costs of any added mileage pale in comparison to the potential fuel and repair savings from reduced idling. Idling for more than ten seconds consumes more fuel than turning off and restarting an engine, reduces engine life by up to 20%. Heavy-duty diesel trucks consume at least half a gallon of diesel per hour, with nearly an entire gallon consumed depending on the type of truck. And an hour of idling is approximately equivalent to 30 miles of driving for the strain placed on the engine. GSA must take these considerations into account and factor in the benefits of removing trucks from the BOTA—where they inevitably idle and bottleneck for hours on end—and towards the Santa Teresa, Ysleta, and Tornillo bridges, which have greater capacity, infrastructure, and operating hours to allow for an efficient flow of commercial traffic.

GSA must also fully consider the economic detriment of allowing a continuation of—and possible increase of—commercial traffic. All Alternatives except for Alternative 4 and the No Action Alternative allow for immediate continuation—and possibly even expansion—of heavy-duty commercial traffic. Some of GSA's alternatives also propose purchasing county property and bringing the semi traffic closer to residences and community centers. GSA must also analyze the loss of revenue in the form of tolls from commercial traffic since 1994 and then project the future loss of tolls for at least another 30 years if the semis are not removed from BOTA.

All but one of GSA's proposed alternatives continue to rely on outdated and unjust traffic management that adheres to a decades-long pattern of systemic discrimination and environmental degradation. On December 7, 2023, the residents of San Xavier filed a Title VI Civil Rights complaint against TXDOT due to the I-10 Connect Project, which leads into the BOTA and failed to deliver on its promise of accelerating traffic into Mexico. When GSA's longstanding practice of allowing commercial traffic at ports of entry near residential neighborhoods is considered in tandem with TxDOT's perpetuation of the pollution associated with this traffic,<sup>46</sup> the disservice to the public interest is not only evident but egregious. The harms are widespread: mobile source emissions are linked to severe environmental degradation and increased mortality and illness in nearby communities, with disproportionate burdens on communities of color and Texans below the poverty line.<sup>47</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> TranBC, *Leading the Way in Border Greenhouse Gas Reduction*, https://www.tranbc.ca/2013/08/06/leading-the-way-in-border-greenhouse-gas-reduction/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> U.S. Department of Energy, *Vehicle Technologies Office*, *Fact #861 February 23*, *2015 Idle Fuel Consumption for Selected Gasoline and Diesel Vehicles*, https://www.energy.gov/eere/vehicles/fact-861-february-23-2015-idle-fuel-consumption-selected-gasoline-and-diesel-vehicles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Steven Lang, *How Many Miles Is Too Many for a Used Diesel Pickup Truck?*, Capital One, March 7, 2023, https://www.capitalone.com/cars/learn/finding-the-right-car/how-many-miles-is-too-many-for-a-used-diesel-pickup-truck/2145.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Exhibit A, TRLA, TRLA Title VI Complaint.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> See Section IV.F.1. Air Pollution Impacts.

## D. GSA Must Evaluate the Feasibility of Enhancing Public Transportation and Green Mobility Strategies at the BOTA.

In addition to removing the commercial trucks with Alternative 4, GSA must amplify and enhance existing public transportation at the BOTA and create new modes of public transportation for local commuters (a light rail, trolley, and/or a public bus system). Public transportation can improve operational efficiency through environmentally friendly and community-oriented strategies. GSA must pursue potential collaborations with the City of El Paso, Cd. Juarez, and TxDOT to maximize the benefits of public transportation. Currently, much of the public transportation at the POE consists of passenger buses coming from different regions in Mexico to the United States. However, most of the crossings at the BOTA consist of daily and frequent commuters that live in the El Paso-Juarez region and fuel the El Paso-Juarez economy. Thus, it is vital to provide adequate public transportation for these commuters and encourage pedestrian traffic over vehicular traffic from Juarez to El Paso.

We encourage GSA to enhance the availability and accessibility of public transportation options for pedestrians who have crossed the border. Usually, when pedestrians cross at the BOTA, they must embark on a harrowing journey across highways with poorly marked or completely absent traffic safety signs and signals. Dozens of students living in Juarez and attending school in El Paso must make this dangerous journey every day. GSA can help minimize this unacceptable risk to pedestrians by creating infrastructure that allows City of El Paso buses to stop at or near the BOTA and park-and-rides on both sides of the BOTA. Currently, the closest bus stop to the BOTA appears to be nearly a mile away, leaving pedestrian traffic bereft of practicable options. 48

GSA should speak with the City of El Paso and Cd. Juarez to strategize efforts based on current data; these efforts must include surveys of daily commuters and the routes they take on both sides of the border so that an effective public transportation plan can be implemented. GSA should also collaborate with the City of El Paso to facilitate public transportation at the BOTA, especially in light of the City's current efforts in drafting a Climate Action Plan. Revenue generated from the public transportation system on the BOTA can be reinvested into the public transit system. Even more, public transportation can be provided during a trial period as a way to encourage drivers to learn to use the system.

GSA can also take common-sense solutions to reduce the emissions from public transportation at the border, regardless of whether the mode of transportation is a trolley, monorail, or bus. For example, GSA can require bus drivers to turn the motor off while passengers are going through customs, at least during seasons without extreme heat. In addition, the creation of a pedestrian lane exclusively for public transportation passengers would help increase operational efficiency and improve pedestrian traffic. Such a strategy has already been proposed at the San Ysidro border crossing. <sup>49</sup> GSA can also expedite the processing by implementing the use of transportable electronic scanners and canine officers to process

baja-california/story/2023-02-09/baja-california-proposes-an-exclusive-crossing-lane-for-trolley-users-at-the-san-ysidro-border.

Moovit, How to Get to Free Bridge – Cordova Americas in El Paso by Bus?,
 https://moovitapp.com/index/en/public\_transit-Free\_Bridge\_Cordova\_Americas-El\_Paso\_TX-site\_36699807-2783.
 Alexandra Mendoza, *Mexico Considering a Dedicated Lane for Trolley Passengers at the San Ysidro Border Crossing*, The San Diego Uion-Tribune, February 9, 2023, https://www.sandiegouniontribune.com/news/border-

pedestrian traffic using public transportation instead of concentrating inspections in one location at the customs booth, leading to longer pedestrian lanes.

In evaluating these public transportation strategies, GSA must fully consider the extent of the benefits offered in enhancing public transportation. Most notably, increased public transportation reduces traffic congestion and helps reduce air pollution, producing immense public health and economic benefits.<sup>50</sup> Public transportation also helps increase the mobility of disadvantaged communities and reduce unemployment in low-income urban areas.<sup>51</sup> Expanded access to public transportation in the cross-border context also creates a positive economic impact through the increased mobility of cross-border shoppers.<sup>52</sup>

GSA should also consider the role public transportation can play in ensuring that any induced development and induced demand—a natural risk and foreseeable impact from expanding vehicular capacity—occurs without inducing increased air pollution. Increased traffic and development often follow the heels of additional roadway capacity,<sup>53</sup> putting already vulnerable communities at further risk of environmental contamination and displacement. But with a strong public transportation system, the benefits that flow from development can be equitable, and historically rejected communities can benefit from growth instead of carrying the burdens of development alone.

## E. Additional Strategies to Reduce Air Pollution.

GSA should consider implementing a dedicated commuter lane ("DCL") or two at the BOTA and rolling out a "batching" strategy. DCLs have the potential to accelerate traffic heading north exponentially. Currently, the BOTA does not have a DCL and commuters to and from Juarez who would like to use the center of the cities must rely on the Stanton DCL located in Segundo Barrio.

GSA should also consider the feasibility of a "batching" strategy at the BOTA to reduce idling and air pollution. "Batching" is the process of moving traffic up to the customs booth in batches with the use of light signals, with those batches of vehicles furthest from the customs booth encouraged to turn off their vehicle engines.<sup>54</sup> The benefits of "batching" improve fuel efficiency, increase the life of vehicle engines by up to twenty per cent, and significantly reduce

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> See infra Section IV.F.1. Air Pollution Impacts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Kai A. Schafft and Robin Blakely, *Local Residential Mobility as a Dimension of Rural Disadvantage*, 2005 ANNUAL MEETING OF THE POPULATION ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA (2005),

https://paa2005.populationassociation.org/papers/50719; Mark Alan Huges, *A Mobility Strategy for Improving Opportunity*, 6(1) HOUSING POLICY DEBATE 271 (1995),

https://scholar.archive.org/work/mnagx4veovadxgekj6zuibfbiu/access/wayback/https://www.drexel.edu/greatworks/Theme/Fall/~/media/Files/greatworks/pdf FL10/WK4 1 Hughes 1995.ashx; Paul M. Ong et al., REPORT: MOBILITY, ACCESSIBILITY AND DISADVANTAGED NEIGHBORHOODS: ASSESSING DIVERSITY IN TRANSPORTATION-RELATED NEEDS AND OPPORTUNITIES, PACIFIC SOUTHWEST REGION UNIVERSITY TRANSPORTATION CENTER (June 2021), https://knowledge.luskin.ucla.edu/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/ca21-3431-finalreport-a11y.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Adam Gregory Walke, M.A., Transit in a Border Zone: The Demand for Public Transportation in Three Texas Border Cities, University of Texas at El Paso (December 2011), https://scholarworks.utep.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=3412&context=open\_etd.

Transportation for America, REPORT: THE CONGESTION CON: HOW MORE LANES AND MORE MONEY EQUALS MORE TRAFFIC (March 2020), available at https://t4america.org/maps-tools/congestion-con/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> TranBC, *Leading the Way in Border Greenhouse Gas Reduction*, https://www.tranbc.ca/2013/08/06/leading-the-way-in-border-greenhouse-gas-reduction/.

vehicle wear. Batching was successfully implemented at the Canadian-American Peach Arch crossing, where vehicles 200 meters or further from the customs booth would get a red traffic light until nearly all vehicles in the batch ahead were cleared. The strategy resulted in an estimated 45% reduction of GHG emissions, fuel savings, and no impact on the amount of overall time to cross the border.<sup>55</sup>

GSA must seriously consider implementing "batching" at the BOTA, at least during seasons where border crossers are not exposed to excessive heat. Should GSA reject consideration of "batching" as a strategy to aid in promoting public health and reducing noxious air contamination, it must explain why consideration of "batching" would not contribute to informed decisionmaking.<sup>56</sup> As with any response to public comments, GSA cannot simply assert that such analysis is "not required."<sup>57</sup>

# F. GSA Must Consider the Full Extent of Environmental Justice Impacts from the Project.

Under NEPA, "environmental justice is not merely a box to be checked," and agencies are required to thoroughly evaluate the environmental justice impacts of a proposed project, and to inform communities of all potential impacts." 58 CEQ's NEPA Guidelines specify:

Where a potential environmental justice issue has been identified by an agency, the agency should state clearly in the EIS or EA whether, in light of all the facts and circumstances, a disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental impact on minority populations, low-income populations, or Indian tribe is likely to result from the proposed action and any alternatives. This statement should be supported by sufficient information for the public to understand the rationale for the conclusion. <sup>59</sup>

Even more, a 1994 Executive Order requires federal agencies, "[t]o the greatest extent practicable and permitted by law," to "make achieving environmental justice [("EJ")] part of [their] mission by identifying and addressing, as appropriate, disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of its programs, policies, and activities on minority populations and low-income populations." GSA has recognized this principle, and in 2011, the Administrator of the GSA signed a Memorandum of Understanding on Environmental Justice and Executive Order 12898, committing to identify and address:

[A]ny disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of its programs, policies and activities on minority populations and low-income populations, including, but not limited to, as appropriate for its mission, in the following areas: (1) implementation of the National Environmental Policy Act; (2) implementation of Title V

<sup>56</sup> WildEarth Guardians v. Bernhardt, 502 F. Supp. 2d 237, 255-56 (D.D.C. 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> *Id*.

<sup>57</sup> See id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Friends of Buckingham v. St. Air Pollution Control Bd., 947 F.3d 68, 91–92 (4th Cir. 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Council on Environmental Quality, *Environmental Justice: Guidance Under the National Environmental Policy Act.* at 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Exec. Order 12,898 § 1-101, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, 59 Fed. Reg. 7629 (Feb. 11, 1994).

of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended; (3) impacts from climate change; and (4) impacts from commercial transportation and supporting infrastructure[.]<sup>61</sup>

When agencies seek to enlarge or extend highways, they must grapple with the context: infrastructure is where it is often for discriminatory reasons; expanding these systems may disparately burden the same communities, who continue to live along the same thoroughfares. While El Paso is a majority-minority city, communities like the Chamizal and San Xavier neighborhoods—which are nearly 100% people of color and have higher concentrations of foreign-born residents—are disproportionately burdened by air pollution stemming from the discriminatory siting of railroads, highways, industries, international ports of entry, and cross-border air pollution centuries in the making. 62

El Paso was not exempt from Jim Crowe discrimination, and the effects are felt to this day. Here as across the country, highways were constructed around and through Black and Hispanic communities to cement segregation. The discriminatory practices of redlining laid the groundwork for future highway sitings. <sup>63</sup> In 1963, when the Chamizal Convention led to the displacement of Hispanic people and the creation of the current BOTA, the environmental burden of heavy truck traffic at the border crossing fell on the same communities targeted by explicit redlining discrimination.

#### 1. Air Pollution Impacts.

As already noted, because the BOTA Modernization is funded through the Bipartisan Infrastructure act and IRA, there is an inextricable duty for GSA to reduce and mitigate air pollution. The availability of additional IRA funds allocated for community air pollution monitoring creates an incredible opportunity for GSA to evaluate the local impacts of mobile air pollution on the communities most impacted by air pollution from the BOTA, including the San Xavier and Chamizal communities. These communities are exposed to disproportionately high mobile source air emissions due to the traffic flow heading to and from the BOTA, including from 18-wheelers. GSA must analyze existing information on the state of air quality and impacts from the BOTA on communities, but also conduct its own studies to ensure that it makes a fully informed decision with the BOTA Project.

El Paso is marked by excessive levels of pollution. According to a 2020 report, El Pasoans were breathing air with elevated levels of pollution on one out of every three days last year. <sup>64</sup> The report measured days with elevated levels of small particulate matter and elevated ozone. The El Paso area had 78 days with elevated small particulate matter and 68 days of elevated ozone. <sup>65</sup> The American Lung Association currently ranks El Paso as the 14<sup>th</sup> worst

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> GSA, Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on Environmental Justice and Executive Order 12898 (MOU on Environmental Justice, August 4, 2011 (emphasis added), available at https://www.gsa.gov/system/files/MOU\_Environmental\_Justice.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> See Isa Gutierrez et al., 'Like a Dumping Ground': Latina moms in Texas border city are fighting air pollution, NBC NEWS (Feb. 22, 2022), available at https://www.nbcnews.com/news/latino/-dumpingground-latina-moms-texas-border-city-are-fighting-air-polluti-rcna16789.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> Exhibit A, TRLA Title VI Complaint at 7-10 (discussing the history of environmental racism in Southside El Paso communities like San Xavier).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Environment Texas, Report: Trouble in the Air: Millions of Americans Breathed Polluted Air in 2020, October 5, 2021, available at https://environmentamerica.org/texas/resources/trouble-in-the-air/.
<sup>65</sup> Id.

metropolitan area for high ozone days, and the 35<sup>th</sup> worst for 24-hour particle pollution—as compared to over two hundred other metropolitan areas.<sup>66</sup> In order to comply with NEPA, GSA must analyze the impacts of air pollution on communities near the BOTA, including the San Xavier and Chamizal communities, two communities besieged by decades of environmental racism and disproportionately high levels of environmental contamination.

GSA must use the modernization of the BOTA as an opportunity to put decades of research into practice. GSA must look to studies on air quality conducted at ports of entry, including the BOTA and in the El Paso region. Over \$8 million has been spent studying air pollution in the region, based on the CV of only on one of the top researchers on the topic, Dr. WenWhai Li. This research also includes the work of Dr. Hector A. Olvera, who, among other studies, conducted a study on ultrafine particulate matter pollution at the BOTA. GSA must include an analysis of the impacts of vehicular air pollution in its EIS that fully examines available studies on air quality conducted at ports of entry, including the BOTA POE. <sup>67</sup> For GSA to fulfill its duty under NEPA to fully inform itself of the air quality impacts of the project, it cannot ignore local studies on air quality.

Crucially, GSA must analyze the significant dangers posed by diesel and ultrafine particulate matter pollution at and near the BOTA. EPA has classified diesel exhaust as a likely carcinogen, and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health has classified diesel exhaust as a potential carcinogen. Motor vehicle emissions—and especially diesel emissions—often constitute the most significant source of ultrafine particles (diameter <0.1 m) in an urban environment. He highest concentrations are closest to highways, POEs, etc., and dissipate with distance. Exposure to diesel-emitted particles has been linked to increased cancer risk and cardiopulmonary diseases. Because of their size (<100 nm), exposure to ultrafine particles ("UFPs") emitted from heavy-duty diesel vehicles ("HDDV") might result in greater health risks than those associated with larger particles. A 2013 study found that "[c]ommercial traffic, mostly composed of HDDV, heavily influenced UFP concentrations in the BOTA vicinity." The study also found that on Sundays, when commercial traffic was absent, the UFP numbers were the lowest. Populations near the BOTA's traffic zone and within 400 meters are exposed to UFP's above the background level and include residents on both sides of the border, including a church

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> American Lung Association, State of the Air: El Paso-Las Cruces, TX-NM, https://www.lung.org/research/sota/city-rankings/msas/el-paso-las-cruces-tx-nm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> We specifically recommend that GSA consider the numerous studies performed by When Wai Li, Hector Olvera Alvarez, and Penelope J.E. Quintana. When Wai Li's CV with a list of publications is included as Exhibit E: When Wai Li CV. A list of Hector Olvera Alvarez's publications is available at https://www.ohsu.edu/people/hector-olveraalvarez-phd-pe. A list of Penelope J.E. Quintana's publications is available at https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=Qs4riTkAAAAJ&hl=en.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> American Cancer Society, Diesel Exhaust and Cancer Risk, last revised July 27, 2015, https://www.cancer.org/cancer/risk-prevention/chemicals/diesel-exhaust-and-cancer.html#:~:text=The% 20EPA% 20classifies% 20diesel% 20exhaust, a% 20% E2% 80% 9C potential% 20occupational% 20carcinogen.% E2% 80% 9D.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> EPA, Study of Ultrafine Particles Near a Major Highway with Heavy-Duty Diesel Traffic, https://cfpub.epa.gov/si/si\_public\_record\_Report.cfm?Lab=NCER&dirEntryId=83813. <sup>70</sup> *Id.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Hector A. Olvera, Mario Lopez, Veronica Guerrero, Humberto Garcia and Wen-Whai Li., *Ultrafine Particle Levels at an International Port of Entry Between the US and Mexico: Exposure Implications for Users, Workers, and Neighbors*, 23 Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology 289 (2013), attached as Exhibit B. <sup>72</sup> *Id.* 

and several schools, law enforcement officers, street vendors, private commuters, and commercial vehicle drivers."<sup>73</sup>

Another recent study examined the short-term associations (24-, 48-, 72-, and 96-hr averages) of traffic-related air pollutants (PM2.5, PM10, NO2, and O3) with biomarkers of respiratory and cardiovascular disease in a group of uninsured participants from low-income communities in El Paso. Researchers found associations of short-term air pollutant concentrations with respiratory outcomes, which was expected. However, researchers also found associations with metabolic risk factors such as BMI, waist circumference, and fasting glucose. The study also found a correlation between PM2.5 and NO2 and respiratory risk of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

There is also research that highlights the increased air pollution present at US-Mexico ports of entry. A 2014 study investigated the effect of long northbound traffic delays at the San Ysidro POE and found consistently higher concentrations of toxic pollutants (ultrafine particulate matter (UFP), black carbon (BC), and particulate matter <2.5  $\mu$ m in diameter (PM2.5)). This study also emphasized that "[d]isparaties in traffic exposures an environmental justice issue and this should be taken into account during planning and operation of POEs."

Even more, traffic at the BOTA contributes to dangerous levels of ozone pollution. Jason Sarate, who oversees the city of El Paso's Air Quality Program stated, "[o]ne of the largest contributing sources to ozone in El Paso is the vehicle emissions. I think the biggest challenge is the vehicles that are idling for multiple hours at our ports of entry. When you have vehicles and semi-trucks lined up on the freeways waiting to cross into Mexico or cross into El Paso, those are real issues." 80

GSA must also account for the impacts of PM2.5 pollution at the BOTA. PM2.5 kills nearly 50,000 people in the United States every year, with disproportionate impacts on communities of color. On February 7, 2023, the EPA strengthened the National Ambient Air Quality Standards ("NAAQS") for PM2.5 from 12 micrograms per cubic meter to 9 micrograms

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Soyoung Jeon, Association of Traffic and Related Air Pollutants on Cardiorespiratory Risk Factors from Low-Income Populations in El Paso, TX (February 2021), available at https://www.carteeh.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/03-27-UTEPAssociation-of-Traffic-and-Related-Air-Pollutants-on-Cardiorespiratory-Risk-Factors-from-Low-Income-Populations-in-El-Paso-TX-Jeon.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Penelope J.E. Quintana et al., Traffic-Related Air Pollution in the Community of San Ysidro, CA, in relation to Northbound Vehicle Wait Times at the US-Mexico Border Port of Entry, 88 Atmospheric Environment 353 (May 2014)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> El Paso, Las Cruces rank high in ozone pollution in 2023 report, El Paso Matters, April 2023, available at https://elpasomatters.org/2023/04/25/el-paso-texas-american-lung-association-ozone-pollution-f-grade-2023/#:~:text=El%20Paso%20recorded%2040%20unhealthy,days%20than%20the%20previous%20year.

<sup>81</sup> https://earthjustice.org/brief/2024/soot-pm2-5-pollution-standard-stronger-biden

per cubic meter. <sup>82</sup> This designation automatically placed El Paso in nonattainment for PM 2.5, <sup>83</sup> adding to El Paso's ongoing nonattainment for the 8-hour ozone standard <sup>84</sup> and PM 10. <sup>85</sup> We recommend that GSA look into studies by the Joint Advisory Committee, including the Committee's most recent 2024 Air Quality Report, as these specifically look into the state of air pollution in the Paseo del Norte air basin. <sup>86</sup>

GSA must also examine the impacts of air pollution from highways on neighboring communities, as these highways are inextricably linked to the BOTA and its impacts. Numerous studies have shown that pollution from highways is very localized. For example, studies have shown that living in close proximity to highways causes a significantly elevated exposure to a complex mixture of pollutants including air toxics, diesel particulate matter, and other highway emissions including tire wear, brake wear, resuspended road dust, and various metals. <sup>87</sup> GSA must evaluate the community risk to adverse health impacts from highway traffic, including, but not limited to:

- Asthma and bronchitis: exposure to diesel exhaust can induce histamine releases that result in allergic conjunctivitis, rhinosinusitis, pharyngitis, laryngitis, and chronic cough. This exposure can also lead to degradation of lung tissue. 88 Children are especially vulnerable to chronic negative respiratory issues, as living in close proximity to highway traffic can inhibit lung development during childhood and lead to lifelong weakened lung function. 89
- Negative cardiovascular effects: long-term exposure to air pollution from high traffic has been shown to increase incidences of coronary artery calcification<sup>90</sup> as well as increased coronary heart disease and strokes in women.<sup>91</sup>
- Adverse birth outcomes and developmental effects: living in close proximity to heavy-traffic roadways can cause an increase in term low birth weight and preterm infants. 92

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> EPA, EPA Finalizes Stronger Standards for Harmful Soot Pollution, Significantly Increasing Health and Clean Air Protections for Families, Workers, and Communities, February 7, 2024, https://www.epa.gov/newsreleases/epa-finalizes-stronger-standards-harmful-soot-pollution-significantly-increasing.

 $<sup>^{83}</sup>$  El Paso has an average PM2.5 level of 9.2  $\mu$ g/m³, which places the County above EPA's newer standard. Earthjustice, Mapping Soot and Smog Pollution in the United States, February 7, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> El Paso continues to struggle with ozone attainment issues, and has violated the ozone NAAQS every year since 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> Soyoung Jeon, Association of Traffic and Related Air Pollutants on Cardiorespiratory Risk Factors from Low-Income Populations in El Paso, TX (February 2021), available at https://www.carteeh.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/03-27-UTEPAssociation-of-Traffic-and-Related-Air-Pollutants-on-Cardiorespiratory-Risk-Factors-from-Low-Income-Populations-in-El-Paso-TX-Jeon.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> See Exhibit C, JAC Paseo Del Norte Air Quality Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Near-Road Air Quality Monitoring Research (Nov. 3, 2009).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> Irina N. Krivoshto et al., *The Toxicity of Diesel Exhaust: Implications for Primary Care*, J. AM. BOARD FAM.MED. 55, 58 (2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> W. James Gauderman et al., *Effect of Exposure to Traffic on Lung Development From 10 to 18 Years of Age: A Cohort Study*, THE LANCET 571, 574 (Jan. 26, 2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> B. Hoffman et al., *Residential Exposure to Traffic is Associated with Coronary Atherosclerosis*, 116 CIRCULATION 489 (2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> Kristin A. Miller et al., *Long-Term Exposure to Air Pollution and Incidence of Cardiovascular Events in Women*, 356 NEW ENG. J.MED. 447, 453-56 (2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup> Michelle Wilhelm & Beate Ritz, *Residential Proximity to Traffic and Adverse Birth Outcomes in Los Angeles County, California, 1994-1996*, 111 ENVTL. HEALTH PERSP. 207, 210-11 (2003).

- Premature mortality: epidemiological surveyors have discovered high acute and chronic respiratory disease morbidity rates from proximity exposure to diesel exhaust, as well as incidences of acute coronary syndrome (heart attacks) and ischemic effects (strokes).
- Increased incidences of cancer: many emissions released by heavy traffic flow, such as diesel exhaust fumes and particulate matter, have carcinogenic properties. 94

The San Xavier and Chamizal communities breathe dangerous levels of pollution in their daily lives, and the severity of this fact cannot be written off with a brief summation of environmental justice. 95 GSA must acknowledge and evaluate the various incommensurable harms posed by the proximity of these communities to the highways that feed the BOTA, and the immense public benefit of protecting communities from pollution.

GSA must also account for the impacts of air pollution at the BOTA on those crossing the bridge and the Customs and Border Protection ("CBP") officials working on the bridge. CBP officials at the bridge must endure long workdays with constant exposure to the toxic air pollution. Due to an increased volume of traffic and prolonged wait times, individuals and families crossing the BOTA north and south are exposed to dangerously high concentrations of toxic air pollutants for hours on end. Studies have shown that air quality inside vehicles idling at border crossings contains higher concentrations of toxic pollutants, <sup>96</sup> and pedestrians standing in lines at the border face increased exposure to increased levels of air pollution. <sup>97</sup>

GSA must also conduct local air quality monitoring to assess the current impact of vehicular emissions on the BOTA, and the San Xavier and Chamizal neighborhoods. It is critical that GSA examine the air quality data provided by TCEQ monitors and PurpleAir sensors, <sup>98</sup> but also conduct its own air quality monitoring that focuses on impacts in the project area, especially during peak idling hours. Crucially, GSA must analyze air pollution impacts in the context of TXDOT's recent I-10 Connect project, as air monitoring data taken before the historic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> Irina N. Krivoshto et al., *The Toxicity of Diesel Exhaust: Implications for Primary Care*, J. AM. BOARD FAM.MED. 55, 56-59 (2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup> Rachel A. Morello-Frosch, Tracey J. Woodruff, Daniel A. Axelrad, Jane C. Caldwell, *Air Toxics and Health Risks in California: The Public Health Implications of Outdoor Concentrations*, Risk Analysis, 20 (2) RISK ANALYSIS, February 2000 (predicting 8600 excess cancer cases).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> TxDOT has included only a brief discussion of environmental justice, displaying the quintessential "box to be checked" attitude that contravenes NEPA's informed decision-making mandate. *See* Exhibit A, TRLA Title VI Complaint.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>96</sup> Penelope J.E. Quintana, Traffic Pollutants Measured Inside Vehicles Waiting in Line at Major US-Mexico Port of Entry, 622-623 Science of the Total Environment 236 (May 2018), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101775.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> Vanessa Eileen Galaviz et al., Urinary Metabolites of 1-Nitropyrene in US-Mexico Border Residents who Frequently Cross the San Ysidro Port of Entry, 27 Journal of Exposure Science & Environmental Epidemiology 84 (December 16, 2015) https://doi.org/10.1038/jes.2015.78; Vanessa Eileen Galaviz et al., Traffic Pollutant Exposures Experienced by Pedestrians Waiting to Enter the U.S. at a Major U.S.-Mexico Border Crossing 88 Atmospheric Environment 362 (May 2014), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.atmosenv.2013.12.042;

<sup>98</sup> Air monitoring data for PurpleAir sensors is available at

https://map.purpleair.com/1/mAQI/a10/p604800/cC0#11/31.7775/-106.4903. As noted by a 2022 air quality study in El Paso conducted by several prominent air quality researchers: "Highways and roadways, such as I-10 and US-54, are major sources of vehicular traffic air emissions in El Paso resulting in substantial variations in neighborhood air pollutant concentrations, which cannot be captured by [central ambient monitoring] sites." Adan Rangel et al., Assessment of Traffic-Related Air Pollution (TRAP) at Two Near-Road Schools and Residence in El Paso, Texas, USA, 13(2) Atmospheric Pollution Research (February 2022), https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1309104221003664.

congestion of semis resulting from TXDOT's Project may not reflect the most extreme conditions many residents near the BOTA are currently exposed to.

The current air quality monitoring data is alarming and demands further studies to determine precise impacts. Currently, the closest air monitory to the BOTA is the El Paso Chamizal (481410044) air monitor, located within the Chamizal National Memorial. Although the Chamizal Monitor records 24-day average measurements of PM 2.5 only intermittently, between January 2023 and September 2023, it frequently recorded PM 2.5 concentrations well above EPA's NAAQS standard, often reaching levels more than twice the standard. <sup>99</sup> Yet this data only captures a glimpse of the full extent of the dangerous contamination in the Chamizal neighborhood and surround communities. GSA has the ability to fill in these gaps, and it must work closely with community groups to perform local air monitoring and conduct on-site measurements of air quality to ensure that GSA makes an informed decision. <sup>100</sup>

#### 2. GSA Must Conduct a Health Risk Assessment.

One of NEPA's key goals is to "stimulate the health and welfare of man." <sup>101</sup> Under NEPA, an EIS must "disclose the significant health, socioeconomic and cumulative consequences of the environmental impact of a proposed action." <sup>102</sup> If the major federal action bears a "reasonably close causal relationship" to a change in the physical environment, such as deteriorated human health, then it must be fully analyzed in the EIS. <sup>103</sup> Where an agency action can be reasonably anticipated to increase air pollution and impact the health of individuals in surrounding communities, a health risk assessment must be undertaken. <sup>104</sup>

Should GSA choose an alternative that allows for a continuation of heavy-duty commercial traffic, it must conduct a health risk assessment. This assessment would also aid in informing GSA of the environmental justice implications of its project and contribute towards an analysis of the costs of allowing heavy-duty commercial traffic to continue. But should GSA remove heavy-duty trucks through Alternative 4, the threat of increased contamination and dangerous air pollution might be avoided, and the necessity of a health risk assessment may no longer be present.

While we support the selection of Alternative 4 as the only viable alternative that accomplishes GSA's mandates under federal law, we urge GSA to ensure that any conclusion of air quality and public health benefits is supported by adequate studies. As of now, Alternative 4 is missing critical details, and GSA must ensure that it accomplishes the goals of operational efficiency at the BOTA so that toxic emissions from passenger vehicles. Increased development

<sup>99</sup> TCEQ, Clean Air Monitor: El Paso Chamizal, available at

https://www17.tceq.texas.gov/tamis/index.cfm?fuseaction=report.view\_site&siteAQS=481410044.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>100</sup> A 2022 air quality study assessing vehicular air pollution near two schools in El Paso found recommended that air quality studies performed in a high-altitude arid region like El Paso employ on-site measurements for increased accuracy instead of relying solely on central ambient monitoring sites. Adan Rangel et al., *Assessment of Traffic-Related Air Pollution (TRAP) at Two Near-Road Schools and Residence in El Paso, Texas, USA*, 13(2) ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION RESEARCH (February 2022),

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1309104221003664

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>101</sup> 42 U.S.C.A. § 4321.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> 40 CFR §§ 1508.7, 1508.8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>103</sup> Id; Metro. Edison Co. v. People Against Nuclear Energy, 460 U.S. 766, 771-72, 103 S.Ct. 1556, 75 L.Ed.2d 534 (1983).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>104</sup> See Trenton Threatened Skies, Inc v. Fed. Aviation Admin., 90 F.4th 122, 140 (3d Cir. 2024).

and traffic often follow on the heels of developments such as this one, but that need not be the case. If GSA cannot reasonably establish that air pollution will be reduced through the implementation of Alternative 4 and increased operational efficiency, it must conduct a health risk assessment.

#### 3. GHG Emissions and Climate Impacts.

"The impact of [GHG] emissions on climate change is precisely the kind of [] impacts analysis that NEPA requires agencies to conduct." It is particularly poignant that the BOTA project is funded by the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and Inflation Reduction Act, which are aimed at addressing the climate crisis through sustainable and environmentally responsible infrastructure funding. Even more, Executive Order 14,008, issued by President Biden in 2021, instructs agencies to address the "profound climate crisis[:]"

We must listen to science—and act. We must strengthen our clean air and water protections... We must deliver environmental justice in communities all across America. The Federal Government must drive assessment, disclosure, and mitigation of climate pollution and climate-related risks in every sector of our economy, marshaling the creativity, courage, and capital necessary to make our Nation resilient in the face of this threat. Together, we must combat the climate crisis with bold, progressive action that combines the full capacity of the Federal Government with efforts from every corner of our Nation, every level of government, and every sector of our economy. <sup>106</sup>

Yet the way things work now, agency decisions on highway and related infrastructure projects occur in a vacuum. These decisions do not factor in U.S. commitments to reduce greenhouse-gas emissions 50% below 2005 levels by 2030. They do not factor in the immensity of the climate disasters that have and continue to strike communities across the country, especially historically marginalized and vulnerable communities. And most unfortunately, these decisions fail to account for their irretractable role in these impacts and harms. GSA must correct this woeful trend in its EIS for the BOTA Modernization and analyze the qualitative and quantitative impacts of the GHG emissions from its Project.

First, GSA must inform its decision by assessing the extent of climate impacts on its project and nearby communities. GSA has already recognized its responsibility to prepare for the inevitable harm climate change will unleash across its facilities and the communities it serves. GSA has also committed to heed the latest scientific documents on climate change, including the Fourth National Climate Report, <sup>107</sup> and we urge GSA to incorporate the latest National Climate Report <sup>108</sup> into its analysis of the Project's impacts on surrounding communities. We also urge GSA to collaborate with local community groups, and state and federal agencies to address potential climate adaptation strategies at the BOTA.

As a desert community with no reliable water resources, El Paso faces unique risks from climate change. Communities in El Paso are already contending with back-to-back heat

<sup>107</sup> GSA, Environmental Justice Implementation Progress Report: Fiscal Years 2016-2018, https://www.gsa.gov/system/files/signed4302019Environmental\_Justice\_Report.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>105</sup> Ctr. for Biological Diversity v. Nat'l Highway Traffic Safety Admin., 538 F.3d 1172, 1217 (9th Cir. 2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>106</sup> Exec. Order 14,008, 86 Fed. Reg. 7619, 7619, 7,622 (Jan. 27, 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>108</sup> USGCRP, 2023, FIFTH NATIONAL CLIMATE ASSESSMENT, U.S. GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH PROGRAM, WASHINGTON, CD, USA (2023), available at https://nca2023.globalchange.gov/downloads/.

records. <sup>109</sup> The summer of 2023 was the hottest summer on record for El Paso. <sup>110</sup> The season saw sixty days of 100-plus temperatures, including a record-shattering 44 days in a row from mid-June through the end of July. <sup>111</sup> The average temperature in El Paso between June and August surpassed 88 degrees Fahrenheit for the first time in recorded history. <sup>112</sup> And with an already dangerous level of ozone pollution, the more frequent and severe heat waves El Paso will face pose additional unacceptable risks. Hotter temperatures increase ozone pollution, and the impacts are most acutely felt by environmental justice communities near highways. As shown by a recently created map of the heat island effect, the hottest streets in El Paso are along I-10. <sup>113</sup>

Second, GSA must collaborate with local governments to develop strategies to mitigate GHG emissions and adapt to climate impacts. The City of El Paso is currently drafting its Climate Action Plan, and GSA should collaborate with the City to incorporate climate solutions at the BOTA, including energy efficient infrastructure, public transportation, and incentivizing electric vehicles. Given the contribution of cross-border traffic on GHG emissions and the long-term exposure to extreme heat pedestrians, passengers and CBP officials on the BOTA face, GSA should also coordinate with the City of El Paso on climate adaptation efforts. We urge GSA to prepare a robust climate adaptation strategy to protect the thousands of people that cross the BOTA every day, as well as the CBP employees who must endure long workdays in record-breaking heat. This strategy should include robust public transportation, which can help reduce the impacts of GHG emissions from passenger vehicles and reduce the amount of time pedestrians are exposed to extreme heat, as well as green infrastructure solutions and native landscaping to reduce the carbon footprint of the project.

Third, GSA must include a qualitative and quantitative analysis of GHG emissions from the BOTA and its contribution to climate change. In addition to evaluating the impact of climate change on the project and its surrounding area, GSA has a responsibility to contextualize its project's emissions contribution towards climate change. GSA has the information readily available to calculate the approximate amount of GHG emissions generated at the BOTA—as well as its other POEs. With data on the amount of passenger and commercial vehicle crossings, measurements on wait times at its border crossings, and estimations available as to the quantity of emissions vehicles generate when stalled, GSA is reasonably able to calculate GHG emissions. The data from northbound traffic should be readily available and the data from southbound traffic should be gathered by CBP or Mexican authorities. Should GSA forecast future traffic, it must similarly estimate future GHG emissions. This is keeping in line with

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>109</sup> John Nielsen Gammon et al., Assessment of Historic and Future Trends of Extreme Weather in Texas, 1900-2036, TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY, Office of the Texas State Climatologist (2021),

https://climatexas.tamu.edu/files/ClimateReport-1900to2036-2021; Raymond Zhong and Elena Shao, 2024 Begins With More Record Heat Worldwide, NEW YORK TIMES, February 7, 2024,

https://www.nytimes.com/2024/02/07/climate/2024-hottest-january-data.html; National Weather Service, NOAA, El Paso's 100 Degrees Days FAQ, last updated 5/27/2023, available at

https://www.weather.gov/epz/elpaso\_100\_degree\_page; Robert Moore, *El Paso Continues to Shatter Heat Records*, EL PASO MATTERS, November 28, 2023, https://elpasomatters.org/2023/11/28/el-paso-weather-hottest-fall-ever-climate-change/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>110</sup> Robert Moore, *Why El Paso's Summer was so Damn Hot*, EL PASO MATTERS, September 1, 2023, https://elpasomatters.org/2023/09/01/el-paso-record-summer-heat/.

<sup>112</sup> Id

<sup>112</sup> TA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>113</sup> University of Texas at El Paso, *Mapping Urban Heat Islands in El Paso*, *Texas* (2020), available at https://www.utep.edu/liberalarts/sega/environmental-injustice-hurricane-harvey-in-greater-houston12.html.

NEPA's mandate for informed decision making and working towards the goals of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA. There are tools available to translate the social cost of GHG emissions into monetary impacts, and GSA should consider utilizing these tools, including the Social Cost of Carbon. 114

Fourth, GSA must evaluate the direct, indirect and cumulative impacts of GHG emissions on environmental justice communities from each of its Ports of Entry. Should GSA choose an alternative that allows for commercial truck traffic or risks increasing traffic and emissions, it must consider those emissions in evaluating the overall climate impacts of alternatives. <sup>115</sup> A potential risk of increased capacity—without a formidable public transportation component—is increased traffic, increased pollution, and increased demand for services. And while the GHG emissions from one POE alone may not amount to a significant contribution towards climate change, the cumulative impacts of all of GSA's POEs GHG emissions can be significant. GSA must account for these impacts, and consider the foreseeable risks of potentially increased GHG emissions.

Environmental justice communities like San Xavier and Chamizal are disproportionately burdened by environmental pollution and face cumulative air pollution burdens from climate change-driven hazards. <sup>116</sup> These same communities are slated to face worsened air pollution and climate risks in the coming decades. <sup>117</sup> GSA has a clear opportunity to address these historically discriminatory impacts by placing the communities impacted by border crossing emissions first. Should it instead perpetuate these harms, GSA must analyze the full extent of the air and climate risks that are undeniably fueled in part by the BOTA and explain why it would chose a project alternative that imposes additional burdens on surrounding communities.

### G. GSA Must Consider the Cumulative Impacts of the Project.

GSA is required to analyze the cumulative impacts of the BOTA Project in connection with past governmental actions amplifying commercial traffic at the BOTA, TxDOT's past and anticipated I-10 projects, and in connection with any other actions that risk magnifying the BOTA Project's impacts. CEQ regulations define cumulative impacts as:

[E]ffects on the environment that result from the incremental effects of the action when added to the effects of other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable actions regardless of what agency (Federal or non-Federal) or person undertakes such other actions. Cumulative effects can result from individually minor but collectively significant actions taking place over a period of time. 118

In the cumulative impacts analysis, GSA must examine the "ecological [,]... economic, [and] social" impacts of emissions from these projects, including an assessment of their "significance." <sup>119</sup>

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<sup>114</sup> Vecinos para el Bienestar de la Comunidad Costera y, F.E.R.C., 6 F.4th 1321, 1329 (D.C. Cir. 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>115</sup> See, e.g., WildEarth Guardians v. U.S. Bureau of Land Mgmt., 870 F.3d 1222, 1234–37 (10th Cir. 2017).

<sup>116</sup> Fifth National Climate Report: Chapter 14, available at https://nca2023.globalchange.gov/chapter/14/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>118</sup> 40 CFR § 1508.1 (effective 05/20/2022).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>119</sup> 40 C.F.R. §§ 1508.8(b), 1502.16(a)-(b).

GSA must account for how NAFTA has rewired the flow of vehicular traffic across the border and increased cross-border air pollution. When the Bridge of the Americas was first built, GSA could not have foreseen the overwhelming air pollution that would result from unprecedented semi-truck traffic. When the Chamizal Treaty of 1963 led to toll-free crossings at the BOTA, some amount of increased traffic could be expected, but nothing beyond ordinary expectations. But the passage of NAFTA in 1994 heralded an implosion of commercial traffic heading north and south, and as a result, has inflicted one of the most dangerous health hazards on communities around the BOTA.

Now, numerous studies have been conducted as a result of the La Paz Agreement that detail the impact of traffic from highways and the ports of entry on nearby residents' respiratory and cardiovascular health. <sup>120</sup> GSA must not only consider the studies, but acknowledge the role the port of entry plays in allowing for a continuation of the flow of passenger and commercial traffic, and the pollution that inevitably flow from it. As part of its cumulative impacts analysis, GSA must review all information available on the potential for an increase in vehicular traffic at its POEs, and specifically the BOTA that stems from the continuation of NAFTA. Since the passage of NAFTA, commercial crossings at the border have dramatically increased, <sup>121</sup> implicating increased pollution.

GSA must also consider how the current trend of increased trade with Mexico risks increased cumulative impacts of diesel emissions from commercial traffic at the BOTA. Trade between the U.S. and Mexico has been on the rise both north and southbound, and in 2023, Mexico surpassed China to become the biggest exporter of goods to the United States, with continued reliance on Mexican goods anticipated in the near future. <sup>122</sup> GSA must do its due diligence in discussing the foreseeable increase in trade and commercial trucks. GSA should also consider reaching out to American and Mexican authorities to discuss these impacts, and evaluate strategies GSA can take to reduce the adverse impacts of increased commercial traffic.

The air pollution from vehicular crossings at the BOTA is inextricably linked with I-10 in El Paso, and GSA must consider the cumulative impacts of past, present, and future TxDOT plans to expand I-10. In determining "reasonably foreseeable actions" that must be evaluated under the cumulative impacts analysis, agencies are required to look ahead and address actions that are "contemplated" or "potential," and need not be formal NEPA proposals that may never trigger NEPA requirements. <sup>123</sup> Given that TxDOT has completed a Corridor Study for the entire

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>120</sup> The Paso del Norte air basin—which encompasses parts of Dona Ana County in New Mexico, Cd. Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico and El Paso Texos—was detrimentally impacted by the passage of NAFTA, and the Joint Advisory Committee on Air Quality was created as a part of the La Paz Agreement. Millions of dollars continue to fund studies on air quality in the region, with a particular emphasis on vehicle emissions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>121</sup> Barry L. Sullivan, Dennis L. Soden, and Janet S. Conary, *Nafta Transportaiton: The Impacts of Southern Border Trucking on the Texas Highway System*, IPED TECHNICAL REPORTS (2000),

https://scholarworks.utep.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1006&context=iped\_techrep; *See generally*, Office of the United States Trade Representative, Countries & Regions: Western Hemisphere, Mexico, https://ustr.gov/countries-regions/americas/mexico#:~:text=U.S.%20goods%20imports%20from%20Mexico,up%2064%20percent%20from%202012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>122</sup> Maya Averbuch and Leda Alvim, *Mexico's Moment: The Biggest US Trading Partner Is No Longer China*, BLOOMBERG BUSINESS, September 11, 2023, https://www.bloomberg.com/graphics/2023-mexico-china-us-trade-opportunity/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>123</sup> Fritiofson v. Alexander, 772 F.2d 1225, 1243 (5th Cir. 1985), abrogated by Sabine River Auth. v. U.S. Dep't of Interior, 951 F.2d 669 (5th Cir. 1992); accord, Kern v. U.S. Bureau of Land Management, 284 F.3d 1062,

Reimagine I-10 Project and secured most of the funding for the Downtown Segment, TxDOT's Reimagine I-10 Project is reasonably foreseeable. <sup>124</sup> The Reimagine I-10 Project would significantly increase the capacity of I-10, risking additional traffic to and from the BOTA. Highway expansions induce widespread development with serious environmental consequences, including deterioration of air quality. By removing the trucks from the BOTA, GSA can reduce the cumulative impacts of air contamination at and around the BOTA, but it cannot evade its responsibility to account for the impacts that TxDOT's I-10 Connect and Reimagine I-10 Projects have had and will continue to have on communities surrounding the BOTA.

# H. GSA Must Provide Sufficient Information throughout the Public Participation Process.

The San Xavier community has faced a history of environmental racism, including being denied the opportunity to meaningfully participate in projects that impart significant detrimental impacts on the community. Between DATEs, TxDOT held several public meetings for its I-10 Connect Project where it touted significant traffic and pollution benefits, but the reality was far from the image cast. 125 The San Xavier community and public at large were repeatedly misinformed about the full extent of the I-10 Connect Project's impacts, including construction impacts on homes, streets and drainages, increased traffic, and increased noise and air pollution. TxDOT provided the public with numerous grandiose assurances about traffic reductions and public benefits, but never provided critical traffic studies and substantive justification for its conclusions throughout the public participation process. While GSA was not the agency responsible for the I-10 Connect Project, we urge GSA to reflect on the significant departure TxDOT took from NEPA's public participation mandate and avoid inflicting the same harm on a community already burdened by environmental pollution and a lack of transparency from those who impose additional pollution burdens. We urge GSA to readily make the materials it relies upon—including any expert studies, traffic data, and air quality data—readily available to the public both in-person and online.

GSA has recognized the importance of meaningful public participation in the NEPA process, especially for environmental justice communities. On August 4, 2011, the GSA signed the Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") on Environmental Justice and Executive Order 12898 (MOU on Environmental Justice), which affirmed the agency's commitment to pursue environmental justice as an agency objective, and identify and address disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of activities such as the one at hand on minority and low-income populations. <sup>126</sup> The MOU also reaffirmed GSA's responsibilities under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. As part of the MOU, GSA committed itself to "[e]nsure

<sup>1077 (9</sup>th Cir. 2002) ("contemplated" actions); *Blue Mountains Biodiversity Project v. Blackwood*, 161 F.3d 1208, 1214 (9th Cir. 1988) ("potential" actions).

<sup>124</sup> TxDOT, Reimagine I-10: Next Steps, https://www.txdot.gov/reimaginei10/corridor-study/nextsteps. Html; TxDOT, 2024 UTP at 96, available at https://www.txdot.gov/projects/planning/utp.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>125</sup> Exhibit A, TRLA, Complaint under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 on behalf of the San Xavier Community, December 7, 2023 [hereinafter TRLA Title VI Complaint].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>126</sup> GSA, Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on Environmental Justice and Executive Order 12898 (MOU on Environmental Justice, August 4, 2011 (emphasis added), available at https://www.gsa.gov/system/files/MOU\_Environmental\_Justice.pdf.

meaningful opportunities exist for the public to submit comments and recommendations relating to the strategy, implementation, and ongoing efforts associated with environmental justice." <sup>127</sup>

TRLA and its clients appreciate GSA's efforts thus far to ensure public participation opportunities, including the extension of the time granted to submit these commits. We urge GSA to continue to provide periodic opportunities throughout the development of the EIS to ensure that the numerous concerns of the public are addressed throughout the process.

We also urge GSA to take a step further in ensuring that environmental justice communities are provided with the adequate means to access information beyond public meetings. At public meetings, the information provided to the public is often limited, and significant studies, data, expert reports, and draft NEPA documents like the draft EIS are often not provided at public meetings. Often, the draft EIS and other critical information is only available for review at agency offices, which are hard to reach for those communities with limited funds and resources. We respectfully request that GSA take steps to make critical information, including the draft EIS, available at public meetings and online. It should not be left for the public to obtain missing information through an informal request to GSA, or through the formal FOIA process, which can be lengthy and impede the public's ability to meaningfully review the materials the agency relies on in its decisionmaking process.

Finally, we request that GSA clarify the proposed project timeline and funding details. In its December 13, 2023 meeting, GSA noted that it would put forth the final IS in September 2024, and issue "Completion of EIS" in late 2024. These statements leave confusion for the estimated date of the final EIS. We ask that GSA clarify the estimated timeframe for the final EIS, preferably within a month range. Further, while GSA indicated that it received funding from the IRA and plans to utilize low-carbon materials as a result of those funds, it remains unclear how much funding from the IRA will be used at the BOTA.

#### I. GSA Must Include Adequate Mitigation.

GSA must consider possible strategies to mitigate the impact of vehicle emissions on pedestrians at the BOTA. A YEAR study examined the serious environmental justice impacts of cross-border air pollution and noted potential mitigation strategies:

[I]ncreased staffing, improved technology, increased capacity, reductions in emissions per vehicle, anti-idling measures, reductions in personal exposures through such measures as separation of pedestrians from traffic, the sue of vegetation barriers, rerouting traffic away from schools and planning and design to reduce exposure. <sup>128</sup>

We urge GSA to evaluate this and other studies examining air pollution mitigation and exposure mitigation at POEs.

#### 1. GSA Must Include Sustainability Measures.

<sup>127</sup> GSA, Environmental Justic Strategy: Fiscal Years 2016-18 (May 2016),

https://www.gsa.gov/system/files/Final\_Approved\_EJ\_Strategy\_FY16\_-\_FY18%28Final%29.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>128</sup> Penelope J.E. Quintana et al., *Risky Borders: Traffic Pollution and Health Effects at US–Mexican Ports of Entry*, JOURNAL OF BORDERLANDS STUDIES (2015), available at

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/324719712\_Risky\_Borders\_Traffic\_Pollution\_and\_Health\_Effects\_at\_US-Mexican\_Ports\_of\_Entry.

We are pleased to see that GSA plans to utilize low-carbon infrastructure materials, notably LEC materials, to reduce the carbon footprint of the project. GSA should not stop at building materials, and should seriously consider incorporating landscape architecture into the design of the BOTA. Landscape architecture has already been demonstrated to reduce the carbon footprint of government infrastructure, boost the preservation of the surrounding environment, and help alleviate past harms of systemic environmental discrimination. <sup>129</sup>

GSA can also expand on the benefits of landscape architecture through the creation of green spaces for people using the POE and CBP employees. This is not new to GSA, and the agency has already incorporated landscaping at POEs to provide shade and nature for employees in the middle of the desert. Research shows that exposure to green natural environments produces physical and mental health benefits. In a 2022 study, researchers found that green and desert environment simulations promote the stress recovery of cortisol. Even more, native landscaping can be utilized to create barriers between vehicle and passenger traffic, minimizing exposure to the emissions of idling vehicles.

#### 2. GSA Must Incentivize Electric Vehicles.

The Bipartisan Infrastructure Act created the Electric Vehicle Working Group, which includes GSA among its members. <sup>133</sup> The Bipartisan Infrastructure Act states that "[n]ot later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall jointly establish an electric vehicle working group to make recommendations regarding the development, adoption, and integration of light-, medium-, and heavy-duty electric vehicles into the transportation and energy systems of the United States." <sup>134</sup>

As part of the NEPA process, agencies are required to gain input from stakeholders and the public, and to engage other potentially interested agencies. We encourage GSA to consult with the Electric Vehicle Working Group to discuss strategies that can be undertaken at the BOTA and through other anticipated and planned POE modernization projects to incentivize electric vehicles.

# 3. GSA Must Include Mandatory Measures to Ensure Best Practices and Minimal Disruption during Construction.

San Xavier residents are still dealing with the damage caused by TXDOT's construction of I-10 Connect, and GSA must ensure that BOTA does not follow the same route of preventable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>129</sup> See Richard Schiffman, Ecosystems as Infrastructure: A New Way of Looking at Climate Resilience, Yale Environment 360 (November 7, 2023), https://e360.yale.edu/features/kate-orff-interview.

Reed Karaim, Mariposa Land Port of Entry, Designed by Jones Studio, Architect (October 27, 2014),
 https://www.architectmagazine.com/design/buildings/mariposa-land-port-of-entry-designed-by-jones-studio\_o.
 Gregory N. Bratman, Nature and Mental Health: An Ecosystem Service Perspective, 5(7) Science Advances
 July 24, 2019); Mathew P. White et al., Associations Between Green/Blue Spaces and Mental Health
 Across 18 Countries, 11 (8903) Scientific Reports (April 26, 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>132</sup> Jie Yin et al., Stress Recovery from Virtual Exposure to a Brown (Desert) Environment Versus a Green Environment, 81 Journal of Environmental Psychology 101775 (February 22, 2022), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101775.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>133</sup> 23 USCA § 151, SEC. 25006. ELECTRIC VEHICLE WORKING GROUP. The federal stakeholders of the group are the Department of Energy, the EPA, CEQ, and GSA, and membership may be extended to a representative of any other Federal agency that the Secretaries of the membership agencies consider appropriate.

<sup>134</sup> Id.

construction damage. GSA must ensure that none of its construction negatively impacts the surrounding homes, buildings, and infrastructure; GSA must conduct proper soil tests and take photographs of surrounding homes and buildings and infrastructure prior to construction. GSA must also have clear direction and supervision of the contractors that prohibits the use of heavy machinery that is known in the industry to harm homes and buildings, particularly those homes and buildings in older neighborhoods. GSA must also ensure that construction is only done during limited—and reasonable—hours of the day so that the adverse effects of noise and additional air pollution are minimized. Residents should not bear the burden of construction activities 24 hours a day, 7 days a week as they did with the I-10 Connect Project. We further urge GSA to take all available measure to prevent damage to nearby infrastructure, drainage, and wildlife at the Chamizal, and to avoid creating traffic hazards (e.g. removing lighting).

#### V. Conclusion

GSA's BOTA Modernization Project risks imposing significant environmental and economic harm, which must be disclosed as part of its EIS. Moving forward, GSA should select Alternative 4 and remove north- and southbound heavy-duty commercial traffic from the BOTA, improve public transportation, adequately analyze environmental justice impacts, conduct local air quality monitoring and a health assessment, reduce its contribution towards climate change, and take all practicable measures to mitigate the impacts of the BOTA.

#### Sincerely,

/s/ Paola Camacho Paola Camacho Attorney at Law Texas RioGrande Legal Aid State Bar No. SC105267 Tel: (915) 585-5118 Fax: (915) 544-3789

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# **EXHIBIT A**



1331 Texas Ave. El Paso, TX 79901 Phone: 915-585-5100 Toll Free: 888-988-9996

Fax: 915-544-3789 www.trla.org

December 7, 2023

Federal Highway Administration
Office of Civil Rights
Attention: Title VI Program Coordinator
1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE
8<sup>th</sup> Floor E81-314
Washington, DC 20590
CivilRights.FHWA@dot.gov

Re: Complaint under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

To the FHWA Title VI Program Coordinator:

On behalf of residents of the San Xavier neighborhood, in El Paso, Texas, we file this complaint under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 49 C.F.R. § 21.5, and the United States Department of Transportation ("USDOT") and Federal Highway Administration ("FHWA") Title VI Handbook (collectively "Title VI").

For the reasons stated below, we request that FHWA undertake a Title VI compliance investigation into the Texas Department of Transportation's ("TxDOT") compliance with its obligations pursuant to Title VI of the Civil Rights Act in regard to its I-10 Connect Project<sup>1</sup> ("I-10 Connect" or "the Project")<sup>2</sup> and its impact on the surrounding residential neighborhoods.

TxDOT falsely claimed its \$156-million I-10 Connect Project would alleviate traffic heading into the Bridge of the Americas Port of Entry ("BOTA" or "POE"). As every El Pasoan now knows, TxDOT failed to deliver on its promise. Instead, TxDOT has perpetuated the discriminatory policies that have impacted Mexican-American communities since the days of Jim Crow America, under which white supremacist ideology was applied to decide which communities to invest in and which communities would bear the burden of transportation projects. The San Xavier neighborhood continues to suffer from this racist legacy and its most recent continuance through the failed I-10

<sup>1</sup> For a general description of the project and information about the environmental review process, see TxDOT's I-10 Connect Project website, https://www.txdot.gov/projects/projects-studies/el-paso/i10-connect.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> I-10 Connect is also referred to as I-110.

Connect Project, with air pollution, traffic, health impacts, the heat island effect, noise pollution and damage from the construction of the project itself.

TxDOT violated Title VI's prohibition on discrimination due to its repeated failures under NEPA to fully inform the community and evaluate all impacts from the project, its failure to anticipate that the Project could not alleviate traffic heading south, and its failure to make any effort to mitigate the harm inflicted on homes and the San Xavier neighborhood by the construction of the Project itself. Specifically, we ask that you review TxDOT's:

- 1. Failure to fully consider the environmental justice impacts of the Project in the context of historical environmental discrimination of Southside communities in El Paso;
- 2. Failure to analyze its inability to control or predict the impact of U.S. and Mexican Customs on traffic, indicating that TxDOT knew the Project would aggravate traffic by relocating semi-trucks from Paisano Drive to I-10 Connect;
- 3. Failure to provide the Complainants and the public with any expert reports, traffic studies, or underlying data supporting its conclusions that the Project would reduce traffic and congestion;
- 4. Failure to inform the Complainants of construction impacts, including damage to homes and the 24/7 nature of construction activities that went on for weeks, and traffic impacts, including the potential for increased pollution and noise from increased traffic, particularly from 18-wheelers (referred to here as "heavy-duty traffic" or "semi-trucks") that were being relocated from Paisano Drive to Complainants' neighborhood;
- 5. Failure to prevent and respond to dangerous and harmful conditions posed by negligent construction practices used for I-10 Connect, which led to the damage of homes and neighborhood infrastructure, including drainage issues, traffic hazards, and lack of proper lighting; and
- 6. Failure to consider and analyze how to reduce the volume of traffic on the BOTA and I-10 Connect, namely, by implementing public transportation programs and prohibiting 18-wheelers from using I-10 Connect.

TxDOT's decisions and procedures violate its duty to administer all programs and activities in a nondiscriminatory manner. These violations include both actions that have caused and will cause significant adverse and disparate impact on the basis of race, color, and ethnicity, as well as acts that constitute intentional discrimination based on these protected characteristics and are prohibited by Title VI.

We respectfully request that USDOT take all appropriate actions to ensure TxDOT's compliance with Title VI, including full and fair compensation to the Complainants for the damage to their homes; repairing the neighborhood's infrastructure (flooding, car accident hot spots, debris, noise); prohibiting semi-trucks from using I-10 Connect; adopting and enforcing requirements to ensure responsible construction practices, including pre-assessment of homes and soil composition, and the prohibition of

certain construction equipment; adopting and enforcing requirements to ensure the full dissemination of information to communities during and after the public participation process, and a comprehensive health study and monitoring of impacted residents. We also request that USDOT support the Complainant's requests as part of the GSA's upcoming BOTA Modernization<sup>3</sup> ("BOTA Modernization") Project's NEPA process, namely, to remove 18-wheelers from BOTA heading both north and south, and to incorporate robust public transportation as part of the BOTA Modernization and nearby areas.

This complaint is vitally important because of the Project's ongoing impact on the Complainants and because the upcoming \$700 Million BOTA Modernization provides an opportunity to remedy some of TxDOT's failures. The General Services Administration ("GSA") will hold the first public scoping meeting for its Bridge of the Americas Modernization Project on December 13, 2023.<sup>4</sup>

#### I. Complainants.

The area impacted by I-10 Connect is north of Paisano Dr., east of N. Copia St., south of I-10, west of Texas 375 Loop and US 54, and the residential streets surrounding Zavala Elementary, including those on N. Copia St., Rivera Ave., and N. Hammett St., and south of Alameda Ave. Complainants have taken on the name of the San Xavier neighborhood after the St. Francis Xavier Catholic Church and Parish located at 519 S. Latta St. A pattern of governmental decisions has placed Southside communities like San Xavier at the forefront of environmental contamination. In recognition of this, the Chamizal community—west of San Xavier—has advocated for clean air since the passage of the North American Free Trade Agreement ("NAFTA") in 1994. The Chamizal community has voiced concerns to TxDOT and local government authorities to take meaningful action to ameliorate air pollution, including by advocating for the removal of semi-trucks from Paisano Drive and the BOTA. In furtherance of this goal, residents of the Chamizal and San Xavier neighborhoods engaged in public participation throughout the I-10 Connect Project.

#### II. Jurisdiction.

Title VI's prohibition on discrimination applies to all recipients of federal funds. "No person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." 42 U.S.C. § 2000d. Accepting federal funds from USDOT creates an obligation for the

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<sup>4</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> U.S. General Services Administration, Region 7: Greater Southwest, *Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry*, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/gsa-regions/region-7-greater-southwest/buildings-and-facilities/texas/bridge-of-the-americas-land-port-of-entry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> TxDOT, Final Environmental Assessment, I-10 Connect From Yandell Drive to Loop 375 (Cesar Chavez Border Highway) El Paso County, Texas (August 2018), available at https://www.txdot.gov/projects/projects-studies/el-paso/i10-connect.html (hereinafter TxDOT EA).

recipient to comply with Title VI and USDOT's implementing regulations. As explained below, TXDOT is a "program" receiving federal financial assistance and is therefore subject to Title VI and USDOT's implementing regulations. This Complaint satisfies all jurisdictional and prudential considerations established by Title VI, USDOT's implementing regulations, and other agency guidance.

#### A. TxDOT is a "Program" as Defined by Title VI.

Title VI defines a program or activity as "all of the operations of . . . a department, agency . . . or other instrumentality of a State or of a local government . . . any part of which is extended Federal financial assistance." 42 U.S.C. § 2000d-4a. Accordingly, if any part of a state agency receives federal funds, the entire agency is covered by Title VI. *See Ass'n of Mexican-Am. Educators v. California*, 195 F.3d 465, 474–75 (9th Cir. 1999), *rev'd in part on other grounds*, 231 F.3d 572 (9th Cir. 2000) (en banc); *see also* U.S. Dep't of Justice, *Title VI Legal Manual* § V(C) (Sep. 27, 2016), https://www.justice.gov/crt/fcs/T6manual ("DOJ Title VI Manual").

TxDOT is a "program or activity" that is subject to the requirements of Title VI. See 42 U.S.C. § 2000d-4a(1)(A)-(B); 49 C.F.R. § 21.23(e)(1). As the agency responsible for transportation solutions within the state, TxDOT plays a direct role in highway planning and construction.

#### B. TxDOT Receives Federal Financial Assistance.

TxDOT is a past and current recipient of federal funding, including grants coming directly from the U.S. Department of Transportation's Federal Highway Administration and Federal Transit Administration ("FTA"). TxDOT is a primary recipient of federal funds. *See* 49 C.F.R. § 21.23(d), (f); 28 C.F.R. § 42.102(f)-(g). TxDOT's I-10 Connect Project, a metro and urban area corridor, was funded by both the federal and state government.<sup>7</sup>

As a recipient of federal funding, TxDOT is required to provide assurances that it is in compliance with Title VI on each of its applications for federal funding. 49 C.F.R. § 21.7. TxDOT is further required to ensure that the City of El Paso's transportation planning process complies with Title VI. 23 C.F.R. § 450.218; 23 C.F.R. § 450.334. Conversely, TxDOT is also required to abide by the requirements of the City of El Paso's Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization ("MPO") Plan, which reiterates the responsibilities of government actors under Title VI.<sup>8</sup> TxDOT claims that the I-10 Connect Project complies with the City's MPO Plan. 9

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> USDOT regulations require applicants for agency funds to give "assurance" that they will comply with the agency's Title VI implementing regulations. 49 C.F.R. § 21.7a(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See TxDOT EA at 4 ("The proposed project would be funded with state and federal funds for a total projected cost of \$108,263,792.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> City of El Paso Metropolitan Transportation Organization, Horizon 2040: Metropolitan Transportation Plan at 17 (hereinafter El Paso MPO Plan).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> TxDOT EA at 4.

Accordingly, TxDOT's environmental assessment analysis, siting decision, public participation process, and mitigation for the I-10 Connect Project are all subject to the requirements of Title VI.

#### C. Timeliness.

This complaint alleges that TxDOT is in continuing violation of Title VI. At present, and as more fully discussed below, TxDOT discriminates against Mexican and Mexican-American persons in the San Xavier neighborhood by continuing to ignore the ongoing harms stemming from its I-10 Connect Project. In addition, TxDOT repeatedly violated Title VI throughout the NEPA process, as it failed to provide crucial traffic studies and other supporting evidence to the public, failed to fully consider the environmental justice impacts of increased traffic, noise and air pollution from the project, failed to inform the public of potential construction impacts, and failed to implement any mitigation measures for those impacts.

The Office of Civil Rights ("OCR") has ongoing authority to periodically review recipients' programs and activities to ensure Title VI compliance. 40 C.F.R. § 7.115. This complaint is timely because TxDOT continues to ignore the ongoing harms faced by San Xavier residents from I-10 Connect, and thus, its discriminatory acts remain ongoing. Should any of TxDOT's individual actions throughout the proposal and implementation of I-10 Connect no longer fall within the 180 calendar days of an alleged discriminatory act, we request that OCR waive these time limits in the interest of justice. 40 C.F.R. § 7.120(b)(2).

### III. TxDOT Violated Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

Title VI and USDOT's implementing regulations prohibit recipients of federal funding from excluding persons from participation in programs or denying persons the benefit of programs on the basis of race. See 42 U.S.C. § 2000d; 49 C.F.R. § 21.5(a); 28 C.F.R. § 42.104(a). Recipients of federal transportation funding are prohibited from making project site selections that discriminate on the basis of race, 49 C.F.R. § 21.5(b)(3).

Complainants can establish a Title VI violation in two ways: by establishing that the government has intentionally discriminated against a protected class, or by showing that the challenged decision has disparately impacted a protected class. <sup>10</sup> As explained in detail below, TxDOT has violated Title VI on both grounds.

#### A. San Xavier is an Environmental Justice Community.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Alexander v. Choate, 469 U.S. 287, 293 (1985) (discussing Guardians Ass'n v. Civil Serv. Comm'n of N.Y. City, 463 U.S. 582 (1983)).

I-10 Connect is located in south-central El Paso and leads to the international border with Mexico. TxDOT described San Xavier and surrounding neighborhoods as:

[U]rban and includes residential, commercial, light industrial, and recreational properties. Lincoln Park, Chamizal National Memorial Park, Concordia Cemetery, Temple Mt. Sinai Cemetery, B'nai Zion Cemetery, Evergreen Cemetery, St. Francis Xavier Church, Zavala Elementary, the El Paso Zoo, and the Bridge of the Americas Port of Entry are located within or near the project area. 11

TxDOT identified the POE as "a major defining feature of the area." In fact, I-10 Connect is connected to the POE.

Table 1. Demographics of Census Tracts Immediately Adjacent to I-10 Connect. 13

Location	%	%	Per	%	%	%
	People of Color	Low- Income	Capita Income	LEP	Less than High School Education	People with Disabilities
Tract 48141002900 (San Xavier)	97	76	\$13,126	44	47	22
Tract 4814100280 (West of San Xavier)	99	89	\$10,164	51	57	18
Tract 4814100300 (East of San Xavier)	98	75	\$8,533	44	49	28

The widening of the highway as part of I-10 Connect brought the highway even closer to Zavala Elementary, which was built in 1925. <sup>14</sup> For the 2021-2022 school year, Zavala had a student population of 306 students. Of these, 94.4% were Hispanic and 1% were Native American. 78.1% of students were English Language Learners, compared to El Paso ISD at 40.8%; and Texas at 21.9%. 13.4% of the students were enrolled in Special Education, compared to 11.3% at EPISD, and 11.6% statewide. Even more, 92.2% of the students were "at risk" at Zavala, compared to 63.8% at EPISD, and

<sup>12</sup> TxDOT EA at 86.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> TxDOT EA at 9-10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Data generated by EPA, EJScreen Tool. Available at https://ejscreen.epa.gov/mapper/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> EPISD, Zavala Elementary School, https://www.episd.org/Page/2892.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> A student is identified as being at risk of dropping out of school based on state-defined criteria.

53.5% statewide. At Zavala, 94.8% of students were economically disadvantaged, 16 compared to 73.5% at EPISD and 60.7% statewide. 17

### B. TxDOT Intentionally Discriminated against San Xavier Residents.

Intentional discrimination "need not be proved by direct evidence." *Rogers v. Lodge*, 458 U.S. 613, 618 (1982); *see also Veasey v. Perry*, 830 F.3d 216, 235-36 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2016) (officials rarely "announc[e] an intent to discriminate based upon race, whether in public speeches or in private correspondence."). Instead, courts make "a sensitive inquiry into such circumstantial and direct evidence of intent as may be available." *Vill. Of Arlington Heights v. Metro. Hous. Dev. Corp.*, 429 U.S. 252, 266 (1977). The non-exhaustive factors in this inquiry are: (1) the discriminatory effect of the official action; (2) the historical background of the decision; (3) the specific sequence of events leading up to the decision; (4) departures from the normal procedural sequence; (5) departures from the normal substantive factors, and; (6) the legislative or administrative history of the decision. *See Arlington Heights*, 429 U.S. at 266–68; *Veasey*, 830 F.3d at 231.

Moreover, where prior discriminatory practice or usage has tended to subject individuals to discrimination under any program or activity to which Title VI applies, the applicant or recipient "must take affirmative action to remove or overcome the effects of the prior discriminatory practice or usage." 49 C.F.R. § 21.5(b)(7). Thus, because of the legacy of discriminatory practices impacting San Xavier residents, TxDOT has an affirmative responsibility to not only avoid discriminating against its residents today, but also to overcome the legacy of its past discrimination.

An investigation into TxDOT's actions in furtherance of the I-10 Connect project will demonstrate that TxDOT intentionally discriminated against the San Xavier residents and completely disregarded any measures to "remove or overcome the effects of the prior discriminatory practice or usage," for several reasons.

# C. The I-10 Connect Project has Disproportionately Impacted the San Xavier Community, Feeding into an Invidious History of Racial Discrimination.

The inquiry into whether an agency decision was fueled by racial animus starts with examining whether there has been a disproportionate impact on a protected class. The Supreme Court has recognized that disproportionate impact, on its own, "can satisfy the intent requirement where it tends to show that some invidious or discriminatory purpose underlies the policy." If the challenged decision "manifest[s] a consistent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> A student is defined as "economically disadvantaged" if he or she is eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or other public assistance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Texas Tribune, Public Schools Explorer, Zavala Elementary School, https://schools.texastribune.org/districts/el-paso-isd/zavala-elementary-school/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Arlington Heights, 429 U.S. at 264-66; *Hazelwood Sch. Dist. v. United States*, 433 U.S. 299, 307-08 (1977).

pattern of actions" that disparately impacts a protected class, then the disparate impact is probative of discriminatory intent. 19

Additionally, TxDOT's mandate to take "affirmative action to remove or overcome the effects of the prior discriminatory practice or usage" dovetails with the second factor to consider in the intentional discrimination inquiry: the historical background of the decision. As described below, the San Xavier residents and other Southside communities have borne the brunt of environmental impacts for the past few decades through a history of discrimination that TxDOT has both ignored and exacerbated with its failed I-10 Connect Project.

When agencies seek to enlarge or extend highways, they must grapple with the context: infrastructure is where it is often for discriminatory reasons; expanding these systems may disparately burden the same communities, who continue to live along the same thoroughfares. While El Paso is a majority-minority city, communities like the San Xavier neighborhood—which are nearly 100% People of Color and have higher concentrations of foreign-born residents—are disproportionately burdened by air pollution stemming from the discriminatory siting of railroads, highways, industries, international ports of entry, and cross-border air pollution centuries in the making. The San Xavier neighborhood—one of several environmental justice neighborhoods in southside El Paso—bears the legacy of hundreds of years of racism, including zoning that allowed homes, residents, schools and public spaces to co-exist immediately next to commercial and light industrial facilities, such as sewage treatment plants and warehouses, large transportation projects, the railroad, and international ports of entry.

El Paso – despite being a majority-minority community – was not exempt from Jim Crowe discrimination. Here as across the country, highways were constructed around and through Black and Hispanic communities to cement segregation. The discriminatory practices of redlining laid the groundwork for future highway sitings. Before I-10 was built, the railroad segregated low-income communities of color, primarily Mexican-American and Black, from their whiter counterparts north of the railroad. The map attached as **Exhibit A** demonstrates that the San Xavier and Chamizal neighborhoods—found within the sections labeled as C and D—were described as being occupied by "Mexicans", "negroes", "foreigners," and "laborers"; containing substandard housing;

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> *Sylvia Dev. Corp. v. Calvert Cnty., Md.*, 48 F.3d 810, 819, 823 (4th Cir. 1995) (internal quotations omitted).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> 49 C.F.R. § 21.5(7).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> The Fifth Circuit has recognized that discrimination can have enduring effects, and the "contemporary" nature of the more recent highway construction projects around the San Xavier neighborhood allocates significant probative value when analyzing TxDOT's underlying intentions in the I-10 Connect project. *See Veasey*, 830 F.3d at 232, 239.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> See infra section III.E.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> See Isa Gutierrez et al., 'Like a Dumping Ground': Latina moms in Texas border city are fighting air pollution, NBC NEWS (Feb. 22, 2022), available at https://www.nbcnews.com/news/latino/-dumping-ground-latina-moms-texas-border-city-are-fighting-air-polluti-rcna16789.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Redlining maps from the mid-1930s and 40s were created by the Home Owners' Loan Corporation and its parent bureau, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

and as being avoided by mortgage lenders. Disinvestment in these communities further perpetuated their deterioration, and TxDOT's actions to this day have allowed this deterioration to continue.

The pattern of government-sponsored discrimination based on national origin—specifically targeting Mexican-Americans—continued as San Xavier was enveloped by new highways. In 1957, TxDOT constructed Interstate-10 (east and west), which abuts the northern portion of the San Xavier neighborhood. The construction of I-10 significantly restricted travel between the now-divided portions of the neighborhood. US-54 (north and south)—built in 1926 and modified in 1970—sets the eastern boundary of the neighborhood. In the 1960s, construction began on Texas Loop 375, and the portion known as the Cesar Chavez Border Highway was placed immediately east of the neighborhood. The construction of I-110 in 1967 further divided the neighborhood and resulted in a community surrounded by highways at every corner. Today, the legacy of the discriminatory siting of these highways continues to disparately impact the health and well-being of the neighborhood. The google map attached as **Exhibit B** shows the proximity of roads to San Xavier.

These transportation projects cemented racial inequities while creating new ones by cutting off neighborhoods and concentrating traffic and the noise and air pollution it brings, along with a negative impact on property values. I-10 Connect is more of the same. Table 1 demonstrates that the populations residing in the census tracks immediately adjacent to I-10 Connect are environmental justice communities facing above average levels of poverty, limited English language proficiency, limited access to education, immigrants, and people with disabilities. Thus, TxDOT's actions have disparately impacted a protected class.

The San Xavier neighborhood is not just surrounded by local and state roads and highways, but is also directly across from one of the largest Ports of Entry in the United States, known as the Bridge of the Americas, the Cordova Bridge, and the "Free Bridge" or "Puente Libre." In 1963, the United States and Mexico entered into the Chamizal Convention ("Chamizal Treaty" or the "Treaty"), to address a long-standing boundary dispute. The treaty resulted in the Rio Grande being relocated into a new channel and the United States' transfer of over 823-acres of land to Mexico, which included land referred to as the Chamizal tract and Cordova Island. Families that had lived on the land transferred to Mexico were relocated, and the San Xavier neighborhood was now even closer to the BOTA.

In addition to displacement, the Chamizal Treaty also gave rise to incessant pollution from heavy truck traffic. By removing the tolls from the BOTA and moving the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> See supra n. 21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> NPS, Convention Between The United States Of America And The United Mexican States For The Solution Of The Problem Of The Chamizal, August 29, 1963, available at https://www.nps.gov/cham/learn/historyculture/chamizalconvention.htm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> *Id.* at Art. 1, 2. The Cordova bridges had allowed commercial vehicles previously. *Id.* at Art. 10.

BOTA closer to Paisano Drive, the Treaty inevitably attracted commercial truck traffic. Commercial trucks were allowed to use the BOTA because the Treaty states "[t]he agreements now in force which relate to the [Cordova Bridges] shall apply to the new international bridges which replace them." Complainants argue that this interpretation is no longer relevant due to the dramatic difference in the volume and characteristics of commercial traffic since the passage of the Treaty.

When the Chamizal Treaty was signed in 1963, no one anticipated the exponential growth of commercial and passenger traffic that would follow with the passage of NAFTA in 1994. Nor did anyone anticipate that most of the commercial trucks would be 18-wheelers, bringing in unprecedented deterioration of the air quality and health of communities in the Paso del Norte air basin, including the San Xavier neighborhood.

The Chamizal Treaty's interpretation allowing semi-trucks on the BOTA and NAFTA created perfect conditions for unprecedented traffic and air pollution, which TxDOT enabled through its siting of highways. Semi-trucks *heading north* idled while they waited to be inspected by U.S. Customs, and when the semis *headed south* to be inspected by both U.S. and Mexican Customs, they idled in front of Bowie High School, the Salazar public housing apartments, the Chamizal Park, and in close proximity to Douglass Elementary and residences.

When TxDOT began designing I-10 Connect, it knew semi-truck traffic was a problem that imposed environmental costs on Southside neighborhoods. TxDOT *could have* advocated for the removal of 18-wheelers from the BOTA to prevent them from idling on their way *north and south*. TXDOT *could have prohibited* 18-wheelers from using I-10 Connect, thereby impeding their entry into the BOTA heading *south*. Instead, TxDOT removed the trucks from Paisano Drive and simply redirected them to I-10 Connect and next to homes, subsidized housing, Zavala Elementary and the El Paso Zoo. This relocation of the 18-wheelers is even more problematic for two reasons: (1) 18-wheelers now merge with passenger vehicles, causing safety hazards and increased bottlenecking, and (2) U.S. and Mexican Customs do not appear to be doing anything to accelerate inspections of 18-wheelers heading south.

TxDOT paid no heed to the risk of repeating history. Instead of attempting to mitigate the air pollution in southside neighborhoods like San Xavier through equitable transportation strategies, TxDOT only exacerbated the problem by repeatedly placing—and expanding—highways in historically neglected communities, and directing semi-truck traffic close to these communities, all while knowing it lacked the ability to speed up the commercial traffic heading south.

## D. TxDOT's Repeated Failures under NEPA to Provide the Community with Critical Information is Probative of Intentional Discrimination.

TxDOT repeatedly ignored NEPA's procedural requirement to meaningfully inform the public throughout its project planning process. In other words, the

"extraordinary degree of [TxDOT's] procedural irregularities" strongly indicates discriminatory intent<sup>28</sup> and cannot be attributed to mere negligence.

#### USDOT defines "discrimination" as:

[A]ny action or inaction, whether intentional or unintentional, in any program of a recipient of Federal financial assistance that results in disparate treatment (including retaliation under 49 C.F.R. §21.11(e)), disparate impact, or perpetuating the effects of prior discrimination based on race, color, or national origin (including limited English proficiency).<sup>29</sup>

By repeatedly failing to divulge mandatory information to a protected class—one that has been subjected to discrimination and exclusion from major governmental decisions—TxDOT has caused a disparate impact and has "perpetuat[ed] the effects of prior discrimination." Even more, TxDOT has violated Title VI requirements under the applicable El Paso MTP, which requires "full and fair participation by all potentially affected communities in the transportation decision-making process." 30

Pursuant to NEPA, TxDOT led the environmental assessment analysis and planning process for I-10 Connect. TxDOT went through a scoping process and released a Draft Environmental Assessment ("EA") that was only accessible in-person at TxDOT's El Paso office. TxDOT released its Final EA for the I-10 Connect Project in August 2018. TxDOT concluded that the project would not result in any significant adverse impacts, and thus, did not warrant an Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS"). But this finding was made without the requisite community input, as it was made after keeping San Xavier residents in the dark about the full extent of the impacts to the neighborhood in three key ways.

First, TxDOT failed to inform residents of the likelihood and impacts of increased air and noise pollution from increased vehicular traffic. NEPA requires government agencies to "consider every significant aspect of the environmental impact of a proposed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> See Veasey, 830 F.3d at 237–38, 238-241 (finding discriminatory intent where the Texas legislature engaged in "numerous and radical procedural departures[.]").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> USDOT, Order 1000.12C, The U.S. Department of Transportation Title VI Program at 4 (June 11, 2021), available at https://www.transportation.gov/mission/us-department-transportation-title-vi-program.

<sup>30</sup> El Paso MPO Plan at 17.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> TxDOT, July 30, 208 Public Hearing Summary, at 10, *NOTICE: Draft Environmental Assessment Available for Public Review and Public Hearing I-10 Connect.* TxDOT's El Paso Office is located approximately 13 miles away from the I-10 Connect project area and has regular hours of 8am-5pm on Monday through Friday. The impacted communities are low-income and working class, and thus may not have viable transportation options or the flexibility to go to TxDOT's office during regular weekday hours. Historically, TxDOT has not made significant investments in public transportation projects that could help low-income communities like those around the I-10 Connect Project area access in-person resources such as TxDOT's regional offices.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> TxDOT EA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> *Id.* at 33.

action"<sup>34</sup> and to "inform the public of the potential environmental impacts of proposed actions and explain how their decisions address those impacts."<sup>35</sup> TxDOT failed on both counts.

TxDOT repeatedly told the public that the project would alleviate traffic congestion issues and address the public's concerns with POE commercial semi-truck and passenger vehicle ("POV") traffic.<sup>36</sup> While TxDOT did inform the public of altered access and travel patterns for the impacted community, it did not inform the public of any potential risk for increased traffic, which would make altered access even more burdensome and increase air pollution.<sup>37</sup> Without any supporting evidence provided, TxDOT falsely assured the public that the project would reduce traffic and even reduce air pollution. This also indicates that TxDOT did not make an informed decision in withholding further analysis on air quality impacts. For example, TxDOT decided that no further air quality impact analysis was necessary since the project was expected to reduce emissions.<sup>38</sup>

### TxDOT told the public:

[I-10 Connect] expands US 54, I-10, I-110, and US 62 (Paisano), and includes eight bridge replacements, one railroad overpass, five bridge widenings, and two new direct connectors. The project widens I-110, provides separate truck lanes for Southbound traffic going to Mexico, and provides multi-modal improvements along US 62 which experiences more than 1 million pedestrian crossings per year. Once complete, the project will provide **unprecedented connection** to multiple high-volume arteries and alternate routes. <sup>39</sup>

Rather than provide "unprecedented connection," I-10 Connect has provided **unprecedented congestion** into Mexico through I-10 East, I-10 West and US-54. Since its completion in December 2021, I-10 Connect has resulted in increased congestion from traffic heading south into Mexico from both passenger vehicles and semi-truck traffic. Significant congestion and idling now occurs on I-10 West from the Paisano exit (Exit 22B), I-10 East from the Piedras exit, and US-54 South. The traffic idles for hours next to

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> For a discussion on TxDOT's failure to consider every significant impact under NEPA, i.e. its substantive departures from normal procedures, *see infra* Section III.E.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Baltimore Gas & Elec. Co. v. Natural Resources Defense Council, 462 U.S. 87, 97, 103 S.Ct. 2246, 76 L.Ed.2d 437 (1983).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> See infra at n. 52. This was particularly important since I-10 Connect was removing trucks from Paisano (east, heading into the POE) and redirecting them to I-10 Connect.

<sup>37</sup> TxDOT EA at 12, 13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> *Id.* at 22 (TxDOT claimed that the "project [would] not result in changes in traffic volumes, vehicle mix, basic project location, or any other factor that would cause a meaningful increase in MSAT impacts of the project from that of the No-Build Alternative.").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Antonio Santana PE *Transportation Engineering Supervisor, TXDOT - El Paso District,* https://www.texasce.org/tce-news/i-10-connect-project-texas-department-of-transportation-el-paso-district/ (emphasis added).

residential neighborhoods and immediately next to Zavala Elementary, 40 and has resulted in an increase in air pollution, noise pollution, and a decrease in quality of life. San Xavier residents report truck drivers honking into late hours and using their community to urinate. To add insult to injury, residents of San Xavier who travel to Mexico must now go around their neighborhood and join the traffic idling on the way south. The traffic has also resulted in car accidents between passenger vehicles and 18-wheelers. **Exhibit C** shows photographs of the idling traffic and a recent accident involving an 18-wheeler.

Second, TxDOT repeatedly withheld the information necessary for the public to meaningfully evaluate TxDOT's bold traffic reduction claims. To satisfy public participation requirements under NEPA, TxDOT must provide the information necessary for the public to "check" TxDOT's work and submit informed comments. Specifically, TxDOT must provide the public with any "underlying environmental data" used to support expert opinions over a proposed project. NEPA's regulations require both EAs and EISs to "identify any methodologies used and [] make explicit reference to the scientific and other sources" relied upon for conclusions in the assessment. Otherwise, "allowing [an agency] to rely on expert opinion without hard data either vitiates a plaintiff's ability to challenge an agency action or results in the courts second guessing an agency's scientific conclusions."

Throughout TxDOT's public meetings, voluminous claims were made about the Project's anticipated traffic benefits, but the studies and data to back these claims were never provided. For example, TxDOT provided the public with a summary of its Alternatives Analysis, but never provided any of the underlying studies or data. TxDOT explained that it started with evaluating 11 conceptual alternatives based on traffic mobility, engineering, and potential environmental impacts. Four of these alternatives were then evaluated under an alternatives evaluation matrix that was available for public

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> The traffic is the most severe during the morning hours and again after around 2pm through 10pm, but at times, well after midnight.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Coal. for Healthy Ports v. United States Coast Guard, No. 13-CV-5347 (RA), 2015 WL 7460018, at \*16 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 24, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Idaho Sporting Cong. v. Thomas, 137 F.3d 1146, 1150 (9th Cir. 1998), as amended on denial of reh'g (May 13, 1998), and overruled on other grounds by The Lands Council v. McNair, 537 F.3d 981 (9th Cir. 2008) (finding that Forest Service violated NEPA where it provided public with an expert report, but not the underlying data behind that report); Klamath–Siskiyou Wildlands v. BLM, 387 F.3d 989, 996 (9th Cir. 2004) ("NEPA documents are inadequate if they contain only narratives of expert opinions."); Jones v. Nat'l Marine Fisheries Serv., 741 F.3d 989, 997 (9th Cir. 2013) (Corps did not violate NEPA's duty to inform the public where it cited the underlying environmental data in its EA and made the data available to the public); Wildlaw v. U.S. Forest Serv., 471 F. Supp. 2d 1221, 1257 (M.D. Ala. 2007) (finding Forest Service did not violate NEPA where the underlying data used to determine the impacts of each individual project was provided to the public); Coal. for Healthy Ports, No. 13-CV-5347 at \*16 (finding that Coast Guard satisfied NEPA's requirement to fully inform the public and support its conclusions by providing the induced growth analysis it relied on for its predictions of anticipated growth and additional truck trips per day at Port terminals).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> 40 C.F.R. § 1501.5 (referencing 40 C.F.R. § 1502.23).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Klamath-Siskiyou Wildlands Ctr., 387 F.3d at 996 (9th Cir. 2004) (quoting Idaho Sporting Cong., 137 F.3d at 1150).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> TxDOT EA at 6.

review at the January 21, 2016 and July 7, 2017 public meetings. <sup>46</sup> The matrix ranked the alternatives by their effect on traffic and mobility through four criteria: access to major roadways, avoidance of queuing on I-10 DCs, <sup>47</sup> improvement of queuing at the Bridge of the Americas Port of Entry, and reduction of overall congestion. <sup>48</sup> Yet TxDOT never explained how it made the determinations for each criterion.

At every public meeting,<sup>49</sup> TxDOT repeatedly claimed that traffic would be reduced, all without providing any underlying studies or data, effectively denying the public the right to "check [its] work." For example, at each public meeting, TxDOT presented video simulations: one that demonstrated existing traffic conditions and projected future traffic conditions under a No-Build Alternative (January 2016 meeting), another projected reduced traffic under the preferred alternative (July 2016 and January 2017 meetings). However, no information was provided on the data used behind the simulations. TxDOT also made numerous claims about how the project was intended to—and would in fact—result in a reduction of traffic and congestion, notably the queuing of commercial trucks. But at every juncture, the public was kept in the dark about the underlying information used to support these claims.

When commentors raised concerns about increased traffic and pollution in the neighborhoods, TxDOT provided blanket assurances that traffic would be reduced in each instance, without an accompanying explanation, let alone any traffic studies. For example, at the initial January 21, 2016 public meeting, one commentor flagged "the extreme amount of pollution that already exists in the Chamizal neighborhoods" and suggested moving the trucks to the Zaragoza Port of Entry in order to "keep trucks out of heavily populated neighborhoods, such as Chamizal[.]" Other commentors raised the issue of the noise made "till late hours" by the trucks" and TxDOT's "glaring omission of air quality studies[.]" Guillermo Glenn, a long-time advocate for Southside

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> *Id.* at 30.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> TxDOT does not provide an explanation for what "DCs" is an abbreviation for.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> TxDOT EA at Appendix C: Alternatives Evaluation Matrix.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> TxDOT held public meetings on January 21, 2016, July 7, 2016, and January 31, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Coal. for Healthy Ports, No. 13-CV-5347 at \*16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> TxDOT, January 21, 2016 Public Meeting Presentation at 10-12; TxDOT, July 7, 2016 Public Meeting Summary at Attachment E, Video - Alternative 9 VISSIM Traffic.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> TxDOT January 21, 2016 Public Meeting Summary at 1; *id.* at 5 (responding to comment); *id.* at 7 (responding to comment); *id.* at 14 (responding to comment); *id.* at 16 (responding to comment); TxDOT Public Notice for January 21, 2016 Public Meeting ("The improvements are needed to improve mobility and address congestion on the existing roadway network."); TxDOT, July 7, 2016 Meeting Summary at Attachment A: Comment Response Matrix, at 8 (responding to comments); *id.* at 9 (responding to comments); *id.* at Attachment E: Figures, Port of Entry Queuing Projections (projecting reduced traffic in 2025 under preferred alternative); January 31, 2017 Meeting Summary at Attachment A: Comment Response Matrix, at 3 (responding to comment); *id.* at Attachment E: Figures,

<sup>01</sup>\_Preferred\_Alternative\_Traffic\_Simulation\_Year2040 (video simulation of reduced flow of traffic for year 2040).

53 January 21, 2016 Meeting Comment by Clavo Martinez, from TxDOT Summary of January 21, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> January 21, 2016 Meeting Comment by Clavo Martinez, from TxDOT Summary of January 21, 2016 Public Meeting, Appendix E: January 21, 2016 Comment by Guillermo D. Glenn.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> January 21, 2016 Meeting Comment by Mando Espinoza.

January 21, 2016 Meeting Comment by Alejandra Ponce.

neighborhoods commented that "there should be a solution to the maquila trucks entering the free bridge from Paisano. There should be other alternatives that do not take all the traffic through the Mexican American Barrios." <sup>56</sup>

At the July 7, 2016 public meeting, one commentor asked how TxDOT expected to reduce traffic by simply diverting traffic to the same amount of lanes.<sup>57</sup> Another commentor expressed similar concerns, noting that the pollution from the trucks "[is] still going to hit us" and noting several medical surveys about the impacts of emissions from 18-wheelers on children.<sup>58</sup> And at the January 31, 2017 public meeting, one commentor questioned the effectiveness of simply diverting traffic from Paisano to I-10/I-110 and noted that "you are still going to see heavy congestion in the area[.]"<sup>59</sup>

In response to these concerns, TxDOT repeated its token claim—the same justification it would use to avoid further analysis of potential impacts and consideration of additional mitigation measures—that the project was "intended to improve mobility and reduce congestion," which in turn would reduce air pollution. TxDOT even assured the public that it evaluated ways to reduce the impacts of trucks to and from the Port of Entry, and that its strategy to re-rout[e] all traffic" would "provide[] for efficient operations at the Port of Entry." Aside from succinct and lofty claims, TxDOT provided no supporting evidence or thorough analysis to the public.

By the July 20, 2018 public hearing—the last opportunity for the public to convene and comment on the project—the public was under the belief that the only adverse risk of the project had been addressed. Many of the commentors even responded favorably to the project under the assumption that it would reduce traffic.<sup>64</sup> Had the public received complete information from the beginning, they would have had the opportunity to meaningfully comment on the project—and not simply trust in TxDOT's word—as NEPA requires.<sup>65</sup> However, TxDOT neglected its duty to provide information,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> January 21, 2016 Comment by Guillermo D. Glenn.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> July 7, 2016 Meeting Comment from Graciela Martell.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> July 7, 2016 Meeting Comment from Saul Sustaita.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> January 31, 2017 Public Meeting Comment from David Stout.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> January 21, 2016 Public Meeting Summary at 5-6, 7, 14, 16; July 7, 2016 Public Meeting Summary at 9; January 31 Public Meeting Summary at Attachment A: Comment Response Matrix, at 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> TxDOT, January 21, 2016 Public Meeting Presentation at 4 (responding to comment).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> TxDOT, July 7, 2016 Meeting Summary at Attachment A: Comment Response Matrix, at 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> At the July 27, 2018 Public Hearing, TxDOT made its only mention of its traffic models, and explained the increased congestion and traffic that would occur absent the project. The traffic models were not provided. TxDOT, July 27, 2018 Public Hearing, Final Public Hearing Script at 13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> See supra at n. 52.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> The importance of meaningful public participation is clearly illustrated by the fate of the Lincoln Center under the I-10 Connect Project. While TxDOT conveniently kept the public in the dark about any risks of increased traffic, TxDOT could not hide the fact that the initially preferred alternative—which was first presented in detail to the public at the January 21, 2016 public meeting—meant tearing through the Lincoln Center. In response, the public submitted an overwhelming number of comments pleading for the preservation of the Lincoln Center and rapidly engaged in grassroots action to save the historic community center. KVIA ABC-7, *TxDOT Project to Spare Lincoln Center from Demolition* (July 28, 2018),

a practice that it seemed to find adequate for the community on multiple occasions, <sup>66</sup> demonstrating a brazen disregard for the public information and participation rights of the San Xavier community.

Third, TxDOT misled the San Xavier community about the significant impacts of construction. TxDOT falsely claimed that extended disruption of normal activities [was] not expected" because construction "normally occurs during daylight hours" and no one was "expected to be exposed to construction noise for a long duration[.]" Contrary to TxDOT's vague assurances, <sup>68</sup> construction went on at all hours of the day and night for months. Two residents living on opposite sides of I-10 Connect were dying from terminal cancer. Their relatives complained that the nonstop noise and vibrations from construction made it impossible to rest, but the contractor told each of them that they had to complete the project on time and could not stop making noise.

Even more alarming, TxDOT did not warn residents that construction would occur directly outside their homes and include the use of heavy machinery known to cause damage to nearby infrastructure. This failure is not surprising, as such a warning would have amounted to a bold admission that TxDOT was prepared to violate NEPA's mitigation requirements. <sup>69</sup> TxDOT did not provide further information when requested to do so by commenters, maintaining its misleading assurances. 70 One commenter expressed "concern" about how the "alternatives will affect the residences around the construction area." TxDOT merely reiterated its misleading assurances that residents would have access to their homes during construction, omitting the fact that construction with structure-damaging equipment would occur right outside their homes.

Even more, TxDOT excluded any meaningful consideration of the short-term air quality impacts from construction in its environmental justice analysis, further

https://kvia.com/news/2018/07/28/txdot-project-to-spare-lincoln-center-from-demolition/. TxDOT responded by reconsidering the impacts to the Lincoln Center and eventually modifying the preferred alternative to spare the Lincoln Center. TxDOT July 7, 2016 Public Meeting Summary at Attachment F: Description of Project Modifications Resulting from the Public Meeting; TxDOT, July 27, 2018 Public Hearing, Final Public Hearing Script at 16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> See infra at p.30. In addition, on June 28, 2023, TRLA, on behalf of its clients in the San Xavier community, sent a Public Information Act Request to TxDOT seeking, among other things, "traffic studies/modeling related to the flow of traffic from East Paisano Drive to East San Antonio Street and back to East Paisano Drive" and "traffic expected to use I-10 Connect South, heading into Mexico once it was completed," for which TxDOT provided no supporting studies in response. See Attachment D. <sup>67</sup> TxDOT EA at 28.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> TxDOT claimed that: "Provisions will be included in the plans and specifications that require the contractor to make every reasonable effort to minimize construction noise through abatement measures such as work-hour controls and proper maintenance of muffler systems." Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> TxDOT's violation of NEPA in regards to its failure to mitigate for the significant harms caused by the construction of I-10 Connect is further discussed infra Section III.E.4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> In its EA, TxDOT claimed that "[i]mpacts to the character or community cohesion in the project vicinity [were] not anticipated because the proposed improvements would be constructed along existing transportation corridors, and access to adjacent properties would be maintained throughout the project area." TxDOT EA at 11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> January 21, 2016 Comment by Alejandra Ponce.

demonstrating a significant lack of concern for San Xavier residents. TxDOT played down the harm of construction air quality impacts and only included a brief mention of potential impacts. TxDOT acknowledged that construction activities could produce PM and MSAT emissions, primarily from fugitive dust and diesel particulate matter from diesel powered construction equipment and vehicles. 72 Yet the only explanation TxDOT provided for its claim that construction activities from the project would have no significant impact on air quality was that construction is temporary and transient, construction contractors would be encouraged—but notably, not required—to use the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan during construction, and "compliance with applicable regulatory requirements." 73 TxDOT did not elaborate further what "regulatory requirements" would be followed, nor explained how such compliance supported the claim that air quality impacts would not be significant. One commentor noted TxDOT's "glaring omission of air quality studies" and how "the impact of construction on our neighborhoods is of major concern. Please have the Jacobs Engineering provide this study."<sup>74</sup> TxDOT never provided any studies.

Title VI compliance demands a public involvement process that is proactive and provides complete information, timely public notice, full public access to key decisions, and an opportunity for early and continuing involvement. Continuing to ignore and withhold information from communities that have been historically disregarded and underserved only serves to cement a legacy of discriminatory decisions and deny the community an equal opportunity to participate in the planning process. TxDOT's egregious violations of NEPA in regard to meaningful public participation are so repetitive that they are indicative of discriminatory intent.

### E. TxDOT Departed from the Normal Substantive Factor by Failing to Fully **Evaluate the Impacts on an Environmental Justice Community.**

NEPA's mandate to fully evaluate environmental justice impacts naturally supplements an agency's responsibility under Title VI. Under NEPA, "environmental justice is not merely a box to be checked," and agencies are required to thoroughly evaluate the environmental justice impacts of a proposed project, and to inform communities of all potential impacts. 75 CEQ's NEPA Guidelines specify:

Where a potential environmental justice issue has been identified by an agency, the agency should state clearly in the EIS or EA whether, in light of all the facts and circumstances, a disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental impact on minority populations, low-income populations, or Indian tribe is likely to result from the proposed action and any alternatives. This

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> TxDOT EA at 23.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> January 21, 2016 Comment by Xavier Miranda.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> Friends of Buckingham v. St. Air Pollution Control Bd., 947 F.3d 68, 91–92 (4th Cir. 2020).

statement should be supported by sufficient information for the public to understand the rationale for the conclusion. <sup>76</sup>

#### TxDOT has recognized this principle:

EJ and Title VI are good examples of considerations that can be addressed concurrently when working through the planning and environmental phase of project development. This is because both principles seek to involve protected populations in the decision-making process, lessen adverse impacts, and more equitably distribute the benefits and burdens of transportation projects.<sup>77</sup>

## 1. TxDOT Ignored its inability to control Southbound traffic due to U.S. and Mexico Customs.

TxDOT recognized that the BOTA bears a significant role in traffic in its Project, yet nothing in the Final EA indicates that TxDOT analyzed this impact. TxDOT even claimed that I-10 Connect would involve "extensive coordination" with the BOTA, 78 but TxDOT never explained whether it ever communicated with Mexico or U.S. Customs about I-10 Connect. Indeed, nothing in TxDOT's EA indicates that it considered the POE in calculating traffic projections. Contrary to NEPA's mandate to make a fully informed decision and fully analyze environmental justice impacts, TxDOT ignored a critical factor and merely considered I-10 Connect in a vacuum.

TxDOT's promises that traffic would flow faster than it did before could not be met without the collaboration and commitment from U.S. and Mexican Customs authorities. As noted previously, TxDOT told the public that it evaluated ways to reduce the impacts of trucks to and from the Port of Entry, <sup>79</sup> including through its re-routing of traffic, which would allegedly "provide[] for efficient operations at the Port of Entry." <sup>80</sup> Yet all the information presented to the public throughout public meetings and in TxDOT's final EA omitted any actual analysis, and potentially misrepresented a crucial fact TxDOT knew: I-110 would have heavy-duty traffic it did not have before because I-10 Connect feeds traffic directly into Mexico and TxDOT has no authority to expedite inspections by U.S. or Mexican Customs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> Council on Environmental Quality, *Environmental Justice: Guidance Under the National Environmental Policy Act*, at 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> TxDOT Environmental Affairs Division, Environmental Handbook: Community Impacts, Environmental Justice, Limited English Proficiency, and Title VI Compliance, 12-13 (December 2020) (hereinafter TxDOT Environmental Justice Handbook).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Antonio Santana PE, I-10 Connect Project: Texas Department of Transportation, El Paso District, https://www.texasce.org/tce-news/i-10-connect-project-texas-department-of-transportation-el-paso-district/ (TxDOT told the public: "The I-10 Connect project consists of progressive highway design elements and involves extensive coordination with the largest US/Mexico Port of Entry in El Paso, the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA).").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> TxDOT, January 21, 2016 Public Meeting Presentation at 4 (responding to comment).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> See supra note 61.

Because of TxDOT's glaring omissions, San Xavier residents and the entire El Paso air quality basin must now contend with two "bridges" saturated with idling heavy duty and passenger traffic: the BOTA heading north, and I-10 Connect heading south. I-10 West, Exit 22B has become notorious with residents who use the exit to enter US-54 North and South or I-10 West, and any El Pasoan travelling through I-10 East or West can see a line of heavy-duty trucks and passenger traffic extending for miles, a phenomenon that has not existed in El Paso history until TxDOT's failed I-10 Connect Project.

2. TxDOT Improperly Segmented 1-10 Connect and Failed to Consider the Cumulative Impacts of I-10 Connect in conjunction with the GSA's planned modernization of the Bridge of the Americas.

In full contravention of NEPA, TxDOT improperly segmented the I-10 Connect project from its larger "Reimagine I-10" Project to avoid discussing the full extent of the impacts in one environmental analysis. Even more, TxDOT wrongfully omitted a discussion of the cumulative impacts of its past, present, and reasonably foreseeable projects—that is, the segments under the Reimagine I-10 Project and the BOTA Modernization Project—in its EA for the I-10 Connect Project.

Segmentation of projects is improper where actions are connected. NEPA's scoping regulations define "connected actions" as those which are closely related and must therefore be discussed in the same impact statement. Actions are connected if they:

- (i) Automatically trigger other actions which may require environmental impact statements;
- (ii) Cannot or will not proceed unless other actions are taken previously or simultaneously; or
- (iii) Are interdependent parts of a larger action and depend on the larger action for their justification. <sup>81</sup>

Failing to include connected components of a project in an EIS's scope of review is unlawful piecemealing or segmentation, in violation of NEPA. 82

Relatedly, under the applicable FHWA regulations, FHWA's compliance with NEPA's prohibition against improper segmentation requires that each action:

(1) Connect to logical termini and be of sufficient length to address environmental matters on a broad scope;

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<sup>81 40</sup> C.F.R. § 1508.25 (2019); accord id. § 1501.9(e) (2020) (stating same).

<sup>82</sup> See, e.g., Save Barton Creek Ass'n v. Fed. Highway Admin., 950 F.2d 1129, 1140 (5th Cir.1992)

<sup>(&</sup>quot;'Segmentation' or 'piecemealing' is an attempt by an agency to divide artificially a 'major Federal action' into smaller components to escape the application of NEPA to some of its segments."); *Fritiofson v. Alexander*, 772 F.2d 1225 (5th Cir. 1985), abrogated on other grounds by *Sabine River Auth. v. U.S. Dep't of Interior*, 951 F.2d 669 (5th Cir. 1992) (requiring the preparation of a comprehensive EIS for the whole West Galveston Island in order to adequately consider "cumulative impacts" under NEPA).

- (2) Have independent utility or be of independent significance; i.e. be usable and be a reasonable expenditure even if no additional transportation improvements in the area are made; and
- (3) Not restrict consideration of alternatives for other reasonably foreseeable transportation improvements.<sup>83</sup>

When the segmentation determination is made "in the context of a highway within a single metropolitan area, as opposed to a highway connecting different cities, courts have focused primarily on whether the segment has "independent utility" and placed less emphasis on the other two factors."

First, to evaluate whether a project connects logical termini, courts look to the purpose and need statement in the environmental analysis. The purpose of I-10 Connect is "to reduce congestion along I-110, US 54, and US 62 (Paisano Drive) caused by queuing from the POE and thereby improve connections between I-10 and Loop 375 (Cesar Chavez Border Highway)." TxDOT noted the need of the Project to address the lack of a direct connection between I-10 and Loop 375, substantial congestion due to the proximity of I-110 access points to the POE, and increased travel demand in the project area. Further, in its need statement, TxDOT noted that "I-10 between N. Luna Street and Raynolds Street is a heavily traveled east-west corridor and a major connector that serves statewide and regional traffic as well as traffic within the City of El Paso." While I-10 Connect does contain termini that address the need to "improve connections," it does not contain logical termini to address congestion. As noted, I-10 Connect has failed to deliver promised traffic reductions, a purpose of the project that might be better met in conjunction with the various expansions planned for TxDOT's Reimagine I-10 Project.

Second, the independent utility test asks "whether each project would have taken place in the other's absence." Despite TxDOT's failure to mention Reimagine I-10 in its EA for I-10 Connect, TxDOT has clearly considered the latter as a necessary step for the implementation of its Reimagine I-10 Project. TxDOT began its corridor Study for Reimagine I-10 in 2017. TxDOT has stated that the I-10 Connect Project "is intended to make it easier for motorists to use Loop 375 as an alternate route I-10 which will undergo significant reconstruction in Downtown El Paso, Central El Paso and East El Paso in the coming years." Further, in its Alternatives Evaluation Matrix, TxDOT considered

<sup>83 23</sup> C.F.R. 771.111(f).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> N. Carolina All. for Transp. Reform, Inc. v. U.S. Dep't of Transp., 151 F. Supp. 2d 661, 680 (M.D.N.C. 2001) (citing Coalition on Sensible Transp., Inc. v. Dole, 826 F.2d 60, 69 (D.C.Cir.1987); Piedmont Heights, 637 F.2d at 440.

<sup>85</sup> Defs. of Wildlife v. N. Carolina Dep't of Transp., 762 F.3d 374, 395 (4th Cir. 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> TxDOT EA at 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> *Id.* at 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> *Defs. of Wildlife*, 762 F.3d at 395 (citing *Webster v. U.S. Dep't of Agric.*, 685 F.3d 411, 426 (4th Cir. 2012))

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> TxDOT, Downtown 10 Draft Range of Alternatives at 2, available at

https://www.txdot.gov/content/dam/project-sites/downtown-10/docs/draft-range-alternatives.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> TxDOT, *I-10 Connect: About the I-10 Connect Project*, available at https://www.i10connectelpaso.com/.

"Improved Mobility during planned I-10 Reconstruction" as one of several evaluation criteria. 92

Even more, in its 2019 and 2020 Unified Transportation Plans ("UTP"), TxDOT explains that:

Just east of El Paso, the I-10 Connect Project will address congestion issues near the Bridge of the Americas Port of Entry by improving mobility and keeping commuters and commercial trucks off local roadways. This complex project affects ports of entry, impacts freight traffic, and requires multistate and multinational agency coordination. The I-10 Connect Project, planned years in advance to address future needs, *represents one in a sequence of projects to improve I-10*.(emphasis added)<sup>93</sup>

#### The 2019 and 2020 UTPs further state:

One of the district's most immediate needs is the I-10 corridor through El Paso, which is experiencing increased traffic and population growth. District staff are currently conducting an advanced planning study called "Reimagine I-10," which will look for operational, corridor-wide, and technological solutions along the 55-mile length of the study area. I-10 carries nearly 200,000 vehicles a day along the study corridor, and because of the district's geographical location, alternative routing options are limited. Category 2 helps district efforts in this area, which are both immediate and long-term.

In addition to the I-10 Connect project, several other significant projects will help achieve the district's vision of I-10 working better for Texas residents and visitors. For instance, the proposed borderland Expressway project will address I-10 capacity issues by completing a loop around the northeast side of El Paso, providing travelers with an alternative route to I-10 and potentially diverting traffic around the city center. 94

The I-10 Connect Project is intrinsically related to project segments of Reimagine I-10 Connect, especially the downtown segment, which directly abuts the area of the I-10 Connect Project. The traffic from I-10 and I-110 cannot be viewed in isolation, and TxDOT itself, in the limited traffic information provided in its Final EA for I-10 Connect, evaluated the current and expected traffic across different stretches of I-10. While it is unclear if TxDOT accounted for its planned Reimagine I-10 project segments in any of these projections, it certainly understood that traffic on I-10 is a crucial factor for evaluating the efficacy of I-10 Connect.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup> TxDOT EA at 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> TxDOT 2020 UTP at 130 (emphasis added); 2019 UTP at 123, available at https://www.txdot.gov/projects/planning/utp.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup> TxDOT 2020 UTP at 132; 2019 UTP at 124.

Finally, TxDOT's isolation of I-10 Connect has restricted consideration of alternatives for other reasonably foreseeable transportation improvements. Reimagine I-10 and the BOTA Land Port of Entry Modernization Project are reasonably foreseeable transportation projects. And TxDOT's redirection of semi-trucks from Paisano Drive to I-110 in the I-10 Connect Project, alongside its dismissal of any public transportation improvement additions or alternatives, has now limited the consideration of alternatives for both future projects. For example, the BOTA Modernization Project must now contend with the increased semi-truck and POV congestion from I-10 Connect, and will be limited in any consideration of public transportation strategies that would have been more effective had they been considered in cooperation with TxDOT and in consideration of the synergistic effects the projects can have on each other. Similarly, public transportation options along the stretches of Reimagine I-10 that are most impacted by the increased semi-truck and passenger traffic from I-10 Connect may now be limited in lieu of strategies to address the novel problem of congestion that TxDOT has created.

In its I-10 Connect Project, TxDOT was presented with a viable alternative to do exactly what it had the power to do—redirect traffic—but through an alternative route that would spare the community the brunt of traffic and pollution. However, it dismissed the alternative without further consideration. TxDOT's only explanation was that redirecting traffic outside of residential areas was "outside the scope of this project," but provided no clarification as to how such an alternative could not achieve the project's purpose. TxDOT has failed in justifying its refusal to consider other alternatives and has set a dangerous precedent for the upcoming BOTA Modernization and Reimagine I-10 Projects.

Even if TxDOT properly considered I-10 Connect as a separate project—which it did not—TxDOT was still required to analyze the cumulative impacts of the entire Reimagine I-10 Project and the upcoming BOTA Modernization in connection with I-10 Connect. An EA informs whether an agency should perform an EIS, and must identify the direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts of the proposed action and consider alternative actions and their impacts. <sup>95</sup> TxDOT itself recognizes this within its EA.

When analyzing cumulative impacts, an agency must identify:

(1) the area in which effects of the proposed project will be felt; (2) the impacts that are expected in that area from the proposed project; (3) other actions—past, proposed, and reasonably foreseeable—that have had or are expected to have impacts in the same area; (4) the impacts or expected impacts from these other actions; and (5) the overall impact that can be expected if the individual impacts are allowed to accumulate. 96

Further, CEQ regulations define a cumulative impact as:

Fritiofson, 772 F.2d at 1236.

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 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 4332(2)(C); 40 C.F.R. §§ 1502.14, 1508.7, 1508.8.
 <sup>96</sup> Louisiana Crawfish Producers Ass'n-W. v. Rowan, 463 F.3d 352, 357 (5th Cir. 2006) (citing

[T]he impact on the environment resulting from the incremental impact of the action when added to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions. Actions by federal, non-federal agencies, and private parties must be considered.<sup>97</sup>

While the regulations do not define "reasonably foreseeable," case law makes clear that agencies are required to look ahead and address actions that are "contemplated" or "potential," and need not be formal NEPA proposals that may never trigger NEPA requirements. The various segments of Reimagine I-10 and the BOTA Modernization Project are indisputably foreseeable projects that will impact "the area" that I-10 Connect would have—and already has—impacted. The BOTA Modernization Project is already in the NEPA scoping phase, and TxDOT has completed a Corridor Study for Reimagine I-10 and announced that "each segment will go into a preliminary engineering (schematic) and environmental process as TxDOT prioritizes projects across the El Paso region." Even more, the Downtown Segment for Reimagine I-10 has already obtained most of the estimated \$750,500,000 construction funding. 100

As I-10 Connect is impacted by traffic to and from the BOTA and I-10, any project involving the BOTA or I-10 must be considered under TxDOT's cumulative impacts analysis for I-10 Connect. The San Xavier and other Southside communities are already concerned about additional environmental impacts on their communities from the BOTA Modernization and proposed expansions of I-10. The additional traffic and air pollution that inevitably follows the expansion of highways <sup>101</sup> poses a significant concern affected communities, and with I-10 Connect creating a unique link between I-10 and I-110 and US-54, San Xavier residents may contend with exacerbated traffic impacts from expansions along I-10. TxDOT's complete omission of these potential impacts does not merely violate NEPA, but adds on to its substantive departures that can only be summed up to a finding of discriminatory intent.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> 32 C.F.R. § 651.16(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>98</sup> Fritiofson, 772 F.2d at 1243, 1245; accord, Kern v. U.S. Bureau of Land Management, 284 F.3d 1062, 1077 (9th Cir. 2002) ("contemplated" actions); Blue Mountains Biodiversity Project v. Blackwood, 161 F.3d 1208, 1214 (9th Cir. 1988) ("potential" actions).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>99</sup> TxDOT, Reimagine I-10: Next Steps, https://www.txdot.gov/reimaginei10/corridor-study/next-steps.html.

TxDOT, 2024 UTP at 96, available at https://www.txdot.gov/projects/planning/utp.html.

101 See Martin J.H. Mogridge, The Self-Defeating Nature of Urban Road Capacity Policy: A Review of Theories, Disputes, and Available Evidence, Transport Policy Vol. 4, No. 1, 5-23 (1997); Noland, Robert B., and Lem L. Lewison, A Review of the Evidence for Induced Travel and Changes in Transportation and Environmental Policy in the U.S. and the U.K., Transportation Research Part D 7, 8-10, 11-15 (2002); Susan Handy, Increasing Highway Capacity Unlikely to Relieve Traffic Congestion, U.C. Davis Dept. of Envt'l Science and Policy: Policy Brief (Oct. 2015), available at https://dot.ca.gov/-/media/dot-media/programs/research-innovation-system-information/documents/final-reports/10-12-2015-ncst\_brief\_inducedtravel\_cs6\_v3.pdf); See Kent Hymel, If You Build It, They Will Drive: Measuring Induced Demand for Vehicle Travel in Urban Areas, Transport Policy, Vol. 76, pp. 57-66 (April 2019).

#### 3. TxDOT Failed to Analyze Air Quality Impacts.

FHWA and USDOT require state DOTs to take steps to mitigate adverse environmental effects of highway construction, including increased air and noise pollution and any adverse environmental justice effects. 102

## i. The increase in idling traffic has exposed Complainants to an increase in mobile source emissions.

I-10 Connect has resulted in the San Xavier neighborhood receiving increased exposure to mobile source air toxics due to the increased traffic flow. Numerous studies have shown that pollution from highways is very localized. These studies have also shown that those living in close proximity to the highways face significantly elevated exposure to a complex mixture of pollutants including air toxics, diesel particulate matter, and other highway emissions including tire wear, brake wear, resuspended road dust, and various metals. <sup>103</sup>

Living, working, or attending school near major roadways or highways has been associated with negative respiratory effects such as:

- Asthma and bronchitis: exposure to diesel exhaust can induce histamine releases
  that result in allergic conjunctivitis, rhinosinusitis, pharyngitis, laryngitis, and
  chronic cough. This exposure can also lead to degradation of lung tissue.<sup>104</sup>
  Children are especially vulnerable to chronic negative respiratory issues, as living
  in close proximity to highway traffic can inhibit lung development during
  childhood and lead to lifelong weakened lung function.<sup>105</sup>
- Negative cardiovascular effects: long-term exposure to air pollution from high traffic has been shown to increase incidences of coronary artery calcification <sup>106</sup> as well as increased coronary heart disease and strokes in women. <sup>107</sup>
- Adverse birth outcomes and developmental effects: living in close proximity to heavy-traffic roadways can cause an increase in term low birth weight and preterm infants.<sup>108</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> See, e.g., http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/noise/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>103</sup> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Near-Road Air Quality Monitoring Research (Nov. 3, 2009).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>104</sup> Irina N. Krivoshto et al., *The Toxicity of Diesel Exhaust: Implications for Primary Care*, J. AM. BOARD FAM. MED. 55, 58 (2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>105</sup> W. James Gauderman et al., *Effect of Exposure to Traffic on Lung Development From 10 to 18 Years of Age: A Cohort Study*, THE LANCET 571, 574 (Jan. 26, 2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>106</sup> B. Hoffman et al., Residential Exposure to Traffic is Associated with Coronary Atherosclerosis, 116 CIRCULATION 489 (2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>107</sup> Kristin A. Miller et al., *Long-Term Exposure to Air Pollution and Incidence of Cardiovascular Events in Women*, 356 New Eng. J. Med. 447, 453-56 (2007).

Michelle Wilhelm & Beate Ritz, Residential Proximity to Traffic and Adverse Birth Outcomes in Los Angeles County, California, 1994-1996, 111 ENVIL HEALTH PERSP. 207, 210-11 (2003).

- Premature mortality: epidemiological surveyors have discovered high acute and chronic respiratory disease morbidity rates from proximity exposure to diesel exhaust, as well as incidences of acute coronary syndrome (heart attacks) and ischemic effects (strokes). 109
- Increased incidences of cancer: many emissions released by heavy traffic flow, such as diesel exhaust fumes and particulate matter, have carcinogenic properties. 110

TxDOT discussed none of these potential impacts. Even though TxDOT failed to perform local modeling of air pollution impacts, it still contended in the Final EA that the project would actually have a minimal impact on air pollution. TxDOT determined that the project did not require a PM10 and CO Hot-Spot Analysis "due to it reducing congestion and improving traffic flow, particularly at intersections." These conclusions do not logically follow the fact that traffic volumes were projected to increase regardless of the project, which the project sought to address by redirecting traffic through an already-strained area without adding any capacity. With I-10 Connect now completed, the holes in TxDOT's strategy became increasingly evident. Unprecedented traffic now plagues the San Xavier community, and the extent of the air quality impacts is uncertain, as TxDOT refused to consider any risks.

Despite the widely known and well-documented negative health effects associated with long-term exposure to highway emissions, TxDOT's EA does not discuss these negative health effects and how they could impact the San Xavier and other surrounding neighborhoods. This is unacceptable, given that the community has already been burdened by increased air pollution from highway construction for decades.

The history of these neighborhoods, their minority make-up, their past exposure to mobile sources of air toxins, the high diesel truck fleet mix that passes regularly through the highway, and the history of TxDOT's false claims of traffic reduction 114 demanded otherwise. TxDOT should have performed a Hot Spot Analysis, and a detailed modeling study of toxic and diesel particulate matter. Such studies would have allowed a comparison of the air pollutant impacts on local populations from the proposed alternatives.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>109</sup> Irina N. Krivoshto et al., *The Toxicity of Diesel Exhaust: Implications for Primary Care*, J. AM. BOARD FAM. MED. 55, 56-59 (2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>110</sup> Rachel A. Morello-Frosch, Tracey J. Woodruff, Daniel A. Axelrad, Jane C. Caldwell, Air Toxics and Health Risks in California: The Public Health Implications of Outdoor Concentrations, Risk Analysis, Volume 20 Issue 2, February 2000 (predicting 8600 excess cancer cases).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>111</sup> TxDOT EA at 27.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>112</sup> *Id.* at 22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>113</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>114</sup> TxDOT's Loop 375 border Highway West Extension Project (Cesar Chavez Border Highway) was completed in 2019, and TxDOT's website indicates that there has been a significant increase in traffic since that road's completion in 2019. *See* 

https://www.txdot.gov/apps/statewide mapping/StatewidePlanningMap.html.

TXDOT ignored over 25 years of data demonstrating that the Southside neighborhoods around the Bridge of the Americas, the ports of entry in Segundo Barrio (to the west) and the Marathon refinery (to the east) have historically had some of the worst air quality in the region.

San Xavier residents were already exposed to significant levels of air pollution, including ultrafine particulates matter (those smaller than 0.1 µm in diameter), PM2.5, PM10, and ozone before I-10 Connect's completion in December of 2021. The passage of NAFTA in 1994 led to an increase in heavy-duty and passenger traffic in the Paso del Norte air basin, which encompasses parts of Dona Ana County in New Mexico, Cd. Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico and El Paso, Texas. This led to the creation of the Joint Advisory Committee on Air Quality as part of the La Paz Agreement and millions of dollars being spent on studying air quality in the region, with a particular emphasis on vehicle emissions.

One of the most recent studies looked at the impact of traffic from highways and the ports of entry on nearby residents' respiratory and cardiovascular health. The study began with the premise that:

People with lower income are more likely to live in communities with higher pollution levels from traffic-related emissions. Traffic-related air emissions have been reported to have a strong association with urban air pollution and cause adverse respiratory health effects in near-road communities. Transportation parameters such as traffic density, vehicle miles traveled, and road length, as well as land-use data such as population density, land-use classification, proximity to heavy-traffic roads, distances to major point and area sources, and household income, are important variables for explaining a spatial variation of air quality and health outcomes. <sup>115</sup>

The study examined the short-term associations (24-, 48-, 72-, and 96-hr averages) of traffic-related air pollutants (PM2.5, PM10, NO2, and O3) with biomarkers of respiratory and cardiovascular disease in a group of uninsured participants from low-income communities in El Paso. Researchers found associations of short-term air pollutant concentrations with respiratory outcomes, which was expected. However, researchers also found associations with metabolic risk factors such as BMI, waist circumference, and fasting glucose. The study also found a correlation between PM2.5 and NO2 and respiratory risk of COPD. Given the relationship between traffic-related air pollution and health outcomes, TXDOT should include bettering the health of El Pasoans in its purpose and need, or at least not worsen the health impacts.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>115</sup>Association of Traffic and Related Air Pollutants on Cardiorespiratory Risk Factors from Low-Income Populations in El Paso, TX, authored by Soyoung Jeon, Juan Aguilera, Leah Whigham, and Wen-Whai Li, February 2021, available at https://www.carteeh.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/03-27-UTEP-Association-of-Traffic-and-Related-Air-Pollutants-on-Cardiorespiratory-Risk-Factors-from-Low-Income-Populations-in-El-Paso-TX-Jeon.pdf

#### ii. Complainants are exposed to air pollution.

For PM10, El Paso has been in "Moderate Nonattainment," since 1991. 117 For the 8-hour Ozone standard. El Paso is "Attainment/Non-classifiable" due to the TCEO's insistence that but for emissions from outside the city, El Paso is in attainment. Complaints disagree with this designation and insist that they are entitled to measures that will reduce their exposure to ozone pollution. 118

The El Paso area had 126 days of elevated air pollution in 2020, the second worst in Texas, according to Environment Texas Research & Policy Center, Frontier Group and TexPIRG Education Fund. The report's findings mean that El Pasoans were breathing air with elevated levels of pollution on one out of every three days last year. 119 The report measured days with elevated levels of small particulate matter and elevated ozone. The El Paso area had 78 days with elevated small particulate matter and 68 days of elevated ozone.

According to TCEQ data, on 40 days in 2022, El Paso County air quality monitors rec The American Lung Association has given El Paso's an "F" ranking for ozone. 120 According to TCEQ data, on 40 days in 2022, El Paso County air quality monitors recorded ozone levels unhealthy for sensitive groups, like children, the elderly and people who are pregnant. <sup>121</sup> Data charted by the organization shows smog in El Paso has been on the rise since 2016. 122 Hotter temperatures contribute to ozone pollution. El Paso, like the rest of the world, has seen a dramatic increase in average temperatures in recent decades. 123 As shown by a recently created map of the heat island effect, the hottest streets in El Paso are along I-10. 124 The summer of 2023 was the hottest summer on record for El Paso. 125 The average temperature in El Paso between June and August surpassed 88 degrees Fahrenheit for the first time ever. 126 The season saw 60 days of 100-plus temperatures, including a record-shattering 44 days in a row from mid-June through the end of July. 127

Air monitors in El Paso have recorded high levels of air pollution despite the inadequacies of the current air monitoring network in the area. The UTEP monitor was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>117</sup> Id.

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/airquality/sip/elp/elp-status.

<sup>119</sup> https://environmentamerica.org/texas/resources/trouble-in-the-air/.

<sup>120</sup> https://www.lung.org/research/sota/city-rankings/states/texas/el-paso.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>121</sup> El Paso, Las Cruces rank high in ozone pollution in 2023 report, El Paso Matters (April 2023), available at https://elpasomatters.org/2023/04/25/el-paso-texas-american-lung-association-ozone-pollution-f-grade-2023/#:~:text=E1% 20Paso% 20recorded% 2040% 20unhealthy,days% 20than% 20the% 20previous% 20year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>123</sup> https://climatexas.tamu.*edu*/files/ClimateReport-1900to2036-2021Update.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>124</sup> Available at: https://www.utep.edu/liberalarts/sega/environmental-injustice-hurricane-harvey-in-greater-

 $<sup>^{125}</sup>$  https://elpasomatters.org/2023/09/01/el-paso-record-summer-heat/.  $^{126}$   $\emph{Id}.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>127</sup> *Id*.

close to Interstate 10, an identified source of particulate matter pollution in El Paso. The UTEP monitor recorded the highest ozone levels of any El Paso monitor in 2021 and consistently recorded some of the highest levels of ozone pollution in El Paso. The UTEP monitor has been down since November 2021 and is still not up. 128 Air monitoring data is crucial for understanding the existing impact of I-10 on human health and additional impacts that can be expected if I-10 is expanded. TXDOT must work with the TCEQ in reinstating the UTEP monitor immediately.

#### iii. Ultrafine Particulates from Heavy-Duty Vehicles are a Health hazard for San Xavier Residents and Students at Zavala Elementary.

Motor vehicle emissions usually constitute the most significant source of ultrafine particles (diameter <0.1 m) in an urban environment. 129 The highest concentrations are closest to highways, POEs, etc., and dissipate with distance. 130 Exposure to dieselemitted particles has been linked to increased cancer risk and cardiopulmonary diseases. Because of their size (<100 nm), exposure to ultrafine particles ("UFPs") emitted from heavy-duty diesel vehicles ("HDDV") might result in greater health risks than those associated with larger particles. 131 A 2013 study found that "[c]ommercial traffic, mostly composed of HDDV, heavily influenced UFP concentrations in the BOTA vicinity." <sup>132</sup> The study also found that on Sundays, when commercial traffic was absent, the UFP numbers were the lowest. Populations near the BOTA's traffic zone and within 400 m are exposed to UFP's above the background level and include residents on both sides of the border, including a church and several schools, law enforcement officers, street vendors, private commuters, and commercial vehicle drivers." <sup>133</sup>

Jason Sarate, who oversees the city of El Paso's Air Quality Program stated, "[o]ne of the largest contributing sources to ozone in El Paso is the vehicle emissions. I think the biggest challenge is the vehicles that are idling for multiple hours at our ports of entry. When you have vehicles and semi-trucks lined up on the freeways waiting to cross into Mexico or cross into El Paso, those are real issues."134

133 *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>128</sup> Smog in El Paso increased in summer 2022 while key air quality monitor was offline, El Paso Times, September 7, 2022, available at https://www.elpasotimes.com/story/news/local/el-paso/2022/09/07/el-pasosmog-increased-in-summer-2022-key-air-quality-monitor-offline/65467942007/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>129</sup> Study of Ultrafine Particles Near a Major Highway with Heavy-Duty Diesel Traffic,https://cfpub.epa.gov/si/si public record Report.cfm?Lab=NCER&dirEntryId=83813.

Ultrafine Particle Levels at an International Port of Entry Between the US and Mexico: Exposure Implications for Users, Workers, and Neighbors. Hector A. Olvera, Mario Lopez, Veronica Guerrero, Humberto Garcia and Wen-Whai Li., available at https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23321858/ <sup>132</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>134</sup> El Paso, Las Cruces rank high in ozone pollution in 2023 report, El Paso Matters, April 2023, available at https://elpasomatters.org/2023/04/25/el-paso-texas-american-lung-association-ozone-pollution-f-grade-2023/#:~:text=El% 20Paso% 20recorded% 2040% 20unhealthy, days% 20than% 20the% 20previous% 20year.

## 4. TxDOT Failed to Mitigate Construction Impacts and Refused to Address Resident's Concerns from Construction Damages.

In addition to increasing traffic, congestion, and noise and air pollution throughout the day, TXDOT's I-10 Connect has directly impacted residents through construction activities. The demolition and construction activities, and the Project's design flaws caused structural damage to homes. These harms include, among other things: cracks along ceilings, roofs, walls, and flooring; leaning structures, damaged plumbing; windows and doors that do not close right; and neighborhood drainage issues.

NEPA requires agencies to consider all environmental impacts from a proposed project, including impacts during construction. <sup>135</sup> TxDOT's Guidance for Preparing an Environmental Assessment provides that the EA "must identify and explain any impacts associated with construction activities." <sup>136</sup> The Guidance further requires the EA to list the "expected duration of any construction impacts," and "any [Best Management Practices] or other strategies that will be used to mitigate such impacts." <sup>137</sup> The Guidance also provides standard language to reduce noise impacts during construction:

Noise associated with the construction of the project is difficult to predict. Heavy machinery, the major source of noise in construction, is constantly moving in unpredictable patterns. However, construction normally occurs during daylight hours when occasional loud noises are more tolerable. None of the receptors is expected to be exposed to construction noise for a long duration; therefore, any extended disruption of normal activities is not expected. Provisions will be included in the plans and specifications that require the contractor to make every reasonable effort to minimize construction noise through abatement measures such as work-hour controls and proper maintenance of muffler systems. <sup>138</sup>

TxDOT's proposed mitigation plan discarded NEPA's clear mandate and its own Guidance by failing to include mitigation measures to reduce the disproportionate harms the residents could—and did--suffer during construction.

TxDOT failed to take straightforward mitigation measures to prevent damages to complainants' homes. TxDOT failed to conduct or require a pre-assessment of the homes, soil, infrastructure, etc. in the neighborhood. TxDOT allowed the contractor to use the streets in the neighborhood as a right of way for construction vehicles and heavy machinery. TxDOT also allowed the contractor to use equipment known in the industry to cause damage to homes when used in close proximity to residential structures, such as from repeated strong vibrations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>135</sup> See Baltimore Gas & Elec. Co., 462 U.S. at 97.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>136</sup> TxDOT, Environmental Handbook: Preparing an Environmental Assessment (November 2023) at 30.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>137</sup> *Id*.

 $<sup>^{138}</sup>$  Id

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>139</sup> Exhibit E: TxDOT's letter to State Senator Cesar Blanco; TxDOT response to PIA request.

TxDOT also neglected to mitigate the increased noise impacts from construction and increased traffic that San Xavier residents faced and continue to endure. Populations that live in close proximity to noise can suffer various adverse health effects. Acute exposure to noise can cause increased blood pressure, heart rate, and release of stress hormones. Furthermore, exposure to normal urban levels of noise during the night has been associated with sleep disturbances. Residential exposure to road traffic noise is also associated with a risk of stroke, with a 14% higher risk per 10 decibels higher exposure. Two residents were dying from cancer at the time of I-10's construction. Their relatives pleaded with TxDOT's contractor to please stop working at night so that they may have rest. The contractor refused.

To address increased noise from traffic, TxDOT only provided noise barriers for sixteen residences, leaving the vast majority of residences impacted by the increased traffic and noise from the project with no mitigation measures. TxDOT further determined that the construction of a visual barrier—which could have mitigated some of the impacts San Xavier residents currently face—was not necessary since the project would be aesthetically compatible with "existing transportation features[.]" Yet the increased traffic and endless queuing of vehicles that the project has caused comes with—in addition to the air pollution and noise disturbances—a visual toll for the San Xavier neighborhood.

Notably, TXDOT never warned residents that the construction would be ongoing 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Throughout the public meetings, TxDOT failed to make a single mention of potential construction impacts. After construction began, and the dangers became clear to residents, residents asked TxDOT for a meeting. TxDOT proceeded to give them a PowerPoint about the wonders of the I-10 Connect. Only after TRLA requested information about filing a complaint did TxDOT inform residents about the process. After San Xavier residents filed formal complaints, TxDOT denied any responsibility and closed their complaints.

TXDOT has also failed to address its removal of street lighting, the new traffic accident hot spots, and the new San Antonio Street entrance, which is confusing to drivers and is full of debris and runoff. The neighborhood must now also contend with ongoing drainage issues. Since the haphazard construction of I-10 Connect, San Xavier residents have faced repeated flooding that was not present before. After rain events, water collects in puddles near homes that continues to damage the foundation of the homes because the rainwater collection site was built with the wrong pitch. TxDOT's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>140</sup> H. Ising, B. Kruppa, *Health Effects Caused by Noise: Evidence in the Literature From the Past 25 Years*, NOISE HEALTH 5, 5-13 (2004).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>141</sup> H.M. Miedema, H. Vos, Associations Between Self-Reported Sleep Disturbance and Environmental Noise Based on Reanalyses of Pooled Data From 24 Studies, BEHAV. SLEEP MED. 1, 1-20 (2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>142</sup> Mette Sorensen et al., *Road Traffic Noise and Stroke: A Prospective Cohort Studey*, EUROPEAN HEART JOURNAL 737, 740-41 (Jan. 2011).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>143</sup> TxDOT EA at 24; TxDOT Traffic Noise Analysis Technical Report: I-10 Connect From Yandell Drive to Loop 375 (Cesar Chavez Border Highway, El Paso County, Texas (September 2017).
<sup>144</sup> TxDOT EA at 14.

failure to adequately plan for altered hydraulics in a FEMA 100-year floodplain is unacceptable. TxDOT claimed that the "project would not result in adverse direct or indirect effects on the floodplain[.]" <sup>145</sup>

TxDOT cannot now claim ignorance to avoid the clear discrimination it has inflicted on San Xavier, for it was given ample opportunity to rectify and prevent many of the harms caused by I-10 Connect. While the chosen alternative was set in stone once construction commenced, the full extent of the damage to properties and stormwater drainage infrastructure could have been minimized. Residents became aware of the full extent of harm posed by ongoing construction in their neighborhood and raised the alarm to TxDOT, but TxDOT repeatedly turned a blind eye and denied any wrongdoing. This flagrant and repetitive pattern of dismissing San Xavier resident's concerns and ongoing harms demonstrates a clear discriminatory intent.

#### 5. Deficient Environmental Justice Analysis.

TxDOT's EA is woefully deficient in its environmental justice analysis. As discussed above, the project has numerous impacts on the San Xavier neighborhood—an environmental justice community. In its EA, TxDOT merely recites the obvious fact that the project is predominantly located around environmental justice communities, without acknowledging the history of highway pollution, let alone the potential impacts of the project, such as increased air pollution. Numerous commentors asked TxDOT to take the community into consideration, highlighting the many struggles of having to deal with a legacy of environmental pollution. However, TxDOT's only mention of community impacts occurred within a perfunctory overview of the displacement of one commercial property, and two sentences on the unsupported guarantees of the project:

In addition, one of the primary objectives of the project is to address regional traffic utilizing local roadways in the adjacent EJ neighborhoods. The proposed project is intended to improve mobility and reduce congestion, which can also reduce vehicle idling and thereby potentially reduce emissions. <sup>148</sup>

TxDOT's blatant omission is in clear contravention of NEPA's environmental justice analysis requirements, and TxDOT's duties under Title VI. Even TxDOT's own Environmental Justice and Title VI Compliance Handbook acknowledges the history of

.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>145</sup> *Id.* at 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>146</sup> TxDOT EA at 13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>147</sup> Hilda Villegas, a longtime community organizer and advocate for the Chamizal community group Familias Unidas del Chamizal, noted: "Families, women, and our Barrios suffered after Nafta was signed, and are still feeling the effects. Our communities should not have to pay once more to accommodate these transnational. Completing any alternative that proposes to go through any Barrio would contribute to the destruction of our environment, history, culture, and existence. July 7, 2016 Public Meeting Comment by Hilda Villegas; Another commentor echoed this sentiment, noting that "there should be a solution to the maquila trucks entering the free bridge from Paisano. There should be other alternatives that do not take all the traffic through the Mexican American Barrios." January 21, 2016 Comment by Guillermo D. Glenn. <sup>148</sup> TxDOT EA at 13.

discrimination in waste and industrial sightings, and provides for the Community Impact Analysis to ensure "recurring burdens" are not unjustly imposed on underserved populations like San Xavier. TxDOT's Handbook further requires that all EJ mitigation commitments are clearly listed in the CIA technical report and the EA/EIS, as applicable." Yet TxDOT made no mitigation commitments beyond a few noise barriers, leaving the community to trust in the anticipated traffic benefits of the project, benefits which never came.

TxDOT also refused to analyze the full extent of traffic impacts, including through its severe failure to account for the impact of Mexican and U.S. Customs. TxDOT's claims that it was "evaluating options to reduce the impacts of trucks to and from the Port of Entry" and dutifully considering ways to minimize impacts to the environmental justice communities ring hollow in the face of its numerous glaring omissions under NEPA. TxDOT's perfunctory environmental justice analysis marks a fitting summation of its effort to evaluate the project's impacts and provide the community with adequate information under NEPA. Even a conservative inference of the plethora of TxDOT's failures and demonstration of apathy and neglect to the San Xavier community can only lead to a finding of intentional discrimination.

#### F. DISPARATE IMPACT

TxDOT's I-10 Connect project has had a disproportionate impact on a protected group, further cementing the history of past discrimination. TxDOT could have avoided this by addressing the history of past projects and by admitting its own limitations, including its inability to control U.S. and Mexican Customs. Instead, TxDOT shortcircuited the process by stating it did not have to evaluate the impact further because the project would reduce traffic, and no one was being displaced. By failing to fully evaluate the impacts of its proposed alternative and failing to justify its refusal to evaluate an alternative that would avoid sending POE traffic through environmental justice neighborhoods, TxDOT violated Title VI. Even if TxDOT establishes a "legitimate need" for the project, there were "less discriminatory alternatives" available, mentioned by commentors, and reiterated here—namely, to remove heavy truck traffic from the POE or redirect heavy truck traffic away from the neighborhoods and to implement a robust public transportation alternative along that stretch of the highway. DOJ Title VI Manual § VIII(B). As with its failure to fully consider the history of past discrimination, TxDOT failed to seriously consider any alternative to remedy past discrimination or at least prevent its continuation and exacerbation.

As extensively discussed above, the residents of the San Xavier neighborhood are disproportionately suffering from the harmful impacts of I-10 Connect. TxDOT failed to properly evaluate and mitigate the impacts that the I-10 Connect Project has had on communities, including increased air and noise pollution, increased traffic, damage to properties, and ongoing flooding and other infrastructure problems.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>149</sup> TxDOT Environmental Justice Handbook at 12.

<sup>150</sup> Id At 15

## IV. DOT and FHWA Should Take All Necessary Steps to Correct TxDOT's Violations of Title VI.

For the reasons set forth above, TxDOT is not in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Accordingly, FHWA should take all necessary steps to ensure that TxDOT comes into full compliance with the requirements of Title VI pursuant to the FHWA and DOT's powers under 23 C.F.R. § 200.11, 28 C.F.R. § 42.108, and 49 C.F.R. § 21.13. If necessary, such steps should include launching an investigation, discontinuing all present and future federal funding to TxDOT for road projects, including the I-10 Connect Project, requiring TxDOT to take any necessary steps to comply with Title VI into the future, and/or referring the matter to the U.S. Department of Justice for further investigation. *See* 49 C.F.R. § 21.23.

#### Complainants request that:

- 1. Homeowners whose homes were damaged by I-10 Connect be compensated financially;
- 2. The neighborhood's infrastructure be repaired (flooding, car accident hot spot, debris, noise, etc.);
- 3. 18-wheelers be prohibited from using I-10 Connect;
- 4. TxDOT adopt and enforce written construction rules that will prevent future harm, including a prohibition of the use of heavy machinery known to cause vibrations that can damage residential structures within a certain proximity; pre-assessments of nearby homes; and pre-assessments of the soil composition;
- 5. TxDOT adopt and enforce requirements to ensure the full dissemination of information to communities during and after the public participation process;
- 6. TxDOT support the Complainant's requests as part of the upcoming BOTA NEPA process to remove 18-wheelers from BOTA heading both north and south and incorporating a robust public transportation component to the GSA's modernization of the Port of Entry and nearby areas; and
- 7. A comprehensive health study and monitoring of residents close to I-10 Connect.

Thank you for your prompt attention to prevent further discrimination related to the I-10 Connect Project. Please let us know if we can provide any additional information to assist FHWA in addressing these serious concerns.

### Respectfully Submitted,

#### TEXAS RIOGRANDE LEGAL AID, INC.

1331 Texas Ave. El Paso, TX 79901

#### /s/ Paola Camacho

Paola Camacho Attorney at Law State Bar No. SC105267

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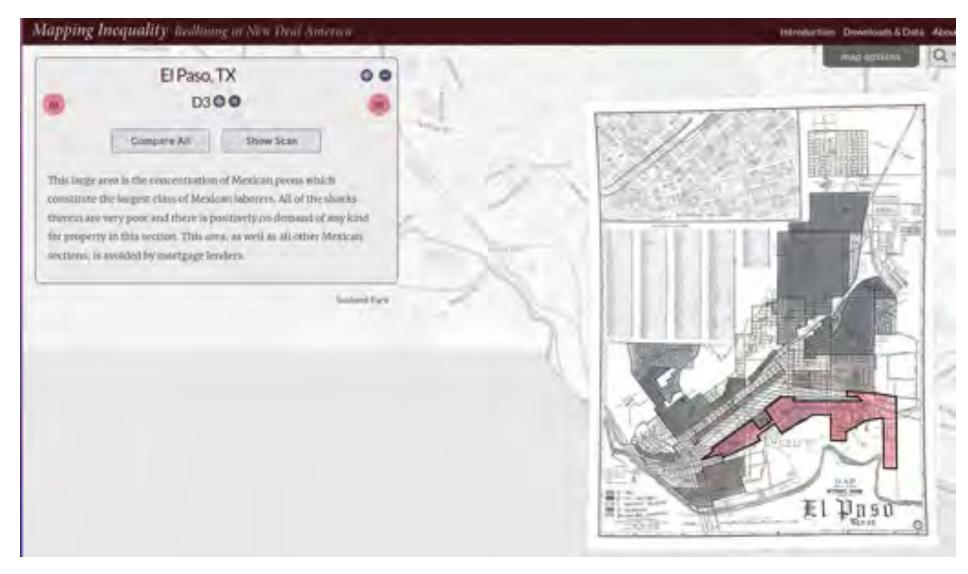
#### /s/ Verónica Carbajal

Verónica Carbajal Attorney at Law TX State Bar No. 24045617

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E-mail: vcarbajal@trla.org





Mapping Inequality, Robert K. Nelson and Edward L. Ayers, accessed July 7, 2023, <a href="https://dsl.richmond.edu/panorama/redlining/">https://dsl.richmond.edu/panorama/redlining/</a>







Map data ©2023 Google, INEGI 200 m



## **EJScreen Community Report**

This report provides environmental and socioeconomic information for user-defined areas, and combines that data into environmental justice and supplemental indexes.

## El Paso, TX



Tract: 48141002900 Population: 1,134 Area in square miles: 0.50

Persons with

disabilities:

22 percent

\$13,126

Per capita

income

#### **COMMUNITY INFORMATION**



Low income:

76 percent

5 percent

74 years

Average life

expectancy

People of color: 97 percent







Male: 57 percent



Female:

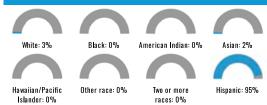
43 percent

Number of households: occupied: 31 percent

#### LANGUAGES SPOKEN AT HOME

LANGUAGE	PERCENT
English	5%
Spanish	92%
French, Haitian, or Cajun	1%
Chinese (including Mandarin, Cantonese)	1%
Total Non-English	95%

#### **BREAKDOWN BY RACE**



#### **BREAKDOWN BY AGE**

From Ages 1 to 4	5%
From Ages 1 to 18	19%
From Ages 18 and up	81%
From Ages 65 and up	28%

#### LIMITED ENGLISH SPEAKING BREAKDOWN

Speak Spanish	93%
Speak Other Indo-European Languages	0%
Speak Asian-Pacific Island Languages	7%
Speak Other Languages	0%

Notes: Numbers may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of any race. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2017-2021. Life expectancy data comes from the Centers for Disease Control.

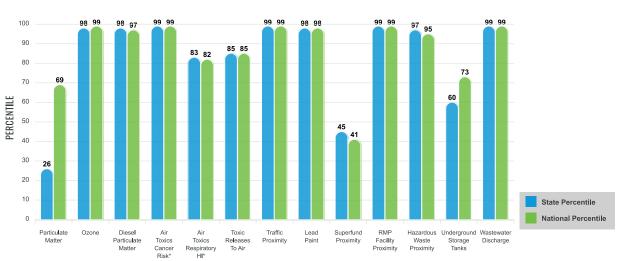
## **Environmental Justice & Supplemental Indexes**

The environmental justice and supplemental indexes are a combination of environmental and socioeconomic information. There are thirteen EJ indexes and supplemental indexes in EJScreen reflecting the 13 environmental indicators. The indexes for a selected area are compared to those for all other locations in the state or nation. For more information and calculation details on the EJ and supplemental indexes, please visit the <u>EJScreen website</u>.

#### **EJ INDEXES**

The EJ indexes help users screen for potential EJ concerns. To do this, the EJ index combines data on low income and people of color populations with a single environmental indicator.

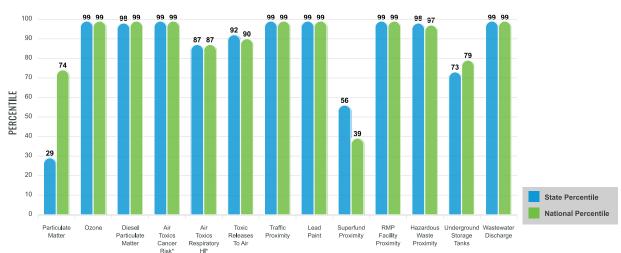
#### **EJ INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION**



#### **SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES**

The supplemental indexes offer a different perspective on community-level vulnerability. They combine data on percent low-income, percent linguistically isolated, percent less than high school education, percent unemployed, and low life expectancy with a single environmental indicator.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION



 $These \ percentiles \ provide \ perspective \ on \ how \ the \ selected \ block \ group \ or \ buffer \ area \ compares \ to \ the \ entire \ state \ or \ nation.$ 

=

SELECTED VARIABLES	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	PERCENTILE IN STATE	USA AVERAGE	PERCENTILE In USA	
POLLUTION AND SOURCES						
Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	7.23	9.11	8	8.08	25	
Ozone (ppb)	69.9	64.6	88	61.6	93	
Diesel Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	0.352	0.218	89	0.261	77	
Air Toxics Cancer Risk* (lifetime risk per million)	40	28	89	25	94	
Air Toxics Respiratory HI*	0.3	0.3	29	0.31	31	
Toxic Releases to Air	370	12,000	53	4,600	41	
Traffic Proximity (daily traffic count/distance to road)	1,200	150	99	210	96	
Lead Paint (% Pre-1960 Housing)	0.58	0.17	91	0.3	78	
Superfund Proximity (site count/km distance)	0.015	0.085	17	0.13	10	
RMP Facility Proximity (facility count/km distance)	2	0.63	93	0.43	96	
Hazardous Waste Proximity (facility count/km distance)	1.5	0.75	85	1.9	69	
Underground Storage Tanks (count/km²)	1.1	2.3	43	3.9	49	
Wastewater Discharge (toxicity-weighted concentration/m distance)	1.5	0.91	97	22	92	
SOCIOECONOMIC INDICATORS						
Demographic Index	87%	46%	96	35%	98	
Supplemental Demographic Index	40%	17%	97	14%	98	
People of Color	97%	58%	90	39%	94	
Low Income	76%	34%	95	31%	96	
Unemployment Rate	5%	5%	63	6%	61	
Limited English Speaking Households	44%	8%	97	5%	98	
Less Than High School Education	47%	16%	94	12%	98	
Under Age 5	5%	6%	42	6%	49	
Over Age 64	28%	14%	90	17%	86	
Low Life Expectancy	24%	20%	89	20%	87	

\*Diesel particulate matter, air toxics cancer risk, and air toxics respiratory hazard index are from the EPA's Air Toxics Data Update, which is the Agency's ongoing, comprehensive evaluation of air toxics in the United States. This effort aims to prioritize air toxics, emission sources, and locations of interest for further study. It is important to remember that the air toxics data presented here provide broad estimates of health risks over geographic areas of the country, not definitive risks to specific individuals or locations. Cancer risks from the Air Toxics Data Update are reported to one significant figure and any additional significant figures here are due to rounding. More information on the Air Toxics Data Update can be found at: <a href="https://www.epa.gov/haps/air-toxics-data-update">https://www.epa.gov/haps/air-toxics-data-update</a>.

Sites reporting to EPA within defined area:	
Superfund	
	0
Hazardous Waste, Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities	0
Water Dischargers	
Air Pollution	
•	0
Brownfields	
	0
Toxic Release Inventory	1

Selected location contains American Indian Reservation Lands*	
Selected location contains a "Justice40 (CEJST)" disadvantaged community Yes	
Selected location contains an EPA IRA disadvantaged community Yes	

Other community features within defined ar	ea:
Schools Hospitals Places of Worship	0
Tidots of Morsing	
Other environmental data:	
Other environmental data:	
Other environmental data:  Air Non-attainment	Yes

HEALTH INDICATORS						
INDICATOR HEALTH VALUE STATE AVERAGE STATE PERCENTILE US AVERAGE US PERCENTILE						
Low Life Expectancy	24%	20%	89	20%	87	
Heart Disease	9.9	5.9	97	6.1	97	
Asthma	10.8	9.2	93	10	75	
Cancer	4.2	5.2	29	6.1	14	
Persons with Disabilities	20.5%	12.3%	90	13.4%	87	

CLIMATE INDICATORS						
INDICATOR HEALTH VALUE STATE AVERAGE STATE PERCENTILE US AVERAGE US PERCENTILE						
Flood Risk 10% 10% 73 12% 64						
Wildfire Risk	0%	30%	0	14%	0	

CRITICAL SERVICE GAPS							
INDICATOR HEALTH VALUE STATE AVERAGE STATE PERCENTILE US AVERAGE US PERCENTILE							
Broadband Internet	53%	15%	97	14%	98		
Lack of Health Insurance         28%         18%         83         9%         97							
Housing Burden No N/A N/A N/A N/A							
Transportation Access	ransportation Access Yes N/A N/A N/A N/A						
Food Desert	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

Footnotes

## **EJScreen Community Report**

This report provides environmental and socioeconomic information for user-defined areas, and combines that data into environmental justice and supplemental indexes.

## El Paso, TX



LANGUAGES SPOKEN AT HOME

LANGUAGE

Total Non-English

English

Spanish

Tract: 48141002800 Population: 3,892 Area in square miles: 0.93

#### **COMMUNITY INFORMATION**



Low income:

89 percent

5 percent

White: 1%

Hawaiian/Pacific

Islander: 0%

People of color:



Persons with disabilities: 18 percent

75 years \$8,533

Average life Per capita expectancy income



Less than high school education: 57 percent



Male: 48 percent



Female: 52 percent

Limited English

households:

51 percent



24 percent

#### **BREAKDOWN BY RACE**



**PERCENT** 

8%

92%

92%

Black: 0%

Other race: 0%

American Indian: 0%



races: 0%

Asian: 0%

#### **BREAKDOWN BY AGE**

From Ages 1 to 4	10%
From Ages 1 to 18	35%
From Ages 18 and up	65%
From Ages 65 and up	13%

#### LIMITED ENGLISH SPEAKING BREAKDOWN

Speak Spanish	100%
Speak Other Indo-European Languages	0%
Speak Asian-Pacific Island Languages	0%
Speak Other Languages	0%

Notes: Numbers may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of any race. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2017-2021. Life expectancy data comes from the Centers for Disease Control.

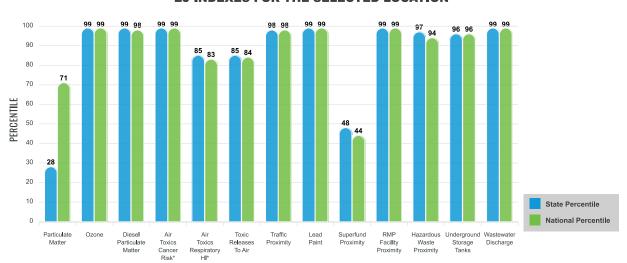
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#### **EJ INDEXES**

The EJ indexes help users screen for potential EJ concerns. To do this, the EJ index combines data on low income and people of color populations with a single environmental indicator.

#### **EJ INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION**



#### **SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES**

SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION

The supplemental indexes offer a different perspective on community-level vulnerability. They combine data on percent low-income, percent linguistically isolated, percent less than high school education, percent unemployed, and low life expectancy with a single environmental indicator.

## 

PERCENTILE

10

Particulate Matter Diesel Particulate Matter Air Toxics

Cancer Risk\*

 $These \ percentiles \ provide \ perspective \ on \ how \ the \ selected \ block \ group \ or \ buffer \ area \ compares \ to \ the \ entire \ state \ or \ nation.$ 

Waste Proximity

Facility

=

State Percentile

National Percentile

Report for Tract: 48141002800

Superfund Proximity

Toxic Releases To Air

Toxics

Respiratory

SELECTED VARIABLES	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	PERCENTILE IN STATE	USA AVERAGE	PERCENTILE In USA
POLLUTION AND SOURCES					
Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	7.24	9.11	8	8.08	25
Ozone (ppb)	70.3	64.6	91	61.6	94
Diesel Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	0.353	0.218	89	0.261	77
Air Toxics Cancer Risk* (lifetime risk per million)	40	28	89	25	94
Air Toxics Respiratory HI*	0.3	0.3	29	0.31	31
Toxic Releases to Air	270	12,000	48	4,600	36
Traffic Proximity (daily traffic count/distance to road)	380	150	91	210	87
Lead Paint (% Pre-1960 Housing)	0.7	0.17	95	0.3	86
Superfund Proximity (site count/km distance)	0.015	0.085	17	0.13	10
RMP Facility Proximity (facility count/km distance)	1.7	0.63	91	0.43	95
Hazardous Waste Proximity (facility count/km distance)	1.1	0.75	78	1.9	62
Underground Storage Tanks (count/km²)	3.9	2.3	79	3.9	72
Wastewater Discharge (toxicity-weighted concentration/m distance)	1.5	0.91	97	22	92
SOCIOECONOMIC INDICATORS					
Demographic Index	94%	46%	99	35%	99
Supplemental Demographic Index	44%	17%	98	14%	99
People of Color	99%	58%	94	39%	96
Low Income	89%	34%	98	31%	99
Unemployment Rate	5%	5%	59	6%	57
Limited English Speaking Households	51%	8%	98	5%	98
Less Than High School Education	57%	16%	97	12%	99
Under Age 5	10%	6%	77	6%	84
Over Age 64	13%	14%	52	17%	38
Low Life Expectancy	23%	20%	80	20%	79

\*Diesel particulate matter, air toxics cancer risk, and air toxics respiratory hazard index are from the EPA's Air Toxics Data Update, which is the Agency's ongoing, comprehensive evaluation of air toxics in the United States. This effort aims to prioritize air toxics, emission sources, and locations of interest for further study. It is important to remember that the air toxics data presented here provide broad estimates of health risks over geographic areas of the country, not definitive risks to specific individuals or locations. Cancer risks from the Air Toxics Data Update are reported to one significant figure and any additional significant figures here are due to rounding. More information on the Air Toxics Data Update can be found at: <a href="https://www.epa.gov/haps/air-toxics-data-update">https://www.epa.gov/haps/air-toxics-data-update</a>.

Sites reporting to EPA within defined area:	
Superfund	0
Hazardous Waste, Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities	0
Air Pollution	6
Brownfields	0
Toxic Release Inventory	0
-	n

Selected location contains American Indian Reservation Lands*	)
Selected location contains a "Justice40 (CEJST)" disadvantaged community Yes	
Selected location contains an EPA IRA disadvantaged community Yes	s

Other community features within defined area:	
Schools Hospitals Places of Worship	0
Other environmental data:	
Air Non-attainment	Yes

HEALTH INDICATORS						
INDICATOR	HEALTH VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE	
Low Life Expectancy	23%	20%	80	20%	79	
Heart Disease	10.6	5.9	98	6.1	98	
Asthma	11.4	9.2	96	10	85	
Cancer	4.3	5.2	32	6.1	15	
Persons with Disabilities	16.6%	12.3%	78	13.4%	73	

CLIMATE INDICATORS							
INDICATOR	HEALTH VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE		
Flood Risk	5%	10%	52	12%	41		
Wildfire Risk	0%	30%	0	14%	0		

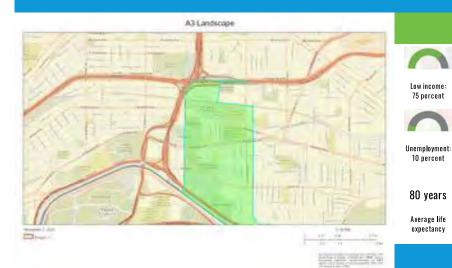
CRITICAL SERVICE GAPS						
INDICATOR	HEALTH VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE	
Broadband Internet	39%	15%	92	14%	94	
Lack of Health Insurance	45%	18%	98	9%	99	
Housing Burden	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Transportation Access	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Food Desert	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Footnotes

## **EJScreen Community Report**

This report provides environmental and socioeconomic information for user-defined areas, and combines that data into environmental justice and supplemental indexes.

## El Paso, TX



Tract: 48141003000 Population: 4,196 Area in square miles: 1.03

#### **COMMUNITY INFORMATION**



Low income:

75 percent

10 percent

80 years

Average life

expectancy





Less than high school education:





49 percent





\$10,164

Per capita

income

Male: 46 percent 28 percent

Female:





Number of

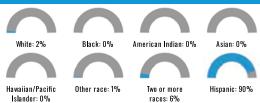
occupied: 29 percent

54 percent

### LANGUAGES SPOKEN AT HOME

LANGUAGE	PERCENT
English	12%
Spanish	87%
French, Haitian, or Cajun	1%
Total Non-English	88%

#### **BREAKDOWN BY RACE**



#### **BREAKDOWN BY AGE**

From Ages 1 to 4	12%
From Ages 1 to 18	39%
From Ages 18 and up	61%
From Ages 65 and up	14%

#### LIMITED ENGLISH SPEAKING BREAKDOWN

S	oeak Spanish	100%
S	oeak Other Indo-European Languages	0%
S	oeak Asian-Pacific Island Languages	0%
S	oeak Other Languages	0%

Notes: Numbers may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of any race. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2017-2021. Life expectancy data comes from the Centers for Disease Control.

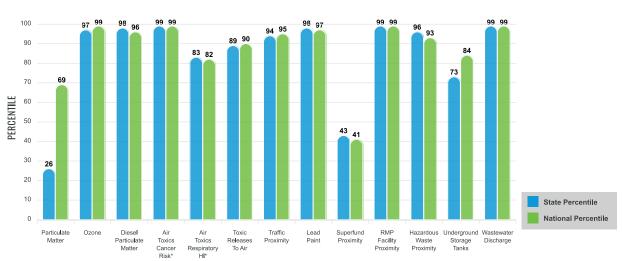
## **Environmental Justice & Supplemental Indexes**

The environmental justice and supplemental indexes are a combination of environmental and socioeconomic information. There are thirteen EJ indexes and supplemental indexes in EJScreen reflecting the 13 environmental indicators. The indexes for a selected area are compared to those for all other locations in the state or nation. For more information and calculation details on the EJ and supplemental indexes, please visit the EJScreen website.

#### **EJ INDEXES**

The EJ indexes help users screen for potential EJ concerns. To do this, the EJ index combines data on low income and people of color populations with a single environmental indicator.

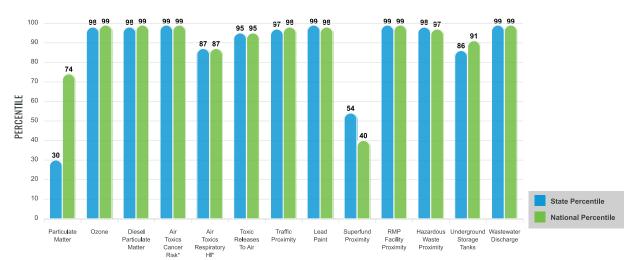
#### **EJ INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION**



#### **SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES**

The supplemental indexes offer a different perspective on community-level vulnerability. They combine data on percent low-income, percent linguistically isolated, percent less than high school education, percent unemployed, and low life expectancy with a single environmental indicator.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION



 $These \ percentiles \ provide \ perspective \ on \ how \ the \ selected \ block \ group \ or \ buffer \ area \ compares \ to \ the \ entire \ state \ or \ nation.$ 

=

SELECTED VARIABLES	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	PERCENTILE IN STATE	USA AVERAGE	PERCENTILE In USA
POLLUTION AND SOURCES					
Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	7.23	9.11	8	8.08	25
Ozone (ppb)	69.5	64.6	84	61.6	93
Diesel Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	0.346	0.218	88	0.261	76
Air Toxics Cancer Risk* (lifetime risk per million)	40	28	89	25	94
Air Toxics Respiratory HI*	0.3	0.3	29	0.31	31
Toxic Releases to Air	680	12,000	61	4,600	52
Traffic Proximity (daily traffic count/distance to road)	250	150	84	210	79
Lead Paint (% Pre-1960 Housing)	0.56	0.17	90	0.3	77
Superfund Proximity (site count/km distance)	0.015	0.085	16	0.13	10
RMP Facility Proximity (facility count/km distance)	2.1	0.63	93	0.43	96
Hazardous Waste Proximity (facility count/km distance)	1.3	0.75	82	1.9	66
Underground Storage Tanks (count/km²)	1.5	2.3	51	3.9	54
Wastewater Discharge (toxicity-weighted concentration/m distance)	1.8	0.91	98	22	93
SOCIOECONOMIC INDICATORS					
Demographic Index	86%	46%	96	35%	98
Supplemental Demographic Index	40%	17%	98	14%	98
People of Color	98%	58%	91	39%	95
Low Income	75%	34%	94	31%	96
Unemployment Rate	10%	5%	82	6%	81
Limited English Speaking Households	44%	8%	97	5%	98
Less Than High School Education	49%	16%	94	12%	98
Under Age 5	12%	6%	88	6%	92
Over Age 64	14%	14%	56	17%	42
Low Life Expectancy	18%	20%	30	20%	38

\*Diesel particulate matter, air toxics cancer risk, and air toxics respiratory hazard index are from the EPAS Air Toxics Data Update, which is the Agency's ongoing, comprehensive evaluation of air toxics in the United States. This effort aims to prioritize air toxics, emission sources, and locations of interest for further study. It is important to remember that the air toxics data greented here provide broad estimates of health risks over geographic areas of the country, not definitive risks to specific individuals or locations. Cancer risks and hazard indices from the Air Toxics Data Update are reported to one significant figure and any additional significant figure, before and they to rounding. More information on the Air Toxics Data Update are reported to one significant figure and any additional significant figure

# 

Selected location contains American Indian Reservation Lands*	No
Selected location contains a "Justice40 (CEJST)" disadvantaged community	Yes
Selected location contains an EPA IRA disadvantaged community	Yes

Other community features within defined area:				
Schools	2			
Other environmental data:				
Air Non-attainment	Yes			
Impaired Waters	Yes			

HEALTH INDICATORS					
INDICATOR	HEALTH VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE
Low Life Expectancy	18%	20%	30	20%	38
Heart Disease	9.3	5.9	95	6.1	94
Asthma	9.9	9.2	78	10	52
Cancer	4.8	5.2	44	6.1	22
Persons with Disabilities	24.8%	12.3%	96	13.4%	94

CLIMATE INDICATORS					
INDICATOR	HEALTH VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE
Flood Risk	2%	10%	30	12%	22
Wildfire Risk	0%	30%	0	14%	0

CRITICAL SERVICE GAPS					
INDICATOR	HEALTH VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE
Broadband Internet	24%	15%	77	14%	81
Lack of Health Insurance	27%	18%	79	9%	97
Housing Burden	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Transportation Access	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Food Desert	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Footnotes



## Photographs of traffic on I-110



Photo of southbound traffic on I-110 next to Zavala Elementary, Sept. 28, 2022, 8:15a MT



Photo of southbound traffic on I-110 next to Zavala Elementary/San Xavier, November 29, 2022, 2p MT

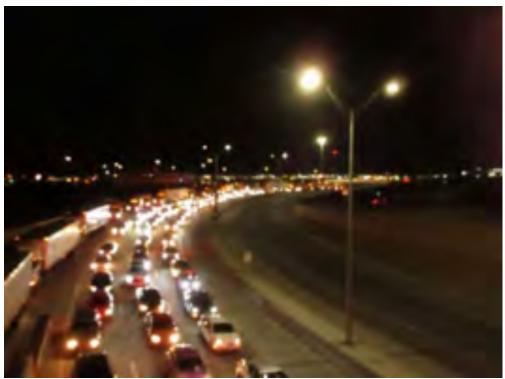


Photo of southbound traffic on I-110 next to Zavala Elementary/San Xavier, November 29, 2022, 7p MT

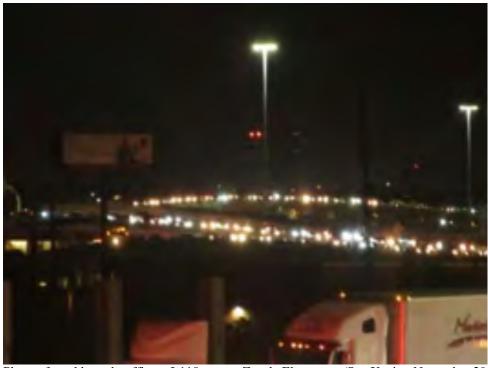


Photo of southbound traffic on I-110 next to Zavala Elementary/San Xavier, November 29, 2022, 7p MT

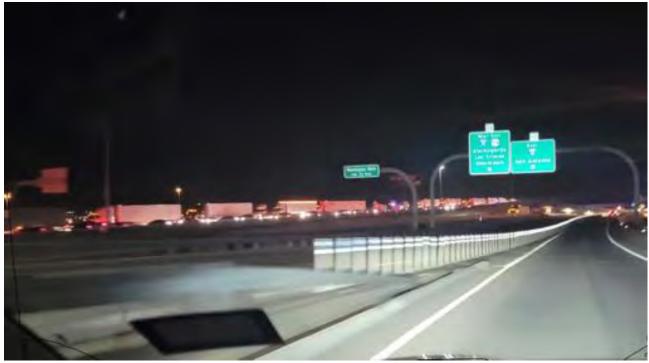


Photo of southbound traffic on I-110 next to Zavala Elementary/San Xavier, November 1, 2023, 7:50p MT

Follow













14,964 likes

therealfitfamelpaso Just happened on I-10 West right before the US-54 interchange; everyone appea... more

Screenshot of social media post on Instagram by @therealfitfamelpaso on November 3, 2023.



Photo of TxDOT traffic warning sign on I-10 West, January 21, 2023 at 2:13p MT.



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Purpo.

Good morning Aleisnden.

Before accepting any project we perform a final walk through with the contractor. We do this to assure that the forms and conditions of the contract have been met. We do not perform a walk-through of the adjacent neighborhoods as they are not part of any contract and are outside our right of way. Please let me know if you need anything else.

#### Thursts.

Timum Trevim: 13 Ppm District Luginum

From: Metandra Villareas

Sent: Foday, February 3, 2023 9:44 AM

To: Torras Terrino

Subject: RE San Knier Community

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metic Mr. Treversy

Thank you he this intermedian Administry, could you startly with osciotics if this works practice for TIDO'S to wint but to a well-timingh of the arms where construction will be taking plane, including miscord complete musto?

Alreit.

#### Alejandra Villiamnai | Comtitueni Caseworker

Office of Texas State Sunatur Cilcur J. (Kunos SDV) NAZB VILCOUNT BlvG KIZOS EL Paris: Timas 799(25) O T V F 1905) 595-5944 (LMI)

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From Turnos Travesi.

Sext: Florsday, January 31, 2021 7:85 PM

To: Alexandra Villimial

Subject: Ret San Kayler Community

HINDEWING ANUNCY

We have not consisted any new compared than the condense at the Lan lawer neighborhood, in whitein we completed many of the things we agreed to address from the resourch that we had upoken not originally. However, he makens will invaring a further assistance.

Thanks and May Sale.

Epital/Treate:

Front: Airpeich i Willetreal

Seet: Fuening himsey 31, 2023 at 24:54 FRA

For forms fresho

Subject: San Karrer Community

(No worst originated from suitable of the preparation, Do not circle links or open attachments which you recognize the window stor brows the content is calle.

Helia Mr. Travélia.

I hope your day went well. I are reaching out because we reprome messive in current the fact from we spale TXTxX information office that no complaints had been submitted from up from process by any of the community members. We are howers to receive an applicable if mis information or thing changed since say of 2022. Any information or institutional you may provide on this market is governy appreciated.

Plant lit will know if you have are quiet only. What followed to heaving from you.

Slept.

Alejandra Villarreal Constituent Caseworker

OfFice of Texas State Sensor Cesar J. Blanco -SD29 9440 Viscount Blvd, #265 El Paso, Texas 79925

O: (\*115) 255-255 (F: (915) 595-5944 (M: ()) ) [ ] ] - | mil

Madella Villaga Licenser de las pro-

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billion LNNY Contractivities. This electrons recogn and my accompanying the moment are immeded onto the use of the individual or entiry to which it is addressed. This message may contain beforeagon which is privilegeal, confidently and exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If you are not the intended recipient, in the employer or again responsible for deforming the message in the immeded recipient, you are hearty profited that any discentisative, distribution or copying of this communication is strong prohibition. If you have treated this communication in article plants and parameters of this communication and the contraction is after the above and parameters that this contract out any obtained from your great.

#### [EXTERNAL EMAIL] TxDOT Public Records Request :: R028058-062823

#### TxDOT Records Request Center <txdot@govqa.us>

Fri 8/4/2023 6:06 PM

To:Veronica Carbajal(ELP) <vcarbajal@trla.org>

--- Please respond above this line ---



RE: PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST of June 28, 2023, Reference # R028058-062823.

RE: PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST of June 28, 2023, Reference # R028058-062823.

Good afternoon Ms. Carbajal,

TxDOT received a public information request from you on June 28, 2023. Your request mentioned:

"We are requesting the following documents related only to TXDOT's I-10 Connect Project (I-10 Connect) in El Paso, Texas.

TRLA is a 501c3 that provides free legal services to low-income Texans, in this case, residents of the San Xavier community. On behalf of our clients, we request a waiver of all fees and charges and/or a discount pursuant to TPIA § 552.267 and 43 TAC § 3.13 (b).

- 1. Names of contractors and point of contact.
- 2. Name of designer (s).
- 3. Drainage analysis that demonstrates the flow of rainwater before and after I-10 Connect was completed.
- 4. Geotechnical, site geology, and potholing evaluations.
- 5. Pre-assessment of the residential structures within a .5 mile of any of the construction.
- 6. Traffic studies/modeling related to the flow of traffic from East Paisano Drive to East San Antonio Street and back to East Paisano Drive.
- 7. Traffic studies/modeling related to the traffic expected to use I-10 Connect South, heading into Mexico once it was completed.
- 8. TXDOT's contracts for the I-10 Connect Project from 2016 to the present day.
- 9. Construction drawings.
- 10. Specification book.
- 11. Scope of work.
- 12. Field change orders.
- 13. Plans for the project at 30%.
- 14. Plans for the project at 90%.
- 15. Progress reports.
- 16. Notes from weekly meetings with the contractor.
- 17. A list of the heavy equipment that was used, identified by make and model.
- 18. Guidelines and/or limitations and/or precautions given by TXDOT to the contractor related to the use of heavy equipment within 30-50 feet of residential structures.

- 19. Vibration readings and measurements taken during the construction.
- 20. Noise readings taken during the construction.
- 21. Photographs of the construction.
- 22. Analysis and/or complaints of the cut through rate and deposits of debris at East San Antonio Street.
- 23. Complaints by other government entities, including the City of El Paso, El Paso Water Utility, and Texas Gas, EPISD.
- 24. Reports of damage to City of El Paso owned infrastructure, including but not limited to streets, sidewalks, water lines, sewage lines, and gas lines.

Thank you,

**Verónica Carbajal** 

Attorney

**Group Coordinator: Community Preservation & Empowerment** 

**Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc.** 

1331 Texas Ave. El Paso, TX 79901

Direct Tel.: (915) 585-5107"

We are in receipt of your final payment of \$531.00.

TxDOT has reviewed its files and has located responsive records to your request. Regarding items #5, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22 and 24, we do not have documents in response.

Please log in to TxDOT Records Request Center to retrieve the appropriate responsive documents.

Public Records Request - R028058-062823

If you have any questions, please contact me at (915) 790-4207.

If you need any additional information, please submit a new request.

Your request is now closed.

Thank you,

Susan Ryde Open Records Coordinator El Paso District

To monitor the progress or update this request please log into the <u>TxDOT Records Request Center</u>



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## **EXHIBIT B**

www.nature.com/jes



#### **ORIGINAL ARTICLE**

### Ultrafine particle levels at an international port of entry between the US and Mexico: Exposure implications for users, workers, and neighbors

Hector A. Olvera<sup>1</sup>, Mario Lopez<sup>2</sup>, Veronica Guerrero<sup>3</sup>, Humberto Garcia<sup>4</sup> and Wen-Whai Li<sup>5</sup>

Exposure to diesel-emitted particles has been linked to increased cancer risk and cardiopulmonary diseases. Because of their size ( $<100\,\mathrm{nm}$ ), exposure to ultrafine particles (UFPs) emitted from heavy-duty diesel vehicles (HDDV) might result in greater health risks than those associated with larger particles. Seasonal UFP levels at the International Bridge of the Americas, which connects the US and Mexico and has high HDDV traffic demands, were characterized. Hourly average UFP concentrations ranged between  $1.7 \times 10^3/\mathrm{cc}$  and  $2.9 \times 10^5/\mathrm{cc}$  with a mean of  $3.5 \times 10^4/\mathrm{cc}$ . Wind speeds  $<2\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$  and temperatures  $<15\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  were associated with particle number concentrations above normal conditions. The presence of HDDV had the strongest impact on local UFP levels. Varying particle size distributions were associated with south- and northbound HDDV traffic. Peak exposure occurred on weekday afternoons. Although in winter, high exposure episodes were also observed in the morning. Particle number concentrations were estimated to reach background levels at 400 m away from traffic. The populations exposed to UFP above background levels include law enforcement officers, street vendors, private commuters, and commercial vehicle drivers as well as neighbors on both sides of the border, including a church and several schools.

Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology (2013) 23, 289-298; doi:10.1038/jes.2012.119; published online 16 January 2013

Keywords: US-Mexico border crossing; nanoparticles; heavy duty; diesel; gasoline; principal component analysis

#### INTRODUCTION

Exposure to diesel-emitted particles has been linked to pulmonary inflammation, increased susceptibility to respiratory infections, chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases, exacerbation of asthma, and increased risk of cancer.<sup>1–11</sup> In this regard, the US Environmental Protection Agency has diesel-emitted particles listed as a likely carcinogen, while the World Health Organization considers dieselengine exhaust carcinogenic.<sup>12–14</sup> Although, diesel-emitted particles denote particles of all sizes, there is reason to believe that exposure to ultrafine particles (UFPs) emitted from heavy-duty diesel vehicles (HDDV) might result in higher health risks than those associated with coarser particles.<sup>15–17</sup> Because of their small size (<100 nm), UFP can evade human defense mechanisms, penetrate deep into the body, reach the bloodstream, and be distributed to potentially sensitive sites, such as bone marrow, lymph nodes, spleen, and heart.<sup>18–22</sup> Particularly, UFP have been shown to impact the cardiovascular, pulmonary, and central nervous systems, even more so in compromised individuals.<sup>15,23–25</sup>

Accurate characterizations of exposure conditions at both occupational and urban environments are necessary for the advancement of UFP health risk assessments. Particularly critical is the identification of settings of exposure of large populations to extreme UFP levels. Such scenarios are plausible in close proximity to dense traffic conditions. Especially near dense HDDV traffic as UFP emissions from these vehicles have been observed to be considerably greater than from light-duty gasoline vehicles.<sup>26</sup> The International Bridge of the Americas (BOTA), as one of the busiest

ports of entry between US and Mexico, has an elevated traffic demand and stringent security inspections, which result in long queues of idling vehicles on both sides of the border. A peculiarity of the BOTA, as compared with other ports of entry on the US/Mexico border, is that it has the largest combined traffic demand of privately owned (mostly light-duty gasoline) and commercially operated (mostly HDDV) vehicles.<sup>27</sup> The combined traffic conditions at the BOTA are expected to induce UFP exposure on large numbers of private commuters and law enforcement officers. Furthermore, exposure to combined gasoline and diesel-engine emissions might produce amplified impacts to the cardiovascular system as compared with gasoline or diesel only exposures.<sup>28–30</sup>

In this study, UFP number concentrations at the BOTA were characterized. Specifically, the temporal variations of particle number concentrations (PNCs) and their associations with traffic and meteorological conditions were assessed, and exposure scenarios and populations at risk identified. Also, the specific size fractions associated with HDDV traffic were determined. The measurements for this study were performed as part of a comprehensive air quality characterization at the BOTA.<sup>31</sup>

#### **MATERIALS AND METHODS**

Study Site

The BOTA is located near the geographic center of the border separating the El Paso, Texas, USA and Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico urban

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Hispanic Health Disparities Research Center, Center for Environmental Resource Management, University of Texas at El Paso, El Paso, TX, USA; <sup>2</sup>Civil Engineering Department, University of Texas at El Paso, El Paso, TX, USA; <sup>3</sup>University of Texas at El Paso, Civil Engineering Department, El Paso, TX, USA; <sup>4</sup>Instituto Tecnologico de Estudios Superiores de Monterrey, Ciudad Juarez, Mexico and <sup>5</sup>University of Texas at El Paso, Civil Engineering Department, El Paso, TX, USA. Correspondence: Dr Hector A. Olvera, Hispanic Health Disparities Research Center, Center for Environmental Resource Management, University of Texas at El Paso, 500 University Avenue, El Paso, TX 79968, USA. Tel: +1 915 747 6518; Fax: +1 915 747 5145.



region (Figure 1a). Customs and immigration inspection areas as well as administrative offices are located at both the US and Mexican sides of the BOTA (Figure 1b). Five additional ports of entry operate within the urban region. The BOTA traffic demands of both commercial and private vehicles account for > 50% of the regional total.<sup>27</sup> It has been reported that 89% of the northbound commercial vehicle fleet at the bridge is composed of HDDV, whereas private traffic is mostly composed of light-duty gasoline-fueled vehicles.<sup>32</sup> Considering that traffic is mostly composed of local commuters and drayage trucks, similar traffic fleet characteristics are expected for both north- and southbound traffic. The bridge is permanently open to private vehicle and pedestrian traffic. Northbound commercial traffic services are limited to 0600 hours to 1800 hours from Monday to Friday and from 0600 hours to 1400 hours on Saturdays. Southbound commercial lanes are open from 0800 hours to 2100 hours on weekdays and Saturdays. The bridge is closed for commercial traffic on Sundays.

#### Study Period

Four measurement campaigns were conducted between December 2008 and September 2009. Each campaign lasted 2 weeks. The seasonal 2-week monitoring scheme has been shown to produce good estimates of annual averages for urban air pollutants.<sup>33–35</sup> The monitoring dates and corresponding meteorological variables are listed in Table 1.

#### Measurement Equipment

The monitoring site was located within a storm pumping station operated by the El Paso Water Utilities, at approximately 30 m from the traffic centerline and 80 m from the US customs inspection station (Figure 1b). Particle size distributions and number concentrations were measured with a Scanning Mobility Particle Sizer (SMPS) Model 3936-L75 (TSI, Shoreham, MN, USA) and an Aerodynamic Particle Sizer (APS) Model 3321 (TSI, Shoreham, MN, USA). The SMPS produced size distributions composed of 102 size bins for particle diameters between 6 nm and 225 nm. The APS produced size distributions composed of 52 size bins for particle diameters between 500 nm and 20  $\mu$ m. The SMPS scan time was 120 s with a retrace of 30 s performed at 10-min intervals. The APS produced real-time measurements for 2 min at 10-min intervals. The instruments operated continuously during the measurement campaigns and were stopped periodically for quick maintenance (e.g., nozzle and impactor cleaning).

Meteorological information recorded at a monitoring station (CAMS 41) located approximately 400 m ( ~ 1/4 mile) from the BOTA was obtained from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality website. Wind speed and direction were also measured on site with a portable AutoMet Model 466A (MetOne Instruments, Grants Pass, OR, USA). Yearly northbound traffic data were obtained from the University of Texas at El Paso Border Modeling Database. Daytime hourly crossing rates for both north- and southbound traffic were determined via manual counts from video recordings performed during 4 days per monitoring campaign. Nighttime crossing rates were not determined. Reduced video quality during the nighttime hours impeded identification of crossing vehicles. Furthermore, traffic queues were short during nighttime hours and were outside the recording angle. Video recordings did not include the area near inspection stations for security purposes.

#### Data Analysis

PNCs are reported in number of particles per cubic centimeter (No./cc). PNCs were processed as both 10-minute and 1-h averages. Some analyses were performed exclusively for downwind or upwind conditions relative to traffic. Traffic queues near the monitoring site are approximately parallel to the north–south orientation as shown in Figure 2b, allowing downwind conditions to be defined by an east wind direction (90° ±45°) and upwind conditions by a west wind direction (270° ±45°). The Pearson correlation coefficient was used to evaluate associations between variables. Time-dependent graphs were used to study pollutant peaks and diurnal trends. Principal component analysis was used to synthetize the 154-bin size-resolved particle data set into a reduced set of variables (principal components (PCs)) that capture independent variation between particle size ranges. The PCs were subsequently used to study the associations between specific particle size distributions, traffic, and meteorological variables. The analysis was done on the *varimax* rotated matrix.

#### Quality Assurance

The SMPS and the APS were calibrated by the manufacturer previous to the start of the study. Sampling flows and equipment performance parameters (e.g., voltage and laser intensity) were checked on a daily basis. The SMPS inlet impactor and the APS inlet nozzles were cleaned on a daily basis. Data was corrected for diffusion losses inside the SMPS by the instrument software.<sup>37</sup>

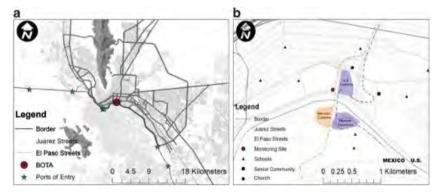


Figure 1. Study site; (a) El Paso regional map with shaded areas representing mountains, (b) study site at the International Bridge of the Americas, with arrows indicating commercial traffic routes and shaded areas indicating inspection areas.

Campaign	Start date	End date	Wind speed <sup>a</sup>		Wind d	irection <sup>b</sup>	Temperature <sup>a</sup>	Relative humidity <sup>a</sup>	
			$(m s^{-1})$	North	East	South	West	(°C)	(%)
Winter	5-Dec-08	19-Dec-08	1.5 (1.4)	16.9	23.7	46.8	12.6	10.3 (5.0)	26.2 (6.5)
Spring	6-Mar-09	21-Mar-09	2.1 (1.1)	11.9	32.2	10.7	45.2	16.7 (6.1)	25.5 (10.6)
Summer	26-May-09	11-Jun-09	2.4 (1.1)	10.4	15.5	6.7	67.4	26.7 (4.3)	33.2 (9.5)
Fall	29-Aug-09	14-Sep-09	2.2 (1.1)	22.8	43.8	13.9	19.5	25.4 (4.5)	40.7 (16.7)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Average for period (SD).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Percentage of seasonal measurements.

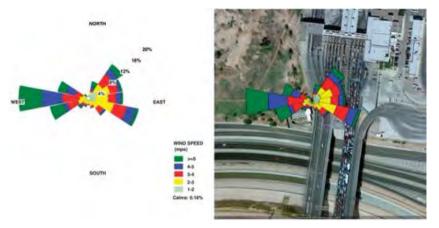
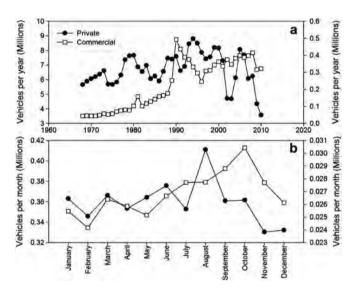


Figure 2. Wind distribution during the study; (left) wind rose, (right) wind rose over study site.

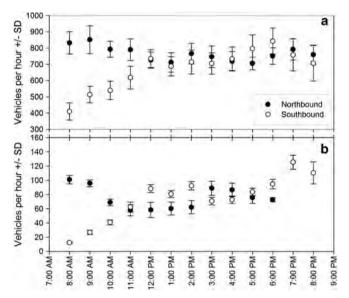


**Figure 3.** Northbound traffic; (a) yearly crossing rates, (b) monthly crossing rates. Private traffic is plotted on right axis and commercial traffic on left axis.

#### **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

Traffic Characteristics

In 2009, the total northbound crossings at the BOTA were 4.7 million vehicles, of which 7.3% were commercial vehicles (Figure 3a). Ten years before, in 1999, the total northbound crossings were 8.5 million vehicles, of which 4.2% were commercial vehicles. The decrease of private vehicle crossings during the 10-year period was 45%, compared with a 4% decrease of commercial vehicles. Private traffic crossing rates decreased after 2001, coinciding with the implementation of stringent security measures by US law enforcement agencies. Private crossings increased after 2003 but decreased considerably again after 2008. Commercial traffic increased gradually from the mid 1990s until a noticeable decrease also in 2008. The 2008 total traffic decrease coincides with the start of a national economic recession, which impacted the region's industry and commercial activity. Figure 3b shows the monthly northbound crossing rates for 2009. During that year, private traffic crossing rates were highest in August and lowest in November. Commercial traffic was lowest in February, increased gradually from June to October, and decreased afterwards. The percentage of total crossings represented by commercial vehicles was lowest in



**Figure 4.** Hourly vehicle crossing rates; (a) private traffic, (b) commercial traffic.

August (6.6%) and highest in October (8.3%). Future traffic trends at the BOTA cannot be determined from these results. Still, based on the substantial industrial activity of the region, elevated commercial traffic demands can be reasonably expected at the BOTA in the upcoming years.

Daytime hourly crossing rates by vehicle type and traffic direction are presented in Figure 4. Northbound private traffic was highest in the morning at around 0900 hours and remained above 700 vehicles per hour during the day. Southbound private traffic crossing rates increased from 0800 hours to 1200 hours and varied minimally until peaking at 1800 hours. South- and northbound private vehicle crossing rates were comparable between 1200 hours and 1600 hours. However, due to stringent inspections by US customs, northbound private traffic queues were constantly present, whereas southbound traffic moved rapidly and queue formation was intermittently observed. During daytime hours, routine inspections of southbound traffic by US law enforcement officials were observed to induced traffic queues towards the north of the study site. Private traffic weekend patterns were similar to those observed during weekdays, with the exception that on weekends northbound private traffic peaked in the afternoon at later hours than on weekdays.

Commercial northbound traffic crossing rates peaked at 0800 hours and again at 1500 hours. Southbound commercial traffic crossing rates increased from 0800 hours to 1200 hours and peaked in the afternoon at 1900 hours. During weekdays, long southbound queues were common between 1700 hours and 1900 hours.

#### **UFP** Levels

Total PNC represents the measured size range between 6 nm and  $20 \,\mu\text{m}$ . The UFP range (<100 nm) represented 93.9% (SD 5.4) of the total particle concentrations. The hourly average PNC at the BOTA ranged between  $1.7 \times 10^3$ /cc and  $2.9 \times 10^5$ /cc with a mean of  $3.5 \times 10^4$ /cc (SD  $3.5 \times 10^4$ ). Seasonal and daily PNC variations are presented in Figure 5. Seasonally, particle concentrations were highest in winter and lowest in summer independent of wind direction (Figure 5a). Stable atmospheric conditions, common in winter, have been shown to inhibit dilution and affect the particle concentration gradients away from traffic.<sup>38</sup> During the week, PNC peaked on Wednesdays, with comparable levels observed on Thursdays and Fridays. The lowest concentrations were observed on Sundays (Figure 5b). Bearing in mind that PNCs are strongly influenced by nearby sources,<sup>39</sup> and that commercial traffic was absent on Sundays when lowest concentrations were observed, PNC appears to be strongly associated with commercial traffic.

Hourly PNC variations by season are shown in Figure 6. Overall, during weekdays, the average PNC increased rapidly in the morning between 1700 hours and 1900 hours (Figure 6). During the day, the overall averaged PNC varied minimally and peaked above  $5 \times 10^4$ /cc at 1800 hours. During winter, the hourly PNC variation had clear morning (0800 hours) and evening (1800 hours) peaks above  $7 \times 10^4$ /cc. During spring, the morning and evening peaks were also observed but at lower concentrations. The hourly variations during the fall were comparable with the overall average. The summer PNC was consistently lower than the overall average.

The local background PNC was estimated as the average number concentration between 0200 hours and 0300 hours under upwind conditions. Local background estimates were considered a good approximation of actual values considering that: (a) between 0200 hours and 0300 hours traffic was minimal or absent, (b) the BOTA is mostly surrounded by parks, (c) the nearest major highway is more than a 1.3 km away, and (d) contributions from other sources are unlikely as UFP levels decay sharply away from sources.<sup>40</sup> During the study, the estimated local background levels averaged  $1.0 \times 10^4$ /cc. Background levels varied minimally by season ranging between  $1.3 \times 10^4/\text{cc}$  and  $0.9 \times 10^4/\text{cc}$ , with the highest level observed in winter and lowest in fall (Figure 6). Figure 7 shows the hourly variations of PNC categorized by meteorological parameters. The impact of meteorology on PNC levels between 0200 hours and 0300 hours was minimal (Figure 7). Wind direction had the smallest effect on nighttime PNC, confirming the absence of a meaningful source at that time (Figure 7b).

#### Wind Effects

During this study, downwind and upwind conditions represented 31.8% and 33.4% of the measurements, respectively (Figure 2). Calm conditions were observed during 0.18% of the measurements. High wind speeds were predominately associated with upwind conditions. Both wind speed and wind direction impacted PNC (Figure 7). As shown on Figure 2b, most particle measurements under downwind conditions (90° ± 45°) would be associated with emissions from vehicles in the north end of the BOTA, rather than those in the gueue towards the south. Considering the low frequency of winds from the south and the minimal percentage of calm conditions (0.18%), the impact of gueue length on the measurements was considered minimal. Wind speeds <2 m/s were associated with PNC above the average (Figure 7a). Expectedly, PNC were lowest under upwind conditions (west) and highest under downwind conditions (east) as shown in Figure 7b. To isolate the effects of wind speed from the effects of traffic, PNC averages were calculated for categorized wind direction and time period as shown in Figure 8. The daytime period was selected based on the presence of traffic (0600 hours-0900 hours) while the nighttime period included the complementary hours. Independent of wind direction and the presence of traffic, PNC decreased as wind speed increased (Figure 8). Between 2005 and 2009, the wind speed measured near the BOTA at CAMS 41 was <2 m/s during 36% of the time.

#### **Temperature Effects**

Previous studies have shown that ambient temperature affects particle concentrations. 41,42 During the study, ambient temperature varied between  $-1 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (30 F) and 35  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (95.5 F). Temperature impacted PNC considerably as shown in Figure 7c.

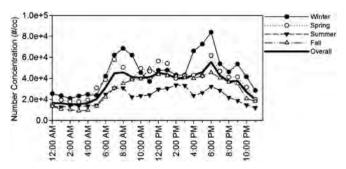


Figure 6. Hourly variation of particle number concentration by

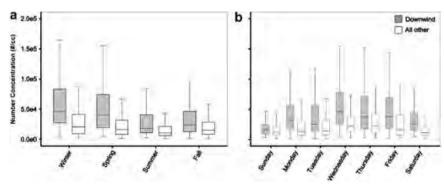


Figure 5. Temporal variation of particle number concentrations; (a) by season, (b) by day.

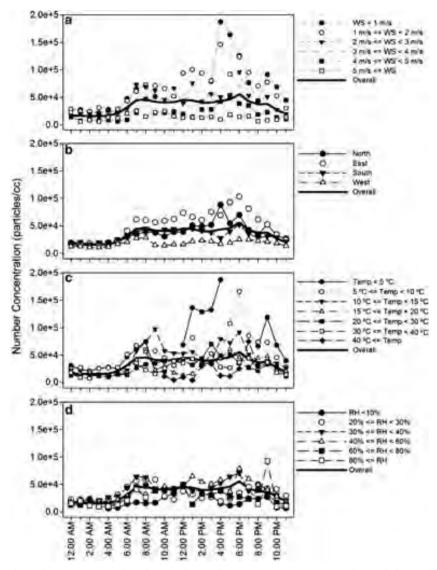


Figure 7. Impact of meteorological parameters on hourly particle number concentrations; (a) wind speed, (b) wind direction, (c) temperature, and (d) relative humidity.

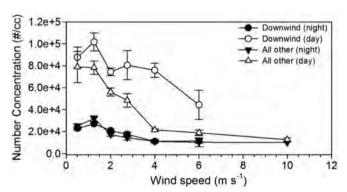


Figure 8. Wind effect on particle number concentrations.

Temperatures  $<15\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $\sim60\,\text{F}$ ) were usually associated with PNC above the average. The impact of temperature on PNC was comparable with that of wind speed, whereas relative humidity had a reduced impact on PNC (Figure 7d). Figure 9a shows the temperature variation by hour and season. The consistent diurnal

temperature pattern across seasons facilitated the standardization of PNC by time segment and the isolation of the temperature effect on PNC (Figure 9b). The standardization consisted of subtracting the averaged PNC, for a specific time segment, from each PNC value and dividing over the corresponding SD. Hourly standardized PNC averages were categorized by temperature range as shown in Figure 9b. Again, a PNC above the mean was associated with temperatures <15 °C. Particle concentrations increase sharply as temperature decreases <15 °C but vary slightly at higher temperatures. It has been suggested that lower exhaust temperatures favor new particle formation particularly in the nuclei mode  $(<40\,\mathrm{nm})$ . Also low ambient temperatures have been observed to inhibit particle agglomeration and limit the decay of the particle plume.<sup>42</sup> Furthermore, stable atmospheric conditions common during colder periods dampen dilution and extend the concentration gradients away from traffic. The temperature effect explains the higher averaged PNC observed in winter (Figure 5a). Between 2005 and 2009, the temperature at CAMS 41 was <15 °C during 42% of the time, but mostly during nighttime hours. During daytime hours, the temperature was < 15 °C during 15% of the time.



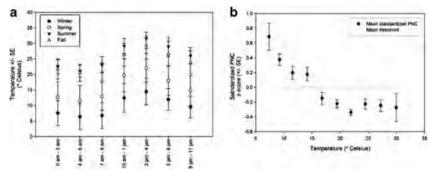


Figure 9. Temperature effect on particle number concentrations; (a) diurnal temperature profile, (b) standardized PNC summarized by temperature category.

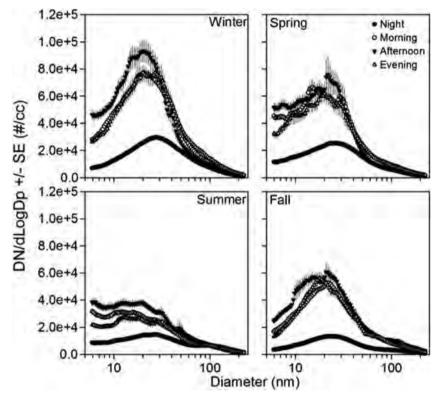


Figure 10. Average particle size distributions by season and diurnal time periods.

#### Particle Size Distributions

The average size distributions shown in Figure 10 were obtained by averaging PNCs by size bin for the respective time periods. The size distributions reflect the seasonal variation already observed in Figure 5a, with highest levels observed in winter and lowest in summer. Overall the size distributions had one distinct mode with geometric mean diameter ranging between 15 nm and 30 nm. Single-mode size distributions were consistent throughout the year. The size distribution during nighttime hours was comparable among seasons, suggesting a minimal impact of traffic at this time. Within each season, the size distribution change minimally throughout the day. Between seasons, the size distributions had some noticeable differences. The size distributions in the spring and summer show higher fractions of the smallest particles (<15 nm). Such increase was more pronounced in the summer. This could be attributed to vehicle fleet characteristics as the percentage of commercial vehicles varied by season as previously discussed (Figure 3b). Also a decreased rate of coagulation due to a smaller particle size difference could have influenced the higher fraction of the smallest particles. 43,44 Considering the average temperature and humidity values presented in Table 1, the seasonal size distribution variation shown in Figure 10 agrees with the impacts of humidity and temperature on size distributions assessed by Zhu et al. 45 in Los Angeles. However, because humidity is predominately lower in the semi-arid climate of El Paso, in this study temperature had a greater impact on particle size distributions, as compared with humidity in Los Angeles where the climate is sub-tropical.

#### Traffic Effects

The impact of diesel *versus* gasoline traffic was evaluated by studying the mean differences of PNCs between weekdays and Sundays. The comparisons were reasonable, because on Sundays commercial traffic was absent and private traffic patterns were similar to those observed on weekdays. The daily variation shown in Figure 5b illustrates the considerable drop of PNCs on Sundays as compared with weekdays. Averaged particle concentrations for



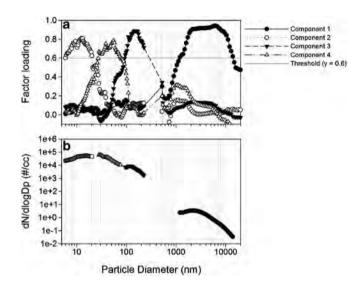
Table 2.	2. Principal component analysis of the size-resolv	ved particle number concentrations.
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Component		Initial Eigenvalues	5	Rotation sums of squared loadings					
	Total % of variance		Cumulative %	Total	% of variance	Cumulative %			
1	65.9	72.8	42.8	34.6	22.4	22.4			
2	32.9	21.3	64.2	33.0	21.4	43.9			
3	15.3	10.0	74.1	27.7	18.0	61.9			
4	8.3	5.4	79.5	27.1	17.6	79.5			

weekdays and Sundays were 39,217/cc and 17,363/cc, respectively. For daytime hours (0600 hours–2100 hours), when commercial traffic is present during weekdays, averaged particle concentrations for weekdays and Sundays were 49,217/cc and 17,699/cc, respectively. The ratio of average PNC over local background levels for weekdays and Sundays were 4.8 and 1.7, respectively. Considering the independent increase of PNCs above local background levels (10,362/cc) induced by the presence of each type of traffic, the impact of commercial traffic is 4.3 times greater than that of private traffic. Exposure to UFP at the BOTA is considerably higher when commercial traffic is present.

By means of principal component analysis, the data set composed of 154 size bins was reduced to four PCs that explained 79.5% of the variability (Table 2). The factor loads and the reconstructed particle size distributions are shown in Figure 11. The factor loads represent the correlation between each variable (size bin) and the corresponding component. The size distributions associated with each PC were reconstructed by multiplying factor loads > 0.6 by the SD of the PNC of the corresponding size bin.<sup>46</sup> The PCs are ordered by percentage of explained variation according to statistical convention (see Table 2). Based on the reconstructed size distributions, the four components approximate nucleation (PC2; from 6 nm to 30 nm), ultrafine (PC4; from 15 nm to 100 nm), accumulation (PC3; from 50 nm to 450 nm), and fine (PC1; from 800 nm to 20  $\mu$ m) particle size ranges (Figure 11b). The gaps between the four size distributions in Figure 11b represent the particle sizes that did not correlate strongly (load < 0.6) with any component or were due to a measurement gap between 225 nm and 500 nm associated with the instrument's detection limits. To determine the temporal variation of the components, factor scores were estimated using a linear regression approach.<sup>47</sup> PC2 and PC4 cover the size range of the size distributions shown in Figure 10. By definition PCs are independent of each other. The principal component analysis captured the independent temporal variation of the particle size ranges represented by each component. Therefore, the independence of PC2 and PC4 suggests that UFPs might have been affected by two or more distinctive sources and/or physical phenomena during the study. Identifying the source of this distinctive variation is relevant if exposure reduction is to be undertaken via emission reduction strategies.

To further investigate the associations of the PCs against traffic, each component was characterized by averaging all measured values of a specific variable (e.g., traffic, number concentration) for which the factor score was above its 90th percentile and then normalizing by the overall average of that variable (see Table 3). Within each column, the variable with the highest value was considered to have the best association with the corresponding component. Southbound private traffic showed a slight association with both PC2 and PC4 components. Note that the lack of association of northbound private traffic with the PCs indicates that vehicle-crossing rates were not a proper surrogate of private vehicle emissions rather than the lack of an actual physical association. Northbound private vehicle crossings had minimal variation during daytime hours when heavy traffic was constantly present at the BOTA. Total commercial traffic



**Figure 11.** Size distributions of principal components; (a) factor loads, (b) reconstructed size distributions.

associated with all for components but more strongly with PC2, which represents particles in the nuclei size range. The association of northbound commercial traffic with PC2 was also strong, whereas southbound commercial traffic associated strongly with PC4. Overall, the results indicate that PNCs at the BOTA are strongly associated with the presence of commercial traffic. However, it appears that emissions from northbound commercial traffic specifically have a strong and distinctive impact on number concentrations of the smallest particles. Distinctive UFP emission characteristics between commercial traffic might be associated with the vehicle load. Northbound commercial vehicles haul loaded trailers while southbound vehicles bring back a greater number of empty trailers.<sup>32</sup>

Table 4 shows reported PNCs near dense traffic conditions in other US cities. Average particle concentrations at the BOTA were lower than those observed near two major highways in Los Angeles, CA. 40,48 The distances between the monitoring sites and traffic were comparable between most studies ( $\sim 30 \, \text{m}$ ). Traffic flows at the BOTA were at least eight times less than the 12,000 vehicles per hour observed in Los Angeles. 40,48 However, PNCs at the BOTA were 4-5 times less than those observed in Los Angeles. Note that the water-based particle counters without a sheath flow design, as those used in Los Angeles, have been shown to underestimate vehicle-emitted PNCs, particularly for particles < 20 nm. <sup>49</sup> In Los Angeles, higher relative humidity was associated with higher PNCs. 45 Also, traffic speeds were considerably distinct between studies. A drop in UFP concentrations with traffic slowdown conditions, indicating that fewer UFPs are emitted under such conditions, have been previously reported.<sup>40</sup> Specifically, higher particle number emission rates from diesel engines under cruise driving cycles as compared with idling conditions have been measured.<sup>50</sup> The driving cycles at the BOTA are mostly under idling and creep idling (<5 mph) conditions.<sup>3</sup>



 Table 3. Associations of principal components with traffic and particle concentrations.

		Private traffic			Commercial traffic					
	Total	Northbound	Southbound	Total	Northbound	Southbound	TNC			
PC1 PC2 PC3 PC4	$0.92 \pm 0.05$ $1.05 \pm 0.04$ $1.04 \pm 0.06$ $1.08 \pm 0.05$	$1.00 \pm 0.064$ $0.99 \pm 0.042$ $1.03 \pm 0.078$ $1.03 \pm 0.063$	$0.81 \pm 0.101$ $1.13 \pm 0.081$ $1.06 \pm 0.085$ $1.13 \pm 0.092$	$1.20 \pm 0.207$ $1.46 \pm 0.163$ $1.21 \pm 0.153$ $1.34 \pm 0.205$	$1.08 \pm 0.236$ $1.38 \pm 0.183$ $0.95 \pm 0.177$ $1.11 \pm 0.238$	$1.03 \pm 0.127$ $1.13 \pm 0.122$ $0.96 \pm 0.135$ $1.32 \pm 0.194$	1.19 ± 0.20 3.03 ± 0.23 1.89 ± 0.25 2.67 ± 0.20			

Table 4.         Reported ultrafine particle concentrations near traffic.											
Location	Site description	TNC (#/cc)	Size range	Distance	Source						
El Paso, TX	BOTA	3.50E + 04	6 nm–20 μm	30 m	This study						
Los Angeles, CA	Interstate highway	1.5E + 05	6–220 nm	30 m	Zhu et al., 2002 <sup>40</sup>						
El Paso, TX	BOTA	1.40E + 04	20–100 nm	1000 m	Noble et al., 2003 <sup>55</sup>						
Cincinnati, OH	Interstate highway	3.20E + 04	20-1000 nm	80 m	Reponen et al., 2003 <sup>56</sup>						
Los Angeles, CA	Interstate highway	1.6E + 05	6–220 nm	30 m	Zhu et al., 2002 <sup>48</sup>						
Austin, TX	Interstate highway	1.20E + 05	6–300 nm	30 m	Zhu et al., 2007 <sup>51</sup>						
Beeville, TX	Inside moving vehicle	3.40E + 04	7.6-289 nm	On vehicle	Zhang et al., 2010 <sup>57</sup>						

Furthermore, at the BOTA the commercial vehicle fleet is mostly composed of older models used exclusively for drayage transport between Juarez and El Paso. 32 Differences between PNCs and traffic flows measured at the BOTA and the highways in Los Angeles might be associated with distinctive traffic flows, driving conditions, fleet characteristics, and ambient conditions between studies.

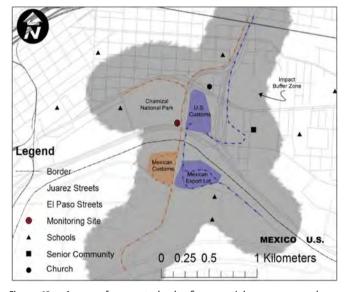
#### Local Impact

The customs and immigration workforce might be at highest risk as their occupational exposure extends through their work shifts, which have been reported to commonly exceed 12 h. The UFP concentrations observed at the monitoring site are a conservative estimate of the exposure levels expected at the inspection areas, which are closer to traffic. Higher exposure is expected at the commercial traffic inspection areas on both sides of the border. Private vehicle crossing times commonly extend beyond an hour. Commuters driving with open windows would be exposed to incabin levels at least as high as those observed at the monitoring site. Lower in-cabin exposures would be expected for those commuters driving with close windows. The filtering efficiency for UFPs of vehicle air conditioning fans has been observed to be approximately 50% and increased to 85% when operated in recirculation mode.<sup>51</sup> Because north- and southbound sidewalks are closest (<10 m) to commercial traffic lanes and particle concentrations increase exponentially near traffic,<sup>40</sup> pedestrian commuters might be exposed to particle levels considerably greater than those observed during this study. In 2009, northbound pedestrian crossings were above 2500 per day. Furthermore, street vendors might be exposed to the highest levels as they usually move in between vehicles in close proximity to vehicle exhaust systems.

Peak 10-minute exposures at the BOTA were observed above  $7.0 \times 10^5$ /cc, which are comparable to the peak exposures above  $5.0 \times 10^5$ /cc reported in settings where soldering, welding, and plasma-spraying processes occurred. <sup>52–54</sup> The health impact of severe acute exposure to UFP levels remains undetermined. Still peak UFP exposures near dense urban traffic at the BOTA are comparable with the severest occupational exposures.

#### Neighborhood Impact

Ambient UFP levels measured in 1999 at CAMS 41, which is located approximately 400 m away from the BOTA, were of



**Figure 12.** Areas of expected ultrafine particle exposure above background levels.

14,600/cc.<sup>55</sup> Supplemental, daytime measurements were performed from August 14 through August 16, 2012 at CAMS 41. The hourly PNC averages ranged between  $0.7 \times 10^4/\text{cc}$  and  $1.7 \times 10^4$ /cc, and averaged  $1.2 \times 10^4$ /cc. The averaged PNC under upwind conditions, which constituted 67% of the measurements, was  $1.1 \times 10^4$ /cc. The daytime UFP concentrations are in the same range as that of the estimated local background levels and are comparable with the values measured at this site in 1999. Considering that traffic was and still is the major source of UFP near the BOTA, that PNC subside rapidly in short distances from dense traffic, 40 and that background concentrations are not expected to vary drastically over time, the concentrations observed at CAMS 41 in 1999 are considered to be close to the local background. In this regard, UFP exposures above background levels can be realistically expected within distances of 400 m from the traffic centerline. Figure 12 shows the region near the BOTA, where particle number concentrations above background levels are expected. On the US side, a public park  $(<50 \,\mathrm{m})$ , an elementary school  $(<50 \,\mathrm{m})$ , a church  $(<50 \,\mathrm{m})$ , and a



high school (<300 m) are all within the 400 m buffer zone of the BOTA traffic queues. On the Mexican side, a public park (<50 m), a sports recreation facility (<50 m), a high school (<100 m), and a university campus (<300 m) are also within the buffer zone. The UFP exposure of the populations at the above-mentioned locations might be considerably above background levels.

#### **CONCLUSION**

The hourly average UFP number concentrations at the BOTA ranged between  $1.7 \times 10^3$ /cc and  $2.9 \times 10^5$ /cc with a mean of  $3.5 \times 10^4$ /cc. During the study, the estimated background levels were  $1.0 \times 10^3$ /cc. Meteorological conditions had a significant impact on particle concentrations. PNCs increased during colder weather periods and decreased as wind speed increased. More specifically, PNCs increased for temperatures <15 °C and wind speeds < 2 m/s. Between 2005 and 2009, daytime temperature near the BOTA was <15 °C during 15% of the time, while wind speed was <2 m/s during 36% of the time. Commercial traffic, which is mostly composed of HDDV, strongly influenced UFP concentrations in the vicinity of the BOTA. On Sundays when commercial traffic was absent, the UFP number concentrations were the lowest. Northbound commercial traffic had a strong and distinctive impact on number concentrations for particles in the nucleation size range. Southbound commercial traffic was also associated with UFP concentrations but with a size distribution dominated by larger particles. At the BOTA, traffic flows were at least eight times less than those observed near highways in Los Angeles, Yet, PNCs at the BOTA were only 4–5 times less than those observed in Los Angeles. Exposures to UFPs near dense idling traffic conditions, such as those at the BOTA, and in semiarid conditions such as those in El Paso are different than those near highways in Los Angeles. Published UFP concentration gradients near highways and under dense traffic conditions are useful as part of exposure assessment protocols. However, exposure assessments to UFPs near dense traffic should take into consideration differences in: (a) total traffic flows, (b) fractions of heavy-duty diesel truck, (c) average vehicle speed, (d) fleet characteristics, and (e) ambient meteorological conditions.

The populations in close proximity of the BOTA-induced traffic buffer zone (including immigration, customs and law enforcement officers, street vendors, private commuters, and commercial vehicle drivers) are exposed to UFPs considerably above the background level. In addition, neighbors at a local church and several schools on both sides of the border are susceptible to UFP exposures well above the background level.

#### **CONFLICT OF INTEREST**

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

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#### 298

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## **EXHIBIT D**



Questions or Comments >>

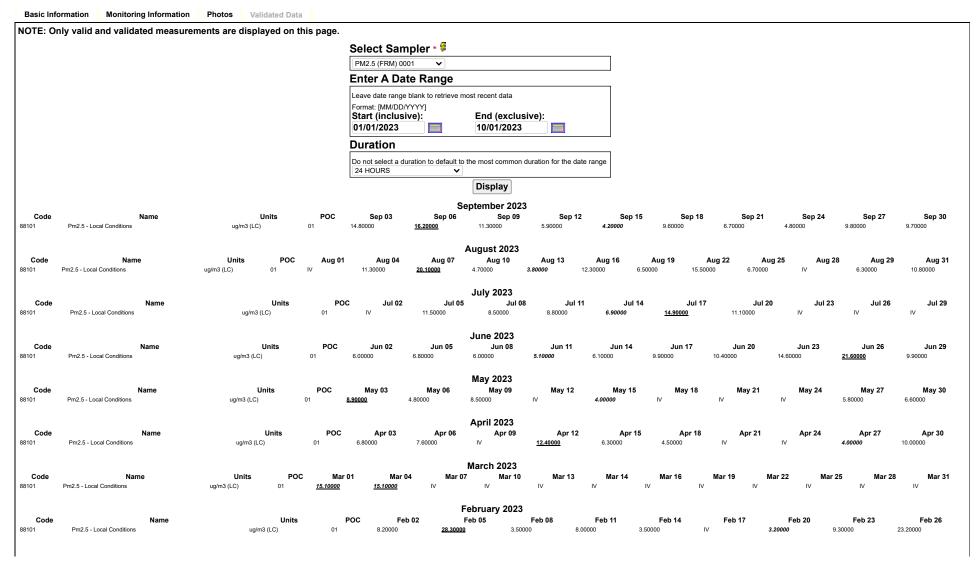
About News Reports Site List Login Reference GeoTAM Help

NOTE: Some data may have been evaluated by the TCEQ Toxicologists. Click here to see Toxicological Evaluations.

NOTE: Information shown on this page is subject to change without notice.

☐ Show Active Sites Only		
Sort		
● Name ○ AQS Code		
Select Site El Paso Chamizal (481410044)	v Display Site	

#### **El Paso Chamizal**



Start Report

					J	lanuary 2023							
Code	Name	Units	POC	Jan 03	Jan 06	Jan 09	Jan 12	Jan 15	Jan 18	Jan 21	Jan 24	Jan 27	Jan 30
88101	Pm2.5 - Local Conditions	ug/m3 (LC)	01	2.50000	12.80000	17.60000	4.00000	6.20000	1.90000	3.90000	2.90000	<u>17.70000</u>	IV
Maximum values for each parameter are bold underlined within the table. Minimum values are bold italic.  Non-detects are displayed as 'ND'. Measurements not yet validated are displayed as 'NV'. Invalid measurements are displayed as 'IV'. Measurements not found for a time period are displayed as 'NF'.													
Data File	Data File: Data20240222144629404.txt												

NOTE: Throughout the TAMIS portion of the TCEQ website, users can access valid, validated, ambient (non-QC) data.

💈 indicates that this control alters the webpage in some way without refreshing. Selecting the lightning bolt will explain what changes will occur.

undicates that a more detailed list exists. Selecting the book will open a popup window with the detailed list.

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## EXHIBIT C





### Paso del Norte Air Quality Report | February 20, 2024

Dr. Carlos Rincon, US EPA Region 6



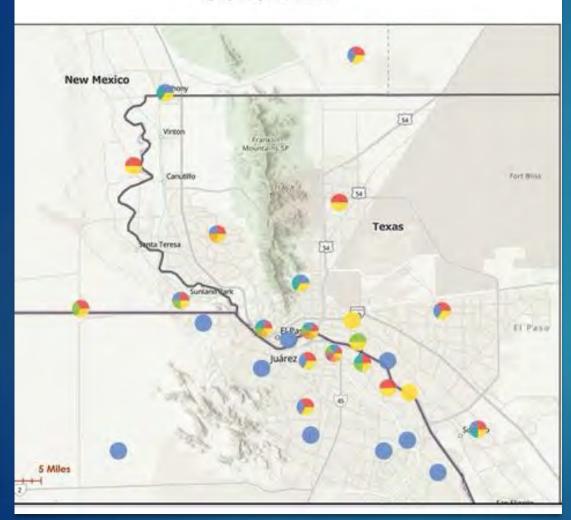
## Overview

- Current air monitoring networks
- January December 2023 data by pollutant with design values for each country
- Open discussion

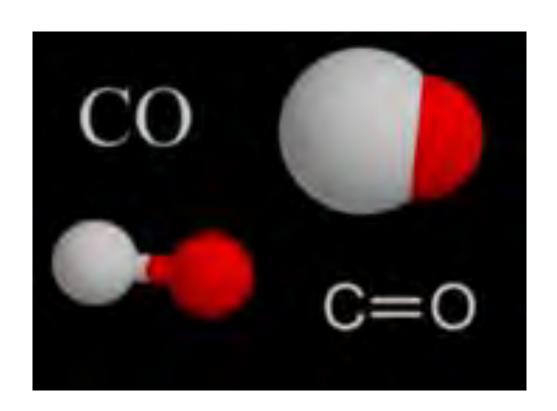
#### El Paso del Norte Airshed Air Quality Monitors

April 2021

Map Requested by TCEQ Office of Air



## Paso del Norte Air Monitoring Stations



Carbon monoxide (CO) Monóxido de carbono

# CO 8 Hr. Averages Four Highest Values in (ppm) El Paso and Ciudad Juárez (January – December 2023)



The **U.S. federal standard**, **9.0 ppm**, is violated when more than one reading at the same monitor in one calendar year is at or above that value.

The **Mexico federal standard** is a highest allowable limit of 11 ppm.

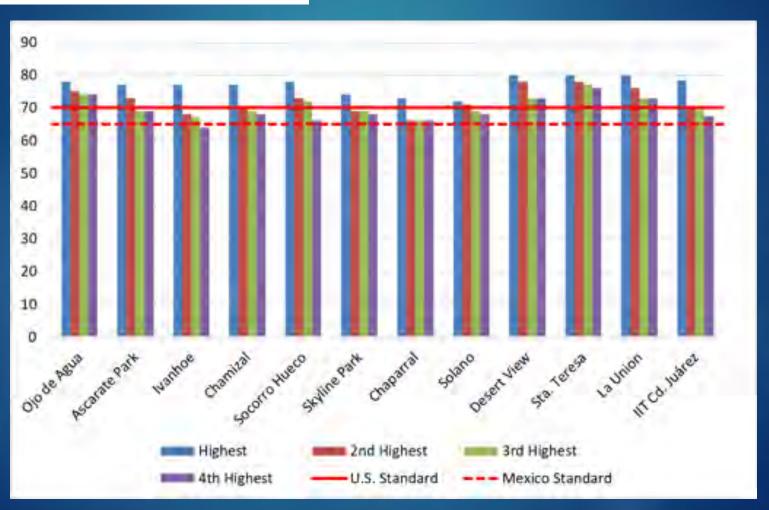


Ozone  $(O_3)$  Ozono

### Ozone 8-Hour Averages Highest Values at Monitors in the Paso del Norte (January – December 2023)

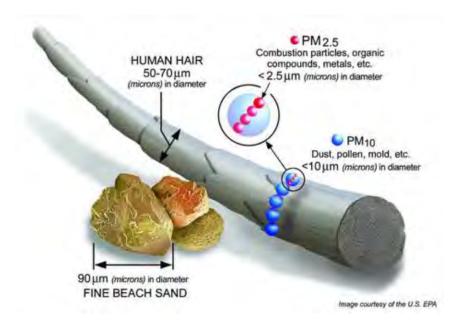
U.S. federal standard: 70 ppb for the 3-year average of the 4<sup>th</sup> highest value

The maximum permissible limit in Mexico: 65ppb on an 8-hour moving average



## Ozone 8-Hr. Design Values | El Paso and Doña Ana County (highest value of all sites in each area, 2002 – 2023\*)





## Particulate Matter (PM) Material Particulado

## PM<sub>2.5</sub> 24-Hour Averages (μg/m³) Four Highest El Paso, Doña Ana County, and Ciudad Juarez January – December 2023



#### U. S. federal standards:

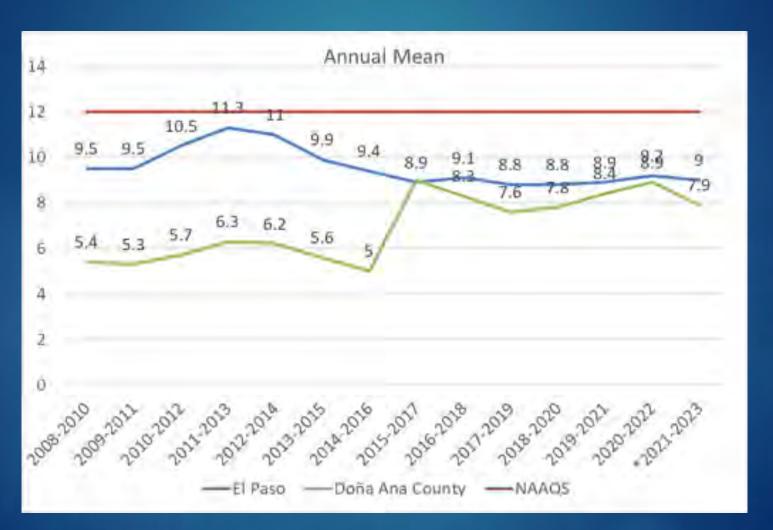
The standard for 24-hr averages, 35 ug/m3, is violated if it is exceeded by the average over any three-year period, of the annual 98th percentile

The highest allowable limit in Mexico for PM<sub>2.5</sub> is 41 ug/m3, in 24-hour averages.

#### Special Purpose Monitors-Non-validated Data

# PM<sub>2.5</sub> Compliance with U.S. Federal Standard El Paso and Doña Ana Counties

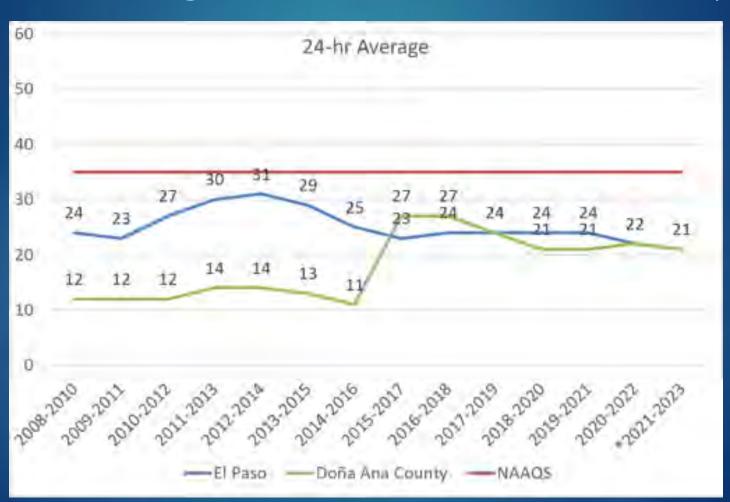
<u>Annual Design Value</u> U.S. Standard: 12 µg/m<sup>3</sup>



# PM<sub>2.5</sub> Compliance with U.S. Federal Standard El Paso and Doña Ana Counties

## 24-Hour Design Value

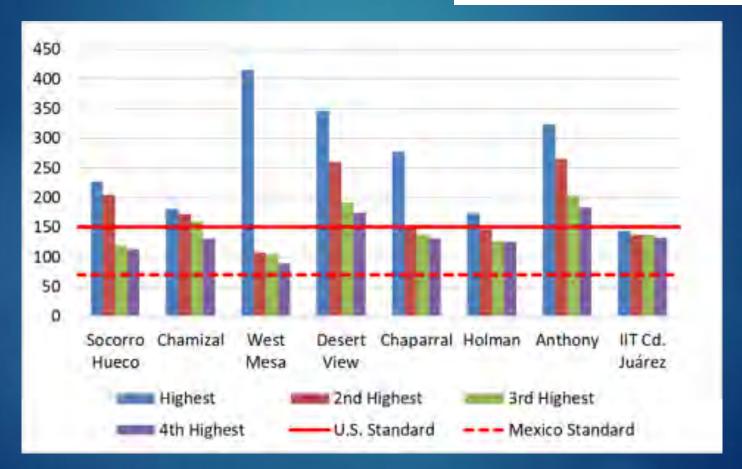
U.S. Standard 35 µg/m<sup>3</sup>



## PM<sub>10</sub> 24-Hour Averages (µg/m³) Four Highest El Paso, Doña Ana County, and Ciudad Juarez January – December 2023

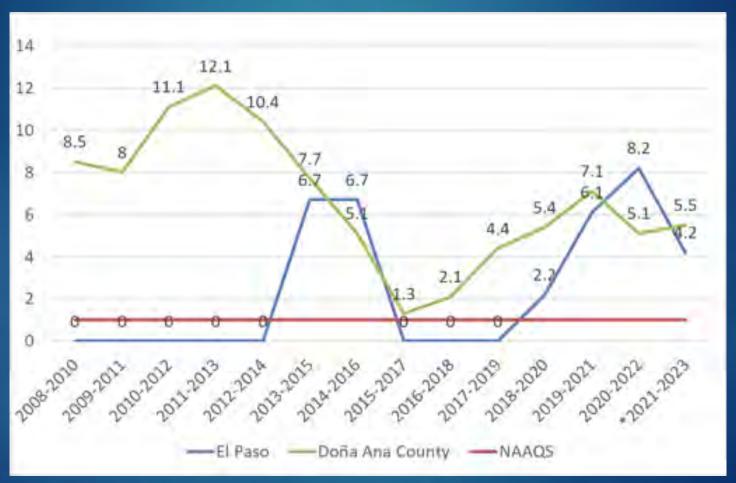
U.S. federal standard: 150 µg/m³ not to be exceeded more than once per year on average over three years at any one monitor.

The maximum permissible limit in Mexico for  $PM_{10}$  is 70  $\mu g/m^3$  on a 24-hour average



### \*PM<sub>10</sub> 24-Hour Design Values El Paso and Doña Ana County | 2008 – 2023\*

Estimated Number of Exceedances



<sup>\*</sup>EPA exceptional events concurrences not reflected for Doña Ana County. - EPA Currently has an EE packet on hand from NMED

## Exceptional Events | Doña Ana County

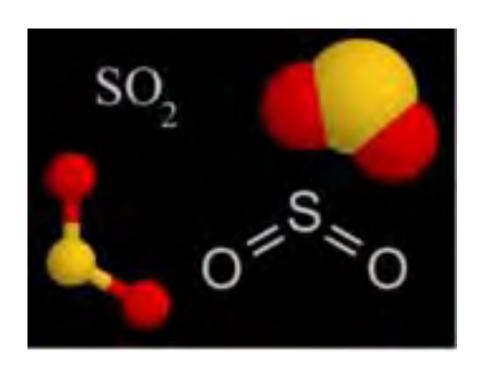
► High-Wind Blowing Dust PM<sub>10</sub> Exceedances of NAAQS

Year	Events	Observed Exceedances	Concentrations (µg/m³)	EPA Review Process
2022	15	30	157 - 879	Internal QA/QC
2021	15	31	157 - 769	Submitted
2020	8	13	157- 504	Concurrence
2019	8	25	156-734	Concurrence
2018	7	18	158-326	Concurrence
2017	- 11	27	157-721	Concurrence
2016	11	28	162-689	Concurrence

# Compliance with exposure limits: Annual arithmetic mean of PM 2023 in Ciudad Juarez

Parameter	Annual exposure limit	Annual mean
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	10 µg/m³	*22 µg/m³
PM <sub>10</sub>	28 µg/m³	*59 µg/m³

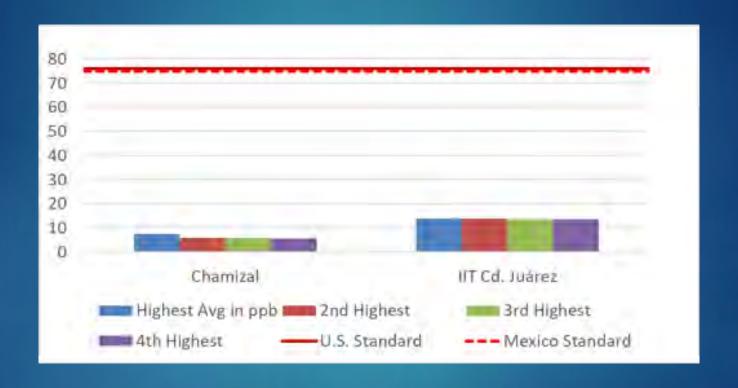
<sup>\*</sup>Dust storm events are considered within this information.



Sulfur Dioxide SO<sub>2</sub> Dióxido de azufre

### **SO<sub>2</sub> 1-Hour Averages** | Four Highest

### El Paso and Ciudad Juarez | January – December 2023



U.S. federal standard: 76 ppb 99th percentile of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years The highest allowable limit in Mexico for  $SO_2$  is 75 ppb in 1-hour average.



## Nitrogen Dioxide NO<sub>2</sub>

Dióxido de nitrogéno

### NO<sub>2</sub> 1-Hour Averages (ppb) Four Highest El Paso del Norte January – December 2023

U.S. federal standard: 100 ppb 98th percentile of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years The highest allowable limit in Mexico for NO<sub>2</sub> is 106 ppb in hourly averages.



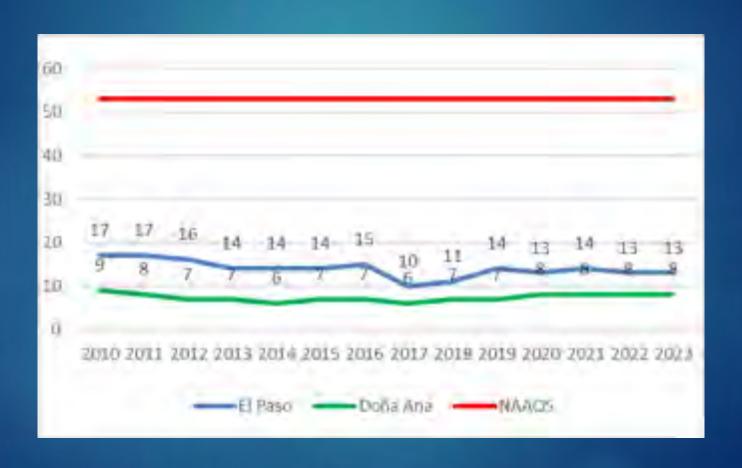
## NO<sub>2</sub> Design Values 1-Hour Averages (ppb) El Paso & Doña Ana Counties

The 1-hour NO2 NAAQS (100 ppb) is the 3-year average of the annual 98th percentile of the daily maximum 1-hour average concentrations.



## NO<sub>2</sub> Design Values Annual Mean (ppb) El Paso & Doña Ana Counties

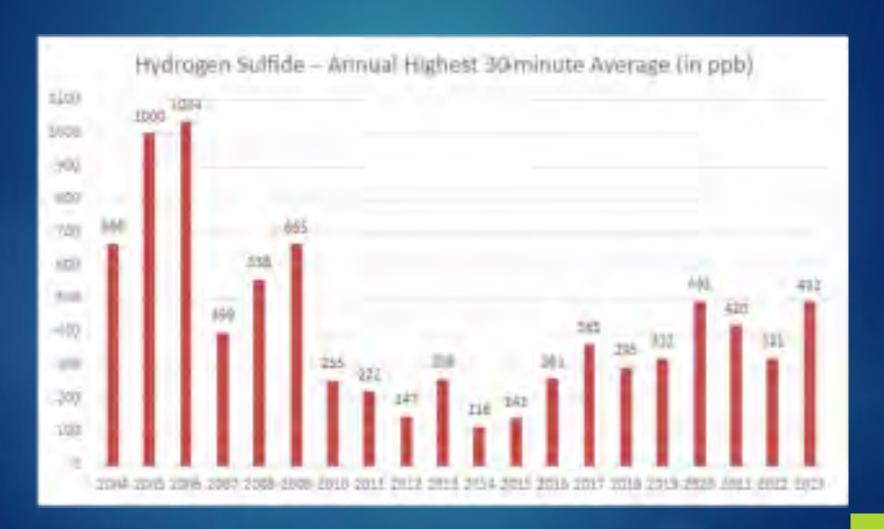
The annual NO2 NAAQS (53 ppb) is the annual average concentration, averaged over three years.





Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) Sulfuro de hidrógeno

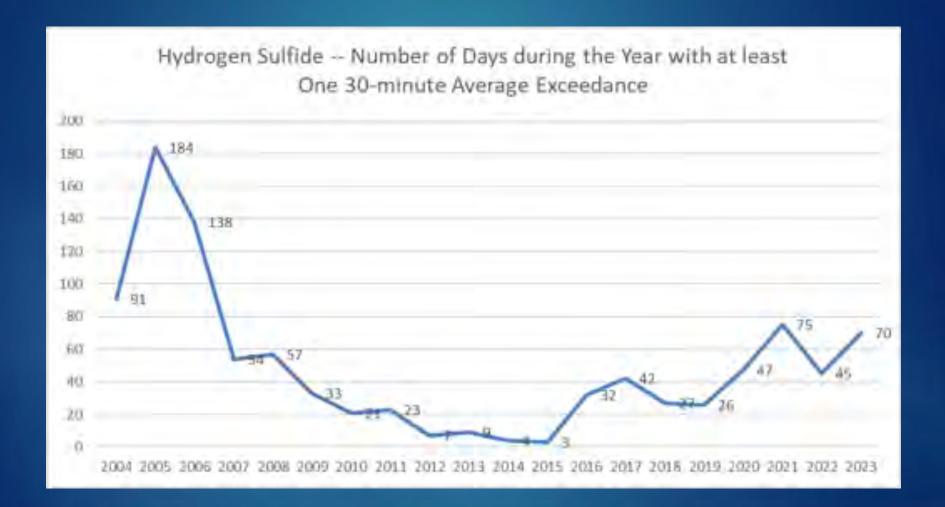
## Hydrogen Sulfide | 30-Minute Averages (ppb) <u>Highest Value</u> at "Lower Valley" Monitor 2004-2023



## Hydrogen Sulfide | 30-Minute Averages (ppb) <u>Number of Exceedances</u> at "Lower Valley" Monitor 2004-2023



## Hydrogen Sulfide | 30-Minute Averages <u>Number of Days with Exceedances</u> at "Lower Valley" Monitor 2004-2023



### Questions? ¿Preguntas?

### Links to publicly available U.S. data:

- EPA Air Trends
- Design Value Interactive Tool | US EPA
- Our Nation's Air 2023 (epa.gov)
- <u>Daily Mean Values for</u> <u>Calendar Year 2023</u> (texas.gov)

SDUE <u>francisco.gomez@chihuahua.gob.mx</u>

Gobierno Municipal ricardoaragonb@gmail.com

NMED Armando Paz <u>armando.paz@state.nm.us</u>

TCEQ
Border Affairs
ba@tceq.texas.gov









SECRETARÍA
DE DESARROLLO URBANO
Y ECOLOGÍA













Thank you! Gracias!

### **EXHIBIT E**

#### WEN-WHAI LI, Ph.D., P.E., Q.E.P.

#### **EDUCATION**

Ph.D., Civil Engineering, Colorado State UniversityM.S., Civil Engineering, Colorado State UniversityB.S.E., Civil Engineering, National Taiwan University

#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

P.E. Licensed Professional Engineer (Illinois No. 062-050969)

Licensed Professional Engineer (Texas No. 85765)

Q.E.P. Qualified Environmental Professional (No. 04960063)

Certificate Hazardous Waste Site Investigation Personnel (40-Hrs OSHA Health and Safety

Training Course)

#### **POSITION HELD**

2006 – present Professor 2004 - 2009 Chair

2000 – 2003 Graduate Advisor1997 – 2006 Associate Professor

Department of Civil Engineering
The University of Texas at El Paso

2002 – present Adjunct Associate Professor

**Environmental Sciences** 

The University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston

School of Public Health

1988 - 1996 Senior Associate and Senior Science Advisor

**Environ International Corporation** 

Princeton, New Jersey

1984 – 1987 Research Associate

Fluid Mechanics and Diffusion Laboratory

Department of Civil Engineering

Colorado State University

#### **EXPERIENCE**

Dr. Li is Professor of Civil Engineering at the University of Texas at El Paso (UTEP). He has a broad engineering background with expertise in the following areas:

- Air Toxics Characterization, Exposure, and Health Effects
- Air Pollution Monitoring and Modeling
- Traffic-related air pollution impact and health effects

- Environmental Exposure and Risk Assessment
- Accident Analysis
- Emission Modeling
- Physical Modeling of Air Pollution and Atmospheric Environment
- Rooftop Emission-Intake Design

#### **ACTIVE RESEARCH PROJECTS**

- 1. Tier 1 University Transportation Center Focusing on The Statutory Research Priority Area of Preserving the Environment and the Primary USDOT Strategic Plan Goal of Equity, with the secondary goals of Climate and Sustainability as well as Transformation, <u>Center for Advancing Research</u> in Transportation Emissions, Energy and Health (CARTEEH), a seven university consortium led by Texas A&M University with partner universities of UTEP, Johns Hopkins University, Georgia Institute of Technology, University of California Riverside, Morehouse School of Medicine, and North Dakota State University), UTEP PI: WWL, U.S. DOT, \$10,000,000, (UTEP fund \$1,125,000, UTEP matching fund: \$562,000 for a total of: \$1,687,000 for 5 years). March 1, 2023 Feb. 28, 2028.
- Quantifying the real impact of transportation activity on regional ozone and near-road PM (PI), a joint project with Texas A&M University and Texas Transportation Institute (TTI), Texas DOT, \$537,000, (UTEP fund \$105,000). Sep. 1, 2021 Aug. 31, 2024
- **3.** Extended Low-cost PM<sub>2.5</sub> study in the Paso del Norte, (PI), **TCEQ**, \$38,000, Sep. 1, 2021 August 31, 2023.
- 4. Addressing the FAST act priority research area of Preserving the Environment: Center for Advancing Research in Transportation Emissions, Energy and Health (CARTEEH), a five university consortium led by Texas A&M University with partner universities of UTEP, Johns Hopkins University, Georgia Institute of Technology and University of California Riverside), UTEP PI: WWL (80%), U.S. DOT, \$7,000,000, (UTEP fund \$1,050,000, UTEP matching fund: \$525,000 for a total of: \$1,577,000 for 5 years). January 1, 2017 Dec. 31, 2021.
  - **a.** Quantification of traffic-related emissions and exposures at U.S.-Mexico Border Crossings using real-time mobile sensors (co-PI: 50%, PI: Mayra Chavez), CARTEEH, \$120,000, Jan. 1, 2021 September 30, 2022.
  - b. Instant COVID-19 diagnostic devices on the go to improve transportation safety(co-PI: 20%, PI: James Li, Chemistry Department), CARTEEH, \$112,500, Jan. 1, 2021 September 30, 2022.
- 5. Addressing the FAST act priority research area of Preserving the Environment: Center for Transportation, Environment, and Community Health (CTECH) (A five university consortium led by Cornell University with partner universities of UTEP, University of South Florida, and University of California Davis), PI: kelvin Cheu, co-PI: WWL (30%), U.S. DOT, \$7,000,000, (UTEP fund \$1,400,000,

**UTEP matching fund: \$700,000 for a total of: \$2,100,000 for 5 years).** January 1, 2017 – Dec. 31, 2021.

a. Accessing the health and environmental benefits associated with changes in transportation activities in near rosd communities (PI), CTECH, \$132,198, October 1, 2020 – May 31, 2022.

#### **COMPLETED RESEARCH PROJECTS**

- 1. <u>Low-cost air sensor study in the Paso del Norte, (PI)</u>, **UT LJB/TCEQ, \$34,300**, May 1, 2020 August 31, 2021.
- 2. <u>Using transit vehicles as probes to monitor community air quality and exposure (PI)</u>, **CTECH**, \$132,000, July 1, 2020 June 30, 2021.
- 3. <u>Association of traffic and related air pollutants on cardiorespiratory risk factors from low-income populations in El Paso, Texas, Pl: Soyoung Jeon (NMSU), co-Pl: WWL (50%), \$82,500.</u> Texas A&M Transportation Institute, Nov. 1, 2019 Sep. 30, 2021.
- **4.** Assessing Children's spatiotemporal exposures to transportation pollutants in near-road communities, PI: WWL (100%), US DOT, \$81,000 + UTEP matching fund of \$52,000. May 1, 2018 Dec. 31, 2019, ORSP #: 226351525A
- Evaluation of Air Quality Models with Near-Road Monitoring Data (PI), a joint project with Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI), Texas DOT, \$382,771, (UTEP fund \$110,000). Nov. 1, 2016 – June 30, 2019
- 6. <u>Ozone Reduction at El Paso, Texas (PI)</u>, El Paso Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), \$90,000. Sep. 1, 2016 Nov. 30, 2017.
- 7. <u>Buen Ambiente-Buena Salad: Educational Strategies for Addressing Air Quality on the Border (Co-PI with W. Hargrove of CERM and E. Hampton of Teacher Education)</u>. **U.S. EPA, \$1,250,000, (UTEP matching fund: \$922,000, Total: \$2,172,000).** July 1 2011 Feb. 28, 2017.
- 8. Rider 8: Ozone Reduction Program at El Paso, Texas (PI). El Paso MPO, \$404,000. June 1, 2011 January 31, 2013.
- 9. <u>Analysis of Targeted Emissions Reduction Possibilities in the Paso del Norte (PI)</u>. **Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. \$94,938**. September 2012 August 31, 2013.
- 10. <u>Air Pollution, System Inflammation, and Sub-Clinical Atherosclerosis in High Altitude Children (Co-Plwith Dr. R. Armijos)</u>, **National Institutes of Health**, **\$412,249**, Sep. 19, 2009 July 31, 2011.
- 11. <u>Air Pollution Reduction at the Bridge of the Americas</u> (PI), **Border Environment Cooperation Commission**, \$ 93,359, Oct. 1 2009 June 30, 2011.
- 12. <u>Characterization of Traffic Air Pollution in Elementary Schools and Its Impact on Asthmatic Children in El Paso, Texas (PI).</u> **Mickey Leland National Urban Air Toxics Research Center, \$246,417.** Jan. 16 Dec. 31, 2010.
- 13. UTEP-UNM HSC ARCH Program on Border Asthma (Co-Investigator with Drs. N. Pingitore and M.

- Amaya), National Institutes of Health, \$5,117,000, Sep. 1, 2005 Aug. 31, 2010.
- 14. <u>Air Quality Characterization at the Mexican Customs Inspection Area at the International Bridge of the Americas (Co-Principal Investigator with H.A. Olvera)</u>, **U.S. EPA, \$75,846,** July 1, 2008 Dec. 31, 2010.
- 15. <u>Air Quality Hazardous Air Pollutant Emission Study (PI)</u>, **U.S. EPA/ City of El Paso/Desert Research Institute**, **\$21,716**, Aug. 8, 2008 Aug. 7, 2010.
- 16. <u>Effects of Road Pavement on PM Reduction and Potential Health Benefits for U.S.- Mexico Border Cities (PI)</u>, **Border Environment Cooperation Commission**, \$22,287, July 1 2008 June 30, 2010.
- 17. A Binational Pilot Study Examining the Impact of Traffic-Related Air Pollution on Asthmatic Children (Co-Principal Investigator with J. Sarnat (PI) and F. Fernando of Emory University), **Pan American Health Organization**, \$136,000, Oct. 1, 2006 Aug. 31, 2009.
- 18. <u>Air Quality Modeling at the International Port of Entry in San Luis Rio Colorado, Sonora San Luis,</u> Arizona (PI), **Border Environment Cooperation Commission**, **\$4,000**, July 1 2008 June 30, 2008.
- 19. Monitoring of Ambient and In-cabin Air Pollutants at a Truck Stop in El Paso (PI), **Texas Transportation Institute**, **\$5,000**, July 1, 2007 August 31, 2007.
- 20. A Planning Study to Investigate the Impacts of Dust and Vehicles on Acute Cardiorespiratory Responses in the Arid Southwest (Co-Principal Investigator with J. Lighty of U. of Utah (PI), J. Sarnat of Emory University (Co-PI), and M. Witten of U. of Arizona (Co-PI), Health Effects Institute, \$109,000, Sep. 1, 2006 May 31, 2007.
- 21. <u>Addendum to An Air Impact Study of the Ultraviolet Systems on Reduction of H2S Emissions at the North Wastewater Treatment Plant of Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua (PI)</u>, **Border Environment Cooperation Commission**, **\$9,000**, June 2005 October 2005.
- 22. An Air Impact Study of the Ultraviolet Systems on Reduction of H2S Emissions at the North Wastewater Treatment Plant of Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua (PI), Border Environment Cooperation Commission, \$14,979, June 2004 April, 2005.
- 23. <u>Investigation of the Nocturnal PM Peaks for Evidence of Association with Population Health Risks in Two Border Cities (PI)</u>, *U.S. EPA*, \$74,995, June 2005 Dec. 2006.
- 24. <u>Indoor Air Pollutants and Inhalation Hazards by Cooking and Heating (PI)</u>, *U.S. EPA*, \$73,573, June 2004 Dec. 2005.
- 25. <u>Search for Gas Phase Chlorinated Compounds Associated with Enhanced Ozone Production in the</u> Paso del Norte Airshed (Co-PI with N. J. Parks), *U.S. EPA*, \$75,000, June 1, 2001 Aug. 31, 2003.
- 26. <u>Investigations of the Low-Wind Particulate Matter Spikes at the NMED Sunland Park City Yard Monitoring Site (PI)</u>, **New Mexico State University/USEPA**, **\$40,710**, June 2002 Aug. 2003.
- 27. <u>Evaluations between Digital Cameras and Other Methods of Air Quality Visualization, TCEQ/UTEP Visibility Camera Contract FY 2003</u> (Co-PI with N. J. Parks), **Texas Commission of Environmental**

- **Quality, \$79,500**, October 31, 2002 August 31, 2003.
- 28. <u>Development of a Visualization Tool for Hazardous Releases (PI)</u>, *U.S. Army Research Laboratory, White Sands Missile Range*, \$20,000, June 2002 October 2002.
- 29. <u>Sustainable (Green) Engineering Program</u> (Co-PI with C. Turner), *NSF MIE project*, \$300,000 (student support, equipment, no salary), Sep. 2000 Aug. 2002.
- 30. Phase II Study of Paso del Norte PM Characterization (PI), *U.S. EPA*, \$190,000, June 2000 Aug. 2003.
- 31. <u>Determining the Impacts of Evaporative Cooling Systems on Indoor Air Quality</u> (PI), *Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board ARP/ATP Programs*, \$115,489, Jan. 2000 Aug. 31, 2002.
- 32. Implementation Phase for Analysis and Web-Site Archiving of Haze and Visibility Images 2000 2001: Digital Still, Digital Video, and Digitally Converted, 35 mm Film-Archive Images of the Paso del Norte Airshed (Co-PI with N.J. Parks), *Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission*, \$20,000, July 1, 2000 June 30, 2001.
- 33. Method Development for Haze and Visibility Analysis of Web-site Digital Video, Digital Still, and Digitally Converted, 35 mm Film-Archive Images of the Paso del Norte Airshed (Co-PI with N. J. Parks), *Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission*, \$20,000, June 2000 May 2001.
- 34. <u>Digital Acquisition and Internet Distribution of Haze Images in the Paso del Norte Airshed</u> (Co-PI with J. Parks), *Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission*, \$18,000, June 1999 May 2000.
- 35. <u>An Expert Systems Approach to Managing and Minimizing the Consequences of Accidental Chemical Spills in the U.S.-Mexico Border (PI)</u>, *U.S. EPA*, \$50,000, Sep. 1998 Aug. 2000.
- 36. <u>Characterization of Wind Field for the Paso del Norte Air Quality Basin Using High-Resolution Grids and Data from Multiple Meteorological Monitoring Stations</u> (Co-PI with R. Fitzgerald), *Center for Environmental Resource Management*, **\$81,000**, March 1999 Aug. 2000.
- 37. <u>Characterization of Ambient Particulate Matter in the Paso del Norte Region (PI and Technical Director, a joint research program with 4 other universities)</u>, *U.S. EPA*, \$750,000, Sep. 1998 Dec. 2000.
- 38. Compilation of Ozone and PM Air Quality Data for the El Paso Juarez Area (PI), *UTEP*, \$1,900, Nov. 1997 Nov 1998.

#### PROFESSIONAL MEMBERSHIPS AND AWARDS

#### Membership

- 1. Air and Waste Management Association, Meteorology Committee
- 2. American Society of Civil Engineers
- 3. American Geophysical Union

- 4. Member, the U.S. Mexico Joint Advisory Committee for Border Air Quality
- 5. Member, American Public Health Association
- 6. Member, Transportation Research Board
- 7. Member, Paso del Norte Air Quality Task Force
- 8. UTEP and UT-HSPH El Paso Public Health Education and Research Collaboration
- 9. Peer reviewer, Air & Waste Management Association
- 10. Peer reviewer, Atmospheric Environment
- 11. Peer reviewer, Journal of Hazardous Materials

#### **Awards and Honors**

- 1. Scholastic Award, National Taiwan University, 1974
- 2. Outstanding Faculty Achievement Award, College of Engineering, UTEP, 2000.
- 3. Best Professor Award, Civil Engineering, UTEP, 2003.
- 4. Panel Reviewer, U.S. EPA PM Research Centers, 2005.

PUBLICATIONS AND PRESENTATIONS (Names in grey italic indicating research assistants/mentees of W.W. Li)

#### Journal Articles and Book Chapters (Peer Reviewed)

- Raysoni A. and Li W-W. 2022. Pulmonary Assessment of a Cohort of Asthmatic School Children due to Air Pollution in a High-Altitude West Texas City of El Paso, J. of Environmental Health (in-review)
- Eibedingil IG, Gill TE, Van Pelt RS, Tatarko J, Li J, Li W-W, 2022. Applying Wind Erosion and Air Dispersion Models to Characterize Dust Hazard to Highway Safety at Lordsburg Playa, New Mexico, USA, Atmosphere 2022, 13, 1646. <a href="https://doi.org/10.3390/atmos13101646">https://doi.org/10.3390/atmos13101646</a>
- 3. Aguilera J, Jeon S, Raysoni AU, Rangel A, Whigham L, **Li W-W**, 2022. Decreased moderate to vigorous physical activity levels are associated with increased traffic related air pollutants in children with asthma, submitted to the J. of Environmental Health (in-print).
- Rangel A, Raysoni AU, Chavez M, Jeon S, Aguilera J, Whigham L, Li W-W, 2022, Assessment of Traffic-Related Air Pollution (TRAP) at Two Near-Road Schools and Residence in an Arid, High Altitude West Texan City, Atmo. Pollution Research 12(2): 101304, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apr.2021.101304">https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apr.2021.101304</a>
- 5. Vallamsundar S, Uwak I, Jaikumar R. Ramani T, Johnson NM, Aguilera JA, Li W-W, 2021. Personal Exposure to Air Pollution near the US-Mexico Border Crossings: A Case Study of School Teachers in El Paso, TX, submitted to the *Journal of Transport & Health*

- Aguilera J, Jeon S, Chavez M, Ibarra-Mejia G, Ferreira-Pinto J, Whigham L, Li W-W, 2021. Short-term
  effects of traffic related air pollution on cardiorespiratory outcomes among low income residents
  from a US-Mexico border community, submitted to the *Journal Air Quality, Atmosphere, and Health*.
- Aguilera J, Jeon S, Chavez M, Ibarra-Mejia G, Ferreira-Pinto J, Whigham L, Li W-W, 2020. Land use regression modeling to assess effects of long-term transportation data on metabolic syndrome risk factors of low-income communities in El Paso, Texas. *Transp Research Record 2675(11): 955-969,* 2021. https://doi.org/10.1177/03611981211021853
- 8. Chavez MC and **Li, W-W**, 2020. Comparison of Modeled-to-Monitored PM2.5 Exposure Concentrations resulting from transportation emissions in a near-road community, *Transp Res Rec.* 2674(12):130–143. https://doi.org/10.1177/0361198120951189
- 9. **Li, W-W**, 2020. Chapter 2: Air pollution, air quality, vehicle emissions and environmental regulations, in *Traffic-Related Air Pollution: Emissions, Human Exposures, and Health*, edited by Khreis H. et al, Elsevier S&T Books.
- 10. Fumador EA, Amaya MA, Brunner B, Clague JW, **Li, W-W**, Olvera HA, Berwick M, Burchiel SW, Pingitore NE, 2019. Cerium levels in coarse and fine airborne particulate matter in El Paso, Texas, USA, *Journal of Atmospheric Pollution*, 7(1):1-13.
- 11. Hampton E, Ontiveros, C, Canales A, Chavez M, Pina M, Hargrove W, **Li W-W**, Brown S, Simmons B., Lujan J, 2018. Collaborative Creation of an Air Quality Curriculum That Promotes Community-Based Learning, Community Engagement, *High Impact Practice: Internships, Kinder Hunt Publishing Community Engagement and High Impact Practices in Higher Education*, ed. G.M. Nunez and A.L. Gonzalez, Kinder Hunt Publishing Company, Chapter 3, 33-42
- 12. **Li, W-W**, Pina M, Hargrove W, Hampton E, Lujan J, 2018. Buen Ambiente/Buena Salud: An Internship Program Airmed at Building Capacity to Address Environmental Issues on the U.S. Mexico Border, *High Impact Practice: Internships, Kinder Hunt Publishing Community Engagement and High Impact Practices in Higher Education*, ed. G.M. Nunez and A.L. Gonzalez, Kinder Hunt Publishing Company, Chapter 18, 191-204
- 13. Paz LM, Amaya MA, Clague JW, **Li W-W**, Olvera HA, Berwick M, Burchiel SW, Pingitore NE, 2017. Airborne lead in El Paso, Texas, USA, *Journal of Atmospheric Pollution*, 5(2):47-54.
- Raysoni AU, Stock TH, Sarnat JA, Chavez MC, Sarnat SE, Montoya T, Holguin F, Li W-W, 2017, Evaluation of VOC concentrations in Indoor and Outdoor Microenvironments at Near-Road Schools, Environmental Pollution, 231:681-693
- 15. Raysoni AU, **Li W-W**, Weigel MM, Eschanique P, Racines M, Armijos RX, 2017, Element composition of PM<sub>2.5</sub> at schools and residences in Quito, Ecuador, *Environmental Pollution*, *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 14:674, doi:10.3390/ijerph14070674
- Raysoni AU, Weigel MM, Montoya T, Racines M, Li W-W, 2016, Assessment of indoor and outdoor PM species at schools and residences in three low income neighborhoods of Quito, Ecuador Environmental Pollution, 214:668-679

- 17. Armijos RX, Weigel MM, Myers OB, **Li W-W**, Racines M, Berwick M, Residential exposure to urban traffic is associated with increased carotid intima-media thickness in children, *Journal of Environmental and Public Health*, Volume 2015, Article ID 713540, 11 pages, http://dx.doi.org/10.1155/2015/713540.
- 18. Charlevoix DJ, Pandya R, Bridger A, Gill TE, Hampton E, Herman R, Knox J, Li, W-W, Stanitski D, 2014. New directions for the AMS Symposium on education, *Bulletin of American Meteorological Society*, 95(9): 1465-1467.
- 19. Raysoni AU, Stock TH, Sarnat JA, Sosa TM, Sarnat SE, Holguin F, Greenwald R, Johnson B, Li W-W, 2013. Characterization of traffic-related air pollution metrics at four schools in El Paso, Texas, USA: Implications for exposure assessment and siting schools in urban areas, Journal of the Atmospheric Environment, 80: 140-151.
- 20. Greenwald R, Sarnat J, **Li W-W**, Raysoni AU, Sarnat SE, Johnson BA, Stock TH, Holguin F, Sosa T, 2013, Associations between Source-indicative Pollution Metrics and Increases in Pulmonary Inflammation and Reduced Lung Function in a Panel of Asthmatic Children Texas, *J. of Air Quality, Atmosphere and Health*. 6(2):487-499
- 21. Zora JE, Sarnat SE, Raysoni AU, Johnson BA, **Li W-W**, Greenwald R, Stock T, Sarnat JA, 2013. Associations between urban air pollution and pediatric asthma control in El Paso, Texas, *Journal of the Science of the Total Environment*, 448:56-65.
- 22. Olvera HA, Lopez M, Guerrero V, Garcia H, **Li W-W**, 2013. Ultrafine particle levels at an international port of entry between the US and Mexico: Exposure implications for users, workers, and neighbors, *Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology*, 23:289-298
- 23. Chen LW, Trop R, **Li W-W**, Zhu D, Chow JC, Zielinka B, 2012. Aerosol and air toxics exposure in El Paso, Texas: A pilot study, *Aerosol and Air Quality Research* 12:169-179 (2012)
- 24. Gonzales M, Myers O, Smith L, Olvera H, Mukerjee S, **Li W-W**, Pingitore N, Amaya M, Burchiel S, Berwick M, 2012. Evaluation of land use regression models for NO2 in El Paso, Texas, USA, *Journal of the Science of the Total Environment 432: 135-142*.
- 25. Olvera HA, Garcia M, **Li W-W**, Gamez J, Baca DJ, Garcia N, Escajeda S, Lopez M, Perez D, H. Yang, Amaya MA, Meyers O, Burchiel SW, Berwick M, Pingitore NE Jr, 2012. Principal component analysis optimization of a PM<sub>2.5</sub> land use regression model with small monitoring network, *J. of the Science of the Total Environment, 425: 27-34*.
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- 27. Sarnat SE, Raysoni AU, **Li W-W**, Holguin F, Johnson B, Flores S, Garcia JH, Sarnat JA, 2012. Impact of traffic-related air pollution on exhaled nitric oxide in asthmatic children along the US-Mexico border, *Environmental Health Perspectives*, 120: 437-440 (2012).

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- Lee DW, Zietsman J, Farzaneh M, Li W-W, Olvera HA, Storey JM, Kranendonk L, 2009, Investigation of In-Cab Air Quality of Truck at Electrified Truck Stop, *Journal of the Transportation Research Board*, 2123:17-25
- 30. Staniswalis JG, Yang H, **Li W-W**, Kelly KE, 2009. Using a Continuous Time Lag to Determine the Association Between Ambient PM2.5 Hourly Levels and Daily Mortality: Indication of the Importance of the Total Number of Particles, *J. of AWMA*, 59:1173-1185
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- 32. Olvera H and Li, W-W. 2008. Effects of plume buoyancy and momentum on the near-wake flow structure and dispersion behind an idealized building, J. of Industrial Aerodynamics and Wind Engineering 96(2):209-228.
- 33. *García JH*, **Li W-W**, Walton J, 2006. Determination of PM<sub>2.5</sub> sources using time-resolved integrated source and receptor models. *Chemosphere*., 65 (11): 2018-2027.
- 34. *Raina DS*, Parks NJ, **Li W-W**, Gray RW, Dattner S, 2005. An Innovative Methodology for Analyzing Digital Visibility Images in an Urban Environment. *J. of A&WMA*, 55:1733-1742.
- 35. **Li W–W**, *Cardenas N*, Walton J, *Trujillo D*, *Morales H*, Arimoto R, 2005. PM source identification at Sunland Park, New Mexico using a simple heuristic meteorological and chemical analysis. *J. of A&WMA*, 55:352-364.
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- 37. Li W-W, Orquiz R, Currey RM, Valenzuela VH, Meuzelaar HLC, Sheya SA, Sarofim A, Anderson J, Banerji S, Chow J, Watson JG, 2005. Chapter III: Experimental Design, Methods, and Results of Ambient Particulate Matter Characterization in the Paso del Norte Region. in <u>The U.S. Mexican Border Environment: An Integrated Approach to Defining Particulate Matter Issues in the Paso del Norte Region</u> ed. R.C. Curry, K. Kelly, H. Meuzelaar, A. Sarofim, San Diego State University Press, San Diego, CA. SCERP Monograph Series 12:79-112.
- 38. **Li W-W**, *Bang JJ*, Chianelli RR, Yacaman MJ, Orquiz R, 2005. Chapter IV: Characterization of Airborne Particulate Matter in the Paso del Norte (PdN) Air Quality Basin in El Paso-Juarez region: Morphology and Chemistry, in *The U.S. Mexican Border Environment: An Integrated Approach*

- <u>to Defining Particulate Matter Issues in the Paso del Norte Region</u> ed. R.C. Curry, K. Kelly, H. Meuzelaar, A. Sarofim, San Diego State University Press, San Diego, CA. SCERP Monograph Series 12:113-130.
- 39. Pingitore NE Jr, Espino T, Gardea-Torresdey J, Reynoso J, Li W-W, Currey R, Moss R, Barnes BE, Machay WP, Zevallos JC, Herrera I, 2005. Chapter V: Toxic Metals in the Air and Soil of the Paso del Norte Region, in <u>The U.S. Mexican Border Environment: An Integrated Approach to Defining Particulate Matter Issues in the Paso del Norte Region</u> ed. R.C. Curry, K. Kelly, H. Meuzelaar, A. Sarofim, San Diego State University Press, San Diego, CA. SCERP Monograph Series 12:131-172.
- 40. Meuzelaar HLC, Arnold NS, Nookala B, Mejia-Velazquez GM, Medina PO, Ramses-Sanchez J, Li W-W, Bang JJ, Fernando HJS, Lee SM, 2005. Chapter VII: Estimating Particulate Matter Exposure Risks and Evaluating Health Effects of Evening Particulate Matter Peaks Using GIS-Referenced Data Fusion Methods: A Pilot Study, in <a href="https://doi.org/10.25/2016/nc.2016/">https://doi.org/10.25/2016/</a>. A Pilot Study, in <a href="https://doi.org/10.25/2016/">https://doi.org/10.25/2016/</a>. A Pilot Study, in <a href="https://doi.org/
- 41. *Garcia JH*, **Li W-W**, Walton J, Arimoto R, Schloeesslin C, Sage S, Okrasinski R, Greenlee J, 2004. Characterization and implication of potential fugitive dust sources in the Paso del Norte region, *Jl. Science of the Total Environment, 325:95-112.*
- 42. Paschold H, Li W-W, Morale H, Walton JW. 2003. Laboratory study of the impacts of evaporative cooler on PM concentrations, Jl. of Atmospheric Environment, 37:1075-1086
- 43. **Li W-W,** *Paschold H, Morale H,* Chianelli R, 2003. Correlations between short-term indoor and outdoor PM concentrations at residences with evaporative coolers. *Jl. of Atmospheric Environment*, 37:2691-2703
- 44. Paschold H, Li W-W, Morale H, Pingitore NE, Maciejewska B, 2003. Elemental analysis of airborne particulate matter and cooling water in West Texas Residences, Jl. of Atmospheric Environment, 37: 2681-2690
- 45. Arrieta DE, Ontiveros CC, **Li W-W**, Garcia JH, Jacob MS, McDonald D, Burchiel SW, Washburn, BS, 2003. Aryl hydrocarbon receptor-mediated activity of particulate organic matter from the Paso del Norte airshed along the U.S.-Mexico border, Jl. of Environmental Health Perspectives, 111(10):1299-1305.
- 46. Parks N J, **Li W-W**, Turner CD, Gray RW, Currey R, Dattner S, Saenz J, *Valenzuela V*, VanDerslice JA, 2002. Chapter 3: Air Quality in the Paso del Norte Airshed: Historical and Contemporary. <u>Air Quality on the U.S.-Mexico Border</u>.
- 47. **Li W-W**, *Orquiz R*, Pingitore NE Jr, Garcia JH, Espino TT, Gardea-Torresdey J, Chow J, Watson JW, 2001. Analysis of temporal and spatial dichotomous PM air samples in the El Paso-Cd. Juarez air quality basin. *J. of A&WMA 51: 1511-1560*.

- 48. McFarland AR, Ortiz CA, Cermak JE, Peterka JA, **Li W-W**, 1990. Wind tunnel evaluation of a rotating-element large-particle sampler, *Aerosol Science and Technology*, *Vol. 12*, *No. 2*, *p 422-430*.
- 49. **Li W-W** and Meroney RN, 1985. Re-examination of Eulerian-Lagrangian turbulence relationship. *Jl. of Atmospheric Environment* 19:853-855.
- 50. **Li W-W** and Meroney RN, 1984. Estimation of Lagrangian time scale from laboratory measurements of lateral dispersion. *Jl. of Atmospheric Environment* 18:1601-1611.
- 51. **Li W-W** and Meroney RN, 1983. Gas dispersion near a cubical model building, Part I: Mean concentration measurements. *Jl. of Wind Engineering and Industrial Aerodynamics* 12:15-33.
- 52. **Li W-W** and Meroney RN, 1983. Gas dispersion near a cubical model building, Part II: Concentration fluctuation measurements. *Jl. of Wind Engineering and Industrial Aerodynamics* 12:35-47.

#### **Technical Reports (Peer Reviewed)**

- 1. Chavez M, Vazquez L, Hernandez Y, Toguinto F, Williams E, Vazquez FA, **Li W-W**, 2021. Low-cost Air Sensor Study in the Paso del Norte, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, 53 pp
- 2. Chavez M, Williams E, Cheu K, **Li W-W**, 2021. Using transit vehicles as probes to monitor community air quality and exposure, Center for Transportation, Environment, and Community Health (CTECH), U.S. DOT Tier 1 UTC, 98 pp.
- Jeon S, Aguilera JA, Whigham L, Chavez MC, Li W-W. 2020. Association of traffic and related air
  polltants on cardiorespiratory risk factors fro low-income populations in El Paso, TX, Center for
  Advancing Research in Transportation Emissions, Energy, and Health (CAR-TEEH), U.S. DOT Tier 1
  UTC, 171pp, <u>Association of Traffic and Related Air Pollutants on Cardiorespiratory Risk</u>
  Factors From Low-Income Populations in El Paso, TX (bts.gov)
- 4. **Li W-W**, Raysoni AU, Jeon S, Whigham L, Aguilera JA, Rangel A, Chavez MC, Ramirez IM, 2020. Healthy Living, Children's Respiratory Health, and Traffic-Related Air Pollution in an Underserved Community, Center for Advancing Research in Transportation Emissions, Energy, and Health (CAR-TEEH), U.S. DOT Tier 1 UTC, 245pp, <u>Healthy Living, Children's Respiratory Health, and Traffic-Related Air Pollution in an Underserved Community (bts.gov)</u>
- Li W-W, Chavez MC, Ramirez IM, Cheu KR, 2020. Assessing children's spatiotemporal exposures to transportation pollutants in near-road communities, Center for Transportation Emissions, Environment, and Community Health (CTECH), U.S. DOT Tier 1 UTC, 195pp <a href="https://hdl.handle.net/1813/69795">https://hdl.handle.net/1813/69795</a>
- 6. Farzaneh R, Vallamsundar S, Jaikumar R, Venugopal M, Askariyeh M, Johnson J, **Li, W-W**, Chavez MC, Ramirez IR, 2019. Evaluation of air models with near-road monitoing data: Technical report 0-6943-R1, Texas Department of Transportation, 172 pp.
- 7. Hargrove WL, Hampton E, **Li WW**. Buen Ambiente-Buena Salud: Educational Strategies for Addressing Air Quality on the Border. 2017. A project final report submitted to the U.S. EPA

- Office of Air and Radiation. January 2017.
- 8. **Li, W.-W.**, Rangel, A., Chavez, M., 2017. Evaluation of ozone control strategies for El Paso, A project report prepared for the El Paso Metropolitan Planning Organization, El Paso, TX. Nov. 30, 2017, 82 pages.
- 9. **Li WW**, Sarnat JA, Raysoni AU, Sarnat SE, Stock TH, Holguin F, Greenwald R, Olvera HA, Johnson BA, 2011. Characterization of traffic related air pollution in elementary schools and its impact on asthmatic children in El Paso, Texas. 2010. *Mickey Leland National Urban Air Toxic Research Center*, **NUATRC Report Number 20**, Houston, Texas. June 2011. 246 pages.
- 10. Sarnat JA, Holguin F, **Li W-W**, Sarnat SE, Flores S, 2010. A binational pilot study examining the impact of traffic-related air pollution on asthmatic children, prepared for the Pan American Health Organization, Washington, DC. August 2011, 349 pages.
- 11. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (**Li W-W**, co-principal author). 1997. *Risk assessment for the Waste Technologies Industries (WTI) hazardous waste incineration facility (East Liverpool, Ohio). Volume VII: Accident analysis: selection and assessment of potential release scenarios, EPA-905-R97-002g, May 1997.*
- 12. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (**Li W-W**, co-principal author). 1997. *Risk assessment for the Waste Technologies Industries (WTI) hazardous waste incineration facility (East Liverpool, Ohio). Volume VIII: Additional Analysis in Response to Peer Review Recommendations*, EPA-905-R97-002h, May 1997.
- 13. **Li W-W,** 1992. *Emissions from contaminated soil* (p. A-9 to A-12), in the *Air/Superfund National Technical Guidance Study Series Assessing potential indoor air impacts for Superfund sites*. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, EPA-451/R-92-002, September 1992.
- 14. **Li W-W** and Meroney RN, 1984. *The estimation of turbulent diffusion from real time anemometer statistics*. CED83-84WWL12, and Report NUREG/CR-4072, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C.
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#### **Conference Papers (Peer Reviewed)**

- Li W-W, Chavez M, Williams E, Vazquez L, 2022. Quantification of Traffic-related Air Pollution at a U.S.-Mexico Border Crossing, accepted for a presention at the 2023 annual Transportation Research Board (TRB) meeting in Washington, D.C, 2022.
- Chavez M, Williams E, Vazquez L, Li W-W, 2022. Evaluation of Near-road Exposure 1 Using On-road
  Air Monitor, presented at the 2022 annual Transportation Research Board (TRB) meeting in
  Washington, D.C, 2022.

- 3. Raysoni A, **W.W. Li**, 2021. Elemental Analysis of PM2.5 at four schools in El Paso, TX, USA, presented at the AGU Fall Meeting 2021, New Orlean, LA.
- Chavez M and Li W-W, 2020. Measurements of Traffic-Related Air Pollution at Two Near-road Locations, presented at the 2021 annual Transportation Research Board (TRB) meeting in Washington, D.C
- Aguilera J, Jeon S, Chavez M, Ibarra-Mejia G, Whigham L, Li W-W, 2020. Land Use Regression of Long-Term Transportation Data on Metabolic Syndrome Risk Factors in Low-income Communities presented at the 2021 annual Transportation Research Board (TRB) meeting in Washington, D.C. (webinar)
- Li W-W and Chavez M, 2020. Implications from upwind-downwind monitoring of traffic-related air pollutants at a busy highway in El Paso, Texas, accepted as a platform presentation at A&WMA's 113<sup>th</sup> Annual Conference and Exhibition, June 29-July 2, 2020, San Francisco, CA
- 7. Li W-W, Jeon S, Chavez M, Ramirez I, Rangel A, Urbina A, Vallamsundar S, Farzaneh, R, 2019. Determination of background PM2.5 concentrations for a potential transportation project site. Presented and published at 2019 TRB annual meeting, Washington DC, Jan 13-17, 2019. TRB Paper No. 19-02174R
- 8. Li W-W, Chavez M, Jeon S, Ramirez I, Rangel A, Urbina A, Vallamsundar S, Farzaneh, R, 2019. Contribution of traffic emissions to near-road PM2.5 air concentrations as implied by urban-scale background monitoring. Presented and published at 2019 TRB annual meeting, Washington DC, Jan 13-17, 2019. TRB Paper No. 19-01459R1
- Aquilera J., Jeon S, Raysoni A, Rangel A, Whigham L, Li W-W, 2019. Moderate to vigorous physical
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  attending a school near a highway. Presented and published at 2019 TRB annual meeting,
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- 10. Uwak I, Aguilera J, Ramirez I, Johnson N, Whigham L, **Li W-W**, Ramani T, Vallamsundar S, 2019. Exposure assessment of Traffic-Related Air Pollution in El Paso, Texas using personal and ambient monitoring, presented and published in the 2019 TRB Annual Meeting, Washington, D.C.
- 11. Vallamsundar S, Askariyeh M, Farzaneh R, Venugopal M, **Li, W-W**, 2019. Near-road monitoring data assessment: Impact of traffic, meteorology and background concentration, Presented and published at 2019 TRB annual meeting, Washington DC, Jan 13-17, 2019.
- 12. Li W-W and Raysoni A, 2014, Measurements of Traffic-related Indoor-Outdoor Air Pollution at Elementary Schools in a Cross-border Urbanized Metroplex, presented in Indoor Air 2014: the 13<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Indoor Air Quality and Climate, Hong Kong, July 7-12, 2014.
- 13. Yang HY, **Li W-W**, Valenzuela V., 2014. Development of a Principal Component Regression Model for Predicting Ozone Exceedance, presented at *the 107th Air and Waste Management Association Conference and Exhibition*, Long Beach, CA, June 24-28, 2014.

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- 15. Sosa T, Yang H, Cheu RL, Pinal G, Valenzuela V, Romo A, Li W-W, 2013. A Methodology for Generating Emission Factors at an International Port of Entry, Paper #12792, Proceedings of the 106th Air and Waste Management Association Conference and Exhibition, Chicago, IL, June 25-28, 2013.
- 16. Sosa TM and Li W-W, 2012. A GIS-based modeling approach for estimating pollutant concentrations in an urban environment, Paper #561. Proceedings of the 105th Air and Waste Management Association Conference and Exhibition, San Antonio, TX, June 19-22, 2012
- 17. Li W-W, Hampton E, Hargrove W, 2012. Educational strategies for addressing air quality on the border, Paper #544. *Proceedings of the 105th Air and Waste Management Association Conference and Exhibition,* San Antonio, TX, June 19-22, 2012.
- 18. Sosa TM, Cheu RL, Ramirez A, **Li W-W**, 2012. Air pollution reduction at the Bridge of the Americas, Paper #560. *Proceedings of the 105th Air and Waste Management Association Conference and Exhibition*, San Antonio, TX, June 19-22, 2012
- 19. Valenzuela V, Yang HL, Pinal GH, Fitzgerald R, Yang HY, Olvera H, **Li W-W**, 2012. Conceptual model of ozone pollution for an air quality basin in Texas, Paper #538. *Proceedings of the 105th Air and Waste Management Association Conference and Exhibition*, San Antonio, TX, June 19-22, 2012.
- 20. Tropp RJ, Chen L, Zhu D, Chow JC, Watson JG, Zielinska B, **Li W-W**, 2010. Air Toxics in El Paso, Texas. Proceedings of the A&WMA's 103<sup>rd</sup> Annual Conference and Exhibition, June 22-25, 2010, Calgary, Alberta, Canada
- 21. Raysoni A, **Li W-W**, Sarnat SE, Sarnat JA, Holguin F, Garcia J, Flores S, 2009. Intra-urban spatial variation of PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass measurements, filter absorbance measurements and NO<sub>2</sub> at El Paso, Texas, USA & Cd. Juarez, Chihuahua, MX, *Proceedings of the A&WMA's 102nd Annual Conference and Exhibition*, June 16-19, Detroit, MI
- 22. **Li W-W,** Molina E, Holguin F, Flores S, 2009. Interdependence of traffic-related air pollution on meteorology and geography in a bi-national air quality basin, *Proceedings of the A&WMA's 102nd Annual Conference and Exhibition*, June 16-19, Detroit, MI
- 23. Gamez J, Mares J, **Li W-W**, 2009. Assessment of Impacts on Emissions and Air Pollution Reduction at the New Port or Entry in San Luis Rio Colorado, Sonora, *Proceedings of the A&WMA's 102nd Annual Conference and Exhibition*, June 16-19, Detroit, MI.
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- 25. Olvera HA and Li W-W, 2009, Characterization Of Ultrafine Particles And Benzene Concentrations At The International Bridge Of The Americas, Proceedings of the A&WMA's 102nd Annual Conference and Exhibition, June 16-19, Detroit, MI.
- 26. Chen L-W, Tropp R, Zhu D, **Li W-W**, 2009. Air Toxics and Aerosol Concentration at El Paso, Texas: Implementation for Cross-Border Transport, AAAR 2009 Annual Conference, Minneapolis, MN, Oct. 26-30, 2009
- 27. Lee DW, Zietsman J, Farzaneh M, **Li W-W**, Olvera HA, Storey JM, Kranendonk L, 2008. *Investigations of in-cab air quality of a truck resting in an electrified truck stop. TRB 2009 Annual Conference*, Washington, D.C.
- 28. *Raina DS*, Parks NJ, **Li W-W**, Gray RW, Dattner S, 2004. Innovative monitoring of visibility using digital imaging technology in an arid urban environment. *Proceedings of the Regional and Global Perspectives on Haze: Causes, Consequences and Controversies*, Oct. 26-29, 2004, Asheville, North Carolina. 19 pages.
- 29. Turner C D, **Li W-W**, Flores B, 2002. Using a green engineering building design contest to promote sustainable engineering. *Proceedings of the 2002 ASEE Annual Conference*.
- 30. Parks NJ, **Li W-W**, *Borlepwa V*, Gray RW, Dattner S, Valenzuela V, 2001. Variation of visual air quality in the Paso del Norte airshed. *Proceedings of the 94th AW&MA Annual Meeting and Exhibition*, Orlando, Florida. 15 pages.
- 31. Turner CD and **Li W-W,** 2001. Developing sustainable engineering across a college of engineering. *Proceedings of the 2001 ASEE Annual Conference,* Albuquerque, New Mexico. 8 pages.
- 32. West KA, Kirschner SW, **Li W-W**, 2001. Novel approach to the use of geologic and soil-gas sampling data in risk assessment A case study using an advective-diffusive emission model. Presented in *the Geological Society of America Annual Meeting & Exposition 2001*, November 5 8, 2001, Boston, Massachusetts
- 33. *Orquiz R,* **Li W-W**, Pingitore NE, 2000. Temporal measurements of PM fine and coarse concentrations in El Paso. *Proceedings of the 93rd AW&MA Annual Meeting and Exhibition*, Salt Lake City, Utah, June 18-22. Paper #. 00-745, 20 pages.
- 34. Sheya SAN, Meuzelaar HLC, **Li W-W**, 2000. Novel analytical dimensions in exploratory field studies of air particulate matter. *Proceedings of the 93rd AW&MA Annual Meeting and Exhibition*, Salt Lake City, Utah, June 18-22. Paper #. 00-669, 11 pages.
- 35. **Li W-W**, *Orquiz R*, Pingitore NE, Espino TT, Gardea-Torresdey J, Chow JC, Watson JG, 2000. Analysis of temporal dichotomous PM air samples in the PdN region. Paper presented at *the Tropospheric Aerosols: Science and Decisions in an International Community*, A NARTRO Technical Symposium on Aerosol Science, Queretaro, Mexico, Oct. 23-27. 2000. 27 pages.
- 36. **Li W-W,** 1999. Characterization of ambient PM concentrations in the Paso del Norte region. *Proceedings of the 92nd AW&MA Annual Meeting and Exhibition*, St. Louis, MO, June 20-24. Paper #. 99-192, 18 pages.

- 37. **Li W-W,** 1999. A refined consequence analysis of spill events at a chemical distribution facility. *Proceedings of the 92nd AW&MA Annual Meeting and Exhibition*, St. Louis, MO, June 20-24. Paper #. 99-102, 13 pages.
- 38. **Li W-W**, Greenhalgh ME, Washburn ST, 1994. Implementation of a risk-based air monitoring program using integrated and continuous air monitors. *Proceedings of the 1994 EPA/A&WMA International Symposium on Measurement of Toxic and Related Air Pollutants*, p. 741-751.
- 39. **Li W-W** and Long M, 1993. Evaluating the impact of subsurface contaminants on indoor air quality using field measurements and estimates from a convective-diffusive transport model. *Proceeding of the 1993 EPA/A&WMA International Symposium on Measurement of Toxic and Related Air Pollutants*. p. 41-51.
- 40. **Li W-W**, Firth MJ, Harris RH, 1992, Health risk reduction based on Monte Carlo simulation and air dispersion modeling at a chemical processing facility. In *Proceedings of the 85th Annual Meeting & Exhibition of the Air and Waste Management Association*, Kansas City, Missouri, June 21-24. Paper #. 92-149.03, 18 pages.
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- 42. **Li W-W**, Kleiman CF, Firth MJ, Baviello MA, Highland JH, 1991. An expert systems approach to screening environmental data at contaminated sites. *Proceedings of the 84th Annual Meeting of the Air & Waste Management Association*, Vancouver, British Columbia, June 16-21. Paper #. 91-119.11, 20 pages.
- 43. **Li W-W**, Scott MP, Bradstreet JW, 1990. Modeling of On-site Air Concentrations at Superfund Sites. *Superfund 90*, p. 117-122.
- 44. **Li W-W,** 1990. Estimation of air emissions utilizing indirect on-site emission measurements. *Proceedings of the 83rd Annual Meeting of the Air & Water Management Association,* Pittsburg, PA, June 24-29. Paper #. 90-82.3, 18 pages.
- 45. **Li W-W** and Meroney RN, 1985. Measurements of the two-point Eulerian velocity statistics in a turbulent boundary layer. In *Proceedings of the Seventh Symposium on Turbulence and Diffusion*, American Meteorology Society, Boulder, Colo., November.

#### **Selected Conference/Meeting Papers and Presentations**

 Li W-W, Williams E, Vazquez L, Chavez M, 2022. Monitoring of three criteria air pollutants at an international port of entry, submitted for a presentation at the 2022 National Ambient Air Monitoring Conference, Pittsburgh, PA, August 22-25, 2022

- Chavez M, Vazquez L, Hernandez Y, Toquinto F, Williams E, Vazquez A, Li W-W, 2022. Low-cost PM2.5 measurements in a binational metropolitan area along the U.S.-Mexico border, presented at the Air Sensors International Conference, May 11-13, 2022.
- 3. Williams E, Vazquez L, Chavez M, **Li W-W**, 2022. Rapid Assessment of Community Air Quality Using Real-time Mobile Air Monitors, presented at the Air Sensors International Conference, May 11-13, 2022.
- 4. Chavez M and Li W-W, 2021. Project overview, sensor calibration, and quality assurance, Technical Exchange on Air Sensor Networks Along the Mexico-U.S. Border, sponsored by the U.S. EPA, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards June 9, 2021. (webinar)
- Chavez M, Li W-W, 2021. Modeling spatiotemporal exposures to traffic-related air pollutants in a near-highway microenvironment, Transportation, Air Quality, and Health (TAQH2021) symposium, May 18, 2021. (virtual symposium)
- 6. Chavez M, Li W-W, 2021. Low-cost sensor study in the Paso del Norte, discussion on PM2.5 air sensors and correction factors, U.S. EPA, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, March 22, 2021 (virtual meeting)
- Chavez M, Li W-W, 2021. Low-cost sensor study in the Paso del Norte, presented in the 79<sup>th</sup> meeting
  of Joint Advisory Committee (JAC) for the Improvement of Air Quality in the Ciudad Juárez,
  Chihuahua / El Paso, Texas / Doña Ana County, New México Air Basin, Feb. 11, 2021 (virtual
  meeting)
- 8. **Li W-W**, 2020. Exposures to COVID-19 in a small transportation environment, COVID-19 impacts on Transportation, Air Quality, and Health, Center for Advancing Research in Transportation Emissions, Energy, and Health, A USDOT University Transportation Center, Dec. 3, 2020, (Webinar, invited speaker)
- 9. Aguilera J, Jeon S, Chavez M, Ibarra G, Ferreira-Pinto J, **Li W-W**, Whigham L, 2020. Associations of Traffic and Air Pollution with Obesity and Fasting Glucose in Low-Income Populations, Obesity Week: The Obesity Society, Atlanta, Georgia, Nov. 3-6, 2020. (virtual symposium)
- 10. Vallamsundar S, Asityskariyeh M, Farzaneh R, Venugopal M, **Li, W-W**, 2020, Assessment of Personal Exposure to Air Pollution in the Vicinity of US-Mexico Border Crossings: A Case Study in El Paso, TX, presented at the 2<sup>nd</sup> Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Riverside, CA, May 16-18, 2020. (virtual symposium)
- 11. Aguilera J, Jeon, S, Chavez M, Ibarra G, Ferreira-Pinto J, Whigham L, **Li W-W**, 2020. Short-term associations of traffic-related air pollutants on cardiorespiratory risk factors from low-income populations in El Paso, Texas, presented at the 2<sup>nd</sup> Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Riverside, CA, May 16-18, 2020. (virtual symposium)
- 12. Raysoni, A, Sarnat J, Chavez M, Parsons J, **Li W-W**, 2020. Elemental Analysis of PM2.5 at four schools in El Paso, TX,USA and Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua, MX., presented at the 2<sup>nd</sup> Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Riverside, CA, May 16-18, 2020. (virtual symposium)

- 13. Chavez M and **Li W-W**, 2020. Modeling spatiotemporal exposures to traffic-related air pollutants in a near-highway microenvironment, presented at the 2<sup>nd</sup> Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Riverside, CA, May 16-18, 2020. (virtual symposium)
- 14. Uwak I, Aguilera J, Ramirez I, Johnson N, Whigham L, **Li W-W**, Ramani T, Vallamsundar S, 2019. Exposure assessment of Traffic-Related Air Pollution in El Paso, Texas using personal and ambient monitoring, presented in the TRB Annual Meeting, Washington, D.C.
- 15. Li W-W, Jeon S, Raysoni A, Aguilera J, Whigham L, 2019. Near-highway criteria pollutant concentrations are weakly associated with adverse respiratory symptoms for asthmatic children attending road-side schools, presented in the Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Austin, Texas, Feb. 18-20, 2019.
- 16. Li W-W, Chavez M, Jeon S, Ramirez I, 2019. the contribution of traffic emissions to near-road PM<sub>2.5</sub> pollution using concentrations observed at near-road and urban-scale background air monitors, presented in the Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Austin, Texas, Feb. 18-20, 2019.
- 17. Raysoni, AU, Jeon S, Aguilera J, Li W-W, 2019. Assessment of Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ) as a metric for children's traffic air pollution exposures at two roadside El Paso elementary schools, presented in the Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Austin, Texas, Feb. 18-20, 2019
- 18. Vallamsundar S, Askariyeh M, Farzaneh R, Venugopal M, **Li, W-W**, 2019. Near-road monitoring data assessment: Impact of traffic, meteorology, and background concentration, presented in the Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Austin, Texas, Feb. 18-20, 2019
- 19. Jeon S, Staniswalis, JG, Raysoni A, **Li, W-W**, 2019. Determination of the optimal sample size for a limited longitudinal cohort study of children's respiratory health and air quality, presented in the Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Austin, Texas, Feb. 18-20, 2019
- 20. Aguilera J, Perez D, Redelfs A, Jeon S, Raysoni A, **Li, W-W**, Whigham L, 2019. Relationship between physical activities, fruits and vegetables, and air quality in children with asthma, presented in the Transportation, Air Quality, and Health Symposium, Austin, Texas, Feb. 18-20, 2019
- 21. Chavez, M and **Li, W-W**, 2018. Assessing spatiotemporal exposures to transportation pollutants in near-road communities using AERMOD. Center for Transportation, Environment and Community Health Annual Meeting, Davis, CA, Nov. 9, 2018.
- 22. **Li W-W,** Jeon S, Raysoni A, Aguilera J, Whigham L, Rangel A, Chavez M, Ramirez I, 2018. Association of respiratory responses with traffic air pollution for asthmatic children attending road schools, presented in the Air Sensor International Conference, Oakland, CA. Sep 12-14, 2018.
- 23. Aguilera J, Jeon S, Chavez M, Whigham L, Li, W-W, 2018. Moderate to vigorous physical activity levels negatively correlate with traffic related air pollutants in children with asthma attending a school near a freeway. presented in the 73<sup>rd</sup> meeting of the Joint Advisory Committee for the Improvement of Air Quality in the Cd. Juarez, Chihuahua, El Paso, Texas, and Dona Anna County, New Mexico Air Basin, Las Cruces, NM, Sep 20, 2018.
- 24. Amit U. Raysoni, Juan A. Aguilera, Leah D. Whigham, Stephanie Garcia, Moises Garcia, Adan Rangel, Mayra C. Chavez, Ivan M. Ramirez, Wen-Whai Li, 2018. Airway inflammation and lung function measurements in asthmatic children at two road-side elementary schools in El Paso, TX. Presented

- at the American Public Health Association 2018 Annual Meeting and Expo, Nov. 10-14, 2018, San Diego, CA.
- 25. Li W-W, 2017. U.S. DOT Center for Advancing Research in Transportation Emission, Energy, and Health (CAR\_TEEH): Research Activities in El Paso, presented in the 69<sup>th</sup> meeting of Joint Advisory Committee (JAC) for the Improvement of Air Quality in the Ciudad Juárez, Chihuahua / El Paso, Texas / Doña Ana County, New México Air Basin, El Paso, Texas, May 25, 2017
- 26. Hargrove WL, Hampton E, **Li W-W**, 2016. Buen Ambiente-Buena Salud: An Education-Based Program for Addressing Air Quality on the USA-Mexico Border, presented to U.S. EPA Office of Air and Radiation, Jan 6-10, 2013. Austin, Texas.
- 27. Hampton E, **Li W-W**, Gill T, Hargrove W, 2013. Buen Ambiente-Buena Salud: An Education-Based Program for Addressing Air Quality in a USA-Mexico Border Metroplex, presented at the 93<sup>rd</sup> American Meteorological Society Annual Meeting, Oct. 11, 2013. Washington, D.C.
- 28. Armijos R, Weigel M, Pingitore NE, **Li W-W**, Myers O, Berwick M, Racines-Orbe M, 2012. Urban air pollution, systemic inflammation, and sub-clinical atherosclerosis in Eduadorian children, presented in the American Public Health Association 140<sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting & Expo, Oct. 27-31, 2012. San Francisco, CA.
- 29. Yang H, González-Ayala S, Tarin G, **Li W-W**, Valenzuela V, Pinal G, 2012, Development of MOVES-Mexico Stage I: Ciudad Juarez Chihuahua and the Quantification of Uncertainties, presented in the 20th International Emission Inventory Conference "Emission Inventories Meeting the Challenges Posed by Emerging Global, National, and Regional and Local Air Quality Issues", Tampa, Florida, August 13 16, 2012
- 30. **Li W-W**, Sosa TM, Cheu RL, Ramirez A, 2012. Evaluation of Transportation Mitigation Measures on Air Quality and Traffic Congestion at the Bridge of the Americas Port of Entry, presented in the Health Impacts of Border Crossings Conference 2012, May 2-4, 2012, San Ysidro, CA.
- **31.** Li W-W, Yang HY, Pinal G, Valenzuela V, Olvera H, Cheu RL, Fitzgerald R, Yang HL, 2012. Development of Emission Inventory Improvements and Control Strategies for Ozone Reduction in El Paso, Texas. Presented in the 53 Meeting of the Joint Advisory Committee for the Improvement of Air Quality in the Ciudad Juárez, Chihuahua / El Paso, Texas / Doña Ana County, New México Air Basin, Jan. 26, 2012. El Paso, Texas.
- **32.** Li W-W, Pinal G, Valenzuela V, Yang HY, Olvera H, Cheu RL, Fitzgerald R, Yang HL, 2011.

  Conceptual Model for Ozone Reduction in El Paso, Texas. Presented in the 52 detecting of the Joint Advisory Committee for the Improvement of Air Quality in the Ciudad Juárez, Chihuahua / El Paso, Texas /Doña Ana County, New México Air Basin, Oct. 27, 2011. Sunland Park, NM.
- 33. Stock TH, **Li W-W**, Sarnat JA, Raysoni AU, Olvera HA, Sarnat SE, Holguin F, 2011. The Impact of Traffic-Related Air Pollutants on Indoor Air Quality at Four Elementary Schools in El Paso, Texas with Different Air Conditioning Systems, presented in the 12<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Indoor Air Quality and Climate, June 5-10, Austin, Texas.

- 34. Sosa T and **Li W-W**, 2011. Development of a Land Use Regression Model to Predict Nitrogen Dioxide Concentrations., presented in the Emerging Researchers National Conference in STEM, Feb. 23-26, 2011, Washington, D.C.
- 35. Kaden D, Hendler EE, Bruhl R, **Li W-W**, Sarnat S, Olaguer E, Guven B, Zielinska B, Fujita E, Beskid C, 2011. Science to Address Texans' Health, presented at The Society of Toxicology 50<sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting, March 6-10, 2011, Washington, D.C.
- 36. Olvera HA, Perez D, Clague JW, **Li W-W**, Cheng YS, Pingitore N, 2010. Size-Resolved Measurements of Polydispersed Hygroscopic Ultrafine Particle Deposition in the Respiratory Tract of Children, presented at *the AAAR 29<sup>th</sup> Annual Conference*, March 22-26, Portland, OR
- 37. **Li W-W**, *Raysoni AU*, *Sarnat JA*, *Stock TH*, *Sarnat SE*, *Holguin F*, *Greenwald R*, *Olvera HA*, *Johnson BA*, 2010. Indoor-outdoor measurements of Traffic Related Air Pollutants in four elementary schools in El Paso, Texas, invited to present in the Coordinated Research Council Mobile Source Air Toxics Workshop, Nov. 30 Dec. 2, 2010, Sacramento, CA
- 38. Li W-W, Sarnat SE, Raysoni AU, Olvera HA, Sarnat JA, Greenwald R, Johnson B, Stock TH, Holguin F, 2010. Characterization of Traffic Related Air Pollution in Elementary Schools and Its Impact on Asthmatic Children in El Paso, Texas, invited to present in the Credible Science to Address Texans' Health: Exposure to Air Toxics, A Mickey Leland National Urban Air Toxics Research Center 2010 Symposium, Nov. 16, 2010, Dallas.
- 39. Tropp R, Chen L, Zue D, Chow J, Watson J, Zielinska B, **Li W-W**, 2010. An air toxic study in El Paso: Measurement quality and potencial health risks. Symposium on air quality measurement methods and technology, Los Angeles, CA, November 2 4, 2010.
- 40. Olvera HA, Guerrero V, Lopez M, **Li W-W**, 2010. Diurnal and seasonal variations of traffic-related PM pollution at an International border crossing, presented at *the 2010 AAAR/HEI Specialty Conference: Air Pollution and Health Bridging the Gap from Sources to Health Outcomes*, San Diego, CA, March 22 26, 2010.
- 41. Raysoni A, **Li W-W**, Sarnat S, Holguin F, Garcia J, Flores S, Sarnat JA, 2010. Investigation of children's exposure concentrations at near-highway elementary schools in a U.S.-Mexico border community, accepted for a presentation at *the 2010 AAAR/HEI Specialty Conference: Air Pollution and Health Bridging the Gap from Sources to Health Outcomes*, San Diego, CA, March 22 26, 2010.
- **42.** Sarnat SE, Raysoni A, **Li W-W**, Holguin F, Johnson B, Flores S, Garcia J, Sarnat JA, 2010. Associations between air pollution and exhaled nitric oxide in asthmatic children along the US-Mexico border region, accepted for a presentation at *the 2010 AAAR/HEI Specialty Conference: Air Pollution and Health Bridging the Gap from Sources to Health Outcomes*, San Diego, CA, March 22 26, 2010.
- **43.** Chen LW, Tropp R, Zhu D, **Li W-W**, Rodriguez E, 2009. Air toxics in El Paso Texas: Implications for Cross-Border Transport, *U.S. EPA National Ambient Air Monitoring Conference*, Nov. 2-5, Nashville, TN.
- 44. Raysoni A, Li W-W, Sarnat S, Sarnat J, Holguin F, Garcia J, Flores S, 2009, Intra-urban spatial variation

- of PM<sub>2.5</sub>, PM<sub>10-2.5</sub> and black carbon mass concentration in El Paso, SACNAS National Conference, Improving the Human Condition: Challenges for Interdisciplinary Science, Oct. 15-18, 2009, Dallas, TX
- 45. Mares JM, **Li W-W**, Cheu RL, 2009. A GIS-Based Emission and Air Quality Impact Assessment for Evaluating Transportation, *Institute of Transportation Engineers 2009 Annual Meeting and Exhibit,* Aug. 9-12. San Antonio, TX.
- 46. Cahill TA, Gill TE, Pingitore NE, Olvera H, Clague JW, Barnes DE, Perry KD, **Li W-W**, Amaya M A, 2009. Size-Time-Composition Resolved Study of Aerosols Across El Paso, Texas in Fall 2008. American Geophysical Union Fall Meeting 2009, abstract #EP21A-0570, San Francisco, CA
- 47. Chen LW, Tropp R, Zhu D, **Li W-W**, 2009. Air Toxics and Aerosol Concentration at El Paso, Texas: Implications for Cross-Border Transport, *AAAR 28th Annual Conference*, Oct. 26-30, Minneapolis, MN
- 48. Holguin F, Flores S, Sarnat SE, **Li W-W**, Raysoni A, Sarnat J, 2009. Phenotypical comparison of children with asthma across the US-Mexico border, *the American Thoracic Society ATS 2009 International Conference*, May 15-20, 2009, San Diego, California
- 49. Sarnat SE, Raysoni A, **Li W-W**, Flores-Luévano S, Holguin F, Sarnat JA, 2009. Traffic-Related Air Pollution in the US-Mexico Border Region, *Thoracic Society ATS 2009 International Conference*, May 15-20, 2009, San Diego, California.
- 50. Raysoni AU, **Li W-W**, Sarnat JA Sarnat SE, Holguin F, Garcia JH, Olvera HA, Garcia MI, 2009. Measurements of PM<sub>2.5</sub> and NO<sub>2</sub> in Multiple Microenvironments at Four Schools Across Two Border Cities in North America, the *7th International Conference on Air Quality Science and Application (Air Quality 2009)*, March 24-27, 2009, Istanbul, Turkey.
- 51. Raysoni AU, Garcia JH, **Li W-W**, Sarnat SE, Sarnat JA, Holguin F, Guerrero V, Luévano SF, 2009. Children's Exposure to Coarse Particulate Matter (PM<sub>10-2.5</sub>) at Schools in the Paso del Norte Region, *NEHA's 73rd Annual Educational Conference (AEC) & Exhibition*, June 21-24, 2009, Atlanta, Georgia
- 52. Olvera HA, Li W-W, Pingitore NE Jr, Amaya M, Gamez J, Baca DJ, Garcia JH, Garcia N, Garcia M, 2009. Application of Land Use Regression to a Sub-region of an Urban Metropolis for Exposure Assessment, NEHA's 73rd Annual Educational Conference (AEC) & Exhibition, June 21-24, 2009, Atlanta, Georgia
- 53. Lee DW, Zietsman J, Farzaneh M, **Li W-W**, Olvera HA, Storey JM, Kranendonk L, 2009. Investigations of In-Cab Air Quality of a Truck Residing in an Electrified, presented in *the 2009 Annual TRB Meeting*, Jan. 11-15, 2009, Washington, D.C.
- 54. Raysoni AU and **Li W-W**, 2008. Health Impacts of Traffic Related Air Pollution, presented in the *2nd International Congress of Environmental Research ICER -08*, Dec. 18-20, 2008. Goa, Goa, India.
- 55. Raysoni, **Li W-W**, Sarnat JA, Sarnat SE, Holguin F, Garcia JH. Olvera HA, Garcia MI, 2008. Ambient Concentrations of PM<sub>2.5</sub> and NO<sub>2</sub> at Four Schools on the U.S.-Mexico Border, presented in *the 2nd International Congress of Environmental Research ICER -08*, Dec. 18-20, 2008. Goa, Goa, India

- 56. **Li W-W**, Gamez J, Baca DJ, Olvera HA, Garcia JH, Staniswalis J, Garcia N, Garcia M, Pingitore NE Jr, Amaya M, Nelly K, Lighty J, 2007. Investigation of the Number Concentrations of Ultrafine Particles in the Nocturnal PM Peaks, presented in *the 3rd International Symposium on Nanotechnology, Occupational and Environmental Health*, August 29-September 1, 2007, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan.
- 57. **Li W-W**, Olvera HA, Gamez J, Pingitore NE Jr, 2007. Source and Health Implication of Diurnal Atmospheric PM Mass and Number Concentrations, presented in *the 2007 American Geophysical Union Fall Meeting*, San Francisco, CA, Dec. 10-15, 2007.
- 58. Olvera HA, **Li W-W**, Pingitore NE Jr, 2007. The Effects of Plume buoyancy and Momentum on The Flow Structure and Dispersion in the vicinity of an idealized building, presented in *the 2007 American Geophysical Union Fall Meeting*, San Francisco, CA, Dec. 10-15, 2007.
- 59. Myer O, Gonzales M, **Li W-W**, Olvera H, Pingitore N, Amaya M, 2007. Selection of Optimal Air Monitoring Sites for Enhancing Population Exposure Estimates from Land Use Regression Models, presented in the *17<sup>th</sup> Annual Conference of the International Society for Exposure Analysis*, Durham, N.C., October 14-18, 2007.
- 60. Lighty, JS, Wendt JOL, Kelly K, **Li W-W**, Staniswalis J, Sarnat J, Sarnat S, Holguin F, Witten M, 2007. A Planning Study to Investigate the Impacts of Dust and Vehicles on Acute Cardiorespiratory Responses in the Arid Southwest, presented in the *Health Effects Institute 2007 Annual Conference*, April, 2007, San Francisco, CA.
- 61. Meuzelaar H, Arnold N, Jaramillo C, Kelly K, Mejia G, Garcia J, Santos J, Martinez M, Sierra M, Rojas A, Estrada A, Richaud N, **Li W-W**, Gamez J, Garcia N, Baca DJ, 2006. Near-instantaneous Impacts of High PM Episodes on Cardiopulmonary Function in Healthy Adults, presented in *the Building Environmental Security In The Border Region Through Binational Cooperation*, Dec. 12-13, Tucson, AZ
- 62. Gamez J, Baca DJ, Olvera HO, Garcia N, Garcia M, Astorga F, Garcia JH, Mejia J, Kelly K, Lighty J, Li W-W, 2006. Investigation of the Nocturnal PM Peaks for Evidence of Association with Population Health Risks in Two Border Cities, presented in the Building Environmental Security In The Border Region Through Binational Cooperation, Dec. 12-13, Tucson, AZ
- 63. **Li W-W**, Garcia J, Cardenas N, 2006. Associations of low-wind particulate matter spikes with regional emissions at Sunland Park, New Mexico, presented at the EPA *2006 National Air Monitoring Conference*, Nov. 9 -12, 2006, Las Vegas, NV.
- 64. Olvera HA, Gamez J, Garcia N, Baca JD, Garcia M, Astorga F, Sias J, Pingitore NE Jr, Currey R, Amaya M, Gonzales M, Orrin M, Burchiel SW, **Li W-W**, 2006. Ambient monitoring of PM and co-pollutants for use in the assessment of childhood asthma in Hispanic households, presented at *the EPA 2006 National Air Monitoring Conference*, Nov. 9 -12, 2006, Las Vegas, NV.
- 65. Mora J, Lee WY, Roche R, **Li W-W**, 2006. Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons Concentrations from Cooking in Demographically Representative Residences in the U.S.-Mexico Border Region, presented

- at the specialty conference on the *Indoor Environmental Quality Problems, Research and Solutions*, July 17-19, 2006, Durham, NC
- 66. Mora J, Astorga F, Gamez J, Li W-W, 2006. Characteristics of Related Indoor PM2.5 from Cooking in Demographically Representative Residences at a U.S.-Mexico Border Region, presented at the specialty conference on *Indoor Environmental Quality - Problems, Research and Solutions*, July 17-19, 2006, Durham, NC
- **67.** Pingitore NP, Amaya M, **Li W-W**, Currey R, Burchiel S, Berwick M, 2006. Childhood asthma and respiratory health in Latino children in the El Paso airshed. Presented in the *Health Effects Institute 2006 Annual Conference*, April 9-11, 2006, San Francisco, CA.
- 68. **Li W-W** and Garcia JH, 2005. Source identification by statistical analyses of surface soil concentrations. Presented at *the 15<sup>th</sup> Annual Conference on Soils, Sediments, and Water*, March 14-17, San Diego, CA. (O)
- 69. Garcia JH, **Li W-W**, Walton J, 2005. Determination of PM composition and sources in the Paso del Norte Region Using Time-resolved Integrated Source and Receptor Models. Presented at *the 9<sup>th</sup> International Congress on Combustion By-Products and their Health Effects*, June 12-15, 2005, Tucson, AZ (O, F)
- 70. Olvera H and **Li W-W**, 2004. Development of a visualization tool for chemical spill emergencies using simulated high-resolution wind fields, Paper presented in ACHMM 2004 National Conference, Aug. 1 4, Las Vegas, NV.
- 71. Arimoto R, **Li W-W**, *Cardenas N*, Walton J, *Trujillo D*, *Morales H*, Sage S, Schloesslin C, 2004. Investigations of the low wind particulate matter spikes at the Sunland Park, New Mexico monitoring site. Paper presented in *the 2004 Border Regional Environmental Conference*, Feb. 10-12, 2004, Laredo, TX.
- 72. Olvera H and **Li W-W**, 2003. Development of a GIS-based area source emission inventory in the Paso del Norte air quality basin. Paper presented in the North American Research Strategy for Tropospheric Ozone (NARSTO) Workshop on Innovative Methods for Emission Inventory and Evaluation, Oct. 14 17, 2003, Austin, Texas.
- 73. *Garcia JH*, **Li W-W**, Walton J, Arimoto R, Schloesslin C, Sage S, Okrasinski R, Greenlee J, Guttmann W, 2003. Implications on contributing sources by chemical composition in regional surficial soil, Paper presented in *the North American Research Strategy for Tropospheric Ozone (NARSTO) Workshop on Innovative Methods for Emission Inventory and Evaluation*, Oct. 14 17, 2003, Austin, Texas.
- 74. *Cadenas N, Li W-W*, Walton J, Arimoto R, *Morales H, Trujillo D,* 2003. Characterization of the diurnal PM peaks at Sunland Park, New Mexico. Paper presented in *the North American Research Strategy for Tropospheric Ozone (NARSTO) Workshop on Innovative Methods for Emission Inventory and Evaluation*, Oct. 14 17, 2003, Austin, Texas.
- 75. Zhang H, Lighty JS, Meuzelaar HLC, Kelly K, Wagner D, Cheya SA, Sarofim AF, Robertson JD, **Li W-W**, 2002. Combustion-related particulate matter source attribution in the Paso del Norte air basin using

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- 4. Wookay A, Mares J, Sosa T, **Li W-W**, 2013. Analysis of Targeted Emission Reduction Possibilities in the Paso del Norte, Task 2: PM emissions from the Ciudad Juarez Cement Plant, prepared for TCEQ, 59 pages.
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#### Ph.D. and M.S. Graduates (served as Dissertation/Thesis Advisor)

#### Ph.D

- Aguilera, J., 2020. Association of traffic related air pollution with physical activity and cardiorespiratory health outcomes in at-risk populations from El Paso, Texas, Ph.D. Dissertation (Co-advisor with Leah Whigham), Best Ph.D. Dissertation, College of Health Science, UTEP, 2020
- 2. Chavez, M., 2019. Assessing children's spatiotemporal exposures to transportation pollutants in near-road communities, **Ph.D. Dissertation**, <u>Best Ph.D. Dissertation</u>, <u>College of Engineering</u>, <u>UTEP</u>, <u>2020</u>
- 3. Montoya, T., 2013. Characterization of particulate matter concentrations ( $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{10-2.5}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$ ) at high-altitude school and residential microenvironments in Quito, Ecuador, **Ph.D. Dissertation.**
- 4. Valenzuela, V., 2013 Evaluation of emission control strategies to reduce ozone pollution in the Paso del Norte region using a photochemical air quality modeling system, **Ph.D. Dissertation.**
- 5. Raysoni, A., 2011. <u>Assessment of intra-urban traffic related air pollution on asthmatic children's exposure at schools in the Paso de Norte Region</u>, **Ph.D. Dissertation.**
- 6. Mares, J., 2010. A GIS-based emission and air quality impact assessment tool for evaluating transportation mitigation measures, **Ph.D. Dissertation**.
- 7. Olvera, H., 2006. <u>Numerical simulations of a hydrogen release in the vicinity of a cubical building</u>, *Ph. D. Dissertation*
- 8. Garcia, J., 2004. <u>Determination of PM compositions and sources in the El Paso del Norte region using time-resolved integrated source and receptor models</u>. *Ph.D. Dissertation*.
- **9.** Paschold, H., 2002. The effects of evaporative cooling on indoor/outdoor air quality in an arid region, *Ph.D. Dissertation*

#### <u>M.S.</u>

- 10. Leonardo D. Vazquez-Raygoza, 2022. <u>Identifying particulate matter spatial variation in the El Paso del Norte region using land-use regression modeling and data obtained from a network of low-cost sensors.</u>
  M.S. Thesis.
- 11. Marcos A. Banta-Morales, 2022. <u>Influence evaluation on near-road concentrations of PM2.5 during Covid-19 pandemic.</u> M.S. Thesis
- 12. Ivan M. Ramirez, 2021. <u>Sensitivity analysis of transportation emissions on near-road air dispersion using the EPA-approved Gaussian air dispersion model AERMOD</u>. M.S. Thesis

- 13. Adan Rangel, 2018. <u>A comparative study characterizing traffic related air pollutant concentrations at</u> near-road communities in El Paso, Texas, M.S. Thesis
- 14. Chavez, M., 2016. <u>Estimating air concentrations using MOVES generated site-specific traffic emissions</u>, M.S. Thesis.
- 15. Sisneros, M., 2014. <u>Evaluation of ozone trends in southern Dona Ana County, New Mexico thru wind rose analysis and use of HYSPLIT model</u>, M.S. Thesis.
- 16. Sandoval, A., 2012. <u>Evaluation of ozone trends and distribution in the Paso del Norte region using TCEQ's CAMS data and ozone data collected at two supplemental sites, M.S. Thesis.</u>
- 17. Arizpe, G.E., 2012. <u>Analysis of air quality impacts in Sunland Park, New Mexico by Puerto Anapra, Mexico using the CALPUFF modeling system, M.S. Thesis.</u>
- 18. Pinon, J., 2011. <u>Analysis of indoor and outdoor particulate matter at various residences in the El Paso region</u>, **M.S. Thesis**.
- 19. Sosa, T., 2010. <u>Development of a land-use regression model to predict nitrogen dioxide concentrations</u>, **M.S. Thesis**.
- 20. Guerrero, V., 2010. <u>Variation of number and mass concentration of particular matter at the international Bridge of the Americas in El Paso</u>, Texas, **M.S. Thesis**
- 21. Garcia, M., 2010. <u>Assessing annual and seasonal spatial variability of ambient PM10 using linear</u> regression analysis in a US-Mexico urban sprawl, **M.S. Thesis**
- 22. Garcia, N., 2008. <u>Analysis of number and mass concentration of coarse and fine particulate matter measurements within a heavy-duty diesel truck stop, M.S. Thesis.</u>
- 23. Gamez, J., 2007. <u>Diurnal variations in ambient fine and ultrafine particle concentrations near a major highway in El Paso, Texas</u>, **M.S. Thesis**.
- 24. Singavarapu, S.L., 2007. <u>Prediction of H<sub>2</sub>S Emissions from a Wastewater Treatment Plant and Determining Its Impact Using an Air Dispersion Model-AERMOD</u>, **M.S. Thesis**.
- 25. Mora, J., 2006. <u>Characterization of indoor PM<sub>2.5</sub> cooking pollutants in Paso del Norte households</u>, **M.S. Thesis**
- 26. Franco, C., 2006. <u>Impact assessment of H2S emitted from a wastewater treatment plant using AERMOD air dispersion model and field data</u>, **M.S. Thesis**
- 27. Gaddala Vijay, Deepti D., 2006. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon in the city of El Paso, M.S. Thesis
- 28. Molina, E., 2005. <u>Implications of Airborne PM<sub>2.5</sub> and Nitrogen Dioxide at Cd. Juarez, Mexico</u>, *M.S. Thesis*
- **29.** Velarde, R., 2004. The Impacts of Arsenic Emissions on the Community Due to the Historical Operation of a Metal Processing Plant, *M.S. Thesis*
- 30. Raina, D., 2004. <u>Innovative Monitoring of Visibility Using Digital Imaging Technology in an Arid Urban Environment</u>, *M.S. Thesis*

- 31. Cardenas, N., 2003. <u>Meteorological and chemical analyses of airborne PM at Sunland Park, NM</u>, *M.S. Thesis*.
- 32. Nagaraj, A., 2002. <u>Sensitivity analysis of CAMx ozone modeling at the Paso del Norte air quality basin,</u> *M.S. Thesis*
- 33. Olvera, H., 2002. GIS-based emission inventory for the El Paso Ciudad Juarez Region, M.S. Thesis
- 34. Sawant, R. 2002. Haze and visibility in wilderness and urban areas. M.S. Thesis
- 35. Orquiz, R., 2001. <u>Gravimetric and Elemental Concentrations of Particulate Matter in the El Paso-Cd.</u>
  Juarez air Basin. *M.S. Thesis*
- 36. Chianelli, J. R. 2001. Rapid Assessment of Chemical Spills for International Communities. M.S. Thesis
- 37. Borelepwar, V., 2001. The Haze and Visibility in the Paso del Norte Airshed. M.S. Thesis
- 38. Gonzalez, L., 2001. <u>Characterization and Measurement of Indoor VOC Concentrations in the Paso del Norte Region</u>. *M.S. Thesis*
- **39.** Cervantes, R. 2001. Modeling the VOC emission episodes at a petroleum processing facility. *M.S. Thesis* Adviser/Supervisor to Current Ph.D. and M.S. Students:

#### Post-Doctoral Fellow

1. Dr. Mayra Chavez

#### Ph.D. Students:

- 1. Perla Torres, ESE
- 2. Karen del Rio, Education

#### M.S. Students:

- 1. Leonard Vazquez
- 2. Marcos Banta
- 3. Evan Williams

#### <u>Undergaduate Students:</u>

- 1. Berenice Flores
- 2. Leonardo Vasquez

Vazquez L., 2021. The application of low-cost sensors for assessing PM air pollution in the El Paso del Norte Region, COURI Spring 2021 Virtual Symposium, April 26-30, 2021 (Mentor: Li W.-W)

3. Evan Williams

Williams E., 2021. Assessing Ambient Air Quality Using Real-time Air Monitors Mounted on a Transit Vehicle, COURI Spring 2021 Virtual Symposium, April 26-30, 2021 (Mentor: Li W.-W)

# **EXHIBIT F**

#### INTRO:

El Paso's Puente Libre- The Bridge of the Americas in barrio Chamizal is receiving \$700+million of federal Bipartisan Infrastructure funding for necessary renovations. This long-overdue investment should be used as intended- to reduce the emissions and address the impact on overburdened, vulnerable communities, specifically, our children's health.

"This is a public health issue. Lives are being affected. To dismiss the health of residents and prioritize the maquiladora industry is not acceptable." We have not had clean air for 30 years! Protect our health. We - as residents of the Chamizal are asking representatives and public entities such as the Joint Advisory Council to Tell NEPA to "Get the Trucks Out!"

"After a year and a half of advocacy, the federal government has -as of December 13, 2023- provided a potential alternative design that removes the heavy polluting diesel semi-trucks from el puente libre, BOTA. We want to send a clear message that this alternative #4 is the only option that would address this dangerous public health issue. The time to relocate the idling trucks is now,"

According to the National Institute of Health: diesel semi truck pollution (PM2 ultrafine particles) are the worst of the worst! These dangerously small cancer causing particles infect our lungs (1) restricting our ability to breath, seep posion into our bloodstream (2), settle in our bones (3), as the toxicity damages our brains (3) deteriorating our cognitive abilities for a lifetime. Our children are most vulnerable, especially Zavala Elementary students, who during their most important developmental years, they're inundated in diesel truck pollution because the 500+ diesel trucks that surround them daily using the free bridge- El Puente Libre .

The World Health Organization declared that Diesel fumes cause lung cancer. Experts state diesel fumes "are more carcinogenic than secondhand cigarette smoke." We Must Protect Children's Health and place a very high priority on communities like ours where environmental injustice has deadly and debilitating consequences. The effects are forever. "We need this once-in-a-lifetime investment to protect children from this silent killer. To prioritize the profits of an industry over the health of our children is wrong. The working poor families of El Paso should not have to bear these burdens," states Hilda Villegas, president of Familias Unidas del Chamizal neighborhood association.

Diesel exhaust is the worst of the worst. The EPA states, it contains more than 40 toxic 'cancer-causing' air contaminants. A recent study reveals large diesel trucks to be the greatest contributors to harmful emissions on the road, indicating that vehicle types matter more than traffic volume for near-road air pollution. "Whether it be cancer, respiratory problems, cardiac problems or neurodegenerative problems, there are numerous adverse health effects associated with the chemicals in these emissions. If we were able to reduce emission of pollutants, we would see an immediate climate benefit."

In fact, we are part of a national coalition to address this killer particulate matter- we spent the years during covid organizing on the PM issue, and we convinced the EPA to strengthen standards on pm2.5. We are represented by TRLA

Will NEPA'S Environmental Impact Statement include a Cumulative Impact or Health Analysis?

PLEASE SUBMIT YOUR COMMENTS TO NEPA BY/BEFORE FRIDAY, FEB. 23, 2024, 3PM (MST) to: BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@GSA.GOV

Tell the to: GET THE TRUCKS OUT, NOW!

SAMPLE TEXT: Dear NEPA: (Introduce yourself) My name is xxxxxxx and I am very concerned about the health of my community. (Highlight concern) Barrio Chamizal has heavy semi truck traffic is a public health issue causing dangerous levels of pollution. (Personal is Powerful!) My child has difficulty breathing and suffers from asthma. (Demand) Get the Trucks Out, Now! Protect our Health! We urge NEPA to select Option #4: REMOVAL OF COMMERCIAL TRUCKS. (\*Extra: Ask Questions) Will NEPA'S Environmental Impact Statement include a Cumulative Impact or Health Analysis? Thank you. Sincerely, xxxxxx

We will be collecting comment cards to hand-deliver, too. Please come by Cafe Mayapan, 2000 Texas Ave. to fill out your card.



GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024
We encourage you to send your comments to:

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with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

#### or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

#### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

#### **Public Comment:**

\*Optional

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NAME/NOMBRE: Jessica Martinez

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Dr. El Paso, Texas 79902

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:
160-610-53-6

EMAIL/CORREO\*

AGE/EDAD\*: \_\_\_\_ RACE/RAZA\* Hispanic

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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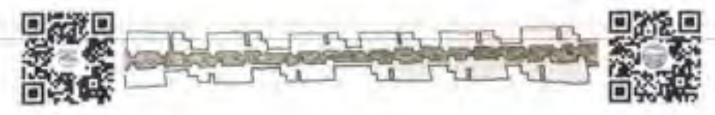
# Comentario Público September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

NOMBRE:	Roman Silva	
DIRECCIÓN	Tlancala 1417- Col. Salvenia	_

#### **Public Comment:**

Como residente de Juárez, apoyo la selección de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 de la GSA que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire que daña a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. Ahora, el Puente de las Américas tiene las filas más largas para cruzar. Eliminar el tráfico de las trocas comerciales prioriza a los residentes, ya que eliminar la carga comercial va a ampliar la capacidad del puente para que los individuos y familias de El Paso y Juárez crucen más rápido. Según el Tratado de Chamizal de 1963, El Puente Libre fue hecho para la gente, no para el comercio. Al retirar la carga comercial, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública y el interés de los residentes.

#### **Comentarios Adicionales:**



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NAME/NOMBRE ADDRESS/DIRECCI FIRMSO TX CITY/CIUDAD STATE/ESTADO ZIP CODE/CODIGO POSTAL 915408-5010 PHONE/TELEFONO 5770 Jahoo. Con EMAIL/CORR Signature Date: 🕼

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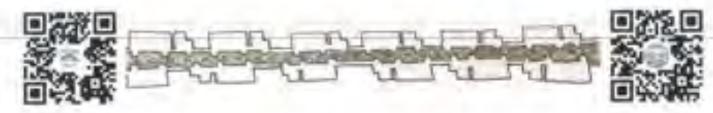
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<b>Additional Comments/Comentario</b>	S
Adicionales:	

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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AGE/EDAD\*: \_\_\_\_\_ RACE/RAZA\*
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Date: 11112024

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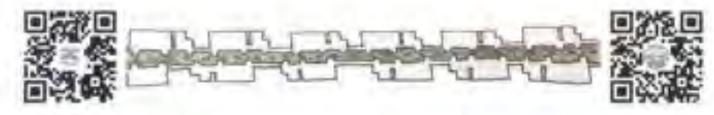
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**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

Date:

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Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

#### BOTA nepaconments@gsa.gov

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o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a: The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

#### Comentario público:

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<b>Additional Comments/Comentario</b>	S
Adicionales:	

AGE/EDAD*:	RACE/RAZA*
*Optional	



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# Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Signature: Date: 11- 2- 2024

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Gracias a los mamas del Chamzal

AGE/EDAD\*: 10 RACE/RAZA\* HISPANIC/NWTC



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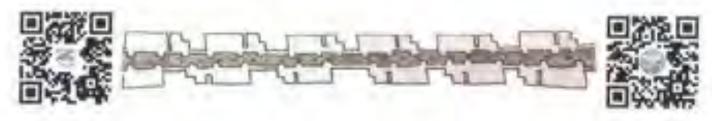
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AGE/EDAD\*: 1/2 RACE/RAZA\* / RACE/RAZA\*



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The U.S. General Services Administration,

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Comentario público:

Comentario público:

El Paso. TX

septiembre de 2024 para la

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con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga

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Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager.

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# City Representative Josh Acevedo, Ed.D. District 2

July 28, 2024

To the U.S. General Services Administration:

As you continue to narrow the scope of plans for the proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA), I write to reiterate my support of "Action Alternative Four – No Commercial Traffic" to be submitted into the official record for the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement process. I hope you can use this once in a lifetime opportunity to bridge the components of the modernization project with the needs of my constituents that live, work, and learn in this area and remove the daily, idling truck traffic going into Mexico.

My district begins at the U.S.-Mexico border and includes the Bridge of the Americas. The removal of trucks from the BOTA would be a breath of fresh air for the families in this area. Many of my constituents in this area have shown up to the GSA public meetings and have had a consistent message through their neighborhood associations – Corbin/Sambrano, San Juan, Val Verde, and Washington-Delta – which has been to remove the truck traffic from their community. As the voice for thousands of people, I ask you to acknowledge that clean air is not a privilege – it is a right.

It is important to put in perspective the history of pollution that has formed a dark cloud over this area south of Interstate 10 for many years. In 1963, the Chamizal Treaty displaced hundreds of Mexican American people and the border was physically moved. This was a significant time for my mother and grandparents, as they lived in the Chamizal neighborhood from 1961 to 1967 – around the same time when the BOTA was erected. Since then, families have had to unite against pollution in their schools and the biggest culprit of this dirty, toxic air has been the truck traffic that idles in front of an elementary school on a daily basis – the status quo for decades. We have a responsibility to create clean, safe spaces for children and their families.

A community I represent came together and asked me to address issues caused by the proximity of the BOTA to their neighborhood. The San Xavier Neighborhood is across the street from the BOTA and has significantly been impacted by people that leave their cars parked in their neighborhood for long periods of time to cross the bridge – especially on weekends. We immediately got to work and have been implementing cross-cutting solutions that will bring peace of mind to my San Xavier constituents, such as prohibiting people that do not live in this area from parking in front of my constituents' homes and throughout this tight knit community. As we continue to address their needs, I ask that you pair it with the clean air they also deserve.

Trade is absolutely important to our border region, but so is clean air. Many of my constituents near the BOTA have suffered through a history of displacement, polluted air, educational challenges, and health issues because of the air they are breathing where they live. A person's zip code should not dictate the access they have to critical resources for an adequate quality of life. The people are asking us to move commercial traffic. The air in their neighborhood is bad. The potential decision to keep commercial traffic at the BOTA is worse.

As the El Paso City Representative for District 2, I am once again asking the U.S. General Services Administration to move commercial traffic away from the Bridge of the Americas. This is a culmination of years and generations of people who seek justice to the callousness cast upon these immediate neighborhoods. We have an opportunity to correct the mistakes of the past, while reconfiguring border trade in our binational community. Let's do it, together, through "Action Alternative Four."

Sincerely,

Josh Acevedo, Ed.D.



# City Representative Josh Acevedo, Ed.D. District 2

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Sincerely,

Josh Acevedo, Ed.D.



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December 2, 2024

VIA: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

General Services Administration
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Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
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#### I. Introduction

On behalf of Familias Unidas del Chamizal and residents of the San Xavier neighborhood, Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc. submits these comments on the proposed Bridge of the Americas Modernization Project ("BOTA Project" or "Project"), Docket No. 2023-0002, in response to the General Services Administration's ("GSA") issuance of its Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") under the National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA"). <sup>1</sup>

In a step that puts environmentally and community conscious infrastructure planning at the forefront, GSA has chosen Alternative 4 as its preferred alternative and has proposed removing commercial trucks from BOTA. This decision follows months of GSA's investigation on the feasibility of removing commercial trucks, and years of community activism that culminated in the submittal of over twelve-thousand public comments demanding the removal of commercial trucks.<sup>2</sup>

GSA's proposal to remove commercial trucks is a critical measure in combating decades of systemic environmental racism in a city that repeatedly ranks among the worst for air quality in the nation. El Paso is in ongoing nonattainment for the 8-hour ozone standard,<sup>3</sup> PM10<sup>4</sup>, and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> GSA, Notice-PBS-2024-12; Docket No. 2024-0002; Sequence No. 42, Notice of Availability for the Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas (September 20, 2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Familias Unidas has helped El Pasoans submit over 900 comments online. *See* Earthjustice, Texas Residents Deserve to Breathe Clean Air, https://earthjustice.org/action/texas-residents-deserve-to-breathe-clean-air; *See also* General Services Administration, Greater Southwest Region (Region 7), Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry (LPOE), El Paso, Texas (September 2024), at Appendix B (hereinafter "DEIS").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> El Paso continues to struggle with ozone attainment issues, and has violated the ozone NAAQS every year since 2016. *See* EPA, Green Book: Texas Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants (last updated September 30, 2024), https://www3.epa.gov/airquality/greenbook/anayo\_tx.html.

PM2.5.<sup>5</sup> The American Lung Association has given El Paso an "F" for ozone pollution every year since 2000,<sup>6</sup> and ranks El Paso as the 14<sup>th</sup> worst metropolitan area for high ozone days, and the 35<sup>th</sup> worst for 24-hour particle pollution—as compared to over two hundred other metropolitan areas.<sup>7</sup> And the Chamizal and San Xavier neighborhoods—historically neglected and still fighting past deeply rooted systemic discrimination—often face the worst air pollution in the city.

GSA must stand by its decision to select Alternative 4 to satisfy requirements under NEPA and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, as well as the goals of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and Inflation Reduction Act. We sincerely appreciate GSA's efforts to promote public participation throughout the project, and to take public health seriously by proposing and diligently evaluating an alternative that can help ameliorate longstanding environmental justice harms. We urge GSA to stand by its initial proposal and maintain a permanent and immediate removal of commercial trucks from BOTA as part of Alternative 4.

We also urge GSA to provide several clarifications to ensure that its analysis is adequately representative of its findings that demonstrate that Alternative 4 is the best choice to accomplish the Project's purpose and needs, and to ensure that the final EIS is easily understood by members of the public. We further request that GSA continue to provide critical project information to the public, refine its climate impacts analysis to discuss local impacts and the Project's GHG mitigation potential, and reconsider implementing measures that will reduce emissions from passenger vehicles.

# II. Project Background

The BOTA Modernization Project's purpose is to "support CBP's [Customs and Border Protection] mission by bringing the BOTA LPOE operations in line with current CBP land port design standards and operational requirements while addressing existing deficiencies identified with the ongoing port operations." GSA describes three key needs for the project:

- Improve the capacity and functionality of the LPOE to meet future public demand, while maintaining the capability to meet border security initiatives.
- Ensure the safety and security for the employees and the travelling public.
- Improve traffic congestion and safety for travelers and citizens of the City of El Paso.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> EPA, Green Book: Texas Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants (last updated September 30, 2024), https://www3.epa.gov/airquality/greenbook/anayo\_tx.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> El Paso has an average PM2.5 level of 9.2 μg/m3, which places the County above EPA's newer standard. EPA, Fine Particulate Concentrations for Counties with Monitors Based on Air Quality Data from 2020-2022, available at https://www.epa.gov/pm-pollution/final-reconsideration-national-ambient-air-quality-standards-particulate-matter-pm (last updated April 20, 2024); *See also* Earthjustice, Mapping Soot and Smog Pollution in the United States, February 7, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> American Lung Association, State of the Air Report, Texas: El Paso, https://www.lung.org/research/sota/city-rankings/states/texas/el-paso.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> DEIS at 1-6.

GSA conducted its original Feasibility Study in November 2018. In November 2023, GSA conducted its Enhanced Feasibility Study, which proposed six viable alternatives, including the no action alternative.

GSA has held in-person community meetings about the BOTA Project since 2022. GSA held a Community Engagement Meeting on April 4, 2023, where it presented three alternatives to the public, none of which included the removal of commercial traffic. GSA then held a Public Scoping Meeting on December 13, 2023, where the public was formally invited to submit comments on the two viable alternatives: Alternative 1a and Alternative 4 (which proposed removing the commercial traffic for the first time). GSA held another public meeting with an opportunity to submit comments on June 26, 2024. GSA released its Draft EIS on September 20, 2024, selecting Alternative 4, and initially set the deadline to submit public comments on the Draft EIS to November 14, 2024. However, after requests from several commercial interests, GSA extended the public comment period to December 2, 2024.

GSA has posted its Stage 1 Request for Quotations on August 27, 2024, and has Stage 2 Request for Proposals scheduled for January 22, 2025. GSA estimates awarding a Design-Build contract in August 2025. GSA plans to start construction in October 2026, with "substantial completion" estimated by November 2029.<sup>9</sup>

# III. Legal Background

NEPA enshrines a national policy to protect and promote environmental quality and the health and welfare of humankind. <sup>10</sup> In pursuit of these goals, NEPA mandates a set of action-forcing procedures that require all federal agencies to take a hard look at the environmental consequences of their proposed actions and disclose the relevant information to the public. Agencies must consider a reasonable range of project alternatives, and, after selecting a preferred alternative, demonstrate that "the agency has considered the relevant factors and articulated a rational connection between the facts found and the choice made." <sup>11</sup>Although NEPA's requirements are procedural, "these procedures are almost certain to affect the agency's substantive decision." <sup>12</sup>

NEPA and its implementing regulations require federal agencies to provide an Environmental Impact Statement: a detailed statement on proposals for major federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment. The EIS must describe the environmental impact of the proposed action, any adverse environmental effects which cannot be avoided if the proposal is implemented, alternatives to the proposed action, the relationship between local short-term uses and the maintenance and enhancement of long-term productivity,

3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> GSA, Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry Project Page, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/gsa-regions/region-7-greater-southwest/buildings-and-facilities/texas-federal-buildings/bridge-of-the-americas-land-port-of-entry. <sup>10</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 4321.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Sierra Club v. Fed. Highway Admin., 435 F. App'x 368, 372 (5th Cir. 2011) (quoting Balt. Gas & Elec. Co. v. Natural Res. Def. Council, Inc., 462 U.S. 87, 105, 103 S.Ct. 2246, 76 L.Ed.2d 437 (1983) (internal quotations omitted).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Robertson v. Methow Valley Citizens Council, 490 U.S. 332, 350 (1989).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 4332(C); 40 C.F.R. § 1500.1(a).

and any irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources that would be involved in the proposed action if implemented.<sup>14</sup>

Agencies must analyze and disclose the direct, indirect, and cumulative effects of the proposed action and alternatives to the proposed action. <sup>15</sup> In addition, NEPA regulations require agencies to discuss the means "to mitigate adverse environmental impacts." <sup>16</sup>

An essential component of an adequate NEPA analysis is the environmental justice analysis. CEQ's NEPA implementing regulations define environmental justice as:

[T]he just treatment and meaningful involvement of all people, regardless of income, race, color, national origin, Tribal affiliation, or disability, in agency decision making and other Federal activities that affect human health and the environment so that people:

- (1) Are fully protected from disproportionate and adverse human health and environmental effects (including risks) and hazards, including those related to climate change, the cumulative impacts of environmental and other burdens, and the legacy of racism or other structural or systemic barriers; and
- (2) Have equitable access to a healthy, sustainable, and resilient environment in which to live, play, work, learn, grow, worship, and engage in cultural and subsistence practices.<sup>17</sup>

In addition, Executive Order 12898 requires federal agencies to pursue environmental justice "by identifying and addressing as appropriate, disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of its programs, policies, and activities on minority populations and low-income populations[.]" <sup>18</sup>

GSA must also abide by the requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act. Title VI prohibits discrimination in actions and projects by recipients of federal funds: "No person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." Even more, GSA's Title VI implementing regulations provide that "[w]here previous discriminatory practice or usage tends, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, to exclude individuals from participation in, to deny them the benefits of, or to subject them to discrimination under any program or activity to which this subpart applies, the applicant or recipient has an obligation to take reasonable action to remove or overcome the consequences of the prior discriminatory practice or usage, and to accomplish the purposes of the Act." <sup>20</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 4332(C).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> 40 C.F.R. §§ 1508.1(g), 1501.5(c), 1502.16(a)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> 40 C.F.R. § 1502.16(a)(9).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> 40 C.F.R. § 1508.1(m).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> 59 Fed. Reg. 7629 (1994), EO No. 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 2000d.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> 41 C.F.R. § 101-6.204-2 (a)(1)(vi)(4).

Thus, GSA's selected alternative must satisfy NEPA's procedural requirements to fully analyze environmental justice impacts and Title VI's substantive requirement to take all reasonable steps necessary to rectify the history of systemic discrimination impacting communities near the BOTA.

### IV. Argument

GSA must adhere to Alternative 4 and immediately remove heavy-duty commercial trucks from the BOTA. The BOTA Project is funded by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act ("Bipartisan Infrastructure Act") and by the Inflation Reduction Act ("IRA"), which enshrined climate mitigation, pollution abatement, energy efficiency, and community preservation and restoration into American infrastructural growth and job creation. By utilizing Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA funds in its BOTA Project, GSA has committed itself to ensure that the BOTA Project translates into benefits for communities and the environment, in addition to combating climate change, ameliorating environmental injustices, and improving community resiliency.

By selecting Alternative 4, GSA commits not only to the purpose of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA, but also adheres to the rational decision-making NEPA demands. GSA's decision takes the voices of El Paso's historically marginalized, disadvantaged,<sup>21</sup> and disproportionally polluted and overburdened environmental justice communities and envisions a project that takes a step towards reversing decades of harmful traffic patterns while achieving project goals of operational efficiency and public safety in a cost-effective manner.

# A. Alternative 4 is the Only Environmental Justice Alternative.

GSA's analysis confirms what has been urged by community groups for years: that commercial truck traffic<sup>22</sup> at the BOTA places numerous communities at increased risk of hazardous air pollution. Air quality is severely degraded by commercial trucks due to their size, volume, diesel emissions, and long idling times. In its DEIS, GSA confirmed this: the allowance of continued truck traffic as is or under Alternative 1a "could result in likely long-term moderate to significant adverse traffic impacts as a result of continued commercial truck operations at BOTA "<sup>23</sup>. When examining cumulative impacts in the region, including at other LPOEs, GSA found that eliminating all commercial truck traffic would result in:

[T]he localized long-term adverse effects would be expected to change to long-term beneficial impacts. The other ports (Tornillo, Ysleta, and Santa Teresa) should experience no significant air quality related issues as a result of additional trucks utilizing those entry/exit points. From a regional standpoint, the elimination of commercial truck traffic has been modelled to result in a long-term negligible to minor beneficial impact as well.<sup>24</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See https://www.epa.gov/environmentaljustice/inflation-reduction-act-disadvantaged-communities-map.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> When discussing commercial trucks, we are referring only to heavy-duty trucks or 18-wheelers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> DEIS at 4-44.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> *Id.* at 4-45. GSA also noted that the Modernization plan has the "potential to enhance the conditions for local environmental justice communities through modernization of facilities and infrastructure, better access to, and financial support of, public services, and economic impacts from job creation, increased employment opportunities, potential income growth, increases in retail and other sales and an increase in tax base of the area." *Id.* 

Even more, GSA found that Alternative 4 would result in "negligible to beneficial impacts" on air quality. Specifically, GSA found that Alternative 4 would reduce local emissions by about 10%, and, when accounting for the trucks rerouting to other ports, a net reduction of 3.2%. 25 Alternative 4 would also reduce local VOC emissions by 34% and produce a net reduction of 6%. <sup>26</sup> GSA must include these findings, as presented to the Joint Advisory Committee, in its Final DEIS.

While we agree with these findings, GSA must clearly indicate the factors demonstrating reduced pollution from removing commercial trucks. For example, GSA must discuss the percentage of emissions reductions locally and regionally under each alternative, paying special attention to comparing the differences in emissions reductions between Alternative 4 and Alternative 1a with continued commercial truck operations. GSA can also point to the extensive studies demonstrating the unique harms of diesel emissions.<sup>27</sup>

As noted throughout public comments and by available science, the significance of diesel emissions on its own demands the removal of commercial trucks from densely populated border crossings like the BOTA. Diesel is acutely harmful on its own, and when U.S. regulators propose more stringent emissions limitations on heavy-duty trucks—proposals that could reduce premature deaths and reduce fuel costs in the long-run—industrial forces protest. <sup>28</sup> Even more, in 2021, Mexico adopted emissions standards equivalent to current U.S. standards for newly manufactured commercial trucks. However, most in-use trucks from Mexico are still operating under standards that are significantly weaker than those affecting most trucks from the U.S.<sup>29</sup> Mexico-domiciled trucks—and their higher levels of emissions—are only allowed within a few miles of the border, increasing the impact of air pollution to nearby neighborhoods like San Xavier and Chamizal.

In its DEIS, GSA compared the environmental justice impacts, including impacts on child populations, of each alternative. 30 The 2-mile radius around the BOTA contains 95.1% people of color, a meaningfully greater percentage than 88.8% for El Paso County and 59.9% for Texas as a whole.<sup>31</sup> 38.5% of individuals within 2-miles of the BOTA are also low-income, significantly exceeding low-income populations within El Paso County and Texas (19.5% and 13.9%, respectively). BOTA also has the most schools within a mile: Zavala Elementary (within a quarter mile and directly behind I-110 which leads into BOTA), Douglass Elementary, Bowie High School, Jefferson High School, and Silva Magnet School.<sup>32</sup> The two-mile radius includes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> GSA, Presentation to Joint Advisory Air Committee (October 24, 2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> See Attachment A, TRLA, Scoping Comments on BOTA Modernization Project (February 23, 2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> InfluenceMap, New Research Shows Corporate Advocacy to Weaken the EPA Clean Trucks Plan (September 11, 2023), https://influencemap.org/pressrelease/New-Research-Shows-Corporate-Advocacy-to-Weaken-the-EPA-Clean-Trucks-Plan-23659.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> The more stringent emissions limitations adopted by Mexico are expected to be present in most in-use vehicles in the year 2037. International Council on Clean Transportation, Mexico Heavy-Duty Vehicle Emission Standards (February 22, 2018), https://theicct.org/publication/mexico-heavy-duty-vehicle-emission-standards/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> As part of its analysis, GSA evaluated the impact of commercial truck traffic in a 2-mile radius near the BOTA and other commercial LPOEs in Santa Teresa, Tornillo, and Ysleta. DEIS at 3-21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> DEIS at 3-23. GSA utilized EPA's EJScreen model to identify the area demographics around the BOTA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Id. at 3-46. See Figure 3-5 for Sensitive receptors (populations more susceptible to the adverse effects of air pollution).

hundreds of subsidized housing apartments, such as the Paisano Green Community, which was developed for very low-income senior citizens.<sup>33</sup> In addition, BOTA has at least two daycare centers within a mile, including Rayito De Sol Daycare & Learning,<sup>34</sup> and the Project Vida Early Childhood Education Center. GSA did not mention the location of the Project Vida Center, and should ensure that it includes all community centers with sensitive receptors in its analysis. In contrast, there are no schools within a mile of the Ysleta, Santa Teresa, and Tornillo LPOEs.<sup>35</sup>

In contrast to the ROI around BOTA, the impacts to other LPOEs that would absorb the BOTA commercial truck traffic were not found to be significant under current conditions. GSA found that long-term impacts to Santa Teresa, Tornillo, and Ysleta under Alternative 4 would be:

Minor to moderate, beneficial, direct and indirect effects to earnings, employment, and unemployment...with [commercial and industrial] growth focused around the Santa Teresa and Ysleta LPOEs. Residents living near the Santa Teresa, Tornillo, and Ysleta LPOEs would be the most likely to experience negligible to minor adverse quality of life effects from increased commercial traffic.<sup>36</sup>

Commercial truck traffic at BOTA is increasingly harmful because BOTA has the densest population, with 53,359 people within the 2-mile ROI.<sup>37</sup> In comparison, Santa Teresa has 10,465 people, Ysleta has 27,457, and Tornillo has 1,494.<sup>38</sup> The residents near BOTA are also closer to the bridge, with only 1,000 feet or less than a quarter (.19) mile of distance.<sup>39</sup> In comparison, the nearest residential neighborhood to Santa Teresa is four miles away,<sup>40</sup> 2,800 feet or more than half a mile (.5) from the Ysleta LPOE, and over a mile from the Tornillo LPOE.<sup>41</sup>

### B. Rerouting Trucks to Other LPOEs is Feasible.

Alternative LPOEs are better suited to accommodate commercial traffic than the BOTA. Tornillo, Santa Teresa, and Ysleta LPOEs have the capacity to absorb BOTA's commercial traffic, and investment in transportation technology at these ports promises to further increase capacity and efficiency. Alternative LPOEs offer more flexibility for increased industrial development and opportunities for cross-border trade that are limited in the dense residential spaces surrounding the BOTA. With rapidly growing developments at the Santa Teresa and Ysleta LPOEs, and governmental commitments to enhance the arteries feeding these LPOEs, commercial truck traffic is better served at these alternative LPOEs.

<sup>34</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> *Id*.at 3-46, 3-54.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> *Id*.at 4-19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> *Id*.at 3-23.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> *Id*.at 29, 32.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> *Id*.at 3-34.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> *Id*.at 3-35.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> *Id.* at 3-37. Tornillo has residences about 900 feet from the Tornillo LPOE, but GSA does not estimate increased truck traffic at the Tornillo LPOE. *Id.* at 3-36.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Ryder, *Ryder Continues Cross-Border Expansion; Opens Another Multiclient Logistics Facility at Top U.S.-Mexico Port*, April 29, 2024, https://newsroom.ryder.com/news/news-details/2024/Ryder-Continues-Cross-Border-Expansion-Opens-Another-Multiclient-Logistics-Facility-at-Top-U.S.-Mexico-Port/default.aspx; Jerry Pacheco, *Part Two: The Growth of the Santa Teresa Port of Entry*, KRWG, April 22, 2024, https://www.krwg.org/local-viewpoints/2024-04-22/part-two-the-growth-of-the-santa-teresa-port-of-entry; AJOT, *Maersk Opsn New Warehouse* 

The City of El Paso has demonstrated a commitment to investing in these improvements. In 2021, the El Paso City Council approved \$32 million to improve El Paso's ports. <sup>43</sup> The priority for this funding was improving technology at the BOTA and Ysleta LPOEs, including "additional camera monitoring systems, dynamic message signs that allow communication with drivers and truck drivers in real-time about events at the bridge, wait times." <sup>44</sup> Recently, the City of El Paso approved a grant application for \$20 million from the U.S. Department of Transportation to improve the Ysleta LPOE as well as surrounding infrastructure, including Pan American Drive, Winn Road and Rio del Norte Drive. <sup>45</sup> This grant would require a local match of \$5 million, totaling \$25 million dedicated to these improvements.

El Paso County Commissioners have expressed the view that development of the Ysleta LPOE is an urgent matter that we must address quickly and through collaboration with all entities involved, including the federal government. <sup>46</sup> The County also recently committed \$90,000 to the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for a study analyzing El Paso's entire network of ports as an integrated system. <sup>47</sup> This study aims to help the region develop El Paso's port system as a whole, rather than as discrete entities.

Tornillo is the largest LPOE in El Paso and contains the most advanced infrastructure for south- and north-bound commercial traffic of all the LPOEs in the region. Unlike BOTA, Tornillo was designed from its inception to handle heavy-duty commercial traffic. <sup>48</sup> Tornillo was intended to alleviate congestion from BOTA, <sup>49</sup> something that will be more likely in light of proposed improvements on the El Paso and Cd. Juarez sides of Tornillo to port-supporting infrastructure. El Paso County officials believe that the Tornillo LPOE has been underutilized thus far, but will form a critical part of El Paso's ability to efficiently redirect commercial traffic. <sup>50</sup> El Paso County officials are working to attract new business activity to the Tornillo POE. <sup>51</sup>

Facility in El Paso, TX to Support Cross-Border Logistics Needs, American Journal of Transportation, September 5, 2024, https://www.ajot.com/news/maersk-opens-new-warehouse-facility-in-el-paso-texas-to-support-customers-cross-border-logistics-needs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Gabriel Caracciolo, *El Paso City Council Approves Millions to Improve Ports of Entry, CBS 4 LOCAL* (August 30, 2021, 5:43 PM), https://cbs4local.com/news/local/el-paso-city-council-approves-millions-to-improve-ports-of-entry?src=link.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> *Id.* As these improvements have not begun, the allotted \$32 million of funding remains available. In an October 2024 conversation with Veronica Carabajal, climate justice and civil rights organizer, City representatives confirmed that the city plans to use this money "very soon" to improve the Ysleta commercial lanes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Diego Mendoza-Moyers, *Residents Near Bridge of the Americas Demand Action on Truck Pollution; Businesses Warn of Economic Impacts*, EL PASO MATTERS, October 27, 2024, https://elpasomatters.org/2024/10/27/bota-bridge-americas-el-paso-truck-traffic-pollution-chamizal/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Comm'r Sergio Coronado, Remark at El Paso Cnty. Comm'rs Ct. Meeting (Oct. 7, 2024) (video and transcript available online at https://elpasocountytx.new.swagit.com/videos/317001).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Comm'r Iliana Holguin, Remark at El Paso Cnty. Comm'rs Ct. Meeting (Oct. 7, 2024) (video and transcript available online at https://elpasocountytx.new.swagit.com/videos/317001).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Lorena Figueroa, *Tornillo-Guadalupe Bridge is Now Open*, EL PASO TIMES, February 4, 2016, https://www.elpasotimes.com/story/news/2016/02/04/new-tornillo-guadalupe-bridge-inaugurates/79849438/. <sup>49</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> See Comm'r David Stout, Remark at El Paso Cnty. Comm'rs Ct. Meeting (Oct. 7, 2024) (video and transcript available online at https://elpasocountytx.new.swagit.com/videos/317001).

<sup>51</sup> Id.

While proposed improvements at other LPOEs improve the efficiency of commercial truck crossings, the rerouting of commercial traffic from BOTA is feasible under current conditions. Under both alternatives, the Ysleta, Santa Teresa, and Tornillo LPOEs are able to absorb BOTA's commercial traffic for two to three years during construction. <sup>52</sup> If GSA determined that commercial traffic can be rerouted for several years, it reasonably follows that commercial traffic can be permanently rerouted. Businesses would be incentivized during the construction phase to enhance fleet infrastructure around other ports of entry, continuing an already extant development trend, and improvements envisioned by City and County officials would only facilitate shift in commercial traffic.

GSA has reasonably determined that the removal of commercial trucks under Alternative 4 is feasible. However, GSA should clarify why its projections did not include an increase of commercial trucks rerouting from BOTA to Tornillo, especially in light of commitments to fund improvements at and around Tornillo, and Tornillo's unique ability to handle commercial traffic. <sup>53</sup>

#### C. Alternative 4 is the Most Efficient and Cost-Effective Alternative.

Alternative 4 reduces environmental degradation, mitigates harms to public health and increases operational efficiency at the BOTA in the most cost-effective manner. As such, it is the only Alternative whose selection can be rationalized under NEPA's mandate of fully informed decisionmaking. According to GSA's own analysis, Alternative 4 "would have direct, beneficial effects on personal travel expenditures and freight transportation costs." GSA found that Alternative 4 would result in:

Long-term, minor to moderate, beneficial, direct and indirect effects to earnings, employment, and unemployment in the BOTA LROI would be expected from reduced traffic wait/queue times from the additional lanes and the elimination of all commercial traffic at the port. **This would have direct, beneficial effects on personal travel expenditures and freight transportation costs**. Long-term, negligible to minor, beneficial effects on local businesses and neighborhoods near the port would also be expected from increased quality of life. These benefits would result from reduced traffic congestion, improved traffic circulation and pedestrian safety, and potentially reduced air quality and noise effects from that traffic.<sup>55</sup>

In addition to the facilitated flow of traffic, and greater capacity to support commercial infrastructure, including the increased capacity to handle future commercial expansions at other LPOEs, there are several factors that support Alternative 4 as the most cost-efficient alternative.

Alternative 4 provides a significant reduction to the socio-economic costs of environmental pollution by eliminating diesel emissions from heavy-duty commercial trucks and reducing the emissions of POV traffic. The level of emissions reductions achieved by removing commercial trucks could not have been achieved with any of the other alternatives. Even under

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> DEIS Table 2-6, at 2-26.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> DEIS at 2-49 (predicting an additional 35 trucks northbound at Santa Teresa, 232 at Ysleta and none at Tornillo, and an additional 20 trucks southbound at Santa Teresa, 294 at Ysleta and none at Tornillo).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> DEIS at 4-19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> DEIS at 4-19 (emphasis added).

Alternative 1a, the removal of commercial trucks was only proposed as an eventual possibility, not a future guarantee. Removing the trucks in the future is not as cost-effective as an immediate elimination, since future removal would require additional costs for the transformation of the commercial lanes into additional POV lanes.

In addition, Alternative 4 is cost-efficient because it requires less land acquisition than Alternative 1a while achieving even greater levels of operational efficiency. Alternative 4 requires the least land acquisition, with only 4.4-acres of TxDOT land required. Alternative 4 would add six primary outbound POV lanes, with space and infrastructure in place for four additional future lanes. Alternative 4 also includes 35 inbound primary POV and 20 secondary POV lanes. In contrast, Alternative 1a requires nearly three times as much land acquisition (12.4 acres), all to add the same six additional primary POV lanes, four additional commercial lanes, 20 inbound primary POV lanes, and 42 secondary POV lanes. In other words, Alternative 1a proposes nearly 300% the cost of land acquisition for a mere 12% increase in inbound POV lanes.

Furthermore, while the socioeconomic benefits from improved quality of life are significant, the risk of any economic cost of relocating trucks is minor to nonexistent. GSA clearly stated that removal of the trucks would have "beneficial effects on personal travel expenditures and freight transportation costs." As already noted, cross-border trade infrastructure is already established at other LPOEs, and these ports have the increased capacity for growth. Businesses can reap long-term benefits continuing to invest in infrastructure around these ports, a strategy not similarly available at the densely populated BOTA area.

Importantly, the economic cost incurred by large businesses engaged in trade with Mexico will not detrimentally affect the El Paso economy. The trade through the ports does not account for a significant proportion of the Texas, let alone the El Paso economy. For perspective, the El Paso ports of entry affect roughly 1% of jobs in the entire state of Texas. <sup>61</sup> In contrast, following closely after government and healthcare jobs, the largest job sectors in El Paso are in the service industry (retail, accommodation, and food and service). <sup>62</sup> These key economic sectors stand to benefit immensely from the facilitated flow of POV traffic from Mexico, as many individuals and families cross the border on a daily basis to shop and dine around El Paso.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> DEIS at 2-33.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> DEIS at 2-34.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> DEIS at 2-43.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> DEIS at 2-14, 2-20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> DEIS at 4-19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Texas Comptroller, 2018 Texas Regional Report, available at https://comptroller.texas.gov/economy/economic-data/ports/el-paso.php#en2; Texas Comptroller, Port of Entry: El Paso (2018), https://comptroller.texas.gov/economy/economic-data/ports/el-paso.php#en2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> DEIS at 3-42 (discussing employment by sector in El Paso County in 2010 and 2022); See also https://www.elpasotexas.gov/economic-development/economic-snapshot/industry-and-jobs/ (El Paso City Employment by Sector in 2023).

### D. GSA Must Clarify Several Aspects of its DEIS.

### i. GSA Should Clarify About Environmental Justice Impacts.

GSA included an extensive discussion on the impacts to communities near each LPOE under each alternative. However, GSA discussed most of the impacts individually, and did not comprehensively explain the key differences between the ports of entry and their nearest neighborhoods. For clarity, GSA should include a chart that compares the 1-Mile and 2-Mile ROI total population for each port of entry that serves El Paso and Dona Ana Counties (including non-commercial LPOEs). In one section, GSA should include its discussion of the ROI impacts at each LPOE under each alternative, with a 1-mile radius zone for each LPOE.

Additionally, the impacts should be measured with the same mile radius ROI for each LPOE. In its analysis of commercial truck impacts at Santa Teresa, GSA expanded the 2-mile radius to 5-miles "because the 2-mile radius was too sparsely populated to generate an EJScreen report." While this finding substantiates the finding that negative impacts on environmental justice communities can be reduced by relocating commercial trucks from the BOTA to less populated LPOEs, it risks unfairly comparing the environmental justice impacts across ports. While it may be appropriate for GSA to expand the mile radius for EJScreen population statistics, it should not compare the environmental impacts between a 2-mile radius zone and a 5-mile radius zone.

# ii. GSA Must Clarify the Extent of its Reliance on MPO Data.

GSA's conclusion that the removal of commercial trucks is feasible is based on extensive research, including, but not limited to, the evaluation of data provided by the El Paso Metropolitan Organization ("MPO"). While the feasibility of re-routing commercial traffic is clear, GSA's presentation of the studies and data it has relied upon must also be clear.

GSA must present a sufficiently reliable estimate for the number of trucks that utilize the BOTA daily and what ports these trucks will reroute to under Alternative 4. The MPO data GSA used to calculate re-routing estimates might not be up to date or complete. <sup>64</sup> GSA must fill data gaps by explaining how its own studies and data collection—which are still pending a full release—help explain possible future commercial truck traffic increases at alternative ports. GSA must also update the data used with the most recent data provided by MPO, <sup>65</sup> or provide its own data and an explanation for why it has chosen to rely on a specific source.

Even more, GSA must address the MPO's specific comments on how MPO data was interpreted, including:

(1) MPO is concerned that GSA misrepresented its 2022 daily field counts of traffic passing through BOTA as "estimates" of monthly values for 2024. 66 MPO is concerned that this

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> DEIS at 3-26.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> The numbers provided by MPO are not exact, as the figures for south-bound traffic are tabulated by Mexican custom officials who have not shared this data with El Paso.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> MPO Letter (estimating the number of northbound trucks that will be rerouted from BOTA to Santa Teresa daily as 16 more than GSA's numbers reflect, and to Ysleta as 57 more (daily); southbound, the difference is 11 more trucks to Santa Teresa and 98 more trucks to Ysleta).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> DEIS at 1-5, Table 1-2.

interpretation of the data is incorrect, especially as the numbers of their field counts have changed since 2022.<sup>67</sup>

For 2024, GSA estimated that northbound truck traffic at 319 per day, while southbound truck traffic would be 358 per day. <sup>68</sup> MPO did not mention the possibility that GSA simply included a typo that it reiterated on each page, and GSA should clarify if this is the case. In addition, the MPO did not discuss Table 1-1, which provides data for yearly northbound traffic from 2012 to 2023. Between 2022 and 2023, northbound truck traffic significantly decreased. GSA should clarify whether it projected 2024 truck traffic estimates were based on these changes.

(2) MPO states that GSA's statements regarding increased southbound traffic at alternate LPOEs are also misleading because they are reported in the DEIS as monthly estimates when in fact they are daily estimates.<sup>69</sup> Regarding these numbers (trucks to be rerouted from BOTA), MPO has expressed that they would like these projections to be excluded from EIS entirely, as "this scenario was just prohibiting trucks at BOTA, without any geometric-primary booth modifications."<sup>70</sup>

On page 2-32 and 2-49, GSA correctly notes that the numbers for northbound traffic are "daily" estimates, which indicates that there could have been a typo when it reported southbound traffic in those same pages as "monthly" estimates.<sup>71</sup> GSA needs to identify the sources of its estimates for north and southbound traffic when it presents current or revised estimates in its Final EIS.

(3) MPO disagrees with GSA's finding that the increase in northbound traffic of personal vehicles "appears to be an outlier" under Alternative 4.<sup>72</sup> MPO maintains that this number is not an outlier, and reflects the traffic that will be drawn from other LPOEs to BOTA in response to its increased capacity to process personal vehicles and the fact that it is toll-free.<sup>73</sup> As Alternative 4 provides the greatest capacity for POV traffic of the two alternatives, it makes eminent sense that more POV traffic would be drawn to the BOTA. GSA notes that this finding is "undergoing further review and changes will be incorporated in the Final EIS."<sup>74</sup>

It is crucial for GSA to provide a complete discussion on the implications of any traffic increase – under both alternatives, POV traffic is projected to increase. However, only Alternative 4 counters the harms of increased POV emissions by eliminating the even greater harm of diesel emissions from heavy-duty commercial trucks. Even more, the increase in POV traffic must be viewed in the context of increased processing capacity and more POV lanes than Alternative 1a. GSA should thus discuss how the benefits of reduced diesel emissions outweigh the harms of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> MPO Letter (stating that from 2022 to 2024 daily field counts, northbound POV crossings have decreased to less than 10,000/day, while trucks have increased to over 500/day).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> DEIS at 1-5, Table 1-2. The table states that both "daily and monthly" estimates for northbound and southbound traffic, without distinguishing in its columns whether specific numbers are either daily or monthly.
<sup>69</sup> Id. at 2-32.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> MPO Letter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> DEIS at 2-32.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> *Id.* at 4-29.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> MPO Letter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> DEIS at 4-30.

gasoline-powered POV traffic, and how the improved POV traffic flow and processing times at the BOTA mitigate potential impacts from increased traffic.

# iii. GSA Must Clearly Explain how its own Studies Supplement its Existing Analysis.

While it may be difficult for GSA to provide every data file and study that it relied on in preparation of its EIS, GSA must at least provide the public with a high-level summary of its studies and methods so that the public has a reasonable chance to understand the basis behind GSA's conclusions. We request that GSA clarify the following issues regarding its air and traffic studies:

- Whether GSA considered any future scenarios where more trucks from BOTA rerouted to Tornillo, and the traffic and air quality impacts at other ports under such a scenario.
- Whether GSA considered proposed infrastructure improvements at other LPOEs in analyzing the traffic and air quality impacts from commercial trucks at other ports.

GSA must also clarify in its Final EIS how its Draft EIS provided the key findings from its studies, as GSA is required to provide the public a meaningful opportunity to review its work. It is critical that GSA clearly explains to the public that it provided all interested parties with the opportunity to review its analysis, and even extended the comment deadline to allow all interested parties to do so.

# iv. GSA Must Correct Inconsistencies in its Attribution of Impacts for each Environmental Criterion under Both Alternatives Considered.

NEPA requires that agencies adequately articulate their basis for findings of significance when discussing the impacts of a project. An agency must explain its reasoning for each finding of significance in sufficient detail, including summarization of any supporting information used to justify that reasoning (data, studies, etc.). We understand that GSA is finishing additional studies, and request that details from these studies be summarized for each relevant category of significance criteria where relevant.

For the two alternatives carried forward for detailed study (Alternative 1a and Alternative 4), GSA attributed significance criteria to compare the environmental impacts of each alternative.<sup>77</sup> The significance criteria measured the magnitude and duration of potential impacts across various categories.<sup>78</sup>

While we agree with GSA's overall conclusions regarding the significance criteria analysis for Alternative 4, GSA evaluated many of the criterions under the assumption that Alternative 1a would remove trucks eventually, thus unduly conflating some of the benefits of Alternative 1a to that of Alternative 4. We request that in its Final DEIS, GSA include a clear comparison of Alternative 4 to Alternative 1a before any potential removal of the trucks. A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> *See* Sierra Club v. Fed. Highway Admin., 435 F. App'x 368, 372 (5th Cir. 2011); O'Reilly v. All State Fin. Co., No. 22-30608, 2023 WL 6635070, at \*5 (5th Cir. Oct. 12, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> DEIS at ES-5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> *Id*.

simple solution would be for GSA to add a column to its tables that evaluate significance criteria and include separate columns for Alternative 1a with trucks and Alternative 1a with an executed removal of the trucks. Specific discrepancies that should be corrected are listed below:

- Land Use and Zoning Impacts: GSA attributes the same findings of impacts to both action alternatives, including that there would be "minor-moderate long-term beneficial" impacts to visual/aesthetics in the surrounding area given "that a new, modern port which incorporates energy efficiency as well as aesthetically pleasing architectural and design elements, would actually result in a minor to moderate long-term beneficial impact as a focal point for entry into the U.S./city and possibly for redevelopment of the surrounding area." While this is certainly true for Alternative 4, the "minor to moderate" benefits stemming from a visually improved port are insufficient to outweigh the heavily negative aesthetic impacts from constant commercial truck traffic in the adjacent area, especially during congestion hours.
- Socioeconomics Impacts (including Environmental Justice and Protection of Children): GSA defined relevant "significant adverse effects" as those related to local economic, demographic, housing, local governance, and community services. <sup>80</sup> GSA needs to expand this definition to include environmental impacts, as it later discusses the impacts of commercial trucks on quality of life. <sup>81</sup>

Under both action alternatives, GSA found minor short-term impacts, and negligible to minor long-term impacts. Represent there is a significantly reduced "quality of life" under Alternative 1a, so Alternative 1a cannot be said to have only "negligible to minor long-term impacts." GSA later admits that this impacts finding is not even based on Alternative 1a with commercial trucks, as it notes that long-term beneficial effects to quality of life under Alternative 1a should be expected "from the removal of commercial traffic should that option be implemented." GSA further noted that the "rerouting of commercial traffic away from the area could also reasonably be expected to increase pedestrian safety and potentially reduce air quality and noise effects from that traffic." Reference to the minor terms of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic area of the same traffic and the same traffic are

• **Noise Impacts**: GSA properly delineated the difference in impacts between Alternative 1a without removal of commercial trucks and with removal for the criterion of "unacceptable short—long-term noise levels to nearby sensitive receptors." GSA found that the elimination of commercial trucks would result in a "long-term moderate to significant beneficial impact," compared to the "long-term minor to moderate adverse" impact from idling trucks under Alternative 1a. 87 However, GSA determined both

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> *Id*.at 4-10.

<sup>80</sup> Id.at 4-13.

<sup>81</sup> Id.at 4-14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> *Id*.

<sup>83</sup> *Id*.at 4-17.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> *Id*.

<sup>85</sup> *Id.* at 4-20.

<sup>86</sup> *Id.* at 4-24, 4-27.

<sup>87</sup> *Id*.

alternatives would have no impacts related to "vibrations that could affect nearby sensitive receptors." We ask that GSA explain why no vibrations would be expected under Alternative 1a, given the earth-trembling effect 40-ton trucks can have on the roads they traverse. The current routes trucks take to and from the BOTA cross dangerously close to neighborhoods, where residents have noted the rumbling sensations from frequent truck traffic.

- **Traffic Impacts:** GSA properly distinguished the impacts between alternatives for impact to area vehicular traffic and/or transportation routes." Alternative 4 would have "moderate to significant long-term beneficial" impacts with the elimination of truck traffic, while Alternative 1a would have "moderate to significant long-term adverse" impacts with the inclusion of truck traffic. 90
- **Air Quality Impacts on Communities**: GSA properly distinguished the impacts between alternatives for "short- or long-term public/community health or other related environmental impacts." Alternative 4 was found to have long-term moderate to significant beneficial impacts with the removal of the trucks, while Alternative 1a would have long-term moderate to significant adverse impact with truck traffic. 92 GSA specified that:

[T]he continued north- and south bound commercial truck traffic (and associated wait, queuing/processing and idling times) is considered to be a long-term moderate to significant negative health or other related environmental impact to the local community based on comments received as part of the scoping/public involvement aspects of the proposed project. Should the option to eliminate all commercial truck traffic be implemented in the future, this long-term adverse impact should be largely replaced by a long-term moderate to significant beneficial localized air quality impact.<sup>93</sup>

• **Regional Nox and/or VOC Impacts**: No differences in impacts were distinguished for "short- or long-term impacts as a result of Regional NOx and/or VOC increases." For this criterion, GSA found "long-term negligible to minor beneficial" impacts under both Alternatives. GSA explained that:

When the regional NOx and VOC data is combined with the daily idling emissions data presented above (see Tables 4-18 through 4-21) the modeled data shows total projected overall regional NOx less than the baseline (No Action) for Alternative 1a (with trucks) and Alternative 4, with **Alternative 4 showing the greatest reduction**. The modeled data also shows total projected overall regional VOCs to be less than the baseline (No Action) for all alternatives with Alternative

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> *Id.* at 4-24.

<sup>89</sup> *Id*.at 4-28.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> *Id*.at 4-31.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> *Id*.at 4-32.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup> *Id.* at 4-31.

4 again showing the greatest difference (see Table 4-23). This too is considered to be a minor to moderate long-term beneficial impact resulting from the alternatives.95

We understand that GSA is still conducting further studies, and request that GSA specify whether the "greatest reduction" of NOx and VOC emissions that is possible under Alternative 4 merits a finding of greater beneficial impacts for GSA's Air Quality Impacts criterion.

We also request that GSA clarify whether it considered the unique dangers posed by diesel exhaust emissions and how such findings can also support this determination of impacts. As discussed in our Scoping Comments, diesel exhaust often constitutes the most significant source of ultrafine particles (diameter <0.1m) in urban environments, <sup>96</sup> which are likely to result in greater health risks than those associated with larger particles. 97

Further, as required by NEPA, GSA conducted a cumulative impacts analysis. While the BOTA on its own may not produce any direct or indirect impacts, when combined with past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future projects throughout El Paso, the BOTA could contribute towards cumulative impacts. Given the overarching benefits of removing commercial trucks from the BOTA, it is not likely that Alternative 4 would contribute significantly towards detrimental cumulative impacts.

While we do not challenge GSA's finding that Alternative 4 will not significantly contribute towards negative cumulative impacts, we note that GSA improperly concluded that those developments pose no detrimental cumulative impacts on their own. 98 GSA properly listed the various ongoing and future development projects by the City of El Paso, TxDOT and other actors that could risk environmental impacts, and concluded that no disproportionate impacts would result from any of these projects due to presumed compliance with NEPA and other applicable laws and regulations, and the City of El Paso's commitment to manage development in an environmentally responsible manner that supports its residents. 99 As has been demonstrated by the City in the past 100 and in ongoing projects, 101 environmental justice and historic communities are set aside in the name of development. Even more, TxDOT has and continues to

<sup>95</sup> *Id.* at 4-33 (emphasis added).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>96</sup> EPA, Study of Ultrafine Particles Near a Major Highway with Heavy-Duty Diesel Traffic, https://cfpub.epa.gov/si/si public record Report.cfm?Lab=NCER&dirEntryId=83813.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> Hector A. Olvera, Mario Lopez, Veronica Guerrero, Humberto Garcia and Wen-Whai Li., Ultrafine Particle Levels at an International Port of Entry Between the US and Mexico: Exposure Implications for Users, Workers, and Neighbors, 23 Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology 289 (2013).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>98</sup> See id. at 4-44 ("Cumulatively, the reasonably foreseeable plans and projects identified in Section 4.10.2, along with the proposed modernization of the port should also not result in any future disproportionate impacts to environmental justice communities or children."). <sup>99</sup> *Id.* at 4-36-44.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>100</sup> Michel Martin, In Texas, A Struggle to Preserve Historic Duranguito Neighborhood, NPR: ALL THINGS CONSIDERED, July 24, 2021, https://www.npr.org/2021/07/24/1020224698/in-texas-a-struggle-to-preserve-historicduranguito-neighborhood.

<sup>101</sup> Vania Castillo, El Paso's Onward Alameda Project Sparks Fears of Displacement Among Residents, KFOX14/CBS4, September 5, 2024, https://cbs4local.com/news/local/el-pasos-onward-alameda-project-sparksfears-of-displacement-among-residents.

engage in a practice of exacerbating harms to environmental justice communities through the expansion of highways and related infrastructure in El Paso. GSA may not have responsibility for these practices, but it should at least acknowledge that other actors may not always select the most environmentally responsible alternative that responds to the concerns of environmental justice communities.

### v. GSA Must Discuss Local Climate Change Impacts.

GSA discussed the impacts of climate change on the Great Plains region, which includes the El Paso area. <sup>102</sup> While this discussion satisfies a requisite under climate impacts evaluation for an agency's EIS, it does not satisfy the need to discuss local impacts. The localized impacts of global climate change in the El Paso region are particularly acute at border crossings, where large amounts of concrete retain heat in already extreme weather conditions and expose pedestrians and vehicle passengers to hours of potentially dangerous conditions. While GSA may not play a significant role in contributing towards these impacts, it must still discuss them in its environmental analysis, as well as any steps it is taking to combat the challenges of extreme weather at its LPOE. For example, GSA included a brief description of several features that would be implemented at the BOTA, such as added shade and native vegetation. These features are prime examples of climate adaptation at the border, and GSA should describe them as such.

Furthermore, the increased operational efficiency at the BOTA is the foundation of GSA's mitigation of the harmful effects of air pollutants, including GHGs, and as such, we urge GSA to clearly note how its studies support this finding. We understand that GSA will provide completed study findings in its Final EIS, and it is critical that GSA tie specific findings from these studies to the claims it makes in its analysis.

### V. GSA Must Continue to Provide Critical Project Information to the Public.

The quality and availability of project information is the foundational pillar of NEPA. We appreciate GSA's efforts thus far in holding various public meetings throughout the project's development, providing information to the public, and correcting deficiencies in the information provided. We ask GSA to continue to provide information to ensure that the public is fully informed of the continued steps taken to modernize the port.

To allow for continued public information and reduce the burden of GSA having to release additional studies, reports, and plans with its Final EIS, we request that GSA specifically provide the following information to the public and publish the information on GSA's BOTA Modernization Project website as it becomes available:

- Traffic and Air Quality Studies: we understand that providing complete studies is
  difficult due to the size of the studies. While public availability of complete
  studies is ideal to ensure meaningful public information, GSA should at the very
  least provide high-level summaries of its studies that include discussions of key
  findings used to support GSA's final decision.
- Public Comments submitted on GSA's DEIS.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> Id. 3-59-61.

- SWPPP: if a draft SWPPP is prepared, we request that the draft be made available on GSA's project website.
- Phase II Soil Survey Findings: We request that GSA include its findings in its
  ongoing soil analyses, or at the very least, a summary of its findings, on the
  project website.
- Construction Impact Mitigation Plans: We request that GSA update the public
  when Asbestos, Lead Paint, and any other construction impacts mitigation plans
  are finalized. We request that GSA provide information to the public about the
  individuals who can be contacted to obtain further information about these plans
  and any other measures that will be undertaken to ensure minimally disruptive
  construction.
- We also request that the homes within a quarter mile of the BOTA be preassessed, that the GSA provide a liaison that residents can notify if construction activities damage their homes, and that the GSA not allow contractors to use equipment harmful to residential structures next to homes.

# VI. GSA Should Reconsider Adding POV Traffic Improvements.

GSA proposes improving the pick-up and drop off stations for pedestrians heading north. However, aside from adding more POV lanes than Alternative 1a, it does not propose any measures to mitigate the projected increase in POVs at BOTA once the commercial vehicles are removed. In anticipation of this increase in POVs heading both north and south, we request dedicated lanes for buses heading north and south, a bicycle and motorcycle lane in both directions, and a Dedicated Commuter Lane (SENTRI) for vehicles heading north.

### VII. Conclusion

We commend GSA for choosing Alternative 4 as its preferred alternative in its DEIS and urge GSA to stand by its decision in its Final EIS. We only request that GSA ensure that information is presented clearly in detailing the precise benefits that Alternative 4's immediate removal of commercial truck traffic holds over Alternative 1a, that GSA provide further requested clarification in its analysis, and that GSA continue to fully inform the public of significant project updates.

Sincerely,

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# ATTACHMENT A



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February 23, 2024

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#### I. Introduction.

On behalf of Familias Unidas del Chamizal and residents of the San Xavier neighborhood, Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc. submits these comments on the proposed Bridge of the Americas Modernization Project ("BOTA Project"), Docket No. 2023-0002, in response to the General Services Administration's ("GSA") Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") under the National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA"). Familias Unidas del Chamizal and residents of the San Xavier neighborhood request that the GSA select Alternative 4.2

The BOTA is a "Free Bridge" as a result of the Chamizal Treaty of 1963. The BOTA's lack of tolls and its central location have made it a magnet for traffic, particularly passenger vehicles and heavy-duty diesel commercial traffic ("semis" or "heavy-duty trucks"). Unlike most land ports of entry in the country, BOTA is within close proximity of residential neighborhoods. Most efforts to expedite traffic on the BOTA have focused on traffic heading north, despite the fact that congestion also forms heading south every single day. Even more alarming, due to the failings of TXDOT's I-10 Connect Project, southbound traffic at the BOTA backs up into I-10 East, I-10 West and US-54. If GSA selects Alternative 4 and removes the semi traffic from the BOTA, it will reduce the traffic congestion on its north- and southbound arteries.

The BOTA Project is funded by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act ("Bipartisan Infrastructure Act") and by the Inflation Reduction Act ("IRA"), which enshrined climate mitigation, pollution abatement, energy efficiency, and community preservation and restoration into American infrastructural growth and job creation. By utilizing Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA funds in its BOTA Project, GSA has committed itself to ensure that the BOTA Project

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> General Services Administration, Notice-PBS-2023-04; Docket No. 2023-0002; Sequence No. 23, Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement and Notice of Public Scoping Meeting and Comment Period.

<sup>2</sup> Commenters hereby incorporate their April 12, 2023 comments, attached as Exhibit A, TRLA, Complaint under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 on behalf of the San Xavier Community, December 7, 2023 [hereinafter TRLA Title VI Complaint].

translates into benefits for the communities and the environment, in addition to combating climate change, ameliorating environmental injustices, and improving community resiliency.

Commenters represent Southside residents currently living with the longstanding environmental harms of the BOTA and threatened by the Project's proposed expansion of the Port of Entry ("POE"). Southside residents have been continuously bombarded by the environmental harms that stem from commercial growth at the BOTA, with heavy commercial truck traffic stalling for hours on a daily basis directly next to residences and Zavala Elementary School.

GSA must select Alternative 4 and remove all heavy-duty commercial traffic from the BOTA. GSA faces two choices: *to help* ameliorate the harms of this history by removing and relocating semis from the BOTA, or to *encroach further* on already vulnerable communities with noxious pollution from heavy-duty commercial truck traffic. GSA should not repeat history and perpetuate unacceptable threats to public safety, the economy, and the civil and human rights of Southside El Paso communities. Alternative 4 is currently the only proposed alternative that can accomplish this goal and satisfy the goals of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA, as well as achieve Title VI and NEPA compliance. GSA cannot shirk its duties under federal law by choosing an alternative that continues to permit the incessant idling of heavy-duty diesel commercial traffic at the cost of public health.

GSA must prepare an EIS that addresses the significant impacts of the BOTA Modernization Project and adequately mitigates those impacts. To do so, GSA must conduct a robust environmental justice analysis and fully inform itself of the immense benefits of removing commercial truck traffic from the BOTA in both directions and the harms of allowing it to continue, including a discussion of local climate change impacts. This analysis must include a detailed history of environmental racism in Southside El Paso and fully disclose the wide-reaching impacts of the BOTA on these communities, which are already overrun with air pollution sources.

GSA must also implement other environmental pollution reduction strategies, including public transportation on the BOTA for students and daily commuters, additional ready lanes and improved technology to expedite traffic heading north, incentives to boost electric vehicles, native landscaping, and the closure of Zavala Elementary. In the face of climate change, the Project must implement climate adaptation strategies to ensure the safety of commuters and customs officers. The BOTA crossing, which serves everyone across El Paso and Juarez, should be a part of improving public health by tackling air pollution and improving the quality of life of communities near the port and its feeder highways.

# II. Summary of the Proposed Project.

The San Xavier and Chamizal are special and unique communities in El Paso: keystones of El Paso's Mexican American heritage and imbued with a strong support network between neighbors. These communities are intrinsically linked to the BOTA by their proximity and are particularly sensitive to the foreseeable adverse impacts of the BOTA Project.

On November 13, 2023, GSA published its Notice of Intent for the proposed BOTA Port Modernization Project. GSA's Notice of Intent states that purpose of the proposed action is for GSA to "bring[] the BOTA LPOE [Land Port of Entry] infrastructure in line with current CBP

land port design standards...and operational requirements while addressing existing deficiencies identified with the ongoing port operations."<sup>3</sup> The NOI further describes the project need as "improv[ing] the capacity and functionality of the LPOE to meet future public demand, while maintaining the capability to meet border security initiatives," and "ensur[ing] the safety and security for the employees and the travelling public."<sup>4</sup>

GSA received \$9.9 million in funds through the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, also known as the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, a key measure of President Biden's administration that aims to rebuild the Nation's infrastructure, create jobs, support environmentally conscious manufacturing and innovation, bolster national security, support clean-energy, combat climate change, and increase community resiliency. <sup>5</sup> In December 2023, GSA awarded the contract for pre-design services for the project. <sup>6</sup> The funding for the BOTA is further supplemented by the Inflation Reduction Act, which allocated a total of \$2 billion to GSA to reduce the carbon emissions of its buildings across the nation, including the BOTA. <sup>7</sup> GSA has correctly recognized that:

The [BOTA] project is part of President Biden's Investing in America agenda in growing the American economy from the bottom up and middle-out – from rebuilding our Nation's infrastructure, to creating a manufacturing and innovation boom powered by good-paying jobs, to building a clean-energy economy that will combat climate change and make our communities more resilient.<sup>8</sup>

On December 13, 2023, GSA held its Public Scoping Meeting to discuss the currently proposed alternatives and obtain public comment on the project. GSA noted that its EIS would discuss direct, indirect, and cumulative effects, and identified the following as issues for analysis of the project's impacts:

- Hazardous Materials
- Waste, and/or Site Contamination

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> General Services Administration, Notice-PBS-2023-04; docket No. 2023-0002; Sequence No. 23, Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement and Notice of Public Scoping Meeting and Comment Period.

<sup>4</sup> *Id* (emphasis added).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> General Services Administration, *GSA awards* \$10 Million for Pre-Design Services for Modernizing Facilities at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, December 26, 2023, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/gsa-regions/region-7-greater-southwest/region-7-newsroom/greater-southwest-feature-stories-and-news-releases/gsa-awards-10-million-for-predesign-services-for-modernizing-facilities-at-the-bridge-of-the-americas-land-port-of-entry-12262023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> General Services Administration, *Biden-Harris Administration Announces \$2 Billion for Cleaner Construction Projects to Tackle the Climate Crisis, Spur American Innovation, and Create Good-Paying Jobs as Part of Investing in America Agenda*, November 6, 2023, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/newsroom/news-releases/bidenharris-administration-announces-2-billion-for-cleaner-construction-projects-to-tackle-the-climate-crisis-spur-american-innovation-and-create-goodpaying-jobs-as-part-of-investing-in-america-agenda-

<sup>11062023#:~:</sup>text=TOPEKA%20%E2%80%93%20The%20U.S.%20General%20Services,Administration's%20Investing%20in%20America%20agenda.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> General Services Administration, GSA awards \$10 Million for Pre-Design Services for Modernizing Facilities at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, December 26, 2023, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/gsa-regions/region-7-greater-southwest/region-7-newsroom/greater-southwest-feature-stories-and-news-releases/gsa-awards-10-million-for-predesign-services-for-modernizing-facilities-at-the-bridge-of-the-americas-land-port-of-entry-12262023.

- Socioeconomics (including Environmental Justice)
- Public Services, Infrastructure, and Utilities
- Surface Waters, Drainage, and Floodplains
- Land Use and Zoning (including Visual and Aesthetics)
- Traffic (Vehicular and Pedestrian), Transportation, and Parking
- Air Quality (including Greenhouse Gas Emissions)
- Noise and Vibration
- Cultural and Historic Resources<sup>9</sup>

GSA presented the public with six alternatives, including the No Action Alternative. Alternative 4 was the only alternative presented that would immediately and permanently remove heavy-duty diesel commercial truck traffic, with minimal land acquisition and the preservation of the County Coliseum. In contrast, every other alternative, excluding the No Action Alternative, would expand the BOTA eastwards towards the County Coliseum and seize portions of County land that are currently used for the benefit of El Paso communities.

GSA further discussed the project timeline, with publication of the Draft EIS expected in the summer of 2024. <sup>10</sup> In nearly every comment submitted to GSA at the December 13, 2023 Meeting, the public urged the removal of heavy-duty commercial traffic and spoke about the hardships of enduring constant diesel emissions from these trucks.

On January 22, 2024, Congresswoman Veronica Escobar and GSA hosted a Public Meeting for the Project, where the community voiced a unified message through shared experiences of living in the forefront of environmental pollution. Residents expressed the struggles of raising children afflicted with respiratory diseases or lung cancer, public schoolteachers spoke about the daily detrimental impact air pollution had on their students, and residents from the San Xavier and Chamizal community groups urged GSA to remedy their ongoing struggle of living under an incessant cloud of diesel emissions, noise, vibrations, and bearing witness to an increasing number of friends and neighbors passing away from cancer. Dr. Toni Ramirez, a public health doctor who serves Central El Paso residents, described how she witnessed the struggles discussed by residents in her daily practice, and voiced concern over the lack of resources to address the medical needs and resiliency of residents most impacted by air pollution.<sup>11</sup>

#### III. Legal Framework

#### A. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act.

Title VI serves as a critical bulwark against further discrimination in projects such as this one. Title VI's prohibition on discrimination applies to all recipients of federal funds: "No person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." 42 U.S.C. § 2000d. As a federal agency, GSA manages its day-to-day operations with federal funding, and relies on federal funding for its

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> General Services Administration, December 13, 2023, NEPA Public Meeting Summary at 23.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> *Id.* at 24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Congresswoman Veronica Escobar's office informed participants that the public comments were being recorded.

projects. Because of this inextricable reliance on federal funding, GSA is obligated to comply with Title VI in all its programs or activities. <sup>12</sup>

Critically, GSA's Title VI implementing regulations provide that "[w]here previous discriminatory practice or usage tends, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, to exclude individuals from participation in, to deny them the benefits of, or to subject them to discrimination under any program or activity to which this subpart applies, *the applicant or recipient has an obligation to take reasonable action to remove or overcome the consequences of the prior discriminatory practice or usage*, and to accomplish the purposes of the Act. <sup>13</sup> Thus, because of the legacy of discriminatory practices impacting San Javier and Chamizal residents, GSA has an affirmative responsibility to not only avoid discriminating against these communities today, but also to overcome the legacy of past discrimination.

A disproportionate share of the families who live near the BOTA and its arterial highways are Hispanic or Mexican-American. A pattern of governmental decisions has placed Southside communities like San Xavier and the Chamizal at the forefront of environmental contamination. In recognition of this, the Chamizal community—west of San Xavier—has advocated for clean air since the passage of the North American Free Trade Agreement ("NAFTA") in 1994. The Chamizal community has voiced concerns to TXDOT, GSA, EPA, and local government authorities to take meaningful action to ameliorate air pollution, including by advocating for the removal of semi-trucks from Paisano Drive and the BOTA. In furtherance of this goal, residents of the Chamizal and San Xavier neighborhoods engaged in public participation throughout the TXDOT I-10 Connect Project, which removed the semis from Paisano Drive only to place them behind San Xavier. Both communities have been actively engaged in the BOTA Modernization Project, as have Southside community residents east of BOTA and community members from throughout the County.

If GSA allows for a continuation or increase in heavy-duty commercial truck traffic through its BOTA Project, it will authorize the continued pollution of the air that residents breathe, increasing fine particulate pollution associated with premature death and serious health problems. As explained in more detail below, the public health impacts of vehicular air pollution, particularly from heavy-duty diesel trucks, are widespread and severe. <sup>14</sup> The project also risks aggravating soil and water pollution from construction and continued operations at the BOTA. These are unacceptable harms for communities that have suffered from pollution and health problems from the port of entry, highways, busy roads, Marathon refinery, the EPISD bus hub, the EPWU water treatment plant, the covered (yet unabated) toxic landfill at Modesto Park, and other pollution sources for many decades. Should GSA fail to prevent further environmental degradation on the San Xavier and Chamizal communities, it risks violating Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-7, as well as its own Title VI implementing regulations. <sup>15</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 2000d-4a.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 41 C.F.R. § 101-6.204-2 (a)(1)(vi)(4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See infra at Section IV.F.1. Air Pollution Impacts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> 41 C.F.R. Chapter 101 Subpart 101-6.2 et seq.

# B. The National Environmental Policy Act.

The National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA"), 42 U.S.C. § 4332 et seq., provides the congressionally mandated procedure for assessment of these impacts, and NEPA requires that these procedures be completed "at the earliest possible time," i.e., "before decisions are made and before actions are taken." Accordingly, GSA cannot select final project plans for the BOTA Modernization project and obtain necessary permits until the NEPA process is completed, including preparation of an EIS.

#### An EIS must describe:

- i. the environmental impacts of the proposed action;
- ii. any adverse environmental effects which cannot be avoided should the proposal be implemented;
- iii. alternatives to the proposed action;
- iv. the relationship between local short-term uses of man's environment and the maintenance and enhancement of long-term productivity; and
- v. any irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources which would be involved in the proposed action should it be implemented.<sup>17</sup>

An EIS must also describe the direct and indirect effects, and cumulative impacts of, a proposed action. <sup>18</sup> These terms are distinct from one another. Direct effects are "caused by the action and occur at the same time and place." <sup>19</sup> Indirect effects are also "caused by the action" and "are later in time or farther removed in distance, but are still reasonably foreseeable." <sup>20</sup> Indirect effects "may include growth inducing effects and other effects related to induced changes in the pattern of land use, population density or growth rate, and related effect on air and water and other natural systems, including ecosystems. <sup>21</sup>

Cumulative impacts are not causally related to the action. Instead, they are:

The impact on the environment which results from the incremental impact of the action when added to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions regardless of what agency (Federal or non-Federal) or person undertakes such other actions. Cumulative impacts can result from

6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> 40 C.F.R. §§ 1501.2, 1500.1(b) (emphases added).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 4332(C).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> 40 C.F.R §§ 1502.16, 1508.7, 1508.8; *Northern Plains Resource Council v. Surface Transportation Board*, 668 F.3d 1067, 1072-73 (9th Cir. 2011).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> 40 C.F.R. § 1508.1(g)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> *Id.* § 1508.1(g)(2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> *Id*.

individually minor but collectively significant actions taking place over a period of time.<sup>22</sup>

The EIS must give each of these categories of effect due consideration.

Finally, while an EIS is being prepared GSA may take no action which would tend to "limit the choice of reasonable alternatives," or "tend[] to determine subsequent development."<sup>23</sup>

#### IV. NEPA Procedural Comments of Familias Unidas and San Xavier Residents.

#### A. GSA Must Select Alternative 4 and Remove Semis from the BOTA.

The alternatives analysis "is the heart of the environmental impact statement."<sup>24</sup> Federal agencies must take care not to define the project's purpose so narrowly as to prevent the consideration of a reasonable range of alternatives. <sup>25</sup> CEQ's regulations implementing NEPA, 40 C.F.R. § 1502.14, explain that a reasonable range of alternatives should be presented and compared in the EIS to allow for a "clear basis for choice among options by the decision maker and the public." In addition, CEQ's "Forty Most Asked Questions Concerning National Environmental Policy Act Regulations" explain that agencies must "[r]igorously explore and objectively evaluate all reasonable alternatives, and for alternatives which were eliminated from detailed study, briefly discuss the reasons for their having been eliminated."<sup>26</sup>

Crucially, the alternatives must examine even those alternatives which may be outside the jurisdiction or capability of the agency or applicant.<sup>27</sup> Further, "[a] potential conflict with local or federal law does not necessarily render an alternative unreasonable, although such conflicts must be considered."<sup>28</sup> GSA must also include "appropriate mitigation measures not already included in the proposed action or alternatives."<sup>29</sup> Because alternatives are central to decisionmaking and mitigation, "the existence of a viable but unexamined alternative renders an environmental impact statement inadequate."<sup>30</sup> Should the agency only give an alternative threadbare analysis or ignore critical information pertaining to that alternative, the deficient analysis also renders an environmental impact statement inadequate.<sup>31</sup>

As such, the GSA must fully consider Alternative 4 and its removal of all heavy-duty commercial truck traffic from the POE in both directions, particularly because Alternative 4 emerged from the public's overwhelming demand—reiterated since the first BOTA public meeting in the fall of 2022—for an alternative that prioritizes public health. Including an alternative in the "alternatives analysis" is only the first step, however, and should GSA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> § 1508.1 (g)(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> 40 C.F.R. § 1506.1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> 40 C.F.R. § 1502.14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> See, e.g., Simmons v. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 120 F.3d 664, 666 (7th Cir. 1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> CEQ, "Forty Most Asked Questions Concerning National Environmental Policy Act Regulations," at 3, https://www.energy.gov/nepa/articles/forty-most-asked-questions-concerning-ceqs-national-environmental-policy-act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Id. at 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Utahns for Better Transp. v. U.S. Dep't of Transp., 305 F.3d 1152, 1170 (10th Cir. 2002), as modified on reh'g, 319 F.3d 1207 (10th Cir. 2003).

encounter challenges in the implementation of Alternative 4, it must in good faith consider potential resolutions. Indeed, it would be a clear violation of NEPA should GSA decline to dismiss Alternative 4 prematurely with no further consideration. Such dismissal would brazenly depart from what is reasonably feasible, especially given the fact that *GSA has full authority to remove and redirect commercial truck traffic from the BOTA*. There is also ample evidence that demonstrates that Alternative 4 is practicable.

### 1. Removing Semi Traffic from the BOTA is Feasible.

The BOTA is not the only land port of entry in the El Paso region that is currently equipped—and certainly not the port that is best equipped—to inspect commercial trucks and their cargo. There are three ports of entry in the region with capacity to handle commercial traffic: Ysleta, Santa Teresa, and Tornillo, all within 10-, 27-, and 40- miles of the BOTA, respectively. Further, the BOTA only operates its northbound commercial crossings from 6a.m. to 2p.m. and as such, cannot be considered a key LPOE in the region for commercial traffic.

With increased border pollution and unprecedented stalling of commercial traffic near the BOTA, GSA must conduct its own analysis on the strategies available to redirect both north- and southbound commercial truck traffic. The other POEs have already demonstrated reliability in absorbing the BOTA's commercial traffic. Since 2022, the BOTA's commercial lanes have been closed numerous times due to the surge in immigrant crossings, and semis were rerouted to other ports. As part of its Alternatives Analysis, GSA must review how these closures at the BOTA impacted other LPOEs and consider strategies to effectuate greater mobility and reduce idling at the BOTA by permanently implementing a similar diversion of truck traffic.

It makes eminent sense to redirect traffic to other POEs, especially Tornillo, given that the transportation infrastructure around the BOTA on both sides of the border was not built to handle heavy-duty truck traffic, while Tornillo was built with semis in mind and is currently the largest POE in El Paso. GSA must seriously consider how to redirect traffic to Tornillo, Ysleta, and Santa Teresa, and analyze how traffic flow can be improved, and the significant air pollution reductions that would flow from such relocations.

# 2. Local Governments have Already Agreed to Explore Using Technology at Another POE to Reduce Semi Traffic.

The sister cities of El Paso and Ciudad Juarez have recognized that they need to address the semi traffic at the ports of entry. In January of 2023, the two cities entered into a Memorandum of Understanding to promote the use of conveyor belt technology at the Ysleta POE to facilitate commercial traffic. GSA should collaborate with the City of El Paso and Juarez in moving forward on installing this technology at the Tornillo POE, given the success of conveyor belt technology in increasing operational efficiency. Upon information and belief, truck drivers do not feel safe queuing on the Mexican side of the Tornillo POE as they wait to enter the U.S., due to cartel activity. However, conveyor belt technology would eliminate idling for northbound traffic and increase safety at the border. GSA must also explore any other actions it can take to improve safety at the Tornillo Bridge and facilitate crossings, including through collaborations with U.S. and Mexican authorities. Unlike the BOTA, the Tornillo Bridge was

8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> CHIA, Benefits of Conveyor Belts in the Port Sector, September 19, 2023, https://espirales.es/notice/benefits-of-conveyor-belts-in-the-port-sector.

built with increased capacity to handle heavy-duty commercial traffic and was meant to help remove congestion from the BOTA. <sup>33</sup> As part of its analysis of alternatives, GSA should rigorously explore options to maintain the Tornillo POE running. GSA should also consider the implementation of conveyer belt at Ysleta and Santa Teresa.

# 3. The Area Surrounding the BOTA has a Denser Population of People than the Other POEs.

Over 9,300 residents live in the three census tracts immediately adjacent to the BOTA, according to the 2020 U.S. Census. The census tracts surrounding the port of entry in Tornillo and Santa Teresa have less than half of those residents, and the neighborhoods are further removed from the border crossings, which mitigates any adverse impacts of traffic and reduces the likelihood that residents will be replaced if there is a need to expand the POE. Even more, the port of entry at Santa Teresa has nearby warehouses and industrial infrastructure that could facilitate commercial truck traffic, and the Tornillo POE has increased capacity to facilitate mobility. We urge GSA to explore these options with careful attention to the impacts of rerouting the trucks. Care should be taken to avoid impacting other environmental justice communities with the relocation of semis. Again, the use of conveyor belt and other technology to improve efficiency would minimize the impact of semi traffic at all the POEs.

# B. GSA Must Select Alternative 4 to Comply with the Environmental Goals of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and Inflation Reduction Act.

Given the fact that the source of the GSA's funding for the project is rooted in federal laws intended to advance environmental justice and reduce GHG emissions, GSA has a duty to integrate the principles of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA into its selected alternative. GSA risks violating its duties imparted by the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA funds should it select an alternative that allows for a continuation and potential increase of vehicular air emissions, which is an outcome that would be set in stone should GSA reject Alternative 4. Even more, GSA would not accomplish its stated goals of "reducing greenhouse gas emissions," "mitigating human health and environment impact," and "ensur[ing] the safety and security for the employees and the travelling public" through the BOTA Project if it allows heavyduty commercial traffic to continue to cross on the BOTA. While GSA's commitment to use lower carbon materials in the Project is a notable step in the right direction, this alone will not satisfy the agency's responsibilities under federal law.

Both the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA aim to reduce U.S. GHG emissions and ameliorate the disproportionate impacts that the country's longstanding reliance on fossil fuels have had on communities of color and low-income communities. The Bipartisan Infrastructure Act was passed to boost American infrastructure with an environmentally forward approach. The Bipartisan Infrastructure Act is intended to "rebuild America's roads, bridges and rails, expand access to clean drinking water, ensure every American has access to high-speed internet, tackle

9

Lorena Figueroa, *Tornillo-Guadalupe Bridge is Now Open*, EL PASO TIMES, February 4, 2016, https://www.elpasotimes.com/story/news/2016/02/04/new-tornillo-guadalupe-bridge-inaugurates/79849438/.
 GSA, *GSA Awards \$10 Million for Pre-Design Services for Modernizing Facilities at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry*, December 26, 2023, https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/gsa-regions/region-7-greater-southwest/region-7-newsroom/greater-southwest-feature-stories-and-news-releases/gsa-awards-10-million-for-predesign-services-for-modernizing-facilities-at-the-bridge-of-the-americas-land-port-of-entry-12262023.
 *Id* (emphasis added).

the climate crisis, advance environmental justice, and invest in communities that have too often been left behind."<sup>36</sup>

The IRA funding provided to modernize ports of entry is specifically conditioned on infrastructure efforts aimed at reducing air pollution.<sup>37</sup> The IRA pushes for the installation of zero emissions equipment and technology at the ports, the development of climate action plans, and the granting of funds to communities near ports that breathe disproportionately high levels of toxic pollutants.<sup>38</sup> The IRA provides additional funding for those ports that are located in areas of nonattainment for any air pollutant, a provision which GSA should take advantage of given El Paso's nonattainment of ozone and PM2.5 pollution.<sup>39</sup> GSA cannot reject the environmental goals of the IRA to view the BOTA Modernization in a climate vacuum and not seize clear opportunities to reduce or eliminate sources of GHG emissions. Accordingly, GSA must select Alternative 4, as it is the only alternative that conforms with the goals of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA.

# C. GSA Must Evaluate the Economic Benefit and Harm of Each Alternative, Including Alternative 4.

NEPA requires that GSA "take a hard look at the environmental consequences" of a proposed action. <sup>40</sup> To satisfy this mandate, GSA must carefully discuss all the benefits of reducing air pollution—as well as the harms of not doing so—in its EIS. GSA cannot give greater weight to the economic benefits of commercial crossings—for example, by monetizing the trade benefits—without also giving fair weight to the harms, and similarly quantifying those harms. Crucially, GSA must evaluate the far-reaching health and economic benefits of removing heavy-duty commercial truck traffic from the BOTA and, conversely, examine the harms of allowing semis to continue to corrode air quality.

The data shows that mitigating air pollution produces astronomical economic benefits. According to a 2019 study, poor air quality may cost the U.S. about \$886 billion a year. <sup>41</sup> Just recently, on February 7, 2024, the EPA took a major step to protect communities by strengthening the national ambient air quality standard for PM 2.5, which the agency estimated to produce \$46 billion in net health benefits by 2032. <sup>42</sup> This is just one of many examples that highlights the immense benefits of reducing the emissions of a single air pollutant. When considering the wide array of pollutants in diesel emissions, the elimination of heavy-duty commercial traffic and its toxic emissions would produce vast economic benefits—including a reduction of asthma attacks, hospitalizations, emergency room visits, missed school- and work

Robertson v. Methow Valley Citizens Council, 490 U.S. 332, 350, 109 S.Ct. 1835, 104 L.Ed.2d 351 (1989) (quoting Kleppe v. Sierra Club, 427 U.S. 390, 410, 96 S.Ct. 2718, 49 L.Ed.2d 576 (1976)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> White House, Statements and Releases: Fact Sheet: The Bipartisan Infrastructure Deal, November 6, 2021, https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/statements-releases/2021/11/06/fact-sheet-the-bipartisan-infrastructure-deal/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> 42 U.S.C.A. § 7433, Sec. 133. Grants to Reduce Air Pollution at Ports.

 $<sup>^{38}</sup>$  See id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Andrew L. Goodkind et al., *Fine-Scale Damage Estimates of Particulate Matter Air Pollution Reveal Opportunities for Location-Specific Mitigation of Emissions*, 116 PNAS 18 (April 8, 2019), https://www.pnas.org/doi/10.1073/pnas.1816102116.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> EPA, EPA Finalizes Stronger Standards for Harmful Soot Pollution, Significantly Increasing Health and Clean Air Protections for Families, Workers, and Communities, February 7, 2024, https://www.epa.gov/newsreleases/epa-finalizes-stronger-standards-harmful-soot-pollution-significantly-increasing.

days, and fewer deaths from cardiopulmonary diseases and cancer, among other diseases and ailments linked to vehicular air pollution.

If GSA implements a rerouting strategy, removing heavy-duty commercial truck traffic can also produce savings in reduced fuel consumption and wear and tear by the trucks themselves. The costs of any added mileage pale in comparison to the potential fuel and repair savings from reduced idling. Idling for more than ten seconds consumes more fuel than turning off and restarting an engine, reduces engine life by up to 20%. Heavy-duty diesel trucks consume at least half a gallon of diesel per hour, with nearly an entire gallon consumed depending on the type of truck. And an hour of idling is approximately equivalent to 30 miles of driving for the strain placed on the engine. SA must take these considerations into account and factor in the benefits of removing trucks from the BOTA—where they inevitably idle and bottleneck for hours on end—and towards the Santa Teresa, Ysleta, and Tornillo bridges, which have greater capacity, infrastructure, and operating hours to allow for an efficient flow of commercial traffic.

GSA must also fully consider the economic detriment of allowing a continuation of—and possible increase of—commercial traffic. All Alternatives except for Alternative 4 and the No Action Alternative allow for immediate continuation—and possibly even expansion—of heavy-duty commercial traffic. Some of GSA's alternatives also propose purchasing county property and bringing the semi traffic closer to residences and community centers. GSA must also analyze the loss of revenue in the form of tolls from commercial traffic since 1994 and then project the future loss of tolls for at least another 30 years if the semis are not removed from BOTA.

All but one of GSA's proposed alternatives continue to rely on outdated and unjust traffic management that adheres to a decades-long pattern of systemic discrimination and environmental degradation. On December 7, 2023, the residents of San Xavier filed a Title VI Civil Rights complaint against TXDOT due to the I-10 Connect Project, which leads into the BOTA and failed to deliver on its promise of accelerating traffic into Mexico. When GSA's longstanding practice of allowing commercial traffic at ports of entry near residential neighborhoods is considered in tandem with TxDOT's perpetuation of the pollution associated with this traffic,<sup>46</sup> the disservice to the public interest is not only evident but egregious. The harms are widespread: mobile source emissions are linked to severe environmental degradation and increased mortality and illness in nearby communities, with disproportionate burdens on communities of color and Texans below the poverty line.<sup>47</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> TranBC, *Leading the Way in Border Greenhouse Gas Reduction*, https://www.tranbc.ca/2013/08/06/leading-the-way-in-border-greenhouse-gas-reduction/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> U.S. Department of Energy, *Vehicle Technologies Office*, *Fact #861 February 23*, 2015 Idle Fuel Consumption for *Selected Gasoline and Diesel Vehicles*, https://www.energy.gov/eere/vehicles/fact-861-february-23-2015-idle-fuel-consumption-selected-gasoline-and-diesel-vehicles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Steven Lang, *How Many Miles Is Too Many for a Used Diesel Pickup Truck?*, Capital One, March 7, 2023, https://www.capitalone.com/cars/learn/finding-the-right-car/how-many-miles-is-too-many-for-a-used-diesel-pickup-truck/2145

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Exhibit A, TRLA, TRLA Title VI Complaint.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> See Section IV.F.1. Air Pollution Impacts.

# D. GSA Must Evaluate the Feasibility of Enhancing Public Transportation and Green Mobility Strategies at the BOTA.

In addition to removing the commercial trucks with Alternative 4, GSA must amplify and enhance existing public transportation at the BOTA and create new modes of public transportation for local commuters (a light rail, trolley, and/or a public bus system). Public transportation can improve operational efficiency through environmentally friendly and community-oriented strategies. GSA must pursue potential collaborations with the City of El Paso, Cd. Juarez, and TxDOT to maximize the benefits of public transportation. Currently, much of the public transportation at the POE consists of passenger buses coming from different regions in Mexico to the United States. However, most of the crossings at the BOTA consist of daily and frequent commuters that live in the El Paso-Juarez region and fuel the El Paso-Juarez economy. Thus, it is vital to provide adequate public transportation for these commuters and encourage pedestrian traffic over vehicular traffic from Juarez to El Paso.

We encourage GSA to enhance the availability and accessibility of public transportation options for pedestrians who have crossed the border. Usually, when pedestrians cross at the BOTA, they must embark on a harrowing journey across highways with poorly marked or completely absent traffic safety signs and signals. Dozens of students living in Juarez and attending school in El Paso must make this dangerous journey every day. GSA can help minimize this unacceptable risk to pedestrians by creating infrastructure that allows City of El Paso buses to stop at or near the BOTA and park-and-rides on both sides of the BOTA. Currently, the closest bus stop to the BOTA appears to be nearly a mile away, leaving pedestrian traffic bereft of practicable options. 48

GSA should speak with the City of El Paso and Cd. Juarez to strategize efforts based on current data; these efforts must include surveys of daily commuters and the routes they take on both sides of the border so that an effective public transportation plan can be implemented. GSA should also collaborate with the City of El Paso to facilitate public transportation at the BOTA, especially in light of the City's current efforts in drafting a Climate Action Plan. Revenue generated from the public transportation system on the BOTA can be reinvested into the public transit system. Even more, public transportation can be provided during a trial period as a way to encourage drivers to learn to use the system.

GSA can also take common-sense solutions to reduce the emissions from public transportation at the border, regardless of whether the mode of transportation is a trolley, monorail, or bus. For example, GSA can require bus drivers to turn the motor off while passengers are going through customs, at least during seasons without extreme heat. In addition, the creation of a pedestrian lane exclusively for public transportation passengers would help increase operational efficiency and improve pedestrian traffic. Such a strategy has already been proposed at the San Ysidro border crossing. <sup>49</sup> GSA can also expedite the processing by implementing the use of transportable electronic scanners and canine officers to process

*Crossing*, The San Diego Uion-Tribune, February 9, 2023, https://www.sandiegouniontribune.com/news/border-baja-california/story/2023-02-09/baja-california-proposes-an-exclusive-crossing-lane-for-trolley-users-at-the-san-ysidro-border.

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Moovit, How to Get to Free Bridge – Cordova Americas in El Paso by Bus?,
 https://moovitapp.com/index/en/public\_transit-Free\_Bridge\_Cordova\_Americas-El\_Paso\_TX-site\_36699807-2783.
 Alexandra Mendoza, *Mexico Considering a Dedicated Lane for Trolley Passengers at the San Ysidro Border Crossing*, The San Diego Uion-Tribune, February 9, 2023, https://www.sandiegouniontribune.com/news/border-

pedestrian traffic using public transportation instead of concentrating inspections in one location at the customs booth, leading to longer pedestrian lanes.

In evaluating these public transportation strategies, GSA must fully consider the extent of the benefits offered in enhancing public transportation. Most notably, increased public transportation reduces traffic congestion and helps reduce air pollution, producing immense public health and economic benefits. <sup>50</sup> Public transportation also helps increase the mobility of disadvantaged communities and reduce unemployment in low-income urban areas. <sup>51</sup> Expanded access to public transportation in the cross-border context also creates a positive economic impact through the increased mobility of cross-border shoppers. <sup>52</sup>

GSA should also consider the role public transportation can play in ensuring that any induced development and induced demand—a natural risk and foreseeable impact from expanding vehicular capacity—occurs without inducing increased air pollution. Increased traffic and development often follow the heels of additional roadway capacity, <sup>53</sup> putting already vulnerable communities at further risk of environmental contamination and displacement. But with a strong public transportation system, the benefits that flow from development can be equitable, and historically rejected communities can benefit from growth instead of carrying the burdens of development alone.

# E. Additional Strategies to Reduce Air Pollution.

GSA should consider implementing a dedicated commuter lane ("DCL") or two at the BOTA and rolling out a "batching" strategy. DCLs have the potential to accelerate traffic heading north exponentially. Currently, the BOTA does not have a DCL and commuters to and from Juarez who would like to use the center of the cities must rely on the Stanton DCL located in Segundo Barrio.

GSA should also consider the feasibility of a "batching" strategy at the BOTA to reduce idling and air pollution. "Batching" is the process of moving traffic up to the customs booth in batches with the use of light signals, with those batches of vehicles furthest from the customs booth encouraged to turn off their vehicle engines.<sup>54</sup> The benefits of "batching" improve fuel efficiency, increase the life of vehicle engines by up to twenty per cent, and significantly reduce

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https://scholarworks.utep.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=3412&context=open etd.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> See infra Section IV.F.1. Air Pollution Impacts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Kai A. Schafft and Robin Blakely, *Local Residential Mobility as a Dimension of Rural Disadvantage*, 2005 ANNUAL MEETING OF THE POPULATION ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA (2005),

https://paa2005.populationassociation.org/papers/50719; Mark Alan Huges, *A Mobility Strategy for Improving Opportunity*, 6(1) HOUSING POLICY DEBATE 271 (1995),

https://scholar.archive.org/work/mnagx4veovadxgekj6zuibfbiu/access/wayback/https://www.drexel.edu/greatworks/Theme/Fall/~/media/Files/greatworks/pdf\_FL10/WK4\_1\_Hughes\_1995.ashx; Paul M. Ong et al., REPORT: MOBILITY, ACCESSIBILITY AND DISADVANTAGED NEIGHBORHOODS: ASSESSING DIVERSITY IN TRANSPORTATION-RELATED NEEDS AND OPPORTUNITIES, PACIFIC SOUTHWEST REGION UNIVERSITY TRANSPORTATION CENTER (June 2021), https://knowledge.luskin.ucla.edu/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/ca21-3431-finalreport-a11y.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Adam Gregory Walke, M.A., Transit in a Border Zone: The Demand for Public Transportation in Three Texas Border Cities, University of Texas at El Paso (December 2011),

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Transportation for America, REPORT: THE CONGESTION CON: How MORE LANES AND MORE MONEY EQUALS MORE TRAFFIC (March 2020), available at https://t4america.org/maps-tools/congestion-con/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> TranBC, *Leading the Way in Border Greenhouse Gas Reduction*, https://www.tranbc.ca/2013/08/06/leading-the-way-in-border-greenhouse-gas-reduction/.

vehicle wear. Batching was successfully implemented at the Canadian-American Peach Arch crossing, where vehicles 200 meters or further from the customs booth would get a red traffic light until nearly all vehicles in the batch ahead were cleared. The strategy resulted in an estimated 45% reduction of GHG emissions, fuel savings, and no impact on the amount of overall time to cross the border.<sup>55</sup>

GSA must seriously consider implementing "batching" at the BOTA, at least during seasons where border crossers are not exposed to excessive heat. Should GSA reject consideration of "batching" as a strategy to aid in promoting public health and reducing noxious air contamination, it must explain why consideration of "batching" would not contribute to informed decisionmaking. <sup>56</sup> As with any response to public comments, GSA cannot simply assert that such analysis is "not required." <sup>57</sup>

# F. GSA Must Consider the Full Extent of Environmental Justice Impacts from the Project.

Under NEPA, "environmental justice is not merely a box to be checked," and agencies are required to thoroughly evaluate the environmental justice impacts of a proposed project, and to inform communities of all potential impacts." 58 CEQ's NEPA Guidelines specify:

Where a potential environmental justice issue has been identified by an agency, the agency should state clearly in the EIS or EA whether, in light of all the facts and circumstances, a disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental impact on minority populations, low-income populations, or Indian tribe is likely to result from the proposed action and any alternatives. This statement should be supported by sufficient information for the public to understand the rationale for the conclusion. <sup>59</sup>

Even more, a 1994 Executive Order requires federal agencies, "[t]o the greatest extent practicable and permitted by law," to "make achieving environmental justice [("EJ")] part of [their] mission by identifying and addressing, as appropriate, disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of its programs, policies, and activities on minority populations and low-income populations." GSA has recognized this principle, and in 2011, the Administrator of the GSA signed a Memorandum of Understanding on Environmental Justice and Executive Order 12898, committing to identify and address:

[A]ny disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of its programs, policies and activities on minority populations and low-income populations, including, but not limited to, as appropriate for its mission, in the following areas: (1) implementation of the National Environmental Policy Act; (2) implementation of Title V

<sup>56</sup> WildEarth Guardians v. Bernhardt, 502 F. Supp. 2d 237, 255-56 (D.D.C. 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> See id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Friends of Buckingham v. St. Air Pollution Control Bd., 947 F.3d 68, 91–92 (4th Cir. 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Council on Environmental Quality, *Environmental Justice: Guidance Under the National Environmental Policy Act.* at 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Exec. Order 12,898 § 1-101, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, 59 Fed. Reg. 7629 (Feb. 11, 1994).

of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended; (3) impacts from climate change; and (4) impacts from commercial transportation and supporting infrastructure[.]<sup>61</sup>

When agencies seek to enlarge or extend highways, they must grapple with the context: infrastructure is where it is often for discriminatory reasons; expanding these systems may disparately burden the same communities, who continue to live along the same thoroughfares. While El Paso is a majority-minority city, communities like the Chamizal and San Xavier neighborhoods—which are nearly 100% people of color and have higher concentrations of foreign-born residents—are disproportionately burdened by air pollution stemming from the discriminatory siting of railroads, highways, industries, international ports of entry, and cross-border air pollution centuries in the making. 62

El Paso was not exempt from Jim Crowe discrimination, and the effects are felt to this day. Here as across the country, highways were constructed around and through Black and Hispanic communities to cement segregation. The discriminatory practices of redlining laid the groundwork for future highway sitings. <sup>63</sup> In 1963, when the Chamizal Convention led to the displacement of Hispanic people and the creation of the current BOTA, the environmental burden of heavy truck traffic at the border crossing fell on the same communities targeted by explicit redlining discrimination.

### 1. Air Pollution Impacts.

As already noted, because the BOTA Modernization is funded through the Bipartisan Infrastructure act and IRA, there is an inextricable duty for GSA to reduce and mitigate air pollution. The availability of additional IRA funds allocated for community air pollution monitoring creates an incredible opportunity for GSA to evaluate the local impacts of mobile air pollution on the communities most impacted by air pollution from the BOTA, including the San Xavier and Chamizal communities. These communities are exposed to disproportionately high mobile source air emissions due to the traffic flow heading to and from the BOTA, including from 18-wheelers. GSA must analyze existing information on the state of air quality and impacts from the BOTA on communities, but also conduct its own studies to ensure that it makes a fully informed decision with the BOTA Project.

El Paso is marked by excessive levels of pollution. According to a 2020 report, El Pasoans were breathing air with elevated levels of pollution on one out of every three days last year. <sup>64</sup> The report measured days with elevated levels of small particulate matter and elevated ozone. The El Paso area had 78 days with elevated small particulate matter and 68 days of elevated ozone. <sup>65</sup> The American Lung Association currently ranks El Paso as the 14<sup>th</sup> worst

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> GSA, Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on Environmental Justice and Executive Order 12898 (MOU on Environmental Justice, August 4, 2011 (emphasis added), available at https://www.gsa.gov/system/files/MOU Environmental Justice.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> See Isa Gutierrez et al., 'Like a Dumping Ground': Latina moms in Texas border city are fighting air pollution, NBC NEWS (Feb. 22, 2022), available at https://www.nbcnews.com/news/latino/-dumpingground-latina-moms-texas-border-city-are-fighting-air-polluti-rcna16789.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> Exhibit A, TRLA Title VI Complaint at 7-10 (discussing the history of environmental racism in Southside El Paso communities like San Xavier).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Environment Texas, Report: Trouble in the Air: Millions of Americans Breathed Polluted Air in 2020, October 5, 2021, available at https://environmentamerica.org/texas/resources/trouble-in-the-air/.
<sup>65</sup> Id.

metropolitan area for high ozone days, and the 35<sup>th</sup> worst for 24-hour particle pollution—as compared to over two hundred other metropolitan areas.<sup>66</sup> In order to comply with NEPA, GSA must analyze the impacts of air pollution on communities near the BOTA, including the San Xavier and Chamizal communities, two communities besieged by decades of environmental racism and disproportionately high levels of environmental contamination.

GSA must use the modernization of the BOTA as an opportunity to put decades of research into practice. GSA must look to studies on air quality conducted at ports of entry, including the BOTA and in the El Paso region. Over \$8 million has been spent studying air pollution in the region, based on the CV of only on one of the top researchers on the topic, Dr. WenWhai Li. This research also includes the work of Dr. Hector A. Olvera, who, among other studies, conducted a study on ultrafine particulate matter pollution at the BOTA. GSA must include an analysis of the impacts of vehicular air pollution in its EIS that fully examines available studies on air quality conducted at ports of entry, including the BOTA POE. For GSA to fulfill its duty under NEPA to fully inform itself of the air quality impacts of the project, it cannot ignore local studies on air quality.

Crucially, GSA must analyze the significant dangers posed by diesel and ultrafine particulate matter pollution at and near the BOTA. EPA has classified diesel exhaust as a likely carcinogen, and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health has classified diesel exhaust as a potential carcinogen. Motor vehicle emissions—and especially diesel emissions—often constitute the most significant source of ultrafine particles (diameter <0.1 m) in an urban environment. He highest concentrations are closest to highways, POEs, etc., and dissipate with distance. Exposure to diesel-emitted particles has been linked to increased cancer risk and cardiopulmonary diseases. Because of their size (<100 nm), exposure to ultrafine particles ("UFPs") emitted from heavy-duty diesel vehicles ("HDDV") might result in greater health risks than those associated with larger particles. A 2013 study found that "[c]ommercial traffic, mostly composed of HDDV, heavily influenced UFP concentrations in the BOTA vicinity." The study also found that on Sundays, when commercial traffic was absent, the UFP numbers were the lowest. Populations near the BOTA's traffic zone and within 400 meters are exposed to UFP's above the background level and include residents on both sides of the border, including a church

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> American Lung Association, State of the Air: El Paso-Las Cruces, TX-NM, https://www.lung.org/research/sota/city-rankings/msas/el-paso-las-cruces-tx-nm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> We specifically recommend that GSA consider the numerous studies performed by When Wai Li, Hector Olvera Alvarez, and Penelope J.E. Quintana. When Wai Li's CV with a list of publications is included as Exhibit E: When Wai Li CV. A list of Hector Olvera Alvarez's publications is available at https://www.ohsu.edu/people/hector-olveraalvarez-phd-pe. A list of Penelope J.E. Quintana's publications is available at https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=Qs4riTkAAAAJ&hl=en.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> American Cancer Society, Diesel Exhaust and Cancer Risk, last revised July 27, 2015, https://www.cancer.org/cancer/risk-prevention/chemicals/diesel-exhaust-and-cancer.html#:~:text=The%20EPA%20classifies%20diesel%20exhaust,a%20%E2%80%9Cpotential%20occupational%20carcinogen.%E2%80%9D.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> EPA, Study of Ultrafine Particles Near a Major Highway with Heavy-Duty Diesel Traffic, https://cfpub.epa.gov/si/si\_public\_record\_Report.cfm?Lab=NCER&dirEntryId=83813. <sup>70</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Hector A. Olvera, Mario Lopez, Veronica Guerrero, Humberto Garcia and Wen-Whai Li., *Ultrafine Particle Levels at an International Port of Entry Between the US and Mexico: Exposure Implications for Users, Workers, and Neighbors*, 23 Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology 289 (2013), attached as Exhibit B. <sup>72</sup> *Id.* 

and several schools, law enforcement officers, street vendors, private commuters, and commercial vehicle drivers."<sup>73</sup>

Another recent study examined the short-term associations (24-, 48-, 72-, and 96-hr averages) of traffic-related air pollutants (PM2.5, PM10, NO2, and O3) with biomarkers of respiratory and cardiovascular disease in a group of uninsured participants from low-income communities in El Paso. Researchers found associations of short-term air pollutant concentrations with respiratory outcomes, which was expected. However, researchers also found associations with metabolic risk factors such as BMI, waist circumference, and fasting glucose. The study also found a correlation between PM2.5 and NO2 and respiratory risk of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

There is also research that highlights the increased air pollution present at US-Mexico ports of entry. A 2014 study investigated the effect of long northbound traffic delays at the San Ysidro POE and found consistently higher concentrations of toxic pollutants (ultrafine particulate matter (UFP), black carbon (BC), and particulate matter <2.5  $\mu$ m in diameter (PM2.5)). This study also emphasized that "[d]isparaties in traffic exposures an environmental justice issue and this should be taken into account during planning and operation of POEs."

Even more, traffic at the BOTA contributes to dangerous levels of ozone pollution. Jason Sarate, who oversees the city of El Paso's Air Quality Program stated, "[o]ne of the largest contributing sources to ozone in El Paso is the vehicle emissions. I think the biggest challenge is the vehicles that are idling for multiple hours at our ports of entry. When you have vehicles and semi-trucks lined up on the freeways waiting to cross into Mexico or cross into El Paso, those are real issues." 80

GSA must also account for the impacts of PM2.5 pollution at the BOTA. PM2.5 kills nearly 50,000 people in the United States every year, with disproportionate impacts on communities of color. 81 On February 7, 2023, the EPA strengthened the National Ambient Air Quality Standards ("NAAQS") for PM2.5 from 12 micrograms per cubic meter to 9 micrograms

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Soyoung Jeon, Association of Traffic and Related Air Pollutants on Cardiorespiratory Risk Factors from Low-Income Populations in El Paso, TX (February 2021), available at https://www.carteeh.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/03-27-UTEPAssociation-of-Traffic-and-Related-Air-Pollutants-on-Cardiorespiratory-Risk-Factors-from-Low-Income-Populations-in-El-Paso-TX-Jeon.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Penelope J.E. Quintana et al., Traffic-Related Air Pollution in the Community of San Ysidro, CA, in relation to Northbound Vehicle Wait Times at the US-Mexico Border Port of Entry, 88 Atmospheric Environment 353 (May 2014)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> El Paso, Las Cruces rank high in ozone pollution in 2023 report, El Paso Matters, April 2023, available at https://elpasomatters.org/2023/04/25/el-paso-texas-american-lung-association-ozone-pollution-f-grade-2023/#:∼:text=El%20Paso%20recorded%2040%20unhealthy,days%20than%20the%20previous%20year.

<sup>81</sup> https://earthjustice.org/brief/2024/soot-pm2-5-pollution-standard-stronger-biden

per cubic meter. <sup>82</sup> This designation automatically placed El Paso in nonattainment for PM 2.5, <sup>83</sup> adding to El Paso's ongoing nonattainment for the 8-hour ozone standard <sup>84</sup> and PM 10. <sup>85</sup> We recommend that GSA look into studies by the Joint Advisory Committee, including the Committee's most recent 2024 Air Quality Report, as these specifically look into the state of air pollution in the Paseo del Norte air basin. <sup>86</sup>

GSA must also examine the impacts of air pollution from highways on neighboring communities, as these highways are inextricably linked to the BOTA and its impacts. Numerous studies have shown that pollution from highways is very localized. For example, studies have shown that living in close proximity to highways causes a significantly elevated exposure to a complex mixture of pollutants including air toxics, diesel particulate matter, and other highway emissions including tire wear, brake wear, resuspended road dust, and various metals. <sup>87</sup> GSA must evaluate the community risk to adverse health impacts from highway traffic, including, but not limited to:

- Asthma and bronchitis: exposure to diesel exhaust can induce histamine releases that
  result in allergic conjunctivitis, rhinosinusitis, pharyngitis, laryngitis, and chronic cough.
  This exposure can also lead to degradation of lung tissue.<sup>88</sup> Children are especially
  vulnerable to chronic negative respiratory issues, as living in close proximity to highway
  traffic can inhibit lung development during childhood and lead to lifelong weakened lung
  function.<sup>89</sup>
- Negative cardiovascular effects: long-term exposure to air pollution from high traffic has been shown to increase incidences of coronary artery calcification <sup>90</sup> as well as increased coronary heart disease and strokes in women. <sup>91</sup>
- Adverse birth outcomes and developmental effects: living in close proximity to heavy-traffic roadways can cause an increase in term low birth weight and preterm infants. 92

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> EPA, EPA Finalizes Stronger Standards for Harmful Soot Pollution, Significantly Increasing Health and Clean Air Protections for Families, Workers, and Communities, February 7, 2024, https://www.epa.gov/newsreleases/epa-finalizes-stronger-standards-harmful-soot-pollution-significantly-increasing.

 $<sup>^{83}</sup>$  El Paso has an average PM2.5 level of 9.2  $\mu$ g/m³, which places the County above EPA's newer standard. Earthjustice, Mapping Soot and Smog Pollution in the United States, February 7, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> El Paso continues to struggle with ozone attainment issues, and has violated the ozone NAAQS every year since 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> Soyoung Jeon, Association of Traffic and Related Air Pollutants on Cardiorespiratory Risk Factors from Low-Income Populations in El Paso, TX (February 2021), available at https://www.carteeh.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/03-27-UTEPAssociation-of-Traffic-and-Related-Air-Pollutants-on-Cardiorespiratory-Risk-Factors-from-Low-Income-Populations-in-El-Paso-TX-Jeon.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> See Exhibit C, JAC Paseo Del Norte Air Quality Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Near-Road Air Quality Monitoring Research (Nov. 3, 2009).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> Irina N. Krivoshto et al., *The Toxicity of Diesel Exhaust: Implications for Primary Care*, J. AM. BOARD FAM.MED. 55, 58 (2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> W. James Gauderman et al., *Effect of Exposure to Traffic on Lung Development From 10 to 18 Years of Age: A Cohort Study*, THE LANCET 571, 574 (Jan. 26, 2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> B. Hoffman et al., *Residential Exposure to Traffic is Associated with Coronary Atherosclerosis*, 116 CIRCULATION 489 (2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> Kristin A. Miller et al., Long-Term Exposure to Air Pollution and Incidence of Cardiovascular Events in Women, 356 NEW ENG. J.MED. 447, 453-56 (2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup> Michelle Wilhelm & Beate Ritz, *Residential Proximity to Traffic and Adverse Birth Outcomes in Los Angeles County, California, 1994-1996*, 111 ENVTL. HEALTH PERSP. 207, 210-11 (2003).

- Premature mortality: epidemiological surveyors have discovered high acute and chronic respiratory disease morbidity rates from proximity exposure to diesel exhaust, as well as incidences of acute coronary syndrome (heart attacks) and ischemic effects (strokes).
- Increased incidences of cancer: many emissions released by heavy traffic flow, such as diesel exhaust fumes and particulate matter, have carcinogenic properties. 94

The San Xavier and Chamizal communities breathe dangerous levels of pollution in their daily lives, and the severity of this fact cannot be written off with a brief summation of environmental justice. 95 GSA must acknowledge and evaluate the various incommensurable harms posed by the proximity of these communities to the highways that feed the BOTA, and the immense public benefit of protecting communities from pollution.

GSA must also account for the impacts of air pollution at the BOTA on those crossing the bridge and the Customs and Border Protection ("CBP") officials working on the bridge. CBP officials at the bridge must endure long workdays with constant exposure to the toxic air pollution. Due to an increased volume of traffic and prolonged wait times, individuals and families crossing the BOTA north and south are exposed to dangerously high concentrations of toxic air pollutants for hours on end. Studies have shown that air quality inside vehicles idling at border crossings contains higher concentrations of toxic pollutants, <sup>96</sup> and pedestrians standing in lines at the border face increased exposure to increased levels of air pollution. <sup>97</sup>

GSA must also conduct local air quality monitoring to assess the current impact of vehicular emissions on the BOTA, and the San Xavier and Chamizal neighborhoods. It is critical that GSA examine the air quality data provided by TCEQ monitors and PurpleAir sensors, <sup>98</sup> but also conduct its own air quality monitoring that focuses on impacts in the project area, especially during peak idling hours. Crucially, GSA must analyze air pollution impacts in the context of TXDOT's recent I-10 Connect project, as air monitoring data taken before the historic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> Irina N. Krivoshto et al., *The Toxicity of Diesel Exhaust: Implications for Primary Care*, J. AM. BOARD FAM.MED. 55, 56-59 (2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup> Rachel A. Morello-Frosch, Tracey J. Woodruff, Daniel A. Axelrad, Jane C. Caldwell, Air Toxics and Health Risks in California: The Public Health Implications of Outdoor Concentrations, Risk Analysis, 20 (2) RISK ANALYSIS, February 2000 (predicting 8600 excess cancer cases).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> TxDOT has included only a brief discussion of environmental justice, displaying the quintessential "box to be checked" attitude that contravenes NEPA's informed decision-making mandate. *See* Exhibit A, TRLA Title VI Complaint.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>96</sup> Penelope J.E. Quintana, Traffic Pollutants Measured Inside Vehicles Waiting in Line at Major US-Mexico Port of Entry, 622-623 Science of the Total Environment 236 (May 2018), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101775.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> Vanessa Eileen Galaviz et al., Urinary Metabolites of 1-Nitropyrene in US-Mexico Border Residents who Frequently Cross the San Ysidro Port of Entry, 27 Journal of Exposure Science & Environmental Epidemiology 84 (December 16, 2015) https://doi.org/10.1038/jes.2015.78; Vanessa Eileen Galaviz et al., Traffic Pollutant Exposures Experienced by Pedestrians Waiting to Enter the U.S. at a Major U.S.-Mexico Border Crossing 88 Atmospheric Environment 362 (May 2014), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.atmosenv.2013.12.042;

<sup>98</sup> Air monitoring data for PurpleAir sensors is available at

https://map.purpleair.com/1/mAQI/a10/p604800/cC0#11/31.7775/-106.4903. As noted by a 2022 air quality study in El Paso conducted by several prominent air quality researchers: "Highways and roadways, such as I-10 and US-54, are major sources of vehicular traffic air emissions in El Paso resulting in substantial variations in neighborhood air pollutant concentrations, which cannot be captured by [central ambient monitoring] sites." Adan Rangel et al., Assessment of Traffic-Related Air Pollution (TRAP) at Two Near-Road Schools and Residence in El Paso, Texas, USA, 13(2) Atmospheric Pollution Research (February 2022), https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1309104221003664.

congestion of semis resulting from TXDOT's Project may not reflect the most extreme conditions many residents near the BOTA are currently exposed to.

The current air quality monitoring data is alarming and demands further studies to determine precise impacts. Currently, the closest air monitory to the BOTA is the El Paso Chamizal (481410044) air monitor, located within the Chamizal National Memorial. Although the Chamizal Monitor records 24-day average measurements of PM 2.5 only intermittently, between January 2023 and September 2023, it frequently recorded PM 2.5 concentrations well above EPA's NAAQS standard, often reaching levels more than twice the standard. <sup>99</sup> Yet this data only captures a glimpse of the full extent of the dangerous contamination in the Chamizal neighborhood and surround communities. GSA has the ability to fill in these gaps, and it must work closely with community groups to perform local air monitoring and conduct on-site measurements of air quality to ensure that GSA makes an informed decision. <sup>100</sup>

### 2. GSA Must Conduct a Health Risk Assessment.

One of NEPA's key goals is to "stimulate the health and welfare of man." Under NEPA, an EIS must "disclose the significant health, socioeconomic and cumulative consequences of the environmental impact of a proposed action." If the major federal action bears a "reasonably close causal relationship" to a change in the physical environment, such as deteriorated human health, then it must be fully analyzed in the EIS. Where an agency action can be reasonably anticipated to increase air pollution and impact the health of individuals in surrounding communities, a health risk assessment must be undertaken. 104

Should GSA choose an alternative that allows for a continuation of heavy-duty commercial traffic, it must conduct a health risk assessment. This assessment would also aid in informing GSA of the environmental justice implications of its project and contribute towards an analysis of the costs of allowing heavy-duty commercial traffic to continue. But should GSA remove heavy-duty trucks through Alternative 4, the threat of increased contamination and dangerous air pollution might be avoided, and the necessity of a health risk assessment may no longer be present.

While we support the selection of Alternative 4 as the only viable alternative that accomplishes GSA's mandates under federal law, we urge GSA to ensure that any conclusion of air quality and public health benefits is supported by adequate studies. As of now, Alternative 4 is missing critical details, and GSA must ensure that it accomplishes the goals of operational efficiency at the BOTA so that toxic emissions from passenger vehicles. Increased development

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>99</sup> TCEQ, Clean Air Monitor: El Paso Chamizal, available at

https://www17.tceq.texas.gov/tamis/index.cfm?fuseaction=report.view\_site&siteAQS=481410044.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>100</sup> A 2022 air quality study assessing vehicular air pollution near two schools in El Paso found recommended that air quality studies performed in a high-altitude arid region like El Paso employ on-site measurements for increased accuracy instead of relying solely on central ambient monitoring sites. Adan Rangel et al., *Assessment of Traffic-Related Air Pollution (TRAP) at Two Near-Road Schools and Residence in El Paso, Texas, USA*, 13(2) ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION RESEARCH (February 2022),

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1309104221003664

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>101</sup> 42 U.S.C.A. § 4321.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> 40 CFR §§ 1508.7, 1508.8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>103</sup> Id; Metro. Edison Co. v. People Against Nuclear Energy, 460 U.S. 766, 771-72, 103 S.Ct. 1556, 75 L.Ed.2d 534 (1983).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>104</sup> See Trenton Threatened Skies, Inc v. Fed. Aviation Admin., 90 F.4th 122, 140 (3d Cir. 2024).

and traffic often follow on the heels of developments such as this one, but that need not be the case. If GSA cannot reasonably establish that air pollution will be reduced through the implementation of Alternative 4 and increased operational efficiency, it must conduct a health risk assessment.

### 3. GHG Emissions and Climate Impacts.

"The impact of [GHG] emissions on climate change is precisely the kind of [] impacts analysis that NEPA requires agencies to conduct." It is particularly poignant that the BOTA project is funded by the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and Inflation Reduction Act, which are aimed at addressing the climate crisis through sustainable and environmentally responsible infrastructure funding. Even more, Executive Order 14,008, issued by President Biden in 2021, instructs agencies to address the "profound climate crisis[:]"

We must listen to science—and act. We must strengthen our clean air and water protections... We must deliver environmental justice in communities all across America. The Federal Government must drive assessment, disclosure, and mitigation of climate pollution and climate-related risks in every sector of our economy, marshaling the creativity, courage, and capital necessary to make our Nation resilient in the face of this threat. Together, we must combat the climate crisis with bold, progressive action that combines the full capacity of the Federal Government with efforts from every corner of our Nation, every level of government, and every sector of our economy. <sup>106</sup>

Yet the way things work now, agency decisions on highway and related infrastructure projects occur in a vacuum. These decisions do not factor in U.S. commitments to reduce greenhouse-gas emissions 50% below 2005 levels by 2030. They do not factor in the immensity of the climate disasters that have and continue to strike communities across the country, especially historically marginalized and vulnerable communities. And most unfortunately, these decisions fail to account for their irretractable role in these impacts and harms. GSA must correct this woeful trend in its EIS for the BOTA Modernization and analyze the qualitative and quantitative impacts of the GHG emissions from its Project.

First, GSA must inform its decision by assessing the extent of climate impacts on its project and nearby communities. GSA has already recognized its responsibility to prepare for the inevitable harm climate change will unleash across its facilities and the communities it serves. GSA has also committed to heed the latest scientific documents on climate change, including the Fourth National Climate Report, <sup>107</sup> and we urge GSA to incorporate the latest National Climate Report <sup>108</sup> into its analysis of the Project's impacts on surrounding communities. We also urge GSA to collaborate with local community groups, and state and federal agencies to address potential climate adaptation strategies at the BOTA.

As a desert community with no reliable water resources, El Paso faces unique risks from climate change. Communities in El Paso are already contending with back-to-back heat

<sup>107</sup> GSA, Environmental Justice Implementation Progress Report: Fiscal Years 2016-2018, https://www.gsa.gov/system/files/signed4302019Environmental Justice Report.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>105</sup> Ctr. for Biological Diversity v. Nat'l Highway Traffic Safety Admin., 538 F.3d 1172, 1217 (9th Cir. 2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>106</sup> Exec. Order 14,008, 86 Fed. Reg. 7619, 7619, 7,622 (Jan. 27, 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>108</sup> USGCRP, 2023, FIFTH NATIONAL CLIMATE ASSESSMENT, U.S. GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH PROGRAM, WASHINGTON, CD, USA (2023), available at https://nca2023.globalchange.gov/downloads/.

records. <sup>109</sup> The summer of 2023 was the hottest summer on record for El Paso. <sup>110</sup> The season saw sixty days of 100-plus temperatures, including a record-shattering 44 days in a row from mid-June through the end of July. <sup>111</sup> The average temperature in El Paso between June and August surpassed 88 degrees Fahrenheit for the first time in recorded history. <sup>112</sup> And with an already dangerous level of ozone pollution, the more frequent and severe heat waves El Paso will face pose additional unacceptable risks. Hotter temperatures increase ozone pollution, and the impacts are most acutely felt by environmental justice communities near highways. As shown by a recently created map of the heat island effect, the hottest streets in El Paso are along I-10. <sup>113</sup>

Second, GSA must collaborate with local governments to develop strategies to mitigate GHG emissions and adapt to climate impacts. The City of El Paso is currently drafting its Climate Action Plan, and GSA should collaborate with the City to incorporate climate solutions at the BOTA, including energy efficient infrastructure, public transportation, and incentivizing electric vehicles. Given the contribution of cross-border traffic on GHG emissions and the long-term exposure to extreme heat pedestrians, passengers and CBP officials on the BOTA face, GSA should also coordinate with the City of El Paso on climate adaptation efforts. We urge GSA to prepare a robust climate adaptation strategy to protect the thousands of people that cross the BOTA every day, as well as the CBP employees who must endure long workdays in record-breaking heat. This strategy should include robust public transportation, which can help reduce the impacts of GHG emissions from passenger vehicles and reduce the amount of time pedestrians are exposed to extreme heat, as well as green infrastructure solutions and native landscaping to reduce the carbon footprint of the project.

Third, GSA must include a qualitative and quantitative analysis of GHG emissions from the BOTA and its contribution to climate change. In addition to evaluating the impact of climate change on the project and its surrounding area, GSA has a responsibility to contextualize its project's emissions contribution towards climate change. GSA has the information readily available to calculate the approximate amount of GHG emissions generated at the BOTA—as well as its other POEs. With data on the amount of passenger and commercial vehicle crossings, measurements on wait times at its border crossings, and estimations available as to the quantity of emissions vehicles generate when stalled, GSA is reasonably able to calculate GHG emissions. The data from northbound traffic should be readily available and the data from southbound traffic should be gathered by CBP or Mexican authorities. Should GSA forecast future traffic, it must similarly estimate future GHG emissions. This is keeping in line with

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>109</sup> John Nielsen Gammon et al., Assessment of Historic and Future Trends of Extreme Weather in Texas, 1900-2036, TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY, Office of the Texas State Climatologist (2021),

https://climatexas.tamu.edu/files/ClimateReport-1900to2036-2021; Raymond Zhong and Elena Shao, 2024 Begins With More Record Heat Worldwide, NEW YORK TIMES, February 7, 2024,

https://www.nytimes.com/2024/02/07/climate/2024-hottest-january-data.html; National Weather Service, NOAA, El Paso's 100 Degrees Days FAQ, last updated 5/27/2023, available at

https://www.weather.gov/epz/elpaso\_100\_degree\_page; Robert Moore, *El Paso Continues to Shatter Heat Records*, EL PASO MATTERS, November 28, 2023, https://elpasomatters.org/2023/11/28/el-paso-weather-hottest-fall-ever-climate-change/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>110</sup> Robert Moore, *Why El Paso's Summer was so Damn Hot*, EL PASO MATTERS, September 1, 2023, https://elpasomatters.org/2023/09/01/el-paso-record-summer-heat/.

<sup>112</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>113</sup> University of Texas at El Paso, *Mapping Urban Heat Islands in El Paso, Texas (2020)*, available at https://www.utep.edu/liberalarts/sega/environmental-injustice-hurricane-harvey-in-greater-houston12.html.

NEPA's mandate for informed decision making and working towards the goals of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Act and IRA. There are tools available to translate the social cost of GHG emissions into monetary impacts, and GSA should consider utilizing these tools, including the Social Cost of Carbon. <sup>114</sup>

Fourth, GSA must evaluate the direct, indirect and cumulative impacts of GHG emissions on environmental justice communities from each of its Ports of Entry. Should GSA choose an alternative that allows for commercial truck traffic or risks increasing traffic and emissions, it must consider those emissions in evaluating the overall climate impacts of alternatives. <sup>115</sup> A potential risk of increased capacity—without a formidable public transportation component—is increased traffic, increased pollution, and increased demand for services. And while the GHG emissions from one POE alone may not amount to a significant contribution towards climate change, the cumulative impacts of all of GSA's POEs GHG emissions can be significant. GSA must account for these impacts, and consider the foreseeable risks of potentially increased GHG emissions.

Environmental justice communities like San Xavier and Chamizal are disproportionately burdened by environmental pollution and face cumulative air pollution burdens from climate change-driven hazards. <sup>116</sup> These same communities are slated to face worsened air pollution and climate risks in the coming decades. <sup>117</sup> GSA has a clear opportunity to address these historically discriminatory impacts by placing the communities impacted by border crossing emissions first. Should it instead perpetuate these harms, GSA must analyze the full extent of the air and climate risks that are undeniably fueled in part by the BOTA and explain why it would chose a project alternative that imposes additional burdens on surrounding communities.

### G. GSA Must Consider the Cumulative Impacts of the Project.

GSA is required to analyze the cumulative impacts of the BOTA Project in connection with past governmental actions amplifying commercial traffic at the BOTA, TxDOT's past and anticipated I-10 projects, and in connection with any other actions that risk magnifying the BOTA Project's impacts. CEQ regulations define cumulative impacts as:

[E]ffects on the environment that result from the incremental effects of the action when added to the effects of other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable actions regardless of what agency (Federal or non-Federal) or person undertakes such other actions. Cumulative effects can result from individually minor but collectively significant actions taking place over a period of time. 118

In the cumulative impacts analysis, GSA must examine the "ecological [,]... economic, [and] social" impacts of emissions from these projects, including an assessment of their "significance."<sup>119</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>114</sup> Vecinos para el Bienestar de la Comunidad Costera v. F.E.R.C., 6 F.4th 1321, 1329 (D.C. Cir. 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>115</sup> See, e.g., WildEarth Guardians v. U.S. Bureau of Land Mgmt., 870 F.3d 1222, 1234–37 (10th Cir. 2017).

<sup>116</sup> Fifth National Climate Report: Chapter 14, available at https://nca2023.globalchange.gov/chapter/14/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>118</sup> 40 CFR § 1508.1 (effective 05/20/2022).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>119</sup> 40 C.F.R. §§ 1508.8(b), 1502.16(a)-(b).

GSA must account for how NAFTA has rewired the flow of vehicular traffic across the border and increased cross-border air pollution. When the Bridge of the Americas was first built, GSA could not have foreseen the overwhelming air pollution that would result from unprecedented semi-truck traffic. When the Chamizal Treaty of 1963 led to toll-free crossings at the BOTA, some amount of increased traffic could be expected, but nothing beyond ordinary expectations. But the passage of NAFTA in 1994 heralded an implosion of commercial traffic heading north and south, and as a result, has inflicted one of the most dangerous health hazards on communities around the BOTA.

Now, numerous studies have been conducted as a result of the La Paz Agreement that detail the impact of traffic from highways and the ports of entry on nearby residents' respiratory and cardiovascular health. <sup>120</sup> GSA must not only consider the studies, but acknowledge the role the port of entry plays in allowing for a continuation of the flow of passenger and commercial traffic, and the pollution that inevitably flow from it. As part of its cumulative impacts analysis, GSA must review all information available on the potential for an increase in vehicular traffic at its POEs, and specifically the BOTA that stems from the continuation of NAFTA. Since the passage of NAFTA, commercial crossings at the border have dramatically increased, <sup>121</sup> implicating increased pollution.

GSA must also consider how the current trend of increased trade with Mexico risks increased cumulative impacts of diesel emissions from commercial traffic at the BOTA. Trade between the U.S. and Mexico has been on the rise both north and southbound, and in 2023, Mexico surpassed China to become the biggest exporter of goods to the United States, with continued reliance on Mexican goods anticipated in the near future. <sup>122</sup> GSA must do its due diligence in discussing the foreseeable increase in trade and commercial trucks. GSA should also consider reaching out to American and Mexican authorities to discuss these impacts, and evaluate strategies GSA can take to reduce the adverse impacts of increased commercial traffic.

The air pollution from vehicular crossings at the BOTA is inextricably linked with I-10 in El Paso, and GSA must consider the cumulative impacts of past, present, and future TxDOT plans to expand I-10. In determining "reasonably foreseeable actions" that must be evaluated under the cumulative impacts analysis, agencies are required to look ahead and address actions that are "contemplated" or "potential," and need not be formal NEPA proposals that may never trigger NEPA requirements. <sup>123</sup> Given that TxDOT has completed a Corridor Study for the entire

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>120</sup> The Paso del Norte air basin—which encompasses parts of Dona Ana County in New Mexico, Cd. Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico and El Paso Texos—was detrimentally impacted by the passage of NAFTA, and the Joint Advisory Committee on Air Quality was created as a part of the La Paz Agreement. Millions of dollars continue to fund studies on air quality in the region, with a particular emphasis on vehicle emissions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>121</sup> Barry L. Sullivan, Dennis L. Soden, and Janet S. Conary, *Nafta Transportaiton: The Impacts of Southern Border Trucking on the Texas Highway System*, IPED TECHNICAL REPORTS (2000),

https://scholarworks.utep.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1006&context=iped\_techrep; See generally, Office of the United States Trade Representative, Countries & Regions: Western Hemisphere, Mexico, https://ustr.gov/countries-regions/americas/mexico#:~:text=U.S.%20goods%20imports%20from%20Mexico,up%2064%20percent%20from%202012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>122</sup> Maya Averbuch and Leda Alvim, *Mexico's Moment: The Biggest US Trading Partner Is No Longer China*, BLOOMBERG BUSINESS, September 11, 2023, https://www.bloomberg.com/graphics/2023-mexico-china-us-trade-opportunity/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>123</sup> Fritiofson v. Alexander, 772 F.2d 1225, 1243 (5th Cir. 1985), abrogated by Sabine River Auth. v. U.S. Dep't of Interior, 951 F.2d 669 (5th Cir. 1992); accord, Kern v. U.S. Bureau of Land Management, 284 F.3d 1062,

Reimagine I-10 Project and secured most of the funding for the Downtown Segment, TxDOT's Reimagine I-10 Project is reasonably foreseeable. 124 The Reimagine I-10 Project would significantly increase the capacity of I-10, risking additional traffic to and from the BOTA. Highway expansions induce widespread development with serious environmental consequences, including deterioration of air quality. By removing the trucks from the BOTA, GSA can reduce the cumulative impacts of air contamination at and around the BOTA, but it cannot evade its responsibility to account for the impacts that TxDOT's I-10 Connect and Reimagine I-10 Projects have had and will continue to have on communities surrounding the BOTA.

# H. GSA Must Provide Sufficient Information throughout the Public Participation Process.

The San Xavier community has faced a history of environmental racism, including being denied the opportunity to meaningfully participate in projects that impart significant detrimental impacts on the community. Between DATEs, TxDOT held several public meetings for its I-10 Connect Project where it touted significant traffic and pollution benefits, but the reality was far from the image cast. 125 The San Xavier community and public at large were repeatedly misinformed about the full extent of the I-10 Connect Project's impacts, including construction impacts on homes, streets and drainages, increased traffic, and increased noise and air pollution. TxDOT provided the public with numerous grandiose assurances about traffic reductions and public benefits, but never provided critical traffic studies and substantive justification for its conclusions throughout the public participation process. While GSA was not the agency responsible for the I-10 Connect Project, we urge GSA to reflect on the significant departure TxDOT took from NEPA's public participation mandate and avoid inflicting the same harm on a community already burdened by environmental pollution and a lack of transparency from those who impose additional pollution burdens. We urge GSA to readily make the materials it relies upon—including any expert studies, traffic data, and air quality data—readily available to the public both in-person and online.

GSA has recognized the importance of meaningful public participation in the NEPA process, especially for environmental justice communities. On August 4, 2011, the GSA signed the Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") on Environmental Justice and Executive Order 12898 (MOU on Environmental Justice), which affirmed the agency's commitment to pursue environmental justice as an agency objective, and identify and address disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of activities such as the one at hand on minority and low-income populations. <sup>126</sup> The MOU also reaffirmed GSA's responsibilities under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. As part of the MOU, GSA committed itself to "[e]nsure

<sup>1077 (9</sup>th Cir. 2002) ("contemplated" actions); *Blue Mountains Biodiversity Project v. Blackwood*, 161 F.3d 1208, 1214 (9th Cir. 1988) ("potential" actions).

<sup>124</sup> TxDOT, Reimagine I-10: Next Steps, https://www.txdot.gov/reimaginei10/corridor-study/nextsteps. Html; TxDOT, 2024 UTP at 96, available at https://www.txdot.gov/projects/planning/utp.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>125</sup> Exhibit A, TRLA, Complaint under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 on behalf of the San Xavier Community, December 7, 2023 [hereinafter TRLA Title VI Complaint].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>126</sup> GSA, Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on Environmental Justice and Executive Order 12898 (MOU on Environmental Justice, August 4, 2011 (emphasis added), available at https://www.gsa.gov/system/files/MOU Environmental Justice.pdf.

meaningful opportunities exist for the public to submit comments and recommendations relating to the strategy, implementation, and ongoing efforts associated with environmental justice." <sup>127</sup>

TRLA and its clients appreciate GSA's efforts thus far to ensure public participation opportunities, including the extension of the time granted to submit these commits. We urge GSA to continue to provide periodic opportunities throughout the development of the EIS to ensure that the numerous concerns of the public are addressed throughout the process.

We also urge GSA to take a step further in ensuring that environmental justice communities are provided with the adequate means to access information beyond public meetings. At public meetings, the information provided to the public is often limited, and significant studies, data, expert reports, and draft NEPA documents like the draft EIS are often not provided at public meetings. Often, the draft EIS and other critical information is only available for review at agency offices, which are hard to reach for those communities with limited funds and resources. We respectfully request that GSA take steps to make critical information, including the draft EIS, available at public meetings and online. It should not be left for the public to obtain missing information through an informal request to GSA, or through the formal FOIA process, which can be lengthy and impede the public's ability to meaningfully review the materials the agency relies on in its decisionmaking process.

Finally, we request that GSA clarify the proposed project timeline and funding details. In its December 13, 2023 meeting, GSA noted that it would put forth the final IS in September 2024, and issue "Completion of EIS" in late 2024. These statements leave confusion for the estimated date of the final EIS. We ask that GSA clarify the estimated timeframe for the final EIS, preferably within a month range. Further, while GSA indicated that it received funding from the IRA and plans to utilize low-carbon materials as a result of those funds, it remains unclear how much funding from the IRA will be used at the BOTA.

### I. GSA Must Include Adequate Mitigation.

GSA must consider possible strategies to mitigate the impact of vehicle emissions on pedestrians at the BOTA. A YEAR study examined the serious environmental justice impacts of cross-border air pollution and noted potential mitigation strategies:

[I]ncreased staffing, improved technology, increased capacity, reductions in emissions per vehicle, anti-idling measures, reductions in personal exposures through such measures as separation of pedestrians from traffic, the sue of vegetation barriers, rerouting traffic away from schools and planning and design to reduce exposure. <sup>128</sup>

We urge GSA to evaluate this and other studies examining air pollution mitigation and exposure mitigation at POEs.

### 1. GSA Must Include Sustainability Measures.

127 GSA, Environmental Justic Strategy: Fiscal Years 2016-18 (May 2016),

 $https://www.gsa.gov/system/files/Final\_Approved\_EJ\_Strategy\_FY16\_-\_FY18\%28Final\%29.pdf.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>128</sup> Penelope J.E. Quintana et al., *Risky Borders: Traffic Pollution and Health Effects at US–Mexican Ports of Entry*, JOURNAL OF BORDERLANDS STUDIES (2015), available at

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/324719712\_Risky\_Borders\_Traffic\_Pollution\_and\_Health\_Effects\_at\_US-Mexican Ports of Entry.

We are pleased to see that GSA plans to utilize low-carbon infrastructure materials, notably LEC materials, to reduce the carbon footprint of the project. GSA should not stop at building materials, and should seriously consider incorporating landscape architecture into the design of the BOTA. Landscape architecture has already been demonstrated to reduce the carbon footprint of government infrastructure, boost the preservation of the surrounding environment, and help alleviate past harms of systemic environmental discrimination. <sup>129</sup>

GSA can also expand on the benefits of landscape architecture through the creation of green spaces for people using the POE and CBP employees. This is not new to GSA, and the agency has already incorporated landscaping at POEs to provide shade and nature for employees in the middle of the desert. Research shows that exposure to green natural environments produces physical and mental health benefits. In a 2022 study, researchers found that green and desert environment simulations promote the stress recovery of cortisol. Even more, native landscaping can be utilized to create barriers between vehicle and passenger traffic, minimizing exposure to the emissions of idling vehicles.

### 2. GSA Must Incentivize Electric Vehicles.

The Bipartisan Infrastructure Act created the Electric Vehicle Working Group, which includes GSA among its members. <sup>133</sup> The Bipartisan Infrastructure Act states that "[n]ot later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall jointly establish an electric vehicle working group to make recommendations regarding the development, adoption, and integration of light-, medium-, and heavy-duty electric vehicles into the transportation and energy systems of the United States." <sup>134</sup>

As part of the NEPA process, agencies are required to gain input from stakeholders and the public, and to engage other potentially interested agencies. We encourage GSA to consult with the Electric Vehicle Working Group to discuss strategies that can be undertaken at the BOTA and through other anticipated and planned POE modernization projects to incentivize electric vehicles.

# 3. GSA Must Include Mandatory Measures to Ensure Best Practices and Minimal Disruption during Construction.

San Xavier residents are still dealing with the damage caused by TXDOT's construction of I-10 Connect, and GSA must ensure that BOTA does not follow the same route of preventable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>129</sup> See Richard Schiffman, Ecosystems as Infrastructure: A New Way of Looking at Climate Resilience, Yale Environment 360 (November 7, 2023), https://e360.yale.edu/features/kate-orff-interview.

Reed Karaim, Mariposa Land Port of Entry, Designed by Jones Studio, Architect (October 27, 2014),
 https://www.architectmagazine.com/design/buildings/mariposa-land-port-of-entry-designed-by-jones-studio\_o.
 Gregory N. Bratman, Nature and Mental Health: An Ecosystem Service Perspective, 5(7) Science Advances 118,413 (July 24, 2019); Mathew P. White et al., Associations Between Green/Blue Spaces and Mental Health Across 18 Countries, 11 (8903) Scientific Reports (April 26, 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>132</sup> Jie Yin et al., Stress Recovery from Virtual Exposure to a Brown (Desert) Environment Versus a Green Environment, 81 Journal of Environmental Psychology 101775 (February 22, 2022), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101775.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>133</sup> 23 USCA § 151, SEC. 25006. ELECTRIC VEHICLE WORKING GROUP. The federal stakeholders of the group are the Department of Energy, the EPA, CEQ, and GSA, and membership may be extended to a representative of any other Federal agency that the Secretaries of the membership agencies consider appropriate.

<sup>134</sup> *Id.* 

construction damage. GSA must ensure that none of its construction negatively impacts the surrounding homes, buildings, and infrastructure; GSA must conduct proper soil tests and take photographs of surrounding homes and buildings and infrastructure prior to construction. GSA must also have clear direction and supervision of the contractors that prohibits the use of heavy machinery that is known in the industry to harm homes and buildings, particularly those homes and buildings in older neighborhoods. GSA must also ensure that construction is only done during limited—and reasonable—hours of the day so that the adverse effects of noise and additional air pollution are minimized. Residents should not bear the burden of construction activities 24 hours a day, 7 days a week as they did with the I-10 Connect Project. We further urge GSA to take all available measure to prevent damage to nearby infrastructure, drainage, and wildlife at the Chamizal, and to avoid creating traffic hazards (e.g. removing lighting).

### V. Conclusion

GSA's BOTA Modernization Project risks imposing significant environmental and economic harm, which must be disclosed as part of its EIS. Moving forward, GSA should select Alternative 4 and remove north- and southbound heavy-duty commercial traffic from the BOTA, improve public transportation, adequately analyze environmental justice impacts, conduct local air quality monitoring and a health assessment, reduce its contribution towards climate change, and take all practicable measures to mitigate the impacts of the BOTA.

### Sincerely,

/s/ Paola Camacho Paola Camacho Attorney at Law Texas RioGrande Legal Aid State Bar No. SC105267 Tel: (915) 585-5118 Fax: (915) 544-3789

E-mail: pcamacho@trla.org

/s/ Veronica Carbajal Veronica Carbajal Attorney at Law Texas RioGrande Legal Aid TX State Bar No. 24045617 Tel: (915) 585-5107

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The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

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AGE/EDAD\*:

RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

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Comentario público:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:







October 2024

Octubre 2024

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We invite you and your networks to advocate for Viable Action Alternative #4: the removal of these toxic trucks from the BOTA/El Puente Libre. Together, we can move forward with this historic possibility.

Sincerely,

Familias Unidas del Chamizal

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Sinceramente.







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Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

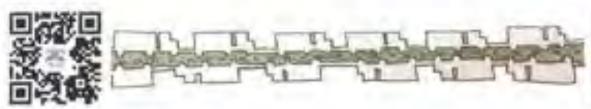
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Date: 10-29-2024



Octubre 2024

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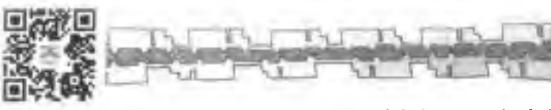
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RACE/RAZA*	

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Date: 10 29 2







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Saul Sustant	

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Date: 10-24-32-4



October 2024

Octubre 2024

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6333

IMPREO\*

AGE/EDAD\*:

RACE/RAZA\*

\*Optional

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# Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Octubre 2024

October 2024

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Recently, the Impact Statement, regarding the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) modernization project in El Paso, TX, recommending the removal of commercial truck traffic from the bridge, Viable Action Alternative #4. We are excited that the federal agency chose an alternative aligned to residents' demands for environmental justice. Though we celebrate having made it this far, we know that this decision is not yet final and that opponents have begun to surface.

We are currently in a 45-day comment period that ends November 4, 2024 (11:59 CST). We encourage you and your networks to send your comments in **support of removing commercial truck traffic from El Puente Libre**/ Bridge of the Americas to with the subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS."

GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative #4 eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). This is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Viable Action Alternative #4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes Environmental Justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Viable Action Alternative #4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

We invite you and your networks to advocate for Viable Action Alternative #4: the removal of these toxic trucks from the BOTA/El Puente Libre. Together, we can move forward with this historic possibility.

Sincerely,

Familias Unidas del Chamizal

Estimados Aliados,

Viable Action Alternative #4. Estamos emocionados que la agencia federal eligió una alternativa que se alinea con las demandas de justicia ambiental de los residentes. Aunque celebramos haber llegado a este punto, sabemos que esta decisión aún no es final y que han empezado a salir los oponentes.

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La selección de la alternativa #4 de GSA elimina todas las operaciones de carga comercial en el Puente Libre. Esta es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización del puente mientras **reduce la contaminación peligrosa del aire** y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. Esta alternativa no solo es la más eficaz en costo, sino que es la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Removiendo las trocas de cargo comercial y evitando expansión de terreno innecesaria, Viable Action Alternative #4 cumple con las metas de NEPA para minimizar impactos ambientales y promover salud pública.

Invitamos a usted y a sus redes a abogar por Viable Action Alternative #4: la eliminación de estas trocas tóxicas del Puente Libre. Juntos nos acercamos a esta posibilidad histórica.

Sinceramente,







NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024

BOTA nepacomments@gsa.gov con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga

The U.S. General Services Administration.

"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

Comentario público:

Comentario público:

El Paso, TX

septiembre de 2024 para la

Modernización propuesta del

Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a:

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager,

El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre,

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Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024

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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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AD TRECCIÓN:	Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:
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PHONE/TELEFONO*:	
(915) 228-0223 EMAIL/CORREO*	
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RACE/RAZA* *Optional	Date: 10/79/74







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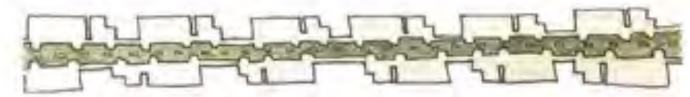
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AGE/EDAD\*: 68

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Comentario público:

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Comeniatio publico:

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# Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Date: 10 - 29 - 24







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# NAME/NOMBRE: JOUICEN LUIDN ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN: 117 O O DOLLO WOLD PHONE/TELEFONO\*: (915) 8090-7351 EMAIL/CORREO\*

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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NAME/NOMBRE:
Andrea Ruz Address/dirección:
PHONE FONO*:
EMAIL/CORREO*
AGE/EDAD*: 21 mail.com
RACE/RAZA*

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Comentario público:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

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EMAIL/CORREO*	
age/edad*: 25	

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We invite you and your networks to advocate for Viable Action Alternative #4: the removal of these toxic trucks from the BOTA/El Puente Libre. Together, we can move forward with this historic possibility.

Sincerely,

Familias Unidas del Chamizal

Estimados Aliados,

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Invitamos a usted y a sus redes a abogar por Viable Action Alternative #4: la eliminación de estas trocas tóxicas del Puente Libre. Juntos nos acercamos a esta posibilidad histórica.

Sinceramente,





We encourage you to send your comments to:

EQTA nepacompientswess gov

with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

### **Public Comment:**

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

NAME/NOMBRE:

ADDRESS DIFFERENCE

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

915 299 26 96

EMAIL/CONTROL

AGE/EDAD\*: 31

RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

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Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

### Comentario palifico:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date:



Octubre 2024

October 2024

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# NAME/NOMBRE:

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EMAIL/CORREO\*

AGE/EDAD\*: 57

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Comentario público:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature

Date:







October 2024

Octubre 2024

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Sinceramente,







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PHONE EL	EFONO*:			

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Comentario público:

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Signat	ure: Rosu Aguago
Date	10-29-24







October 2024

Octubre 2024

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Sincerely,

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Estimados Aliados,

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recisemente publico un horrador de la declaración
de impacto anticipatal respecto a la modernación
del Pareiro Libre en III Paro, TX, recomendado la
eliminación del trádico de trucas comerciales.

Viable Action Alternative #4. Estamos emocionados que la agencia federal eligió una alternativa que se alinea con las demandas de justicia ambiental de los residentes. Aunque celebramos haber llegado a este punto, sabemos que esta decisión aún no es final y que han empezado a salir los oponentes.

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Sinceramente,





NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024

BOTA nepacomment alless gov

The U.S. General Services Administration,

"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

Comentario público:

Comentario público:

El Paso, TX

septiembre de 2024 para la

Modernización propuesta del

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a:

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager,

El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre,

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Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de

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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:	Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:
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RACE/RAZA* *Optional	Date / Ö







Octubre 2024

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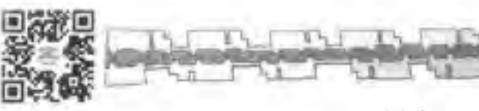
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**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

AGE/EDAD\*:

RACE/RAZA\*
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Comentario público:

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Comentarts public

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature: Oli

Date:



October 2024



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La selección de la alternativa #4 de GSA elimina todas las operaciones de carga comercial en el Puente Libre. Esta es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización del puente mientras reduce la contaminación peligrosa del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. Esta alternativa no solo es la más eficaz en costo, sino que es la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Removiendo las trocas de cargo comercial y evitando expansión de terreno innecesaria, Viable Action Alternative #4 cumple con las metas de NEPA para minimizar impactos ambientales y promover salud pública.

Invitamos a usted y a sus redes a abogar por Viable Action Alternative #4: la eliminación de estas trocas tóxicas del Puente Libre. Juntos nos acercamos a esta posibilidad histórica.

Sinceramente,



We encourage you to send your comments to:

with the email subject line reading
"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

### **Public Comment:**

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

NAME/NOMBRE:  VC(  ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:
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EMAIL/CORREO*	
AGE/EDAD*:	Signature Signature
RACE/RAZA**Optional	Date:

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Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

Comentario publico:

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October 2024

Octubre 2024

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MAIL/CORREO*	

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Signature

Date:

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EMAIL/CORREO*	
AGE/EDAD*:	Signature: 1100
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Sinceramente,





# BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

# **BOTA LPOE DEIS PUBLIC COMMENTS**

1 message

Cemelli Aztlan <cemelli@mujerobrera.org> To: BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
sota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> Sat, Oct 19, 2024 at 2:53 PM

SEE 21 MORE COMMENTS ATTACHED



10 19 2024 nepa bota comments final.pdf 2406K







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NAME/NOMBRE: Alyssavder Onille 3909 Pershin Au Apt A

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

AGE/EDAD\*: 25

RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date: 10-16-29





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ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN: 4 Adicionales:

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

fermin. goosta@mail.com

EMAIL/CORREO\*

AGE/EDAD\*: 69

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

I AM IN TOTAL SUPPORT

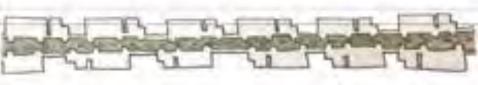
TO ELIMINATE 18 WHEELERS

FROM CROSSING THROUGH

THE BREAKE OF AMERICAS !!!

Date: 10.17-2024







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NAME (NOMBRE:

FEIZMINI TOMANO

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

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PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios
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Signature:

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Comentario público:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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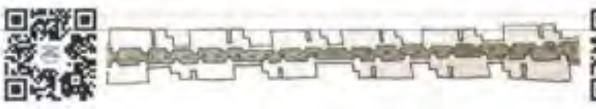
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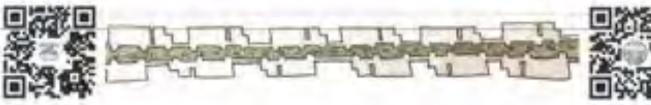
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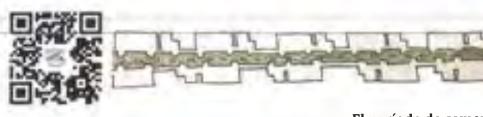
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AGE/EDAD\*: 25

RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

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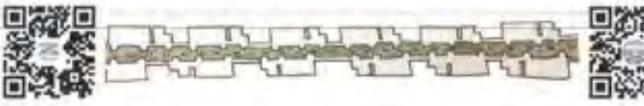
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Marka Agilera	
Mayra Agrillera ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:	
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EMAIL/CORREO*	

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### NAME/NOMBRE:

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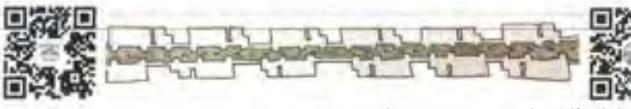
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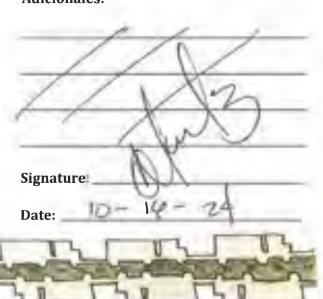
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Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

Signatu Date:	10/8	JET	m;(c	eV	
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We encourage you to send your comments to:

with the email subject line reading
"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

### **Public Comment:**

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PNAME/NOMBRE:

Blanca E Uilla

Address/dirección:

733 1

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

EMAIL/CORREO\*

AGE/EDAD\*: \_\_\_\_ RACE/RAZA\*

\*Optional

Signature: Blanca E. Villa & Date: 16. Oct. 24

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BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

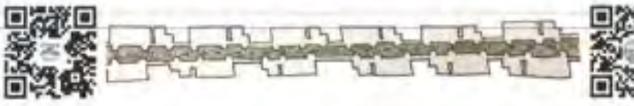
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# NAME/NOMBRE:

XÓCHIH	Santiago
ADDRESS/DIREC	CCIÓN:
718 5	Glenwood St
PHONE/TELEFO	NO*:
EMAIL/CORREO	*

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Additional C	omments/Comentarios
Adicionales:	

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Date:	10	101	20	24





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ADDRESS/DIRECTION

ADDRESS/DIREC

AGE/EDAD\*: \_\_\_\_ RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

ate: 16-017-2024





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### NAME/NOMBRE:

ADDRESS/DIRECCI N 11557 NETTLE OKE CIR.

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

(915) 288 7007 EMAIL/CORREO\*

Kathering@mvierobreva.org

AGE/EDAD\*: 23 RACE/RAZA\* is and c

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Signature

Signature Date:



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And Gome 2.

PADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:
4748 Camden
PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

EMAIL/CORREO\*

AGE/EDAD\* RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

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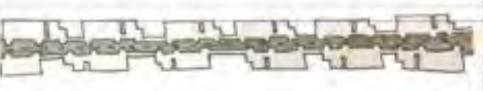
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:
pDate: 16-OCT - 1014





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NAME/NOMBRE: Jan Gorj Hander Cir ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

EMAIL/CORREO\*

AGE/EDAD\*: \_\_\_\_ RACE/RAZA\* \_\_ \*Optional El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

BOTA nepacomments@gsa.gov

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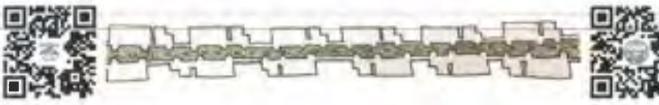
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date: 16 -067 - 202



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NAME/NOMBRE:

Teresa Lova Address/dirección:

PHONE/TELEFONO\*: 915-215-3588

**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

AGE/EDAD\*: \_\_\_\_ RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature: 16-007-2074
Date:





### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

### Comment on BOTA NEPA

5 messages

cynthia renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 7:44 PM

To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Cc: daniel.partida@gsa.gov, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>, Luis Sito Negron <I.negron@epcounty.com>

Good Evening,

Attached please find 31 comment forms from residents of South Central, members of the Washington Delta Neighborhood Association, and members of the Hilos de Plata Senior Center located one block east of the County Coliseum.

It is clear that everyone wants the trucks to be relocated to a different POE, so in favor of option 4.

Please confirm that you received this email, the attachments, and that they will be included as part of the official comments of the initial scoping for the EIS and NEP process.

Best, Cynthia

### 31 attachments





R Guzmean.pdf

G Aceves.pdf

E Solis.pdf

M Madrid.pdf
128K

M Daclini.pdf

M Villalobos.pdf

A Treras.pdf 131K

G Escalante.pdf 133K

R Perez.pdf 131K

B Arizmendiz.pdf 129K

C Rivera.pdf



C Trujillo.pdf 122K

M Estrada.pdf
142K

E Garcia.pdf 141K

D Rivera.pdf 136K

V Guerra.pdf 143K

S Moreno.pdf 132K

E Jimenez.pdf

R Maria.pdf 126K

M Ceballos.pdf

C Villansana.pdf

L Soto.pdf 2296K

C Amparan.pdf

Q Villa.pdf 2315K

A Villa.pdf

E Gonzales.pdf

I Molina.pdf 2376K

J Pinon.pdf 4820K

### Hilda Villegas <hildavillegas021@gmail.com>

Wed, Feb 28, 2024 at 11:39 AM

To: cynthia renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>

Cc: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov, daniel.partida@gsa.gov, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>, Luis Sito Negron <<li>l.negron@epcounty.com>

Hi Cinthia, yes we received the email.

[Quoted text hidden]

### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> da.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:18 PM

To: cynthia renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>

Cc: daniel.partida@gsa.gov, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>, Luis Sito Negron <I.negron@epcounty.com>

Cynthia / David / Sito

Will you be able to get the notice of the public meeting to the residents of South Central neighborhood, the Washington Delta Neighborhood Association, and members of the Hilos de Plata Senior Center area for whom you submitted comments? I cannot read all of the emails so I want to make make sure they are all aware of the meeting through one way or another. I am also attaching a flyer. I believe all 3 of you already received the email invitiation. Please let me know if I need to try and reach out in a different manner to these 31 individuals. karla

#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K

### Cynthia Renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 6:27 PM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: daniel.partida@gsa.gov, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>, Luis Sito Negron <L.Negron@epcounty.com>

Hi Hilda,

I'm just looking through my emails from the GSA and getting caught up with everything since I have to do this after work

Also, I thought you knew, but in case you don't, I'm no longer with commissioner Stout 's office, but I'm still at the county in a different department.

I will work on getting the word out to Washington Delta Neighborhood Association and to Hilo's de Plata. Can precinct two provide copies of the flyers that Mr. Partida sent so that we can circulate them?

Best, Cynthia

On Jun 13, 2024, at 1:18 PM, BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
<br/>
yota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> wrote:

[Quoted text hidden]

<Flyer BOTA EFS Community Meeting 26June2024 v1.pptx>

<Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx>

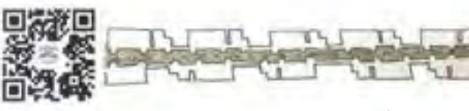
### Luis "Sito" Negron < L. Negron@epcounty.com>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 6:28 PM

To: Cynthia Renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>, BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> Cc: "daniel.partida@gsa.gov" <daniel.partida@gsa.gov>, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>

Yes. We can coordinate printing flyers tomorrow.

[Quoted text hidden]





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NAME/NOMBRE:

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

AUC- APT.A

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

915-222 7020

**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

AGE/EDAD\*: <u>63</u>

RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

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**Additional Comments/Comentarios** Adicionales:

Signature: anthu







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NAME/NOMBRE: ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN: **EMAIL/CORREO\*** AGE/EDAD\*: RACE/RAZA\* Hispana

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Comentario público:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:



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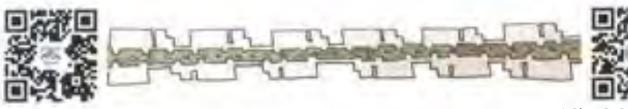
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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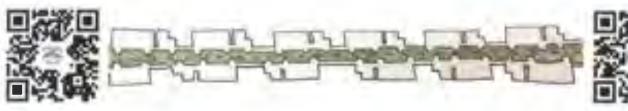
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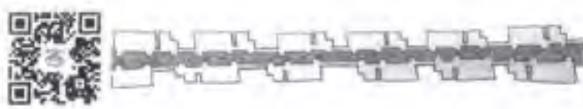
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PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

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NAME/NOMBRE:
Andrea Kuiz
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date:

10-29-24



We encourage you to send your comments to:

with the email subject line reading
"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

### **Public Comment:**

RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

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El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre,

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GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024

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NAME/NOMBRE: MG

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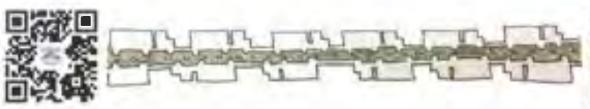
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AGE/EDAD\*:

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# NAME/NOMBRE:

Tania M. Guerran ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

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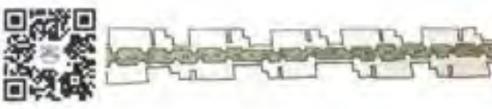
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## NAME/NOMBRE:

Francisio Alfaro

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

2931 Central Aue 287, El paso, Tx, 19905

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

AGE/EDAD\*:

RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

Signature: Francy Ala

Date: 10 - 7 - 7024

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# BOTA nepacomments@esa.gov

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a: The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

# Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:



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Attention: Karla Carmichael NEPA Program

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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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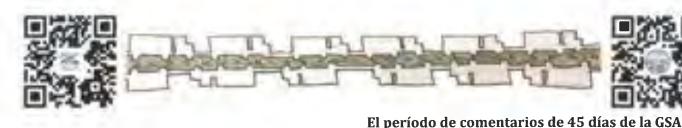
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Comentario público:

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3000 RIVERA APT #Z
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EMAIL/CORREO*

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Genoveva Edmunds
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:
2914 Alameda
PHONE/TELEFONO*:
EMAIL/CORREO*

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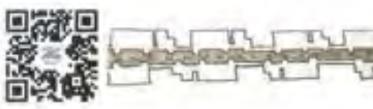
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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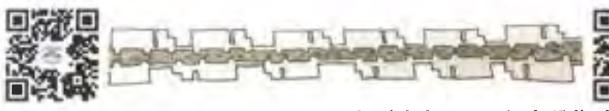
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Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date:



We encourage you to send your comments to:

BOTA.nepacomments@esa.gov

with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

### **Public Comment:**

RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

# NAME/NOMBRE: Are lleven (name? ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN: 448 Valle So a Re PHONE/TELEFONO\*: EMAIL/CORREO\*

El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

### BOTA nepacomments@gsa.gov

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS" o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

### Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

### Comentario público:

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Signature:	-
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# COUNTY OF EL PASO DAVID C. STOUT COUNTY COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT TWO

July 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2024

### Honorable Karla R. Carmichael

NEPA Program Manager, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-B Fort Worth, Texas 76102

### Honorable GSA Officials:

After the most recent GSA meeting, the Chamizal community, their neighbors, and public health advocates celebrated the inclusion of Action Alternative #4 which removes commercial traffic entirely from the Bridge of the Americas modernization project. As we in El Paso County await the Environmental Impact Statement from NEPA, we want to make it clear: we must stop acting to the detriment of the already vulnerable people in these South-Central El Paso communities, and we must take the opportunity presented to us and follow through with Action Alternative #4.

We appreciate the GSA's flexibility and responsiveness to the community so far. We urge you to continue your commitment to the community. We also ask for clarification on the details of Action Alternative #1A. It is our understanding that AA#1A introduces the possibility of the removal of commercial traffic in the future, some questions that arise:

- 1. What would be the logistical process for removing the commercial traffic in the future?
- 2. What is the initial cost to implement the flexible high-low booths?
- 3. What are the costs associated with the transition to the "future no commercial option"?
- 4. If it were to transition to the "future no commercial option" what would become of the truck inspection area?
- 5. What would the decision-making process and criteria be for deciding if and when to remove the traffic?
- 6. Is there an idea for a timeline once the decision is made to remove the traffic?

We hope you can answer these questions. We strongly believe Action Alternative #4 is the best option for the communities most affected by the pollution in the area, for the well-being of the citizens of El Paso County, and for the public and economic health of the Paso Del Norte region and we urge you to move forward with this action alternative.

Sincerely,

David C. Stout County Commissioner

El Paso County, Precinct 2

An Equal Opportunity Employer 500 E. San Antonio Suite 301, El Paso, TX 79901 Phone: (915) 546-2111 Fax: (915)543-3854 Email:commissioner2@epcounty.com



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"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

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NAME/N	NOMBRE:
ADDRES	PIRECCIÓN:
PHONE/	TELEFONO*:
EMAIL/	CORREO*
AGE/ED:	AD*: RACE/RAZA*

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February 7, 2024

To whom it may concern:

I am writing to you representing the interests and concerns that I share with many of my constituents in District 8 and in consideration of the significant role of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA) as a vital gateway between El Paso and Ciudad Juárez. I wish to express my position on the ongoing modernization project for BOTA, with particular concern for the role of commercial traffic in the Port's future. I recognize the importance of modernizing our infrastructure to meet evolving standards and demands, and I appreciate the efforts of the General Services Administration (GSA) in overseeing this significant project. I value the opportunity for public input provided through public meetings and scoping sessions, and that is why I am submitting this letter to be considered as part of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) scoping process that the GSA is currently engaged in.

Having reviewed community feedback and concerns, as well as alternative proposals presented during the public scoping meeting on December 13, 2023 including *Action Alternative #4– No Commercial Traffic*, there has emerged a prevailing sentiment among area residents regarding the impact of commercial vehicle traffic. Many community members, including representatives from various neighborhood associations and advocacy groups, have expressed serious misgivings about the adverse effects of idling commercial vehicles on air quality, public health, and the overall well-being of nearby residents. In light of these concerns, which are backed by historical data on air quality and the incidence of respiratory disease, I am writing to formally convey my preference for the removal of commercial truck traffic from the Bridge of the Americas, a preference that I also shared when I met with the GSA's Regional Project Manager Daniel Partida several months ago. I believe that such an adjustment would align with the City of EI Paso's commitment to the health and welfare of our residents and contribute to the sustainability and livability of the surrounding communities. I want to commend the GSA and its Federal government counterparts for the work already done leading up to the public presentation of Alternative #4, including significant consultation with our critically important partners in Mexico.

I recognize the crucial importance of cross-border trade and connectivity. However, I firmly believe that any modernization efforts should also prioritize the safety, health, and quality of life of the residents who call El Paso home. I understand that the GSA is undertaking a comprehensive Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) as part of the NEPA process to assess the various alternatives and their potential implications. I encourage the GSA to consider the input received from the community and explore alternatives that mitigate concerns related to commercial truck traffic while still achieving the overall objectives of the modernization project. Other El Paso-area ports of entry with less densely populated surrounding areas, particularly those in nearby Tornillo and Santa Teresa, are uniquely positioned to absorb the commercial traffic demand of the region with significantly less impact.

I am committed to working collaboratively with the GSA, federal agencies, and the community to ensure that the modernization of the Bridge of the Americas aligns with the best interests of the residents of my district. I appreciate your attention to this matter and look forward to continued dialogue and cooperation. Thank you for your dedication to this critical project, and I anticipate positive outcomes that will benefit BOTA's users, stakeholders, and community members alike across the El Paso Borderland region.

Good wishes,

Chris Canales City Representative

El Paso City Council, District 8

cc: Hon. Mayor of El Paso Oscar Leeser
Hon. Members of the El Paso City Council
El Paso Interim City Manager Cary Westin
Eduardo Calvo, Executive Director, El Paso MPO
Daniel Partida, Regional Project Manager, GSA
Karla R. Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, GSA



November 14, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Ms. Carmichael.

I am writing to express my strong support for Alternative 4 in the GSA's Draft EIS for the proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry. As the City Representative for District 8 in El Paso, Alternative 4 offers a critical opportunity to address the long-standing issues at one of our busiest border crossings, particularly those that impact the health, safety, and quality of life in surrounding neighborhoods, some of which are in my district.

A key strength of Alternative 4 is the complete removal of commercial truck traffic from the BOTA. This change will directly benefit neighborhoods like Barrio Chamizal, which for years has endured the noise, congestion, and air pollution caused by heavy truck traffic. By eliminating commercial vehicle traffic from the port, this alternative will significantly reduce emissions, making the air cleaner and the streets safer and quieter. This is a meaningful step toward environmental justice, especially for communities that have long been affected by poor air quality and health risks associated with diesel emissions including significantly increased incidence of asthma and various cancers.

With only 4.4 acres of land acquisition required, this plan is both cost-effective and minimally disruptive to the surrounding area. Additionally, Alternative 4's design increases the capacity for private vehicles, improving traffic flow and reducing wait times for travelers. This approach will lead to a smoother, more efficient operation for El Pasoans who depend on this crossing for daily commutes and family visits. This may also have a positive impact on congestion on Interstate 10.

The residents of Barrio Chamizal, represented by the neighborhood association Familias Unidas del Chamizal, have long advocated for eliminating commercial traffic and improving air quality. This alternative directly responds to their concerns, and I strongly support their call for meaningful change. I applaud the GSA for hearing their concerns.

In conclusion, I believe Alternative 4 is the best choice for the future of the Bridge of the Americas. It balances efficiency, environmental sustainability, and the well-being of our communities. I urge the GSA to move forward with this alternative for the benefit of El Paso and its residents. This investment in the modernization of BOTA is a generational opportunity for our community, and I am appreciative that the project is being conducted in a manner that reflects the interests, concerns, and wishes of nearby residents who stand to most directly feel the future impacts.

Good wishes.

Chris Canales

El Paso City Council, District 8





Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Roam 12-8, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gso.gov

Par favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hojo adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por carreo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por carreo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karlo R. Cormichael NEPA Program Monager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 240 S Clark	
TELEPHONE/TELEPONO (915) 246-9940	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	<u></u>

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	
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ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	Washington/Oc/ta NA
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN /3	9 Tabin Pl.
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	19151 534-7760
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	avillafox 1963 @ gmail .com

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### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

AGE/EDAD\*: 2/ RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional



### Response to Expansion of BOTA

1 message

Arturo Moreno <art.moreno.ep@gmail.com>

Sat, Jul 27, 2024 at 9:47 AM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>, Arturo Moreno <art.moreno.ep@gmail.com>

This is a reply to the options being considered for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) and Port of Entry (LPOE) Modernization Project in El Paso. We are recommending the option that does not allow commercial trucks, defined here as 18-wheelers, to use BOTA.

The relevant question is what is the long-term strategy for the El Paso community that will: 1) add to its quality of life; and 2) take advantage of off-shoring opportunities being generated by our country's excessive global-supply chain dependence on China. This is why my colleagues and I choose an option that excludes commercial trucks from using BOTA. Commercial traffic should be diverted away from the middle of the city to sparsely populated areas outside the city such as the Tornillo Bridge and the Santa Teresa Bridge. Long term this will reduce pollution, congestion and increase the safety of the residents that use the main corridor in El Paso, which is I-10.

Heavy pollution from diesel fumes is described by the World Health Organization as a lung cancer-causing carcinogen that contributes to the development of severe health conditions including heart disease, diabetes and Alzheimer's. Already per EPA EJ Index, the area around America's Bridge, or Barrio Chamizal, is above the 99% percentile in diesel particular matter. The American Lung Association ranked El Paso as the 14<sup>th</sup> worst city in the country for ozone pollution, giving it an F rating. Dr. Silverman, Chief of Environmental Epidemiology of the National Cancer Institute, mentioned in her 50-year study of miners exposed to diesel fuels that they have seven times the normal lung cancer risk of nonsmokers.

Substantial congestion in El Paso's main corridor I-10 will be further increased with the added traffic of 18-wheelers if one chooses any option that allows for commercial trucks to use BOTA. Many residents, especially the elderly, already stay away from I-10 due to the excessive number of 18-wheelers that makes this freeway unsafe for them. And it gets worse every year. In theory Options that allow commercial trucks to use BOTA are expected to bring significant efficiencies resulting from streamlining and modernization that could reduce pollution, but realistically and in practice these same efficiencies will attract even more 18-wheelers to this corridor in the middle of the city further exacerbating congestion and pollution from diesel fumes.

Will Options that exclude commercial trucks, adversely impact off-shoring opportunities that are currently generated and that will be further generated in the future as we try to minimize our global—supply chain dependence on China? No! Yet, if the traffic of 18-wheelers is diverted away from the middle of the city to sparsely populated areas outside such as the Tornillo Bridge on the far east side and the Santa Teresa Bridge on the far west side the whole transportation eco-system becomes more efficient. Encouraging 18-wheelers to utilize these two bridges that already exist will make for more efficient transportation of goods from the South to the North saving them significant downtime caused by very long waits at BOTA and the heavy

traffic they face in the middle of the city once they come across. A suggestion that will add to the success of this recommendation would be for the Tornillo Bridge to be strictly reserved for commercial trucking until it is further expanded.



Respons to expansion of the Americas Bridge.docx 154K



### Semi truck removal from bridge

1 message

**Aly Orville** <alyorville22@yahoo.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Wed, Jul 17, 2024 at 8:15 AM

Dear GSA,

I am writing to comment on the new options you all have proposed for the renovation of the Bridge of the Americas. As our community has said numerous times, the trucks need to get off the bridge as soon as possible, and stay off the bridge.

The diesel is polluting our lungs, and there is no other urban port of entry along the US-Mexico border that has commercial traffic. Please move the trucks to a bridge that is not surrounded by residential neighborhoods, as we breathe in the diesel smoke all over central El Paso. Thus, I advocate for Action Alternative 4 which keeps all commercial traffic off the bridge. In addition, Action Alternative 1A is misleading, since it says future no commercial traffic, but there is no plan to remove the trucks. The time to remove the trucks forever is NOW.

Thanks, Citrus

Sent from Yahoo Mail for iPhone



### AA4

1 message

Coní salazar <conisalbu@gmail.com>

Tue, Jul 16, 2024 at 8:31 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Dear GSA,

I saw the new proposed options yall have for the renovations of Bridge of the America's and as a community member I wanted to share some thoughts. The only option for a dignified project in our community is to get the trucks off the bridge as soon as possible and for the foreseen future.im urging everyone to choose and go forward with action alternative 4. The diesel is polluting our lungs, and there is no other urban port of entry along the US-Mexico border that has commercial traffic. Please move the trucks to a bridge that is not surrounded by residential neighborhoods. I live in central EI Paso and our families don't deserve to be inhaling desiel smoke 24/7.

The other option is not in favor of a good relationships and health security in the future. We have to move the trucks immediately.

Appreciate it, Aylin Perez



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Alejandro** <gdelallave52@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Mon, Sep 23, 2024 at 10:34 AM

Good morning,

Thank you for taking the opinion of the community into consideration, we appreciate this kind gesture. I believe all commercial trucks should not pass through the Bridge of the Americas but rather go through Canutillo or a special bridge designed only for 18-wheelers. Commercial trucks have caused heavy traffic on I-10, ramps heading to Mexico, and caos at the bridge. I appreciate the upgrades and remodeling of the bridge a few years back, but I think the whole citizens would benefit the most without the access to commercial trucks to the center of the city/main artery of daily traffic and commute of vehicles and pedestrians composed mostly of students who are absorbing all the fumes and noise of these poorly regulated trucks. Please please send them to another port of entry. Thank you again for your time and consideration, have a blessed week:)

Sincerely,

Alejandro De La Llave -



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/NOMBRE Bernarda Arizmendiz	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN HIJOS de Olata	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 591/Simple De	
TELEPHONE/TELEPONO (915) 260 10 84	Ext
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karlo R. Cormichael NEPA Program Monager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsp.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier camentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar par correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:

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### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Beatriz Vera** <br/>
beatrizvera00@gmail.com><br/>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Sep 24, 2024 at 5:57 PM

Dear Sirs and Madams.

I am writing in support and in solidarity with La Mujer Obrera & Familias Unidas del Chamizal in their efforts to "Get the Trucks Out!" from the BotA LPoE. As statend in the press release from the community organizers in their effort to protect local communities from the decades of negative impact from un-clean air due to commercial freight traffic.

Respectfully, Beatriz E. Vera

"There is nobody more dangerous than one who has been humiliated, even when you humiliate him/her rightly." Nelson Mandela



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**barbara anne welch** <obscuredjinn@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 5:06 PM

Please consider this email my support for implementing Option 4 for the Bridge of the Anericas going forward. The people in the area already suffer health ramifications from the pollution from trucks idling on the bridge, so moving commercial traffic away from a densely populated area of El Paso makes the most sense. And there are definitely enough other bridges to accommodate the traffic in areas that won't jeopardize people's health.

Thank you for suggesting this as the best possible option -

Barbara Welch 708 Camino Real Avenue El Paso, Texas 79922



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Blank Bruno** <nulltranq.info@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Thu, Oct 10, 2024 at 4:42 PM

My name is Blank Bruno, and I am a resident of El Paso. My address is 2302 Magoffin Ave, El Paso, TX.

I am writing in support of the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Regards,

Blank Bruno





We encourage you to send your comments to:

BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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NAME/NOMBRE:

Phillip Barace

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

9115 - 494 - 5922

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

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EMAIL CORREO\*

AGE/EDAD\*:

RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

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Comentario público:

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Comentario público:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date /0/29/2029





GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024 We encourage you to send your comments to:

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### NAME/NOMBRE:

Tania M. Guerrero ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

202.733.7431

**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

trulo mariega ven Egmalos

AGE/EDAD\*: 42

RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

Signature

Date:

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NAME/NOMBRE:

Francisco Alfaro

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

2931 Central Aue 287, El paso Tx, 9905

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

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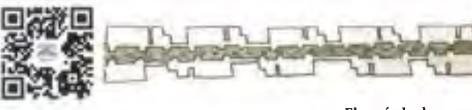
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature

Date: 10129124





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797

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:		_

Date



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Comentario público:

Comentario público:

El Paso, TX

septiembre de 2024 para la

Modernización propuesta del

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El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre,

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GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024

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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

### **Public Comment:**

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

promote public health.	logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los
NAME/NOMBRE:	impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.
Sott Wrisht	Additional Comments/Comentarios
ADDRESS, DIRECCIÓN:	Adicionales:
PHONE/TELEFONO*:	
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AGE/EDAD*:	Signature:
RACE/RAZA*	
*Optional	Date:





We encourage you to send your comments to:

### BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso,

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NAME/NOMBRE:

DAWIEL	EFEBURE.
ADDRESS/DIREC	CIÓN:

LET AVE N 5 PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

(206) 475-0136 EMAIL/CORREO\*

Frenchman 429 @ grail com

AGE/EDAD\*:\_

RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

Signature:

El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a: The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

Comentario público:

Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.





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NAME/NOMBRE:

DAWIEL	LEFEBURE
ADDRESS/DIREC	CIÓN:

LET AVE N SET

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

(206) 475-0136 EMAIL/CORREO\*

Frenchman 4296

AGE/EDAD\*:\_\_

RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

Signature:

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# City Representative Josh Acevedo, Ed.D. District 2

February 23, 2024

To the U.S. General Services Administration:

As you consider several plans for the proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA), I write in support of "Action Alternative Four – No Commercial Traffic" to be submitted into the official record for the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement process. I understand that the bridge is long overdue for modernization, so I want to capitalize on this moment to remove the daily, idling truck traffic going into Mexico.

My district starts at the U.S.-Mexico border, includes the Bridge of the Americas, the Medical Center of the Americas (MCA), and is adjacent to Barrio Chamizal. I have spoken to my constituents and it is clear that the removal of trucks from the BOTA would be a breath of fresh air for the families that live, work, and go to school in this area. The residents that I represent in this area have been advocating tirelessly on behalf of their neighbors through their neighborhood associations – San Juan, Corbin/Sambrano, Val Verde, and Washington-Delta. Today, I unite my voice to these associations and constituents asking for the same thing – clean air.

This is a culmination of years and generations of people who seek justice to the callousness cast upon these immediate neighborhoods. The U.S. and Mexico agreed to end a 100-year land dispute with the signing of the Chamizal Treaty in 1963. The treaty displaced hundreds of Mexican American people and the border was physically moved. The signing of this treaty was a significant time for my mother and grandparents, as they lived in a house on Piedras Street, in the Chamizal neighborhood, from 1961 to 1967.

Over the next years, challenges for this community south of Interstate 10 continued to emerge. Organizations around basic human rights and education, La Mujer Obrera and Familias Unidas del Chamizal, have fought for clean air and safe spaces for children to learn in this area. In the 1980s, La Mujer Obrera began advocating for a public library in the Chamizal that only came to fruition in 2021.

Bowie High School, a beloved institution in the Chamizal neighborhood, was at the center of a 2010 cheating scheme that was the start of a public corruption scandal that plagued the El Paso Independent School District for several years. In 2018, EPISD moved a bus hub next to Bowie High School – ignoring concerns by families around their children breathing polluted air at school.

In 2019, I was elected to a seat on the EPISD Board of Trustees where I served until 2024. I ran because EPISD closed schools near the Bridge of the Americas without any consideration for the impact that school closures would have on families and their children. Familias Unidas del Chamizal raised environmental and safety concerns around leaving Zavala Elementary open over Beall Elementary because of the toxic exhaust that these idling trucks leave behind for children to breathe, but were once again ignored by the agencies responsible for protecting students and families.

Trade is absolutely important to our border region, but so is clean air. Many of my constituents near the BOTA have suffered through a history of displacement, polluted air, educational challenges, and health issues because of the air they are breathing where they live. The people here have had enough. They are asking us to move commercial traffic. The air in their neighborhood is bad. The decision to keep commercial traffic at BOTA is worse.

The community's ask to move commercial traffic is not without solutions. There is infrastructure in Tornillo that can accommodate commercial traffic. This is an issue we need to approach from both sides of the border. I am setting up a meeting with Ciudad Juarez Mayor Cruz Pérez Cuéllar in the coming weeks to see how we could approach the removal of trucks from both sides of the border to make sure maquiladoras and international trade can be rerouted to other neighboring ports of entry in a seamless way.

Community-oriented leadership and decision making is at the forefront of everything that I do. As the City Representative for District 2, I am asking the U.S. General Services Administration to move commercial traffic away from the Bridge of the Americas. I firmly believe that a person's zip code should not dictate the access they have to clean air, education, and other critical resources for an adequate quality of life. We have an opportunity to correct the mistakes of the past, while reimagining border trade in our binational community. Let's do it, together, through "Action Alternative Four."

Sincerely,

Josh Acevedo, Ed.D.



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Sincerely,

Josh Acevedo, Ed.D.

### FROM THE DESK OF

## **The Acosta Family**

July 24, 2024

Karla R. Carmichael
Environmental, Fire, and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Program Division
Greater Southwest Region 7
819 Taylor St, Rm 12-B
Forth Worth, Texas 76102

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

We'd like to thank you and the staff that was available for the June 26, 2024 meeting concerning the Bridge of the Americas in El Paso, Texas. We understand the need to upgrade parts of the BOTA to accommodate the demands of the port of entry. The material presented touts improving the capacity and functionality to meet future demand and meeting border security initiatives, all while ensuring the safety and security of employees and the traveling public, however there was no mention of the residents that have to deal with the constant traffic, pollution, and health problems that are in part attributed to the ports of entry. Lacking in this process, is a fully engaged and detailed Environmental Impact Analysis coinciding with a Health Impact Assessment on the impacted areas of El Paso. The immediate area of concern is much larger than the area around the BOTA. In fact, the greater affected area, is inundated with an overwhelming amount of heath and safety concerns from a major refinery and Interstate 10 to the north, Texas Loop 375 and Mexico to the south, and is book ended by the BOTA and the Zaragoza Port of Entry. Generations of families have voiced these concerns during several meetings that have been held on the issues surrounding traffic, public safety, public health, environmental impacts, and the ports of entry.

After reviewing the information that was presented at the meeting, we concluded that the only viable option going forward is one in which NO commercial truck traffic is allowed on the BOTA port of entry. There is no justification for having commuter traffic at San Ysidro and commercial traffic at the Otay Mesa port of entry and yet the same cannot be accomplished in El Paso. Our determination is that there are too many ports of entry within the El Paso city limits and that all commercial traffic should be routed to the Tornillo port of entry. This would provide for better infrastructure and construction, lessening the need for eminent domain on residential tax payers. Secondly, any port of entry into the United States can be a target for malicious actors. A safe and secure port would be where proper infrastructure and resources can be implemented without retrofitting it into a dense urban and suburban area. If the citizens who live in the area near the border are not safe, then by definition the border is not safe. We hope that all entities are serious about climate justice. We feel our area is a case study in this approach to addressing environmental, social, and racial injustices.

Respectfully yours,

Minerva C. Acosta

Retired School Administrator/Teacher

Lenerse acute

Jorge F. Acosta Jr. Software Engineer

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# **The Acosta Family**

July 24, 2024

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Minerva C. Acosta Retired School Administrator/Teacher

Lenerse acute

Jorge F. Acosta Jr. Software Engineer



#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

# **Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry Consultation**

2 messages

Ignatius Harding <i harding@friars.us>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 9:35 PM

To: "BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov>

Subject: Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry

2024

February 22,

Brother Ignacio Harding ofm

Cabrini Migrant Ministry Fraternity

Dear U.S. GSA,

I, brother Ignacio Harding ofm, am in support of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE)

I use the bridge often and strongly suggest the removal and relocation of semi-commercial trucks and related traffic from the BOTA LPOE in both directions.

Please seek sustainable alternatives that remove the issue of idling commercial internal combustion vehicles and implement solutions that provide opportunities that don't further escalate issues present such as poor air quality for the poor in the whole surrounding area.

Why not implement public transportation on the BOTA LPOE?

Can we not find a way to implement conveyor technology for cargo loads on our international bridges?

It is of great concern to me that demolishing the El Paso County Coliseum will only devalue the area more and deconstruction is undesirable for local economics as well as maintaining the historical significance to our region.

Sincerely,

Brother Ignacio Harding ofm

Cabrini migrant Ministry

Fraternity

465 Gallagher Street

El Paso, TX 79915

The information contained in this message, including but not limited to any attachments, may be confidential. It is not intended for transmission to, or receipt by, any unauthorized persons. If you have received this message in error, please (i) do not read it, (ii) reply to the sender that you received the message in error, and (iii) erase or destroy the message and any attachments or copies. Any disclosure, copying, distribution or reliance on the contents of this message or its attachments is strictly prohibited, and may be unlawful. Unless expressly stated otherwise, nothing contained in this message should be construed as a digital or electronic signature, nor is it intended to reflect an intention to make an agreement by electronic means.

Please consider the environment before printing this email or its attachments.

BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
solution in the comment of the comm

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:42 PM

To: Ignatius Harding <iharding@friars.us>

Hello Brother Harding,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

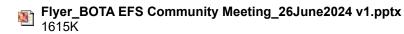
**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

[Quoted text hidden]

#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



Proposed Improvements at the Sindge of The Americas Land Part of Entry (LPOE)
El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestra del Puente de las Americas Cundado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas I el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME NOMBER CONTINUE CAMPAGE
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN TY ILON DE FLATA
MODRESS/DIRECTION 5837 F. GOVER 12 88 Party 4590
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO G15-328-3321
MANU CORRED ELECTRÔNICO

Please respond with any freedom's, continuing an the book at in an adictional therif if nyceroury. This comment form may be curred in today, empired or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and waited to the team and will be incorporated into the ETS accument.

Kertu K. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Enwonmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs University Taylor St. Ruom 12-8, FW, TX 76101

#### BOTA NEPACOMMENTS@gsu.gov

Pay Javor, responde con cualquier comentario y continue na la parte posserior a en una knju marcinimi si es mirenano. Este farmulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hay o enviado por correo electridaição a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav axios del 15 de Enero de 2024 a enviar por exiren a la siguieram direction.

Korta R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PRS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Drumah
319 Taylor St. Room 12-R. FW: TX 76102

No podemios responsee minimisusmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es comunida y escurada pre el équipa. Trista las comentarios se abordante en el documento E15.

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	No	Tareko	15 Bu	Seni Be Trave	6
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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The American Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Paso County, El Paso, Texas June 26, 2024

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puenta de las Américas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas I el 26 de junio de 2024

NAME/ NOMBRE Y APEL	100 Cynthia Kenteria
DESANIZATION/ ORGAN	excon acting for Delte Neighborhood
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	354 Francis St.
TELEPHONE/TELEFOND	9/5/637-30186
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTRO	

Filense respond with any feedback, you may write on the back or include additional sheet() if necessary. This community form may be turned in today, emailed as mailed to the following prior to JULY 26, 2624. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcomed and wakrable to the team and will be incorporated into the Life should be should be incorporated into the Life should be should be incorporated into the Life should be should be

Karla R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager

Lawrence State and Safety & Health Brokeli

(ISA/PEL, Facilities Management and Service Program Contract

819 Toylor St., Robert 12-B, FW, TN 76107

# **BOTA NEPACOMMENTS BUSINESS**

Por favor dego sus commitarios a la persona indicada, ustad purilir comitinair e envisionem en la partir publichin il no una lucia advicanal si es necesario. Este farmulario de commitarios puede ser entregado fició, por córreo etectrimico, a al cádigo postal untos del 26 de Aillo de 2024 a la siguiente dirección. Su anomación es bienverinte y valuendo por moestro equipa. Aunque no podemen respondes individualmente, sus comenticios sento interpopular en el documento EC.

Early R. Curmidiael NEPA Program Mohayir
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PSS. Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
829 Taylor St. Roma 22 R. Feb. TX 76102.

EQTA NEFACOMMENTS@wsa.gov

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS	onlin	4 which	relocator
commercial traffic	avery	fromBo	A



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

E) Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS. Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestra del Puente de las Americas. Crindado de El Pasa, El Pasa, Texas I el 13 de Diciombre de 2023.

ORGANIZATION/ DRGAN	entria Renteria nelle NA.
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	354 Francis 34.
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO	915-637-3016

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Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PIS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St. Woods 12 B, FW, TX 76102

## BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Par favor, responda con cualquier comentorio y continue en la parte posterior a en una litija administi des emerennis. Este formulario de comentarios puede ses entregado hay a corrado por correa eléctrônica: a **BOTA NEPACOMMENTSE que gav** antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o envias por carrep a la signienté délection

Karla H. Cammichael NEPA Program Manager
Emitramental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Genelar
#19 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karlo R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

# BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gso.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la porte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

#### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

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> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St., Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

# **BOTA NEPA Comments**

1 message

**Celia Aguilar** <celia@mujerobrera.org>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Mon, Jul 22, 2024 at 1:37 PM

Without a defined plan or timeline, Alternative 1A is misleading and deceptive. The only option that is certain to get the trucks out is Alternative 4. With all of the sources of pollution already plaguing the area, the vulnerability of the residents, and the communities near the bridge being in the 99th percentile in diesel particulate matter, the only reasonable option is to get the trucks out now. Bipartisan Infrastructure funding should be used to address issues of environmental justice and Alternative 4 would do that.

Celia Aguilar



GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period end DEC. 1, 2024 We encourage you to send your comments to:

with the email subject line reading
"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"
or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration,
Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Ma

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

#### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

#### **Public Comment:**

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

NAME/NOMBRE

312 (ORAND TETON

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN

EL PASO TX 79912

CITY/CIUDAD STATE/ESTADO ZIP CODE/CÓDIGO POSTAL

PHONE/TELEFONO\*

EMAIL/CORRECT

El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a: The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

Comentario público:

Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

AGE/EDAD\*: \_\_\_\_\_ RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional



#### BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

#### **BOTA LPOE DRAFT EIS**

1 message

Cemelli Aztlan <cemelli@mujerobrera.org>

Mon, Dec 2, 2024 at 2:09 PM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>, Karla Carmichael - 7PMC <karla.carmichael@gsa.gov>, Daniel Partida - 7PCA <daniel.partida@gsa.gov>, charlie.hart@gsa.gov

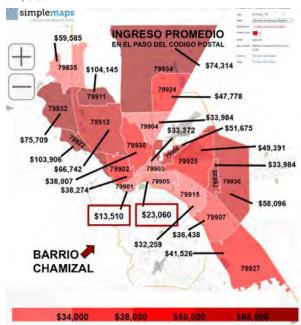
Cc: Hilda Villegas <a href="hilda@mujerobrera.org">hilda@mujerobrera.org</a>, "Paola Camacho(ELP)" <PCamacho@trla.org</a>, Celia Aguilar <celia@mujerobrera.org</a>, Raymond Surya <raymond.surya@mujerobrera.org>

Dear Mr. Charlie Hart, Mr. Daniel Patrida, Ms. Karla Carmichael & GSA officials/staff:

We, Familias Unidas del Chamizal, are writing to submit our concerns and demands in regards to the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) international port-of-entry renovation project in our neighborhood - barrio Chamizal in El Paso, Texas. We, as residents who are directly affected by the emissions produced at BOTA; and whereas we, residents who are and will be directly affected by the decisions and/or consequences that result from the BOTA renovations, demand that our health be prioritized (SEE: STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH: EPA EJ SCREEN CHAMIZAL 2024) and that the GSA finalize the recommendation of Alternative 4; which eliminates semi-truck commercial cargo operations from BOTA. This is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Viable Action Alternative #4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes Environmental Justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Viable Action Alternative #4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

#### **CUMULATIVE IMPACTS CONSIDERATION**

Our neighborhood, Barrio Chamizal, is directly located on the US/Mexico border and has a predominantly poor population with more than 7000+ residents, overwhelmingly Spanish speaking families, living in a dense area, approximately 2 sq.miles. According to the 2020 Census, the two zip codes within the Chamizal neighborhood (79901 & 79905) represent median incomes in severe poverty, below \$13,500/year (79901) and below \$23,060/year (79905). Barrio Chamizal's demographics (Census Tracts 28 & 29 and portions of Census Tracts 20 & 21) include: 96.9 % Latino/a, 92.8% Spanish speaking, 81.6% low income, with the majority- 58.1% living below the poverty line, and 68.3 % of households with children under 18 in single-headed households.

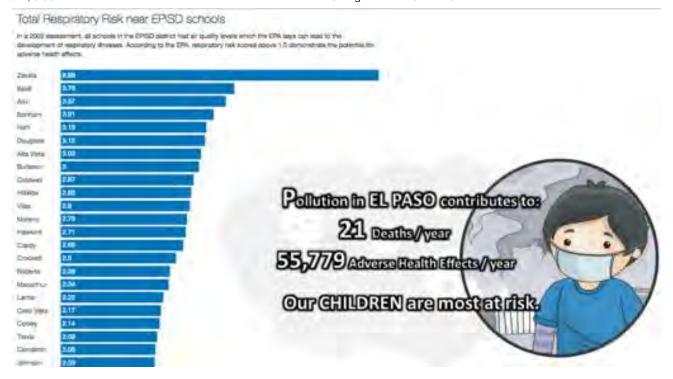


The environmental injustice in barrio Chamizal overburdens residents who can least afford it. The current conditions make residents, especially children, women and elders, more susceptible to serious adverse effects on their health. The socioeconomic conditions of the families in the barrio become a major stressor when exposed to high levels of air pollution. The cumulative impacts overburdening the Chamizal community is particularly concerning because of exasperating effects. A snapshot of our neighborhood, barrio Chamizal reveals stark health disparities, varying in affects according to one's proximity to toxic sources of pollution. Low-life expectancy and documented asthma cases double within a 2-mile radius of barrio Chamizal. The compounded effect of social and environmental injustices in south side El Paso are unseen anywhere in the city. According to EPA's EJScreen, our asthma rates rank our neighborhood in the 80-95th percentile to other neighborhoods in the U.S. and Air Toxic Cancer Risk rank in the 95-100th percentile. The Climate & Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST) qualifies the Chamizal neighborhood as historically underinvested, in the 99th percentile for poverty and ranks the neighborhood in the 95th percentile for lacking green space. The EPA IRA Disadvantaged Communities Map designated barrio Chamizal as disadvantaged and the EPA Environmental Justice Screen ranks the Chamizal neighborhood in the 95-100 percentile in all the following: Ozone, Diesel Particulate Matter, Air Toxics Cancer Risk (Lifetime cancer risk from inhalation of air toxics), Traffic Proximity, Lead Paint, RMP Facilities (potential chemical accident management plan), Hazardous Waste Proximity (hazardous waste management facilities) (TSDFs & LQGs), Underground Storage Tanks, and Wastewater Dischargers Indicator (Stream Proximity & Toxic Concentration).



#### CHILDREN'S HEALTH & ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE CONSIDERATION

Barrio Chamizal is surrounded by stark examples of environmental injustice- BOTA, the second busiest portof-entry on the US/MEX border is overloaded with commercial semi truck traffic that emits dangerous levels
of pollution everyday next to our neighborhood and schools: Bowie High School and Zavala Elementary.
The children on campus are exposed to high levels of air pollution linked to life-long health issues, including
cancer risks and affects to cognitive growth, including lower GPAs. Numerous studies have shown that diesel
truck exposure and near highway exposure pose a grave danger and have everlasting effects in the health of
children, women and elders. There is a higher risk of asthma for children living within ½ mile of a highway
and higher risk of asthma when exposed to traffic pollution at school. Among children, studies show reduced
lung growth in children living within 1,640 feet of a highway. For women, long-term exposure to trafficrelated air pollution is linked to premature births, breast cancer and diabetes. For adults, higher long-term
exposure to traffic is associated with new cases of heart disease, and both short-term and long-term exposure
to traffic-related air pollution is related to cardiovascular deaths and illness. Traffic pollution is linked to
increased lung cancer in people who never smoked (See: Resident Testimony).



In October 2024, we hosted a toxic tour for EPA officials, including the EPA Region 6 Administrator and the Region 6 Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Unit, and highlighted the hazards surrounding public schools and housing, citing the Environmental Health impacts on our children. During the tour, EPA officials noted our situation as comparable to cancer alley, one of the most polluted places in the nation. At each stop, officials witnessed the unjustifiable hazards our children are exposed to. Eliminating commercial cargo semitrucks from BOTA would have profound environmental health effects on a community that has been overburdened for too long. The children are our navigating guides in all we do because they are our future; and though filled with potential and possibilities, they are also the most vulnerable and most susceptible to the contaminants we breathe. The negative long term health consequences that come from exposure to high emissions during critical stages of development are forever, and can negatively affect a family for multiple lifetimes.

Excerpts from article: <u>EL PASO MATTERS</u>, <u>Residents near Bridge of the Americas demand action on truck pollution; businesses warn of economic impacts</u>, October 27, 2024:

Chamizal residents argue other segments of El Paso don't have to face as many challenges and sources of pollution at the same time. "We have a right to exist in a place where we are free of all these environmental stressors and environmental injustices," Villegas said. "Industry has always been considered before us, the residents." "When it comes to diesel contamination, it's super, super horrible for a child's development," Villegas said. "It's the smallest fibers, particles that go inside and get embedded in the bloodstream."

"I don't disagree with the activists from the Chamizal," Calvo, MPO director said. "You have a school (Zavala Elementary) right there in front of the bridge, and you have all the trucks not only northbound but also southbound."

#### RESIDENTS' PUBLIC HEALTH CONSIDERATION

Resident testimony excerpts from <u>EL PASO CITY COUNCIL MEETING PUBLIC COMMENTS ON OCTOBER 8, 2024</u> Agenda Item #31, regarding BOTA public health issues:

Maria Rodriguez (video @ 2:06): "I come here as a human to speak on behalf of Familias Unidas. I have been living in that area for 27 years. A year and a half ago, my son was diagnosed with cancer. The specialists do not know the reason for this diagnosis. He does not smoke, he does not do drugs. And, I personally attribute this to the contamination. And this problem of contamination is not only something that affects my family and me, who suffer from allergies continually, but it affects the whole community. If someone could take a walk through the neighborhood there, one could see that there are a lot of schools there and kids there, and everyone is constantly suffering from allergies. There are a lot of testimonies from different families, from people who are elderly, that are children, that are suffering from this contamination. In fact, there is a child here in Familias Unidas who is already tired of constantly suffering and dealing with this contamination. So I come, as a representative of Familias Unidas, to ask for a humane decision with regards to our community. I appeal to you that you can render a decision that is favorable to the health of the Barrio. I have noticed that, 24 hours a day, there are commercial trucks that are crossing back and forth between the US and Mexico every day, and the smoke that comes from the trucks is black. It is totally contaminated, and this is what we are breathing. I understand that the economy is very important to you all, but something that is even more important is the health of the community around this bridge. And it's not only the community in the Chamizal, but it's also the people on the other side, where there are more people who are sick from illnesses such as asthma, allergies, and daily coughs. Lastly, I ask that you all please, think of us in a humane way. Put yourselves in our shoes, if you would like to and are able to, and think for a moment about the quality of life that we are experiencing in the Chamizal."



(video @ 2:12) "I am Maria Luisa de Amaya, and I am here to support everything that everyone has said here. I am a resident of the Chamizal neighborhood and I am part of Familias Unidas as well. So I come here to ask that you think of the Chamimzal neighborhood in a humane way, because it's too much, the losses that we have already suffered. There are too many diseases here. I myself have a daughter who lost her baby, and the doctors said it was due to the contamination in the neighborhood. So this is something that is critical, and it is something beyond just respiratory conditions. I come here, thinking of this, to ask you all to really think through this. I am not asking you to send the contamination somewhere else, but know that in our community, there is no more room for more contamination. We have the recycling plants, we have the buses, and we can't take any more. That is why I'm saying this. There are a lot of stories of the contamination, and while for me, mine is the most critical, for my friends and neighbors, they have their own stories, and their stories are the most critical. The need is big in our area, and this need is urgent. Also, in our area you have the trucks driving by Zavala Elementary, and there are a lot of children there. And I think it's not fair, I think it's not fair for us to have all the pollution the trucks are producing right there. Also, as I was saying, we have a lot of other sources of contamination. We have the train, we have the recycling plants, we have the

cardboard business that every so often ignites on fire. And so we can't do it anymore, we can't take anymore contamination. So I will ask you to please think of this, and realize that the need in the Chamizal area is urgent. Please take us into account, consider us. And for there to be no more deaths because of this. Thank



(video @ 2:18) "I am Josefina Lerma. I come from Barrio Chamizal, I have already lived there for 38 years. I feel like we are abandoned, we are surrounded by many sources of contamination, and they are affecting our health. I have a granddaughter of 2 years, and the doctor is saying she may grow up with asthma, because she suffers from allergies often. All of my family suffers from allergies, and the doctor says that this is because of the pollution. Right now, she is sick, and there is a school there right next to the bridge, and we feel for the kids who go there. Perhaps some mothers do not realize all the pollution their children are being exposed to from their school next to the bridge, but when those kids grow up they will have health issues later on. And we don't know what that school is doing right there. We feel abandoned, like no one pays any attention to us, but we continue in our fight for the sake of our health. Right now I am good, and then tomorrow I will wake up coughing and unable to speak, and the doctor says this is because of the pollution. Sometimes the odor of the smog wakes us up. Maybe it's because our lungs are already ruined, or damaged. We are surrounded by these sources of pollution. There are schools right next to the bridge, and elderly people who are suffering from different diseases in their lungs from the pollution. Many people come here to fight for the economy or financial gain. We come to fight for our health, and the health of our kids and the health of our community. We know that there are trucks passing through there, but that's not the only bridge they can use to cross. Soon, they will have to close that bridge, and we know you will look for solutions for the trucks that will have to find another way to cross. And we hope you will keep that solution so they don't have to come back to our neighborhood. Us, what we want is our health, that of ourselves and our children



and all the children around the bridge."

Excerpts from article: **THE GUARDIAN** 'You can taste it': El Paso residents fear air pollution will worsen after border crossing upgrade, Benton Graham, published Feb. 13, 2024

'At Bridge of the Americas, one of the region's most popular ports of entry, this slow crawl across the border is a near daily occurrence – and residents of surrounding communities say the resulting air pollution is killing them. The port is the city's only toll-free one, making it especially attractive to the hundreds of thousands of

commercial vehicles that cross there annually. The bridge's facilities are over 50 years old and federal regulators say they are in urgent need of revitalization. But local environmental advocates say such an effort would cater to the needs of the business owners who use the port over the health concerns of the residents who live next door. "It's a public health issue. Lives are being affected," said Cemelli de Aztlan, a community organizer with La Mujer Obrera, an El Paso organization committed to empowering working women of Mexican heritage. She worries that local leaders aren't doing enough to elevate the concerns of its most vulnerable residents. "To dismiss the health of residents and prioritize [industry] is not acceptable."

South-central El Paso has historically been home to working-class communities like the San Xavier neighborhood, where residents say their feedback on infrastructure projects has previously been ignored. Ricardo Leon has lived in San Xavier, adjacent to the Bridge of the Americas, for the majority of the last 60 years. He said he's developed a cough from exposure to diesel fumes from the trucks that cross the border every day. "They're just idling and you can smell everything. On a hot day, it's very, very irritating, annoying. You just can't stand it. Your eyes start burning, you feel it in your throat, you can taste it," Leon said.

Poor air quality has long been a community issue for this region of El Paso. The Environmental Protection Agency puts the diesel particulate matter, traffic proximity, and air toxics cancer risks in the neighborhoods surrounding the Bridge of the Americas in the 95-100th percentile range compared with the rest of the country. The American Lung Association ranked El Paso as the 14th worst city in the US for ozone pollution, giving it an F rating.

Penelope Quintana, a public health professor at San Diego State University who studies the impact of idling trucks near ports of entry, said air pollution from vehicles can increase the incidence of asthma, heart disease and type 2 diabetes. "Heavy duty trucks spew out much more pollution than passenger vehicles, and it tends to be very toxic pollution," Quintana said.

Indeed, south-central El Paso has some of the city's highest asthma rates, with all US census tracts in the area above the 8% national average, according to the Maps for Equity project. Leon and his neighbors worry pollution could get even worse if the federal government's \$700m investment in revamping the Bridge of Americas expands the port and encourages more companies to open factories in nearby Mexico. The port currently sees 200,000 commercial trucks cross yearly.'

# CITY CLIMATE ACTION PLAN CONSIDERATION

According to the City's Regional Climate Action Plan, transportation is the # 1 source of air pollution and generates 40% of greenhouse gas emissions in our region. Removing the idling commercial semi-trucks from BOTA is in alignment with the Climate Action Plan: <a href="https://www.elpasotexas.gov/assets/Documents/CoEP/Community-Development/Climate-Action/EP-Priority-Climate-Action-Plan-03.01.2024.pdf">https://www.elpasotexas.gov/assets/Documents/CoEP/Community-Development/Climate-Action/EP-Priority-Climate-Action-Plan-03.01.2024.pdf</a> (pg v)

# NAAQS PM 2.5 UPDATE CONSIDERATION

We, as residents, have been paying a high toll on our health because of long overdue environmental injustices in our neighborhood. In 2023, when we traveled to Washington DC to present resident testimonies alerting the federal government of the soot & smog public health crisis, we spoke to EPA leadership, to

include the Office of Air and Radiation and Office of Environmental Justice, the White House Climate Policy Office, the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee, and we advocated for stricter Clean Air Act national standards for soot and smog, which are overwhelmingly emitted from semi trucks and refineries. In October 2023, the EPA updated the Clean Air Act standards on soot (PM2.5) to a stricter standard, strengthening protections from 12 µg/m3 to 9 µg/m3. This newly established standard would classify El Paso as not meeting standards (non-attainment) when it goes into effect in 2025 if El Paso does nothing to address the PM2.5 pollution now. Additionally, the Draft EIS includes the old NAAQS standard for annual PM 2.5 of 12 ug/m<sup>3</sup>. The standard was approved/updated to 9 ug/m<sup>3</sup> on February 7, 2024 (Below is page 1-17 of the EIS, which needs to be updated to the new NAAQS standard):

Table 1-6. National Ambient Air Quality Standards Primary and Secondary NAAQS.	Table 1-6.	National Ambie	nt Air Quality Stand	dards Primary and Sec	condary NAAQS.
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Air Pollutant	Averaging Time	Primary NAAQS <sup>1</sup>	Secondary NAAQS
00	1-hour 8-hour	35 ppm 9 ppm	None None
NO2	1-hour Annual	0.10 ppm 0.053 ppm	Note 0.053 ppm
90:	3-hour 1-hour	0.075 ppm	0.50 pprt Norm
PMil	24-hour	150 µg/m²	150 pg/m <sup>2</sup>
PMLI	Annual 24-hour	12.0 µg/m <sup>2</sup> 35 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	15.0 usm 25 µg/m²
d).	8-hour	0,070 ppm	G O Ad ppm
Phi.	Rating 3-mounty average.	0.15 µg/m	8.16 pam

The elimination of the commercial cargo operations from BOTA would greatly reduce the congestion problem, and as cited in the initial BOTA NEPA DEIS, and would create at least a 33% decrease in toxic air pollution. The reduction of emissions is evident when we evaluate the dates in which the Governor of Texas shut down cargo from the BOTA during the following dates: September 15, 2023-October 10, 2023. Reviewing data (SEE ATTACHED) from when the bridge was closed to commercial traffic, one can see how much the idling diesel trucks contribute to Particulate Matter pollution. Data from the TCEQ Continuous Air Monitor shows that from 09/15/2023 to 10/10/2023, while the bridge was closed to commercial traffic, PM 2.5 averaged **8.36 ug/m^3**. This is below the updated NAAQS Standard of 9 ug/m^3. The month prior from 8/15/2023 to 9/10/2023, PM 2.5 averaged **9.11 ug/m<sup>3</sup>**, while the month after from 10/15/2023 to 11/10/2023, PM 2.5 averaged 9.75 ug/m<sup>3</sup>. Thus, only the month without the diesel trucks was in compliance with the new NAAQS standards for PM 2.5.

## TORNILLO INTERNATIONAL PORT-OF-ENTRY CONSIDERATION

When the Tornillo port-of-entry was planned and constructed, the intention was for international cargo trucks. Though the BOTA was not built to withstand the weight and ware of impacts of the commercial semitrucks, the Tornillo port-of-entry was built with the intention of withstanding heavy semi trucks while processing that international cargo (see El Paso Times article). Yet, the DEIS does not consider the potential of the Tornillo POE in accommodating the rerouted trucks from BOTA and/or Zaragoza/Ysleta POE. Both Congresswoman Escobar and the CPB have stated that the Tornillo POE is ready to process 1000 commercial trucks per day. This needs to be considered in the NEPA evaluation. Furthermore, considering that the majority of cargo is destined to the El Paso Airport, it is important to note

that there is an airport in Tornillo, too, and the potential of rerouting commercial trucks in that direction should be considered.

#### **DECOMMISSIONED SEMI-TRUCKS CONSIDERATION**

For years, the Mexican government has allowed for the sale of outdated U.S. semi-trucks to those willing to buy in Mexico. These trucks are not allowed to travel throughout the United States, yet there is an exception made around the border for these decommissioned semi-trucks, which are considered 'short-distance' trucks and are 'allowed' to travel a few miles (12mi) into the US despite NOT meeting national standards and regulations. (See the commercial zone, which has been expanded to include the Tornillo POE.) The majority of commercial semi-trucks crossing the BOTA daily are those decommissioned semi-trucks the US does not allow to travel here because they do not meet emission standards (SEE PICTURE OF BLACK SOOT ON SEMI-TRUCK NEXT TO ZAVALA ELEMENTARY, HEADED SOUTH TOWARD BOTA) These semi-trucks are not the 'cleaner' less soot producing semi-trucks used in California; the semi-trucks passing at the BOTA each and every day are the decommissioned ones that the US government does not allow to travel anywhere else in the US. This reality should be considered and weighed when estimating the air contaminants from these semi-trucks crossing the bridge, in addition to how these specific types of decommissioned semi-trucks further affect our health. 'Death by a thousand cuts' has been said to describe the long history of waivers, exceptions, and loopholes that exclude our community from basic rights and protections that most people take for granted.



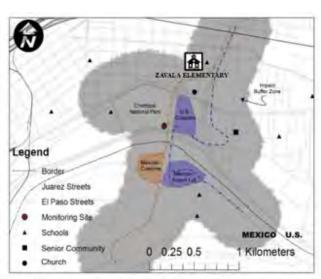
A <u>2018 study</u> reveals large diesel trucks to be the greatest contributors to harmful black carbon emissions close to major roadways, indicating that vehicle types matter more than traffic volume for near-road air pollution. "Whether it be cancer, respiratory problems, cardiac problems or neurodegenerative problems, there are numerous adverse health effects associated with the chemicals in these emissions. If we were able to reduce emission of pollutants like black carbon, we would also see an immediate climate benefit."

Further, there needs to be consistency in evaluating air quality impacts, specifically imputing projections that might only account for standard semi-trucks vs. decommissioned semi-trucks, and/or diesel semi-trucks vs. POVs. Further, when calculating projections for both BOTA Option 1 and Alternative 4, inputs should be consistent and based in reality, and as previously pointed out, Option 1's projections should include semi-trucks, as the misleading title: Future No Trucks, does not plan for nor does it guarantee an actual truck free future.

Also, the non-attainment status, extreme poverty, lack of adequate resources and infrastructure should be considered, as the commercial semi-trucks have been damaging our public roads yet do not contribute to the maintenance of those roads. The commercial semi-trucks should be rerouted to POEs that collect tolls in order to ensure contribution to maintaining the roads, ports and bridges that the industry depends on.

#### NEIGHBORHOOD & PUBLIC SCHOOLS PROXIMITY CONSIDERATION

Those involved in the planning have expressed concerns about shifting one environmental problem to another area, yet no one is considering the distance and proximity to the POE's, as the BOTA is the ONLY POE with commercial traffic in a neighborhood. The other POE's are more than 2 miles away from the POE, thus lessening exposure risks from emissions. BOTA is directly next to two Title I public schools, Zavala Elementary School and Bowie High School; and is located in one of the poorest neighborhoods in the city of El Paso, TX. For years, Zavala Elementary has dealt with substandard cooling systems, where windows are often opened for ventilation, yet no one is calculating the health effects that the dangerous fine particulate matter has on those children. Included is a snapshot of areas of expected ultrafine particle exposure, noting the proximity of both Zavala Elementary School, and Bowie H.S. (next to Chamizal National Park):



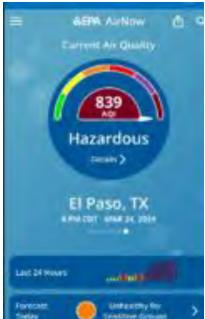


Figure 12. Areas of expected ultrafine particle exposure above background levels.

# WIND PATTERN CONSIDERATION

On particularly windy days, the air quality worsens to unbearable conditions (SEE EPA AIRNOW 839 AQI). There are numerous hazardous particles in the hard, swirling winds that we would like NEPA EIS to access and consider. Further, the wind patterns in each POE should be considered, given that the BOTA is feeding into the Chamizal neighborhoods, of which the land area's topography is basin like and the wind patterns circle the pollution problem directly into the neighborhoods and schools, creating a circling accumulation of airborne particulates as well as particulates settling on the soil that get kicked back up by winds and movement. In comparison to the Ysleta/Zaragoza POE, the wind patterns in that area blow towards the commercially-zoned area of warehouses (SEE CITY ZONING NOTICE). Also, the expectation of POV's rerouting their commute to BOTA should alleviate traffic wait times at other POEs.

#### RECOGNIZE UNIQUENESS OF BOTA: THE ONLY FREE POE ON US/MEX BORDER

In 1963, when the U.S. and Mexico declared the official international boundary between the two countries with the Treaty of Chamizal. As a result, the river was dammed in concrete and our community was divided between two countries. At that time, during the planning process, residents were discriminated against and left out of negotiations. Families shuffled and scrambled into 'new territory' as boundary lines were drawn. Many unjustly lost their homes and their community. Residents of the Chamizal demanded inclusion and reparations. The concessions they fought for and won included: the establishment of a new school, Bowie High School; the establishment of Chamizal National Park to preserve the natural integrity of the environment; and a toll-free international port of entry for residents to cross freely between the two nations that divided the Chamizal community, The Bridge of the Americas, commonly known as El Puente Libre ("the free bridge"). The concessions made did not make up for all that was lost - yet residents hoped that these spaces would protect the Chamizal community from displacement.

Today, BOTA is the only toll free POE on the US/Mexico border. The Treaty of Chamizal was designed to bring two sister cities together as one community, now divided by international boundaries, yet the maquiladora semi-trucks have taken over BOTA. The two POE's in downtown, near our neighborhood: Stanton & Paso del Norte POE's do not allow commercial semi-trucks, yet the BOTA POE in our neighborhood is overloaded with commercial semi-trucks. We, as residents of barrio Chamizal - one of the poorest neighborhoods in the US- should be able to use the BOTA toll free daily, yet because of the congestion from semi-truck pollution, often opt to travel via the downtown POE's, paying the tolls in order to avoid unbearable high levels of pollution. Worse, all our barrio schools are surrounded by serious sources of pollution. Bowie High School sits between a massive bus hub, an international port of entry overloaded with semi-trucks. Our neighborhood is treated as a dumping ground for international trade, as our schools and housing are under a cloud of pollutants that enter our lungs, hearts, brains, and blood on a daily basis. The Chamizal National Park, which students once walked through on their way to school, is now fenced and guarded, access limited, often denied. El Puente Libre, the only toll-free bridge along the U.S. - Mexico border intended for the people, is overloaded with polluting semi-trucks transporting products and industrial waste from the NAFTA maquiladora industry in Ciudad Juarez, Mexico.

# MAINTAIN NATURAL INTEGRITY OF THE CHAMIZAL CONSIDERATION

Since the Treaty of Chamizal (1963), both the US and Mexico have promised to maintain the natural integrity of the land, as expressed through the establishment of Chamizal National Park (US) and Parque Chamizal (MEX). Recently, in 2024, the Mexican government declared Parque Chamizal an ecological restoration zone. "El Chamizal is of historical, socioeconomic and cultural importance, since it is part of the identity of the people of Juárez, as a space for recreation and contact with the natural environment, immersed in the urban area of more than one and a half million inhabitants," the presidential decree states. The Parque Chamizal ecological restoration zone declaration states the following:

- Ecosystem restoration must be carried out in order to recover the continuity of ecological processes.
- The reintroduction or repopulation of wildlife must be carried out with native species or with species compatible with the original ecosystems but must not compromise or impact the recovery of other native species.
- The eradication or control of exotic, invasive exotic or harmful species must not impact the ecological and evolutionary processes.
- Scientific research and collection, environmental monitoring and environmental education must be carried out in such a way that they do not affect the restoration process and do not involve the

installation of infrastructure.

- Environmental education must be carried out in such a way that it does not alter the restoration process, nor the habitat or viability of wildlife species and populations, and does not involve the installation of infrastructure.
- Tourism and any other recreational activity may only be carried out outside the reforestation zones to be determined.
- The construction and maintenance of infrastructure in the reforestation areas that are determined is only permitted for activities related to the restoration.

Parque Chamizal in Juarez, MX is 320 acres of land adjacent to the BOTA and any and all future planning for BOTA should consider, calculate and respect the integrity of the ecological life that exists and will be restored at the Parque Chamizal.

#### LETTERS OF SUPPORT FROM ELECTED OFFICIALS CONSIDERATION

As we enter into the final planning stages of this historic funding, we know that the multinational export industries are countering any plans to remove the commercial trucks from the Bridge of the Americas/El Puente Libre, citing a supposed financial burden. The power structure has depended on these exploitative practices for so long, but resident's health has never been considered as part of the 'bottom-line.' The reality is that the maquiladora industry, a billion dollar per month industry, can afford to cross their products without jeopardizing the health and safety of vulnerable populations. We, as residents, have gained the support of our elected officials to ensure our environmental health is prioritized, and both the county commissioners court and the city council to unanimously voted in favor of sending a letter of support to GSA for removing the commercial trucks from BOTA (SEE ATTACHED).

We, as the Familias Unidas del Chamizal Neighborhood Association, urge the GSA to commit to Alternative 4, and remove the commercial cargo trucks from El Puente Libre/ The Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) in El Paso, TX. We have a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to plan for a better future with these historic funds. Please address the long-overdue public health crisis in barrio Chamizal, and protect the health and civil rights of families who live here by fulfilling the promise and intent of these important federal funds. Removing the commercial trucks from El Puente/BOTA is in the best interest of the city of El Paso and will have long term benefits for generations to come. Thank you.

Respectfully,

Hilda Villegas & Cemelli de Aztlan President & Secretary

Familias Unidas del Chamizal Neighborhood Association

ATTACHMENTS: FAMILIAS UNIDAS DEL CHAMIZAL BOTA NEPA DEIS LETTER PDF ATTACHED; CITATIONS, ELECTED OFFICIALS LETTERS OF SUPPORT; 109 COMMUNITY PUBLIC COMMENTS PDFs, AIR QUALITY DATA, PUBLIC HEALTH SNAPSHOTS & NEWS ARTICLE LINKS



#### 9 attachments

BOTA NEPA 12 01 2024 REFERENCE ATTACHMENTS.pdf

Air Quality Data\_v3.xlsx

Air Quality Data\_v2.xlsx

Reports\_v2.xlsx 1448K

Reports\_v3.xlsx 1869K

Reports\_v2\_updated.xlsx

elected officials letters of support 2024.pdf

BOTA DEIS NEPA 109 COMMENTS SUBMITTED 12 01 2024.pdf 11309K

FINAL FAMILIAS UNIDAS DEL CHAMIZAL NEPA BOTA LETTER 12 02 2024.pdf



We encourage you to send your comments to:

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with the email subject line reading

with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

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#### **Public Comment:**

Date:

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#### BOTA neparomments@usa.gov

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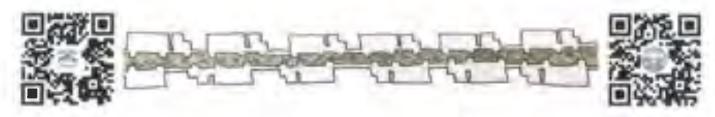
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

AGE/EDAD\*: 2 RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional



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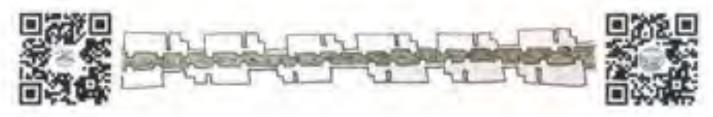
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Signature

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GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period end bec. 1, 2024 We encourage you to send your comments to:

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**Additional Comments/Comentarios** Adicionales:

AGE/EDAD\*:

RACE/RAZA\*

\*Optional





We encourage you to send your comments to:

BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS" or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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El Paso TX 79908 CITY/CIUDAD STATE/ESTADO ZIP CODE/CÓDIGO POSTAL

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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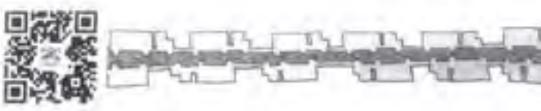
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Rosalba Carrasco
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715) 356-6677
MAIL/CORREO*
GE/EDAD*:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

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Additional Comments/Comentarios
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Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager,

El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre.

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# Additional Comments/Comentarios

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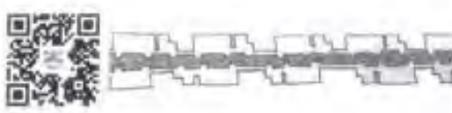
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NAME/NOMBRE:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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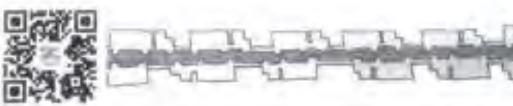
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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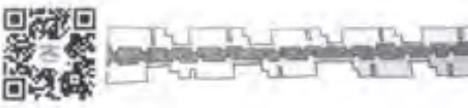
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature

Date:





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or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

# **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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Comentario público:

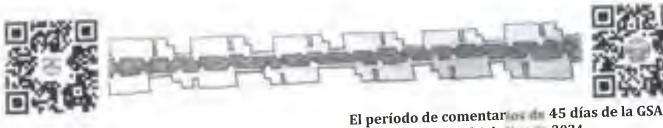
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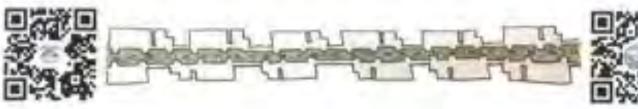
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GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024 We encourage you to send your comments to:

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# NAME/NOMBRE:

Tania U. Grewers

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con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

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Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date:



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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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EMAIL/CORREO\*

AGE/EDAD\*:

RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date: 10 29 2074







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NAME/NOMBRE:

Francisco Alfaro

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

29 1 Central Aue 287, El paso, Tx, 9905

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

AGE/EDAD\*:

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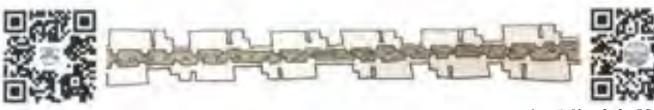
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# NAME/NOMBRE:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature

Date: 10/29/20



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ADDRESS DIRECTION:

768 Dr. El Paso IV

EMAIL/CORRECT

AGE/EIND\*: 37

NAME/NOMBRE:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Comentario público:

El Paso, TX

septiembre de 2024 para la

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El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre,

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NAME/NOMBRE:

DANIEL	LEFERVRE
ADDRESS/DIREC	CCIÓN:

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PHONE/TELEFONO\*

WA 98109

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AGE/EDAD\*

Signature:

Date:

RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

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AGE/EDAD\*:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date: 29-067-2024





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PHONE/TELEFONO\*-

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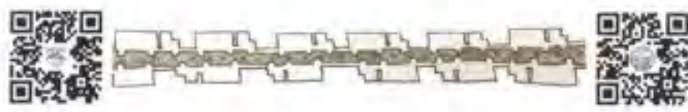
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

# **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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Comentario público:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature

Date: 10/29/24





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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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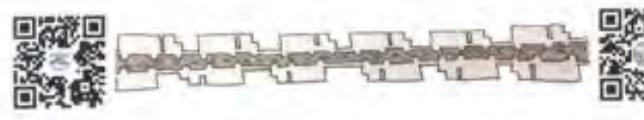
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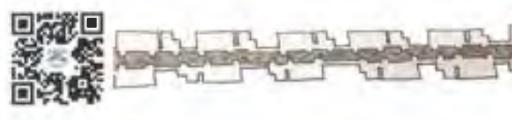
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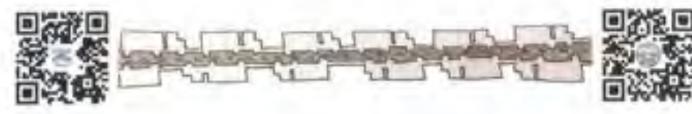
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# BOTA nepacomments@gsa.gov

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**Additional Comments/Comentarios** Adicionales:

AGE/EDAD*:	RACE/RAZA*
*Optional	



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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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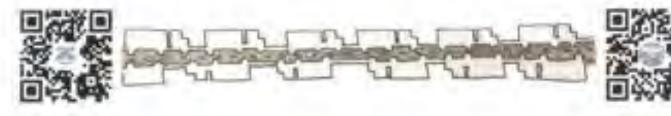
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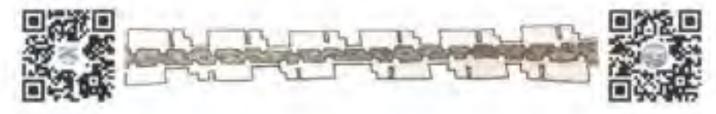
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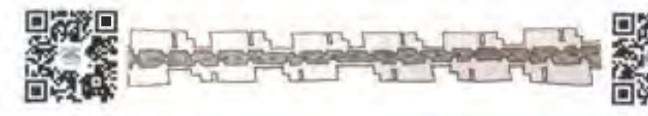
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Additional Comments/Come	ntarios
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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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# Comentario público:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

AGE/EDAD\*

RACE/RAZA\*

\*Optional



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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date: W/31/24



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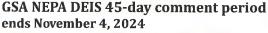
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<b>Additional Con</b>	nments/Comentarios
Adicionales:	

Signature:	Jessica Martin	Sec.
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Additional Comments/Comentarios
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Signatura
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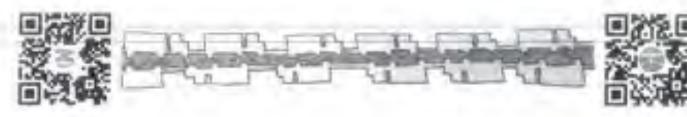
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date: 10119124



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RACE/RAZA\* Mexican American \*Optional

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**Additional Comments/Comentarios** Adicionales:

Signature: Melissa huso
Date: 10.19.24





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NAME/NOMBRE:

Catherine Cort

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

(585)309-5722

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Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

BOTA nepacomments@gsa.gov con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

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Comentario público:

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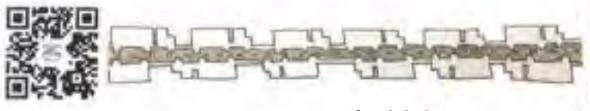
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# Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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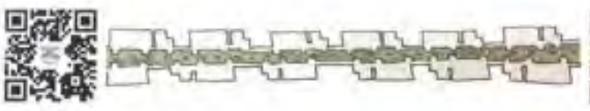
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(915) 502-620-

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ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

1915)787-069

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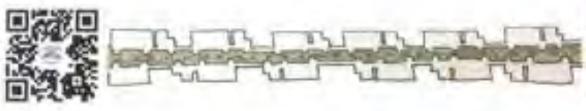
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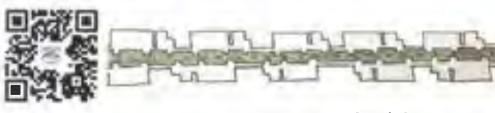
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S 024 Draft Envi al Impact
S r the Proposed rnization of the
Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso,
TX

#### **Public Comment:**

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding environmental impacts and

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Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:



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Comentario público:

El Paso, TX

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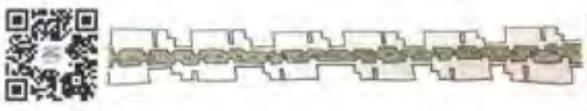
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fermin. goosta@mail.com **EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

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Comentario público:

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Cumentaria publico:

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**Additional Comments/Comentarios** 

I AM IN TOTAL SUPPORT TO ELIMINATE 18 WHEELERS FROM CROSSING THROUGH THE BISAGE OF AMERICAS!!





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NAME/NOMBRE:

FEIZMINI TOMANO

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Additional Comments/Comentarios
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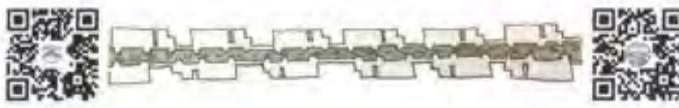
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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature: 10-17-202



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El Paso, TX

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GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024

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#### NAME/NOMBRE:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Maura Agrilera Address/direction:
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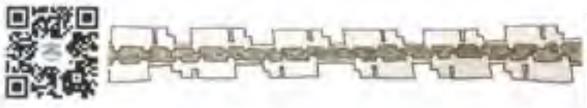
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Additional Comment	s/Comentarios
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Additional Comments/Comentarios

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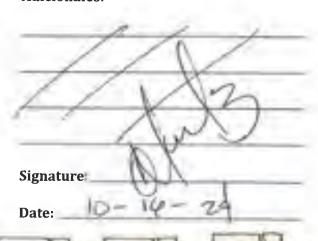
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## Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:





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### NAME/NOMBRE:

Emma Tolanda ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN: 136 Ma ca

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RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

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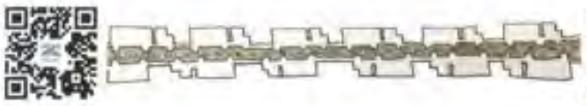
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#### NAME/NOMBRE:

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#### NAME/NOMBRE:

Katherine Villegas ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN:

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PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

(915) 288 7007 EMAIL/CORREO\*

Kathering@mujerobreva.org

AGE/EDAD\*: 23 RACE/RAZA\* - S and \*Optional

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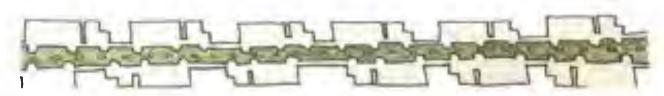
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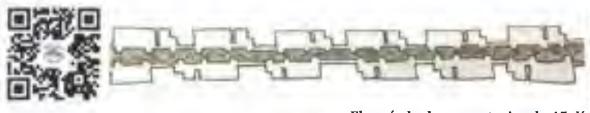
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NAME/NOMBRE:

Teresa Lova Address/dirección:

43/2 Leeds

PHONE/TELEFONO\*: 915-215-3588

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AGE/EDAD\* \_\_\_\_\*Optional

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Signature: 16-007-2074

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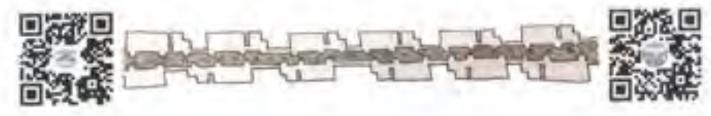
# Comentario Público September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

NOMBRE:	Roman Silva
DIRECCIÓN	Tlancela 1417 Col. Salvavica

#### **Public Comment:**

Como residente de Juárez, apoyo la selección de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 de la GSA que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire que daña a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. Ahora, el Puente de las Américas tiene las filas más largas para cruzar. Eliminar el tráfico de las trocas comerciales prioriza a los residentes, ya que eliminar la carga comercial va a ampliar la capacidad del puente para que los individuos y familias de El Paso y Juárez crucen más rápido. Según el Tratado de Chamizal de 1963, El Puente Libre fue hecho para la gente, no para el comercio. Al retirar la carga comercial, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública y el interés de los residentes.

#### **Comentarios Adicionales:**



GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024 We encourage you to send your comments to:

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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

#### Public Comment:

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

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El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

#### BOTA nepacomments@gsa.goV

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a: The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

#### Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

#### Comentario público:

Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

AGE/EDAD\* 22 RACE/RAZA\* Hippon C
\*Optional

DATE 11/27/24



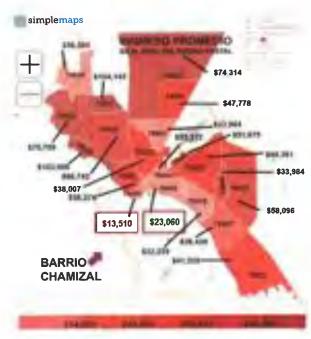
Dear Mr. Charlie Hart, Mr. Daniel Patrida, Ms. Karla Carmichael & GSA officials/staff:

We, Familias Unidas del Chamizal, are writing to submit our concerns and demands in regards to the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) international port-of-entry renovation project in our neighborhood - barrio Chamizal in El Paso, Texas. We, as residents who are directly affected by the emissions produced at BOTA; and whereas we, residents who are and will be directly affected by the decisions and/or consequences that result from the BOTA renovations, demand that our health be prioritized (SEE:

CHAMIZAL 2024) and that the GSA finalize the recommendation of Alternative 4; which eliminates semi-truck commercial cargo operations from BOTA. This is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Viable Action Alternative #4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes Environmental Justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Viable Action Alternative #4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

#### **CUMULATIVE IMPACTS CONSIDERATION**

Our neighborhood, Barrio Chamizal, is directly located on the US/Mexico border and has a predominantly poor population with more than 7000+ residents, overwhelmingly Spanish speaking families, living in a dense area, approximately 2 sq.miles. According to the 2020 Census, the two zip codes within the Chamizal neighborhood (79901 & 79905) represent median incomes in severe poverty, below \$13,500/year (79901) and below \$23,060/year (79905). Barrio Chamizal's demographics (Census Tracts 28 & 29 and portions of Census Tracts 20 & 21) include: 96.9 % Latino/a, 92.8% Spanish speaking, 81.6% low income, with the majority- 58.1% living below the poverty line, and 68.3 % of households with children under 18 in single-headed households.



The environmental injustice in barrio Chamizal overburdens residents who can least afford it. The current conditions make residents, especially children, women and elders, more susceptible



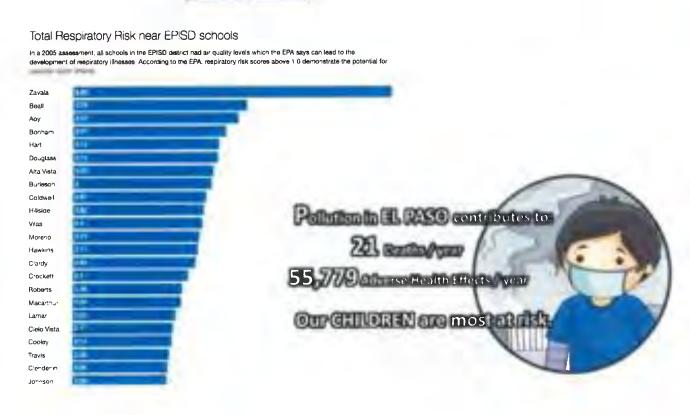
to serious adverse effects on their health. The socioeconomic conditions of the families in the barrio become a major stressor when exposed to high levels of air pollution. The cumulative impacts overburdening the Chamizal community is particularly concerning because of exasperating effects. A snapshot of our neighborhood, barrio Chamizal reveals stark health disparities, varying in affects according to one's proximity to toxic sources of pollution. Low-life expectancy and documented asthma cases double within a 2-mile radius of barrio Chamizal. The compounded effect of social and environmental injustices in south side El Paso are unseen anywhere in the city. According to EPA's EJScreen, our asthma rates rank our neighborhood in the 80-95th percentile to other neighborhoods in the U.S. and Air Toxic Cancer Risk rank in the 95-100th percentile. The Climate & Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST) qualifies the Chamizal neighborhood as historically underinvested, in the 99th percentile for poverty and ranks the neighborhood in the 95th percentile for lacking green space. The EPA IRA Disadvantaged Communities Map designated barrio Chamizal as disadvantaged and the EPA Environmental Justice Screen ranks the Chamizal neighborhood in the 95-100 percentile in all the following: Ozone, Diesel Particulate Matter, Air Toxics Cancer Risk (Lifetime cancer risk from inhalation of air toxics), Traffic Proximity, Lead Paint, RMP Facilities (potential chemical accident management plan), Hazardous Waste Proximity (hazardous waste management facilities) (TSDFs & LQGs), Underground Storage Tanks, and Wastewater Dischargers Indicator (Stream Proximity & Toxic Concentration).





#### CHILDREN'S HEALTH & ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE CONSIDERATION

Barrio Chamizal is surrounded by stark examples of environmental injustice- BOTA, the second busiest port-of-entry on the US/MEX border is overloaded with commercial semi truck traffic that emits dangerous levels of pollution everyday next to our neighborhood and schools: Bowie High School and Zavala Elementary. The children on campus are exposed to high levels of air pollution linked to life-long health issues, including cancer risks and affects to cognitive growth, including lower GPAs. Numerous studies have shown that diesel truck exposure and near highway exposure pose a grave danger and have everlasting effects in the health of children, women and elders. There is a higher risk of asthma for children living within ½ mile of a highway and higher risk of asthma when exposed to traffic pollution at school. Among children, studies show reduced lung growth in children living within 1,640 feet of a highway. For women, long-term exposure to traffic-related air pollution is linked to premature births, breast cancer and diabetes. For adults, higher long-term exposure to traffic is associated with new cases of heart disease, and both short-term and long-term exposure to traffic-related air pollution is related to cardiovascular deaths and illness. Traffic pollution is linked to increased lung cancer in people who never smoked (See:



In October 2024, we hosted a toxic tour for EPA officials, including the EPA Region 6 Administrator and the Region 6 Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Unit, and highlighted



the hazards surrounding public schools and housing, citing the Environmental Health impacts on our children. During the tour, EPA officials noted our situation as comparable to cancer alley, one of the most polluted places in the nation. At each stop, officials witnessed the unjustifiable hazards our children are exposed to. Eliminating commercial cargo semi-trucks from BOTA would have profound environmental health effects on a community that has been overburdened for too long. The children are our navigating guides in all we do because they are our future; and though filled with potential and possibilities, they are also the most vulnerable and most susceptible to the contaminants we breathe. The negative long term health consequences that come from exposure to high emissions during critical stages of development are forever, and can negatively affect a family for multiple lifetimes.

Excerpts from article: October 27, 2024:

Chamizal residents argue other segments of El Paso don't have to face as many challenges and sources of pollution at the same time. "We have a right to exist in a place where we are free of all these environmental stressors and environmental injustices," Villegas said. "Industry has always been considered before us, the residents." "When it comes to diesel contamination, it's super, super horrible for a child's development," Villegas said. "It's the smallest fibers, particles that go inside and get embedded in the bloodstream."

"I don't disagree with the activists from the Chamizal," Calvo, MPO director said. "You have a school (Zavala Elementary) right there in front of the bridge, and you have all the trucks not only northbound but also southbound."

#### RESIDENTS' PUBLIC HEALTH CONSIDERATION

Resident testimony excerpts from

Agenda Item #31, regarding BOTA public health issues:

Unidas. I have been living in that area for 27 years. A year and a half ago, my son was diagnosed



with cancer. The specialists do not know the reason for this diagnosis. He does not smoke, he does not do drugs. And, I personally attribute this to the contamination. And this problem of contamination is not only something that affects my family and me, who suffer from allergies continually, but it affects the whole community. If someone could take a walk through the



neighborhood there, one could see that there are a lot of schools there and kids there, and everyone is constantly suffering from allergies. There are a lot of testimonies from different families, from people who are elderly, that are children, that are suffering from this contamination. In fact, there is a child here in Familias Unidas who is already tired of constantly suffering and dealing with this contamination. So I come, as a representative of Familias Unidas, to ask for a humane decision with regards to our community. I appeal to you that you can render a decision that is favorable to the health of the Barrio. I have noticed that, 24 hours a day, there are commercial trucks that are crossing back and forth between the US and Mexico every day, and the smoke that comes from the trucks is black. It is totally contaminated, and this is what we are breathing. I understand that the economy is very important to you all, but something that is even more important is the health of the community around this bridge. And it's not only the community in the Chamizal, but it's also the people on the other side, where there are more people who are sick from illnesses such as asthma, allergies, and daily coughs. Lastly, I ask that you all please, think of us in a humane way. Put yourselves in our shoes, if you would like to and are able to, and think for a moment about the quality of life that we are experiencing in the Chamizal."

"I am Maria Luisa de Amaya, and I am here to support everything that everyone has said here. I am a resident of the Chamizal neighborhood and I am part of Familias Unidas as



well. So I come here to ask that you think of the Chamimzal neighborhood in a humane way, because it's too much, the losses that we have already suffered. There are too many diseases here. I myself have a daughter who lost her baby, and the doctors said it was due to the contamination in the neighborhood. So this is something that is critical, and it is something beyond just respiratory conditions. I come here,

thinking of this, to ask you all to really think through this. I am not asking you to send the

contamination. We have the recycling plants, we have the buses, and we can't take any more. That is why I'm saying this. There are a lot of stories of the contamination, and while for me, mine is the most critical, for my friends and neighbors, they have their own stories, and their stories are the most critical. The need is big in our area, and this need is urgent. Also, in our area you have the trucks driving by Zavala Elementary, and there are a lot of children there. And I think it's not fair, I think it's not fair for us to have all the pollution the trucks are producing right there. Also, as I was saying, we have a lot of other sources of contamination. We have the train, we have the recycling plants, we have the cardboard business that every so often ignites on fire. And so we can't do it anymore, we can't take anymore contamination. So I will ask you to please



think of this, and realize that the need in the Chamizal area is urgent. Please take us into account, consider us. And for there to be no more deaths because of this. Thank you."

of 38 years. I feel like we are abandoned, we are surrounded by many sources of contamination,



and they are affecting our health. I have a granddaughter of 2 years, and the doctor is saying she may grow up with asthma, because she suffers from allergies often. All of my family suffers from allergies, and the doctor says that this is because of the pollution. Right now, she is sick, and there is a school there right next to the bridge, and we feel for the kids who go there. Perhaps some mothers do not realize all the pollution their children are being exposed

to from their school next to the bridge, but when those kids grow up they will have health issues later on. And we don't know what that school is doing right there. We feel abandoned, like no one pays any attention to us, but we continue in our fight for the sake of our health. Right now I am good, and then tomorrow I will wake up coughing and unable to speak, and the doctor says this is because of the pollution. Sometimes the odor of the smog wakes us up. Maybe it's because our lungs are already ruined, or damaged. We are surrounded by these sources of pollution. There are schools right next to the bridge, and elderly people who are suffering from different diseases in their lungs from the pollution. Many people come here to fight for the economy or financial gain. We come to fight for our health, and the health of our kids and the health of our community. We know that there are trucks passing through there, but that's not the only bridge they can use to cross. Soon, they will have to close that bridge, and we know you will look for solutions for the trucks that will have to find another way to cross. And we hope you will keep that solution so they don't have to come back to our neighborhood. Us, what we want is our health, that of ourselves and our children and all the children around the bridge."

Excerpts from article: **THE GUARDIAN 'You can taste it': El Paso residents fear air**, Benton Graham, published Feb. 13, 2024

'At Bridge of the Americas, one of the region's most popular ports of entry, this slow crawl across the border is a near daily occurrence – and residents of surrounding communities say the resulting air pollution is killing them. The port is the city's only toll-free one, making it especially attractive to the hundreds of thousands of commercial vehicles that cross there annually. The bridge's facilities are over 50 years old and federal regulators say they are in urgent need of revitalization. But local environmental advocates say such an effort would cater to the needs of the business owners who use the port over the health concerns of the residents who



live next door. "It's a public health issue. Lives are being affected," said Cemelli de Aztlan, a community organizer with La Mujer Obrera, an El Paso organization committed to empowering working women of Mexican heritage. She worries that local leaders aren't doing enough to elevate the concerns of its most vulnerable residents. "To dismiss the health of residents and prioritize [industry] is not acceptable."

South-central El Paso has historically been home to working-class communities like the San Xavier neighborhood, where residents say their feedback on infrastructure projects has previously been ignored. Ricardo Leon has lived in San Xavier, adjacent to the Bridge of the Americas, for the majority of the last 60 years. He said he's developed a cough from exposure to diesel fumes from the trucks that cross the border every day. "They're just idling and you can smell everything. On a hot day, it's very, very irritating, annoying. You just can't stand it. Your eyes start burning, you feel it in your throat, you can taste it," Leon said.

Poor air quality has long been a community issue for this region of El Paso. The Environmental Protection Agency puts the diesel particulate matter, traffic proximity, and air toxics cancer risks in the neighborhoods surrounding the Bridge of the Americas in the 95-100th percentile range compared with the rest of the country. The American Lung Association ranked El Paso as the 14th worst city in the US for ozone pollution, giving it an F rating.

Penelope Quintana, a public health professor at San Diego State University who studies the impact of idling trucks near ports of entry, said air pollution from vehicles can increase the incidence of asthma, heart disease and type 2 diabetes. "Heavy duty trucks spew out much more pollution than passenger vehicles, and it tends to be very toxic pollution," Quintana said.

Indeed, south-central El Paso has some of the city's highest asthma rates, with all US census tracts in the area above the 8% national average, according to the Maps for Equity project. Leon and his neighbors worry pollution could get even worse if the federal government's \$700m investment in revamping the Bridge of Americas expands the port and encourages more companies to open factories in nearby Mexico. The port currently sees 200,000 commercial trucks cross yearly.'

#### CITY CLIMATE ACTION PLAN CONSIDERATION

According to the City's Regional Climate Action Plan, transportation is the # 1 source of air pollution and generates 40% of greenhouse gas emissions in our region. Removing the idling commercial semi-trucks from BOTA is in alignment with the Climate Action Plan:

Action-Plan (pg v)



#### **NAAQS PM 2.5 UPDATE CONSIDERATION**

We, as residents, have been paying a high toll on our health because of long overdue environmental injustices in our neighborhood. In 2023, when we traveled to Washington DC to present resident testimonies alerting the federal government of the soot & smog public health crisis, we spoke to EPA leadership, to include the Office of Air and Radiation and Office of Environmental Justice, the White House Climate Policy Office, the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee, and we advocated for stricter Clean Air Act national standards for soot and smog, which are overwhelmingly emitted from semi trucks and refineries. In October 2023, the EPA updated the Clean Air Act standards on soot (PM2.5) to a stricter standard, strengthening protections from 12  $\mu$ g/m3 to 9  $\mu$ g/m3. This newly established standard would classify El Paso as not meeting standards (non-attainment) when it goes into effect in 2025 if El Paso does nothing to address the PM2.5 pollution now. Additionally, the Draft EIS includes the old NAAQS standard for annual PM 2.5 of 12  $\mu$ g/m3. The standard was approved/ $\mu$ g/m4 to 9  $\mu$ g/m3 on February 7, 2024 (Below is page 1-17 of the EIS, which needs to be updated to the new NAAQS standard):

Table 1-6. National Ambient Air Quality Standards Primary and Secondary NAAQS.

Air Pollutant	Averaging Time	Primary HAAQS1	Secondary NAAQS
со	1-hour 8-hour	35 ppm 9 ppm	None None
NO2	1-hour Annual	0.10 ppm 0.053 ppm	None 0.053 ppm
SO <sub>2</sub>	3-hour 1-hour	0. ppm	0.50 ppm None
PM <sub>10</sub>	24-hour	150 µg/m³	150 μg/m³
PM <sub>25</sub>	Annual 24-hour	12.0 µg/m³ 35 µg/m³	15.0 µ <sup>3</sup> 35 µg/m³
O <sub>3</sub>	8-hour	0.070 ppm	0 070 ppm
Pb	Rolling 3-month average	0.15 μg/m³	0.15 μ <sup>3</sup>

The elimination of the commercial cargo operations from BOTA would greatly reduce the congestion problem, and as cited in the initial BOTA NEPA DEIS, and would create at least a 33% decrease in toxic air pollution. The reduction of emissions is evident when we evaluate the dates in which the Governor of Texas shut down cargo from the BOTA during the following dates: September 15, 2023-October 10, 2023. Reviewing data (SEE ATTACHED) from when the bridge was closed to commercial traffic, one can see how much the idling diesel trucks contribute to Particulate Matter pollution. Data from the TCEQ Continuous Air Monitor shows that from 09/15/2023 to 10/10/2023, while the bridge was closed to commercial traffic, PM 2.5 averaged **8.36 ug/m^3**. This is below the updated NAAQS Standard of 9 ug/m^3. The month



prior from 8/15/2023 to 9/10/2023, PM 2.5 averaged **9.11 ug/m^3**, while the month after from 10/15/2023 to 11/10/2023, PM 2.5 averaged **9.75 ug/m^3**. Thus, only the month without the diesel trucks was in compliance with the new NAAQS standards for PM 2.5.

#### TORNILLO INTERNATIONAL PORT-OF-ENTRY CONSIDERATION

When the Tornillo port-of-entry was planned and constructed, the intention was for international cargo trucks. Though the BOTA was not built to withstand the weight and ware of impacts of the commercial semi-trucks, the Tornillo port-of-entry was built with the intention of withstanding heavy semi trucks while processing that international cargo (see **Description**). Yet, the **DEIS does not consider the potential of the Tornillo POE in accommodating the rerouted trucks from BOTA** and/or Zaragoza/Ysleta POE. Both Congresswoman Escobar and the CPB have stated that the Tornillo POE is ready to process 1000 commercial trucks per day. This needs to be considered in the NEPA evaluation. Furthermore, considering that the majority of cargo is destined to the El Paso Airport, it is important to note that there is an airport in Tornillo, too, and the potential of rerouting commercial trucks in that direction should be considered.

#### **DECOMMISSIONED SEMI-TRUCKS CONSIDERATION**

For years, the Mexican government has allowed for the sale of outdated U.S. semi-trucks to those willing to buy in Mexico. These trucks are not allowed to travel throughout the United States, yet there is an exception made around the border for these decommissioned semi-trucks, which are considered 'short-distance' trucks and are 'allowed' to travel a few miles (12mi) into

the US despite NOT meeting national standards and regulations. (See the commercial zone, which has been expanded to include the Tornillo POE.) The majority of commercial semi-trucks crossing the BOTA daily are those decommissioned semi-trucks the US does not allow to travel here because they do not meet emission standards (SEE PICTURE OF BLACK SOOT ON



SEMI-TRUCK NEXT TO ZAVALA ELEMENTARY, HEADED SOUTH TOWARD BOTA) These semi-trucks are not the 'cleaner' less soot producing semi-trucks used in California; the semi-trucks passing at the BOTA each and every day are the decommissioned ones that the US government does not allow to travel anywhere else in the US. This reality should be considered and weighed when estimating the air contaminants from these semi-trucks crossing the bridge, in addition to how these specific types of decommissioned semi-trucks further affect our health. 'Death by a thousand cuts' has been said to describe the long history of waivers, exceptions, and



loopholes that exclude our community from basic rights and protections that most people take for granted.

A <u>2018 study</u> reveals large diesel trucks to be the greatest contributors to harmful black carbon emissions close to major roadways, indicating that vehicle types matter more than traffic volume for near-road air pollution. "Whether it be cancer, respiratory problems, cardiac problems or neurodegenerative problems, there are numerous adverse health effects associated with the chemicals in these emissions. If we were able to reduce emission of pollutants like black carbon, we would also see an immediate climate benefit."

Further, there needs to be consistency in evaluating air quality impacts, specifically imputing projections that might only account for standard semi-trucks vs. decommissioned semi-trucks, and/or diesel semi-trucks vs. POVs. Further, when calculating projections for both BOTA Option 1 and Alternative 4, inputs should be consistent and based in reality, and as previously pointed out, Option 1's projections should include semi-trucks, as the misleading title: Future No Trucks, does not plan for nor does it guarantee an actual truck free future.

Also, the non-attainment status, extreme poverty, lack of adequate resources and infrastructure should be considered, as the commercial semi-trucks have been damaging our public roads yet do not contribute to the maintenance of those roads. The commercial semi-trucks should be rerouted to POEs that collect tolls in order to ensure contribution to maintaining the roads, ports and bridges that the industry depends on.

## NEIGHBORHOOD & PUBLIC SCHOOLS PROXIMITY CONSIDERATION

Those involved in the planning have expressed concerns about shifting one environmental problem to another area, yet no one is considering the distance and proximity to the POE's, as the

BOTA is the ONLY POE with commercial traffle

in a neighborhood. The other POE's are more than 2 miles away from the POE, thus lessening exposure risks from emissions. BOTA is directly next to two Title I public schools, Zavala Elementary School and Bowie High School; and is located in one of the poorest neighborhoods in the city of El Paso, TX. For years, Zavala



Figure 12. Areas of expected ultrafine particle exposure above background levels.

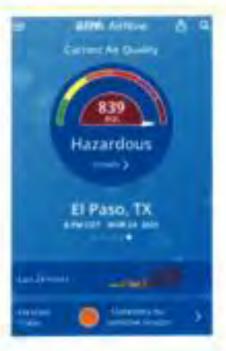
Elementary has dealt with substandard cooling systems, where windows are often opened for ventilation, yet no one is calculating the health effects that the dangerous fine particulate matter



has on those children. Included is a snapshot of areas of expected ultrafine particle exposure, noting the proximity of both Zavala Elementary School, and Bowie H.S. (next to Chamizal National Park):

#### WIND PATTERN CONSIDERATION

On particularly windy days, the air quality worsens to unbearable conditions (SEE EPA AIRNOW 839 AQI). There are numerous hazardous particles in the hard, swirling winds that we would like NEPA EIS to access and consider. Further, the wind patterns in each POE should be considered, given that the BOTA is feeding into the Chamizal neighborhoods, of which the land area's topography is basin like and the wind patterns circle the pollution problem directly into the neighborhoods and schools, creating a circling accumulation of airborne particulates as well as particulates settling on the soil that get kicked back up by winds and movement. In comparison to the Ysleta/Zaragoza POE, the wind patterns in that area blow towards the commercially-zoned area of warehouses (SEE CITY ZONING NOTICE). Also, the expectation of POV's rerouting their commute to BOTA should alleviate traffic wait times at other POEs.



### RECOGNIZE UNIQUENESS OF BOTA: THE ONLY FREE POE ON US/MEX BORDER

In 1963, when the U.S. and Mexico declared the official international boundary between the two countries with the Treaty of Chamizal. As a result, the river was dammed in concrete and our community was divided between two countries. At that time, during the planning process, residents were discriminated against and left out of negotiations. Families shuffled and scrambled into 'new territory' as boundary lines were drawn. Many unjustly lost their homes and their community. Residents of the Chamizal demanded inclusion and reparations. The concessions they fought for and won included: the establishment of a new school, Bowie High School; the establishment of Chamizal National Park to preserve the natural integrity of the environment; and a toll-free international port of entry for residents to cross freely between the two nations that divided the Chamizal community, The Bridge of the Americas, commonly known as El Puente Libre ("the free bridge"). The concessions made did not make up for all that was lost - yet residents hoped that these spaces would protect the Chamizal community from displacement.

Today, BOTA is the only toll free POE on the US/Mexico border. The Treaty of Chamizal was designed to bring two sister cities together as one community, now divided by international



boundaries, yet the maquiladora semi-trucks have taken over BOTA. The two POE's in downtown, near our neighborhood: Stanton & Paso del Norte POE's do not allow commercial semi-trucks, yet the BOTA POE in our neighborhood is overloaded with commercial semi-trucks. We, as residents of barrio Chamizal - one of the poorest neighborhoods in the US-should be able to use the BOTA toll free daily, yet because of the congestion from semi-truck pollution, often opt to travel via the downtown POE's, paying the tolls in order to avoid unbearable high levels of pollution. Worse, all our barrio schools are surrounded by serious sources of pollution. Bowie High School sits between a massive bus hub, an international port of entry overloaded with semi-trucks. Our neighborhood is treated as a dumping ground for international trade, as our schools and housing are under a cloud of pollutants that enter our lungs, hearts, brains, and blood on a daily basis. The Chamizal National Park, which students once walked through on their way to school, is now fenced and guarded, access limited, often denied. El Puente Libre, the only toll-free bridge along the U.S. - Mexico border intended for the people, is overloaded with polluting semi-trucks transporting products and industrial waste from the NAFTA maquiladora industry in Ciudad Juarez, Mexico.

#### MAINTAIN NATURAL INTEGRITY OF THE CHAMIZAL CONSIDERATION

Since the Treaty of Chamizal (1963), both the US and Mexico have promised to maintain the natural integrity of the land, as expressed through the establishment of Chamizal National Park (US) and Parque Chamizal (MEX). Recently, in 2024, the Mexican government declared Parque Chamizal an ecological restoration zone. "

The Parque Chamizal ecological restoration zone declaration states the following:

- Ecosystem restoration must be carried out in order to recover the continuity of ecological processes.
- The reintroduction or repopulation of wildlife must be carried out with native species or with species compatible with the original ecosystems but must not compromise or impact the recovery of other native species.
- The eradication or control of exotic, invasive exotic or harmful species must not impact the ecological and evolutionary processes.
- Scientific research and collection, environmental monitoring and environmental education must be carried out in such a way that they do not affect the restoration process and do not involve the installation of infrastructure.
- Environmental education must be carried out in such a way that it does not alter the restoration process, nor the habitat or viability of wildlife species and populations, and does not involve the installation of infrastructure.



- Tourism and any other recreational activity may only be carried out outside the reforestation zones to be determined.
- The construction and maintenance of infrastructure in the reforestation areas that are determined is only permitted for activities related to the restoration.

Parque Chamizal in Juarez, MX is 320 acres of land adjacent to the BOTA and any and all future planning for BOTA should consider, calculate and respect the integrity of the ecological life that exists and will be restored at the Parque Chamizal.

#### LETTERS OF SUPPORT FROM ELECTED OFFICIALS CONSIDERATION

As we enter into the final planning stages of this historic funding, we know that the multinational export industries are countering any plans to remove the commercial trucks from the Bridge of the Americas/El Puente Libre, citing a supposed financial burden. The power structure has depended on these exploitative practices for so long, but resident's health has never been considered as part of the 'bottom-line.' The reality is that the maquiladora industry, a billion dollar per month industry, can afford to cross their products without jeopardizing the health and safety of vulnerable populations. We, as residents, have gained the support of our elected officials to ensure our environmental health is prioritized, and both the county commissioners court and the city council to unanimously voted in favor of sending a letter of support to GSA for removing the commercial trucks from BOTA (SEE ATTACHED).

We, as the Familias Unidas del Chamizal Neighborhood Association, urge the GSA to commit to Alternative 4, and remove the commercial cargo trucks from El Puente Libre/ The Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) in El Paso, TX. We have a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to plan for a better future with these historic funds. Please address the long-overdue public health crisis in barrio Chamizal, and protect the health and civil rights of families who live here by fulfilling the promise and intent of these important federal funds. Removing the commercial trucks from El Puente/BOTA is in the best interest of the city of El Paso and will have long term benefits for generations to come. Thank you.

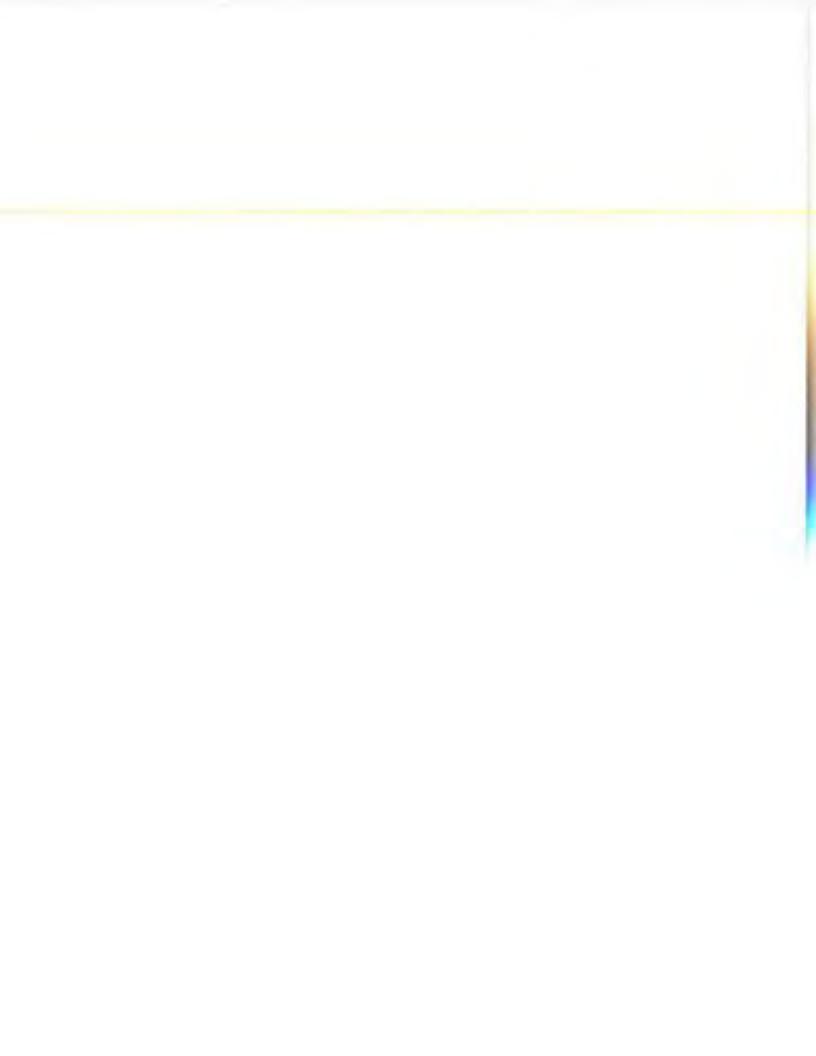
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Cemelli de Aztlan

Secretary

Familias Unidas del Chamizal Neighborhood Association





## City Representative Josh Acevedo, Ed.D. - District 2

November 1, 2024

Via email to: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov U.S. General Services Administration Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Letter in Support of Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas.

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

This letter is submitted in support of Viable Action Alternative 4 from the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry (LPOE) Modernization Project. My constituents and I are elated that you have stated Viable Action Alternative 4 as your preferred option as it falls in line with the work of the community to promote health in our neighborhoods.

Thank you for the important public comment period regarding the draft EIS for BOTA prior to improvements. The multiple L Es in our city are critical to daily life in our border community as they facilitate the movement of people who live, work, and are educated between El Paso and Ciudad Juarez as well as represent significant pillars of our local, regional, state, and national economies.

I also thank you for the public outreach efforts and meetings that have taken place throughout El Paso over the past two years. During those meetings, along with others throughout the city, residents have made clear that public health and environmental justice should be critical focus points and efforts in any alternative for improvements to BOTA. Residents and neighborhoods surrounding BOTA have been subject to idling commercial cargo vehicles for decades and have been placed at risk. The fact remains, the neighborhoods surrounding the one-mile radius of BOTA are primarily residential along with open space school parks, the City Zoo, the County Coliseum, and the Chamizal National Memorial park. Other LPOEs, such as the Ysleta LPOE is surrounded largely by industrial and undeveloped land, while the Santa Teresa LPOE is similarly surrounded by open and commercial land. In addition, the Tornillo LPOE is completely surrounded by open and commercial land. The introduction of Viable Alternative 4 eliminates commercial cargo traffic altogether and is supported by residents, neighborhoods, community organizations, the County of El Paso, and the City of El Paso.

As a City Council that prides itself on public safety and health, we are also supportive of Viable Alternative 4 as it will eliminate exposure to air pollution and noise. We continue to look forward towards a collaborative partnership that not only enhances our community, but one that protects its health as well.

Josh Acevedo

District 2 City Representative

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# OSCAR LEESER MAYOR

October 24, 2024

Via email to: BUTA representations and

U.S. General Services Administration

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Letter in Support of Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

This letter is submitted on behalf of the City Council of the City of El Paso, Texas in support of Viable Action Alternative 4 from the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry (LPOE) Modernization Project. The safe, efficient, and effective movement of people and goods through our region's ports of entry are a vital lifeline to the economy of the Paso del Norte Region and beyond. LPOEs are critical to daily life in our border community as they facilitate the movement of people who live, work, visit and are educated between El Paso and Ciudad Juarez, as well as advance our local, regional, state, and national economies.

The City of El Paso appreciates the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) for the public outreach efforts and meetings that have taken place throughout El Paso over the past two years. During those meetings, residents have made clear that public health and environmental justice should be critical focus points in any planned improvements to BOTA. Residents and neighborhoods surrounding BOTA have been subject to the effects of idling commercial cargo vehicles for decades, including public health concerns and noise.

The introduction of Viable Action Alternative 4 eliminates commercial cargo traffic altogether and is supported by residents, nearby neighborhoods, and community organizations, as it is expected that removing the truck traffic will result in "Moderate to Significant Long-Term Beneficial" outcomes to traffic, safety, air pollution, noise pollution, and "public/community health or other related environmental impact" (EIS 9-12).

On October 9, 2024, the El Paso City Council considered item 31: "Discussion and action to approve and adopt a letter by the El Paso City Council in support of the U.S. General Services Administration's (GSA) identification of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas port project in El Paso, Texas before the 45-day public comment period, which ends on November 4, 2024, pending review and approval from the City Attorney's Office." Council discussed concerns regarding making sure this alternative truly reduces pollution in the area.

Council also iterated concerns related to holistic planning and detailed preparation to handle the traffic that is diverted from BOTA both during and after the construction, and other items. Though GSA determined that the elimination of cargo traffic at BOTA via Viable Action Alternative 4 and the number of trucks routed to the Ysleta-Zaragoza Port of entry "are not considered significant and would not be anticipated to have an adverse effect on the local transportation network at these ports" (EIS 4-30), Council expressed concerns about the ability of regional ports of entry to absorb southbound commercial traffic, estimated to be closer to 2,000 trucks daily.

Approximately 17 members of the public spoke at the Council meeting in support of this item, and the El Paso City Council unanimously voted in favor.

We look forward to a collaborative partnership that not only enhances our community, but one that protects its health as well.

Leeser

Mayor



October 1, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

RE: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback to the General Services Administration regarding the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) prepared in anticipation of improvements to the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry (LPOE). The safe, efficient, and effective movement of people and goods through our region's ports of entry are a critical lifeline to the regional economic of the Paso del Norte Region. Your agency's work to enhance the only toll-free facility into a modern and welcoming port of entry to individuals entering the United States through our southern border is vital to the overall success of our region. We thank you for the work you've done to meet with stakeholders in our community, including with the County.

That work includes the determination to pursue a full Environmental Impact Statement, instead of a less thorough Environmental Assessment, to ensure that your agency was able to capture the full effect that expanding this port of entry will have on the community. And crucially, the development and introduction of Viable Alternative 4, which not only demonstrated a commitment by GSA to minimize the impact to community assets, such as the 81-year-old El Paso County Coliseum and surrounding entertainment centers, but also to community health and the health of travelers and the primary stakeholders who manage/operate the port – U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP).

The BOTA LPOE is in the middle of an urban area with limited access to logistics and commercial storage infrastructure. The other region's ports of entry, including the Ysleta Port of Entry managed by the City of El Paso and the County-owned Tornillo Port of Entry, are growing their capacity to accept and process commercial traffic. The County's facilities in the area remain active community assets and part of the social fabric of South Central El Paso, which has evolved over the past 80 years from a livestock facility to an area that now promotes various events, concerns, sporting events, and other activities for residents and visitors alike. Additionally, continuing to operate the LPOE with calculated and continues to introduce a variety of social and environmental justice issues for abutting naccentage of ences, and businesses. Although commercial truck and truck container traffic has reduced more than 40 percent since 2020, the existing levels of traffic continue to create significant air quality and mobility concerns in the immediate area of the LPOE. These concerns extend beyond the immediate footprint of the LPOE and onto the state-highway infrastructure, which often experiences significant traffic queuing of large commercial vehicles on bridges, connecting roadways, and other transportation infrastructure—there are more effective and efficient crossings in the region to accommodate the critical movement of goods. As Pages ES-9 through 12 indicate, Viable Alternative 4 would produce significant beneficial long-term community impacts regarding noise, air pollution, and the flow of non-commercial traffic.

Beginning in the early 2000's, the County and GSA partnered to open the modern Tornillo-Guadalupe Port of Entry (TGPOE) to replace an outdated and insufficient border crossing in East El Paso County. Since the opening of TGPOE, the County has continued to work with bilateral partners and agencies to facilitate the buildout of necessary transportation infrastructure on both sides of the border. The advocacy and recent improvements

provide a signal to industry that the TGPOE and immediate area will be available as an alternative for crossing for users of other LPOE's in the region. The County is committed to facilitating the buildout of supporting infrastructure in East El Paso County to comprehensively activate the TGPOE.

We thank you again for the efforts made by the project team to work through the points outlined here as well as those previously discussed with GSA. We look forward to continuing our partnership to ensure the region is successful in providing for the welcoming, secure, and efficient movement of people and goods through all LPOE's in the region, including the Bridge of the Americas. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact El Paso Chief Administrator Betsy Keller at / 915.546.2215. Thank you for your critical work on this issue and we look forward to continuing our collaborative discussion.

Respectfully,

Commissioner Leon, Pct. 1

Commissioner David C. Stout, Pct. 2

Commissioner Iliana Pct. 3

Com sioner Sergio Coronado, Pct. 4

Ricardo A. County Judge

CC: Hon. El Paso County Commissioners Court

Hon. Veronica Escobar, TX-16 Hon. Tony Gonzalez, TX-23 Hon. John Cornyn, TX

Hon. Ted Cruz, TX
Hon. Texas Legislative Delegation

Betsy C. Keller, Chief Administrator, El Paso County

Tomas Trevino, PE, El Paso District Engineer

Raymond Telles, Executive Director, Camino Real RMA Eduardo Calvo, Executive Director, El Paso MPO Public Law 89-479

June 30, 1966 [H. R. 7402] AN ACT

To provide for the establishment of the Chamizal National Memorial in the city of El Paso, Texas, and for other purposes.

Chamizal National Memorial He if exacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress queen bled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to establish and develop a memorial to be known as the Chamizal National Memorial at El Press, Texas, exappressimately fifty-lies acres in the northeastern part of the portion of Cockers Island acquired by the United States under the Convention between the United States of America and the United Mexican States for the Solution of the Problem of the Chaminal, signed at Mexico City August 20, 1982 (TIAS-4516). The Chaminal National Memorial shall commemorate the barmonious settlement of the long-standing boundary dispute between the United States and Mexico conversing the Chaminal, an area of land situated to the morth of the Rio Grande in the El Paso Ciudad Juarest region.

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Sac. 2. The Secretary of the Interior may, in his discretion, defer the establishment of the Chamizal National Messorial until the city of El Paso or other governmental agencies of the State of Texas has submitted, and the Secretary has approved, a comprehensive plan for the development of the remaining lands acquired by the United States under the Chaminal Convention, August 20, 1988, upon their transfer to said city or other government agencies in the State of Texas under other provisions of law. Such comprehensive plan shall include a development plan and work schedule that is in the judgment of the Secretary compatible and coordinated with the development plan and schedule for the Chamizal National Memorial.

Suc. 3. The Secretary of the Interior shall administer, printer, and develop such memorial, subject to the provisions of the Act entitled. "An Act to setablish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (29 Stat. 535; 15 U.S.C. 1 at seq.), as amended and supplemented, and the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the preservation of historic American sites, buildings, objects, and antispities of national significance, and for other purposes," approved August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 566; 16 U.S.C. 461 at seq.).

Sec. 4. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to cooperate and county with the city and county of El Pass, Texas, Texas Western College, local historical and preservation societies, and other interested government agencies, associations and persons in the utilization and preservation of the Chamizai National Memorial.

Appropriation

Sec. 5. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums, but not more than \$2,080,000, for the development of the ChamizsI National Memorial.

Approved June 30, 1966.

Public Law 89-480

June 30, 1966 [H. R. 13431] AN ACT

To extend the Renegotiation Act of 1951.

Renegotiation Act, extension.

70 Stat. 786; 78 Stat. 233. We it control by the Kenare and Hause of Keyrone-fations of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That section 102(c)(1) of the Renegotiation Act of 1861, as amended (50 U.S.C., App., etc. 1932(c)(1)), is amended by striking out "June 30, 1966" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1968".

Approved June 30, 1966.



# Executive Order on Revitalizing Our Nation's Commitment to Environmental Justice for All

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in order to advance environmental justice, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. Policy. To fulfill our Nation's promises of justice, liberty, and equality, every person must have clean air to breathe; clean water to drink; safe and healthy foods to eat; and an environment that is healthy, sustainable, climate-resilient, and free from harmful pollution and chemical exposure. Restoring and protecting a healthy environment — wherever people live, play, work, learn, grow, and worship — is a matter of justice and a fundamental duty that the Federal Government must uphold on behalf of all people.

We must advance environmental justice for all by implementing and enforcing the Nation's environmental and civil rights laws, preventing pollution, addressing climate change and its effects, and working to clean up legacy pollution that is harming human health and the environment. Advancing environmental justice will require investing in and supporting culturally vibrant, sustainable, and resilient communities in which every person has safe, clean, and a ordable options for housing, energy, and transportation. It is also necessary to prioritize building an equitable, inclusive, and sustainable economy that offers economic opportunities, workforce training, and high-quality and well-paying jobs, including union jobs, and facilitating an equitable transition of the workforce as part of a clean energy future. Achieving this vision will also require improving equitable access to parks, tree cover, play rounds, sports fields, rivers, ponds, beaches, lakes, and all of the benefits provided by nature, including America's public lands and waters. Pursuing these and other objectives integral to advancing environmental justice can successfully occur only through meaningful engagement and collaboration with underserved and

overburdened communities to address the adverse conditions they experience and ensure they do not face additional disproportionate burdens or underinvestment.

We have more work to do to make environmental justice a reality for our Nation, both for today and for the generations that will follow us. Even as many communities in the United States have prospered and thrived in recent decades, many other communities have been left behind. Communities with environmental justice concerns face entrenched disparities that are often the legacy of racial discrimination and segregation, redlining, exclusionary zoning, and other discriminatory land use decisions or patterns. These decisions and patterns may include the placement of polluting industries, hazardous waste sites, and landfills in locations that cause cumulative impacts to the public health of communities and the routing of highways and other transportation corridors in ways that divide neighborhoods. These remnants of discrimination persist today. Communities with environmental justice concerns exist in all areas of the country, including urban and rural areas and areas within the boundaries of Tribal Nations and United States Territories. Such communities are found in geographic locations that have a significant proportion of people who have low incomes or are otherwise adversely affected by persistent poverty or inequality. Such communities are also found in places with a significant proportion of people of color, including individuals who are Black, Latino, Indigenous and Native American, Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander. Communities with environmental justice concerns also include geographically dispersed and mobile populations, such as migrant farmworkers.

Communities with environmental justice concerns experience disproportionate and adverse human health or environmental burdens. These burdens arise from a number of causes, including inequitable access to clean water, clean air, natural places, and resources for other basic human health and environmental needs; the concentration of pollution, hazardous waste, and toxic exposures; and underinvestment in affordable housing that is safe and healthy and in basic infrastructure and services to support such housing, including safe drinking water and effective sewage management. The cumulative impacts of exposure to those types of burdens and other stressors, including those related to climate change and the environment,

further disadvantage communities with environmental justice concerns. People in these communities suffer from poorer health outcomes and have lower life expectancies than those in other communities in our Nation. Moreover, gaps in environmental and human health data can conceal these harms from public view, and, in doing so, are themselves a persistent and pernicious driver of environmental injustice.

Nearly three decades after the issuance of Executive Order 12898 of February 11, 1994 (Federal Actions To Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations), the Federal Government must build upon and strengthen its commitment to deliver environmental justice to all communities across America. Our Nation needs an ambitious approach to environmental justice that is informed by scientific research, high-quality data, and meaningful Federal engagement with communities with environmental justice concerns and that uses the tools available to the Federal Government, including enforcement of civil rights and environmental laws. Our Nation must also take further steps to dismantle racial discrimination and institutional bias that disproportionately affect the health, environment, safety, and resiliency of communities with environmental justice concerns.

To ensure that the Nation's policies and investments respond to the needs of every community, all people should be afforded the opportunity to meaningfully participate in agency decision-making processes that may affect the health of their community or environment. The Federal Government must continue to remove barriers to the meaningful involvement of the public in such decision-making, particularly those barriers that affect members of communities with environmental justice concerns, including those related to disability, language access, and lack of resources. The Federal Government must also continue to respect Tribal sovereignty and support self-governance by ensuring that Tribal Nations are consulted on Federal policies that have Tribal implications. In doing so, we must recognize, honor, and respect the different cultural practices including subsistence practices, ways of living, Indigenous Knowledge, and traditions — in communities across America. As our Nation reaffirms our commitment to environmental justice, the Federal Government must continue to be transparent about, and accountable for, its actions.

It is the policy of my Administration to pursue a whole-of-government approach to environmental justice. This order builds upon my Administration's ongoing efforts to advance environmental justice and equity consistent with Executive Order 13985 of January 20, 2021 (Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government), Executive Order 13990 of January 20, 2021 (Protecting Public Health and the Environment and Restoring Science To Tackle the Climate Crisis), Executive Order 14008 of January 27, 2021 (Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad), Executive Order 14052 of November 15, 2021 (Implementation of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act), Executive Order 14057 of December 8, 2021 (Catalyzing Clean Energy Industries and Jobs Through Federal Sustainability), Executive Order 14082 of September 12, 2022 (Implementation of the Energy and Infrastructure Provisions of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022), and Executive Order 14091 of February 16, 2023 (Further Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government). This order also supplements the foundational efforts of Executive Order 12898 to address environmental justice. In partnership with State, Tribal, territorial, and local governments, as well as community organizations, businesses, and members of the public, the Federal Government will advance environmental justice and help create a more just and sustainable future for all.

#### Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this order

- (a) "Agency" means an executive agency as defined by 5 U.S.C. 105, excluding the Government Accountability Office and independent regulatory agencies, as defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(5).
- (b) "Environmental justice" means the just treatment and meaningful involvement of all people, regardless of income, race, color, national origin, Tribal affiliation, or disability, in agency decision-making and other Federal activities that affect human health and the environment so that people:
- (i) are fully protected from disproportionate and adverse human health and environmental effects (including risks) and hazards, including those related to climate change, the cumulative impacts of environmental and other burdens, and the legacy of racism or other structural or systemic barriers; and

- (ii) have equitable access to a healthy, sustainable, and resilient environment in which to live, play, work, learn, grow, worship, and engage in cultural and subsistence practices.
- (c) "Federal activity" means any agency rulemaking, guidance, policy, program, practice, or action that affects or has the potential to affect human health and the environment, including an agency action related to climate change. Federal activities may include agency actions related to: assuring compliance with applicable laws; licensing, permitting, and the reissuance of licenses and permits; awarding, conditioning, or oversight of Federal funds; and managing Federal resources and facilities. This may also include such activities in the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other Territories and possessions of the United States.
- (d) "Tribal Nation" means an American Indian or Alaska Native tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village, or community that the Secretary of the Interior acknowledges as a federally recognized Tribe pursuant to the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994, 25 U.S.C. 5130, 5131.
- Sec. 3. Government-Wide Approach to Environmental Justice. (a) Consistent with section 1-101 of Executive Order 12898 and each agency's statutory authority, each agency should make achieving environmental justice part of its mission. Each agency shall, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law:
- (i) identify, analyze, and address disproportionate and adverse human health and environmental effects (including risks) and hazards of Federal activities, including those related to climate change and cumulative impacts of environmental and other burdens on communities with environmental justice concerns;
- (ii) evaluate relevant legal authorities and, as available and appropriate, take steps to address disproportionate and adverse human health and environmental effects (including risks) and hazards unrelated to Federal activities, including those related to climate change and cumulative

impacts of environmental and other burdens on communities with environmental justice concerns;

- (iii) identify, analyze, and address historical inequities, systemic barriers, or actions related to any Federal regulation, policy, or practice that impair the ability of communities with environmental justice concerns to achieve or maintain a healthy and sustainable environment;
- (iv) identify, analyze, and address barriers related to Federal activities that impair the ability of communities with environmental justice concerns to receive equitable access to human health or environmental benefits, including benefits related to natural disaster recovery and climate mitigation, adaptation, and resilience;
- (v) evaluate relevant legal authorities and, as available and appropriate, take steps to provide, in consultation with unions and employers, opportunities for workforce training and to support the creation of high-quality and well-paying jobs, including union jobs, for people who are part of communities with environmental justice concerns;
- (vi) evaluate relevant legal authorities and, where available and appropriate, consider adopting or requiring measures to avoid, minimize, or mitigate disproportionate and adverse human health and environmental effects (including risks) and hazards of Federal activities on communities with environmental justice concerns, to the maximum extent practicable, and to address any contribution of such Federal activities to adverse effects including cumulative impacts of environmental and other burdens already experienced by such communities;
- (vii) provide opportunities for the meaningful engagement of persons and communities with environmental justice concerns who are potentially affected by Federal activities, including by:
- (A) providing timely opportunities for members of the public to share information or concerns and participate in decision-making processes;
- (B) fully considering public input provided as part of decision-making processes;

- (C) seeking out and encouraging the involvement of persons and communities potentially affected by Federal activities by:
- (1) ensuring that agencies offer or provide information on a Federal activity in a manner that provides meaningful access to individuals with limited English proficiency and is accessible to individuals with disabilities;
- (2) providing notice of and engaging in outreach to communities or groups of people who are potentially affected and who are not regular participants in Federal decision-making; and
- (3) addressing, to the extent practicable and appropriate, other barriers to participation that individuals may face; and
- (D) providing technical assistance, tools, and resources to assist in facilitating meaningful and informed public participation, whenever practicable and appropriate;
- (viii) continue to engage in consultation on Federal activities that have Tribal implications and potentially affect human health or the environment, pursuant to Executive Order 13175 of November 6, 2000 (Consultation and Coordination With Indian Tribal Governments), the Presidential Memorandum of January 26, 2021 (Tribal Consultation and Strengthening Nation-to-Nation Relationships), and the Presidential Memorandum of November 30, 2022 (Uniform Standards for Tribal Consultation), and fulfill obligations established pursuant to Executive Order 13007 of May 24, 1996 (Indian Sacred Sites);
- (ix) carry out environmental reviews under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq., consistent with the statute and its implementing regulations and through the exercise of the agency's expertise and technical judgment, in a manner that:
- (A) analyzes direct, indirect, and cumulative effects of Federal actions on communities with environmental justice concerns;

- (B) considers best available science and information on any disparate health effects (including risks) arising from exposure to pollution and other environmental hazards, such as information related to the race, national origin, socioeconomic status, age, disability, and sex of the individuals exposed; and
- (C) provides opportunities for early and meaningful involvement in the environmental review process by communities with environmental justice concerns potentially affected by a proposed action, including when establishing or revising agency procedures under NEPA;
- (x) in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. 2000d, and agency regulations, ensure that all programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance that potentially affect human health or the environment do not directly, or through contractual or other arrangements, use criteria, policies, practices, or methods of administration that discriminate on the basis of race, color, or national origin;
- (xi) ensure that the public, including members of communities with environmental justice concerns, has adequate access to information on Federal activities, including planning, regulatory actions, implementation, permitting, compliance, and enforcement related to human health or the environment, when required under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552; the Government in the Sunshine Act, 5 U.S.C. 552b; the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*; the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 *et seq.*; the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA), 42 U.S.C. 11001 *et seq.*; or other environmental statutes with public information provisions;
- (xii) improve collaboration and communication with State, Tribal, territorial, and local governments on programs and activities to advance environmental justice;
- (xiii) encourage and, to the extent permitted by law, ensure that Government-owned, contractor-operated facilities take appropriate steps to implement the directives of this order;
  - (xiv) consider ways to encourage and, as appropriate, ensure that

recipients of Federal funds -- including recipients of block grant funding -- and entities subject to contractual, licensing, or other arrangements with Federal agencies advance environmental justice;

- (xv) develop internal mechanisms to achieve the goals of this order, including by:
  - (A) creating performance metrics and other means of accountability;
- (B) identifying and dedicating staff, funding, and other resources; and
- (C) providing appropriate professional development and training of agency staff; and
- (xvi) consistent with section 2-2 of Executive Order 12898, ensure that Federal activities do not have the effect of:
- (A) excluding persons, including populations, from participation in Federal activities on the basis of their race, color, or national origin;
- (B) denying persons, including populations, the benefits of Federal activities on the basis of their race, color, or national origin; or
- (C) subjecting persons, including populations, to discrimination on the basis of their race, color, or national origin.
- (b) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) shall:
- (i) in carrying out responsibilities under section 309 of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7609, assess whether each agency analyzes and avoids or mitigates disproportionate human health and environmental effects on communities with environmental justice concerns; and
- (ii) report annually to the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) and the White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council (Interagency Council) described in section 7 of this order on EPA's

Clean Air Act section 309 reviews regarding communities with environmental justice concerns and provide recommendations on legislative, regulatory, or policy options to advance environmental justice in Federal decision-making.

- (c) In carrying out assigned responsibilities under Executive Order 12250 of November 2, 1980 (Leadership and Coordination of Nondiscrimination Laws), the Attorney General shall assess agency efforts to ensure compliance with civil rights laws in programs and activities receiving Federal financial assistance that potentially affect human health or the environment and shall report annually based on publicly available information to the Chair of CEQ regarding any relevant pending or closed litigation.
- Sec. 4. Environmental Justice Strategic Plans. (a) No later than 18 months after the date of this order and every 4 years thereafter, each agency shall submit to the Chair of CEQ and make available to the public online an Environmental Justice Strategic Plan.
- (b) Each Environmental Justice Strategic Plan shall, based on guidance provided by the Chair of CEQ under section 9 of this order, set forth the agency's vision, goals, priority actions, and metrics to address and advance environmental justice and to fulfill the directives of this order, including through the identification of new staffing, policies, regulations, or guidance documents.
- (c) Each Environmental Justice Strategic Plan shall also identify and address opportunities through regulations, policies, permits, or other means to improve accountability and compliance with any statute the agency administers that affects the health and environment of communities with environmental justice concerns. Such measures may include:
  - (i) increasing public reporting by regulated entities;
- (ii) expanding use of pollution measurement and other environmental impact or compliance assessment tools such as fenceline monitoring;
- (iii) improving the effectiveness of remedies to provide relief to individuals and communities with environmental justice concerns, such as

remedies that penalize and deter violations and promote future compliance, including harm mitigation and corrective action; and

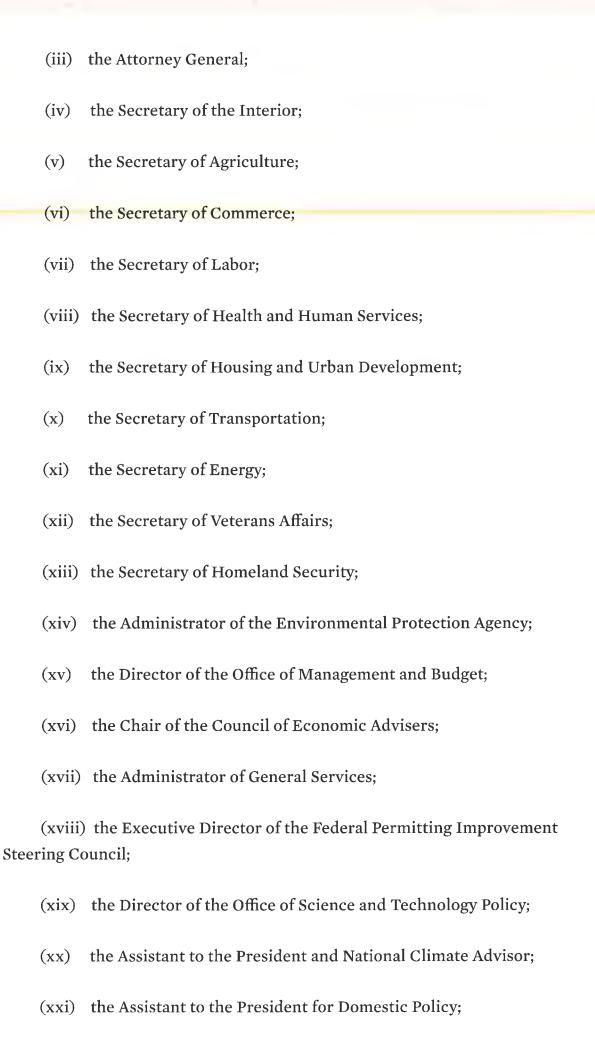
- (iv) considering whether to remove exemptions or waivers that may undermine the achievement of human health or environmental standards.
- (d) No later than 2 years after the submission of an Environmental Justice Strategic Plan, each agency shall submit to the Chair of CEQ, and make available to the public, an Environmental Justice Assessment that evaluates, based on guidance provided by the Chair of CEQ under section 9 of this order, the effectiveness of the agency's Environmental Justice Strategic Plan. The Environmental Justice Assessment shall include an evaluation of:
- (i) the agency's progress in implementing its Environmental Justice Strategic Plan;
- (ii) any barriers to implementing the agency's Environmental Justice Strategic Plan; and
  - (iii) steps taken to address any barriers identified.
- (e) An agency's completion of an Environmental Justice Strategic Plan and Environmental Justice Assessment shall satisfy the requirements of section 1-103 of Executive Order 12898.
- (f) The Environmental Justice Scorecard established under section 223(d) of Executive Order 14008 shall address agency progress toward achieving the goals outlined in this order and shall include, among other items, a section on agencies' Environmental Justice Strategic Plans and Environmental Justice Assessments.
- (g) The Chair of CEQ may request additional periodic reports, information, or evaluations on environmental justice issues from agencies.
- (h) Independent regulatory agencies are strongly encouraged to comply with the provisions of this order and to provide a notice to the Chair of CEQ of their intention to do so. The Chair of CEQ shall make such notices publicly available and maintain a list online of such agencies.

- Sec. 5. Research, Data Collection, and Analysis to Advance Environmental Justice. (a) To address the need for a coordinated Federal strategy to identify and address gaps in science, data, and research related to environmental justice, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP) shall establish an Environmental Justice Subcommittee of the National Science and Technology Council (Environmental Justice Subcommittee).
- (i) The Director of OSTP, in consultation with the Chair of CEQ, shall designate at least two co-chairs of the Environmental Justice Subcommittee and may designate additional co-chairs as appropriate. The membership of the Subcommittee shall consist of representatives of agencies invited by the Director, in consultation with the Chair of CEQ.
- (ii) The Environmental Justice Subcommittee and the Interagency Council described in section 7 of this order shall hold an annual summit on the connection of science, data, and research with policy and action on environmental justice.
- (iii) The Environmental Justice Subcommittee shall prepare, and update biennially, an Environmental Justice Science, Data, and Research Plan (Research Plan) to:
- (A) analyze any gaps and inadequacies in data collection and scientific research related to environmental justice, with a focus on gaps and inadequacies that may affect agencies' ability to advance environmental justice, including through the Environmental Justice Strategic Plans required under section 4 of this order;
- (B) identify opportunities for agencies to coordinate with the research efforts of State, Tribal, territorial, and local governments; academic institutions; communities; the private sector; the non-profit sector; and other relevant actors to accelerate the development of data, research, and techniques including consideration of Indigenous Knowledge to address gaps and inadequacies in data collection and scientific research that may affect agencies' ability to advance environmental justice;

- (C) provide recommendations to agencies on the development and use of science, data, and research to support environmental justice policy and the agency responsibilities outlined in section 3 of this order;
- (D) provide recommendations to the Chair of CEQ on data sources to include in the Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool established pursuant to section 222(a) of Executive Order 14008;
- (E) provide recommendations to agencies on ethical standards, privacy protections, and other requirements for the development and use of science, data, and research addressed in the Research Plan, including recommendations with respect to engaging in consultation with and obtaining consent of Tribal Nations; and
  - (F) provide recommendations to agencies on:
- (1) encouraging participatory science, such as research or data collection undertaken by communities or the public, and, as appropriate, integrating such science into agency decision-making processes;
- (2) taking steps to ensure or encourage, as appropriate, that collections of data related to environmental justice include data from the Territories and possessions of the United States;
- (3) improving the public accessibility of research and information produced or distributed by the Federal Government, including through the use of machine-readable formats, where appropriate;
- (4) disaggregating environmental risk, exposure, and health data by race, national origin, income, socioeconomic status, age, sex, disability, and other readily accessible and appropriate categories;
- (5) identifying and addressing data collection challenges related to patterns of historical or ongoing racial discrimination and bias;
- (6) analyzing cumulative impacts (including risks) from multiple sources, pollutants or chemicals, and exposure pathways, and accounting for non-chemical stressors and current and anticipated climate change;

- (7) in collaboration with Tribal Nations, as appropriate, collecting, maintaining, and analyzing information on consumption patterns of fish, wildlife, and plants related to subsistence and cultural practices of Tribal and Indigenous populations;
- (8) providing opportunities for meaningful engagement for communities with environmental justice concerns on the development and design of data collection and research strategies relevant to those communities; and
- (9) implementing sections 3-3 and 4-4 of Executive Order 12898 in an efficient and effective manner.
- (b) Consistent with sections 3-3 and 4-4 of Executive Order 12898, each agency shall take appropriate steps, considering the recommendations of the Environmental Justice Subcommittee, to promote the development of research and data related to environmental justice, including enhancing the collection of data, supporting the creation of tools to improve the consideration of environmental justice in decision-making, providing analyses of cumulative impacts and risks, and promoting science needed to inform decisions that advance environmental justice.
- (c) When conducting research and data collection in furtherance of the directives in this order and Executive Order 12898, agencies shall comply with applicable regulations and directives, including those related to standards of ethics for the protection of human subjects, such as those set forth in Executive Order 12975 of October 3, 1995 (Protection of Human Research Subjects and Creation of National Bioethics Advisory Commission), and the Presidential Memorandum of January 27, 2021 (Restoring Trust in Government Through Scientific Integrity and Evidence-Based Policymaking).
- Sec. 6. Community Notification on Toxic Chemical Releases. To ensure that the public, including members of communities with environmental justice concerns, receives timely information about releases of toxic chemicals that may affect them and health and safety measures available to address such releases:

- (a) Each agency shall report in accordance with sections 301 through 313 of EPCRA after considering applicable EPA guidance and without regard to the Standard Industrial Classification or North American Industry Classification System delineations.
- (b) No later than 6 weeks following a release requiring notification by an agency under section 304(a) of EPCRA, the notifying agency shall hold a public meeting providing the information required under section 304(b)(2) of EPCRA, including information on the nature of the release, known or anticipated health risks, and the proper precautions to take as a result. The agency shall provide notice of a public meeting no later than 72 hours after a release.
- (c) The Administrator of EPA shall evaluate available legal authorities and consider any additional steps it may require or encourage non-Federal facilities that report releases under EPCRA to undertake in connection with the report.
- (d) The Administrator of EPA shall provide the Environmental Justice Subcommittee established by section 5 of this order with an annual report on trends in data in the Toxic Release Inventory established by section 313 of EPCRA to inform the development of the Research Plan required under section 5(a)(iii) of this order.
- Sec. 7. White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council. (a) Section 1-102(b) of Executive Order 12898, as amended by section 220(a) of Executive Order 14008, and further amended by section 4(b) of Executive Order 14082, creating the White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council, is amended to read as follows:
- "(b) Membership. The Interagency Council shall consist of the following additional members:
  - (i) the Secretary of State;
  - (ii) the Secretary of Defense;



- (xxii) the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy;
- (xxiii) the Executive Director of the White House Gender Policy Council;
- (xxiv) the Senior Advisor to the President for Clean Energy Innovation and Implementation; and
  - (xxv) other relevant agency heads as determined by the Chair of CEQ."
- (b) Section 1-102(d) of Executive Order 12898, as amended by section 220(a) of Executive Order 14008, is further amended by adding the following sentence at the end: "The Interagency Council shall support and facilitate interagency collaboration on programs and activities related to environmental justice, including the development of materials for environmental justice training to build the capacity of Federal employees to advance environmental justice and to increase the meaningful participation of individuals from communities with environmental justice concerns in Federal activities."
- (c) Section 1-102(g) of Executive Order 12898, as amended by section 220(a) of Executive Order 14008, is amended to read as follows: "Officers. The head of each agency on the Interagency Council shall designate an Environmental Justice Officer within the agency with the authority to represent the agency on the Interagency Council and with the responsibility for leading agency planning and implementation of the agency's Environmental Justice Strategic Plan, coordinating with CEQ and other agencies, and performing such other duties related to advancing environmental justice as the head of the agency deems appropriate."
- (d) Section 1-102 of Executive Order 12898, as amended by section 220(a) of Executive Order 14008, is further amended by adding the following at the end:
- "(h) Memorandum of Understanding. The Interagency Council shall adopt a Memorandum of Understanding among its members that sets forth the objectives, structure, and planned operations of the Interagency Council.

- (i) Public meetings. In coordination with the White House Environmental Justice Advisory Council, the Interagency Council shall hold at least one public meeting per year. The Interagency Council shall prepare, for public review, a summary of the comments and recommendations discussed at public meetings of the Interagency Council.
- (j) Clearinghouse. The Administrator of EPA, in coordination with the Interagency Council, shall, no later than March 31, 2024, establish a public, internet-based, whole-of-government clearinghouse composed of culturally and linguistically appropriate and accessible materials related to environmental justice, including:
- (i) information describing the activities of the members of the Interagency Council to address issues relating to environmental justice;
- (ii) information on technical assistance, tools, and resources to assist communities with environmental justice concerns in building capacity for public participation;
- (iii) copies of training materials developed by the Interagency Council or its members to help individuals and employees understand and carry out environmental justice activities; and
- (iv) any other information deemed appropriate by the Administrator, in coordination with the Interagency Council."
- (e) Section 5-5(a) of Executive Order 12898 is amended to read as follows: "The public may submit recommendations to Federal agencies relating to the incorporation of environmental justice principles into Federal agency programs or policies. Each Federal agency shall convey such recommendations to the Interagency Council."
- Sec. 8. White House Office of Environmental Justice. (a) The White House Office of Environmental Justice is hereby established within CEQ
- (b) The Office shall be headed by a Federal Chief Environmental Justice Officer, who shall be appointed by the President. The Federal Chief

Environmental Justice Officer shall advance environmental justice initiatives, including by coordinating the development of policies, programs, and partnerships to achieve the policies set forth in this order; identifying opportunities for collaboration and coordination with State, Tribal, territorial, and local governments; supporting the Interagency Council; and advising the Chair of CEQ and the Interagency Council on environmental justice matters.

- (c) The heads of all agencies shall cooperate with the Federal Chief Environmental Justice Officer and provide such information, support, and assistance as the Federal Chief Environmental Justice Officer may request, as appropriate.
- Sec. 9. Guidance. Within 6 months of the date of this order, the Chair of CEQ shall issue interim guidance, in consultation with the Interagency Council, to inform agency implementation of this order, and shall request recommendations on the guidance from the White House Environmental Justice Advisory Council established by Executive Order 14008 (Advisory Council). To reduce redundancy and streamline reporting obligations, the interim guidance shall identify ways for agencies to align other related efforts, such as obligations that agencies may have under Executive Order 13985 and Executive Order 14008. Within 18 months of the date of this order, the Chair of CEQ shall issue final guidance after considering any recommendations of the Advisory Council. The Chair of CEQ may revise any guidance, or issue additional guidance under this order, as appropriate, and shall consider any additional recommendations made by the Advisory Council in issuing or revising guidance under this section.
- Sec. 10. Reports to the President. Within I year of the date for the submission of agency Environmental Justice Strategic Plans to the Chair of CEQ under section 4(a) of this order, the Chair shall, after consultation with the Interagency Council and after considering recommendations from the Advisory Council, submit to the President a report that describes the implementation of this order, includes each agency's Environmental Justice Strategic Plan, provides recommendations for additional steps to advance environmental justice, and, beginning with the second report, also provides any insights gathered from each agency's Environmental Justice Assessment required under section 4(d) of this order.

- Sec. 11. General Provisions. (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:
- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

JOSEPH R. BIDEN JR.

THE WHITE HOUSE, April 21, 2023.

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# Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad

A Presidential Document by the Executive Office of the President on 02/01/2021

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**President:** Joseph R. Biden, Jr. **Signing Date:** January 27, 2021

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( print page 7619) Executive Order 14008 (/executive-order/14008) of January 27, 2021

### **Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad**

The United States and the world face a profound climate crisis. We have a narrow moment to pursue action at home and abroad in order to avoid the most catastrophic impacts of that crisis and to seize the opportunity that tackling climate change presents. Domestic action must go hand in hand with United States international leadership, aimed at significantly enhancing global action. Together, we must listen to science and meet the moment.

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

# PART I—PUTTING THE CLIMATE CRISIS AT THE CENTER OF UNITED STATES FOREIGN POLICY AND NATIONAL SECURITY

Section 101 . Policy. United States international engagement to address climate change—which has become a climate crisis—is more necessary and urgent than ever. The scientific community has made clear that the scale and speed of necessary action is greater than previously believed. There is little time left to avoid setting the world on a dangerous, potentially catastrophic, climate trajectory. Responding to the climate crisis will require both significant short-term global reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and net-zero global emissions by mid-century or before.

It is the policy of my Administration that climate considerations shall be an essential element of United States foreign policy and national security. The United States will work with other countries and partners, both bilaterally and multilaterally, to put the world on a sustainable climate pathway. The United States will also move quickly to build resilience, both at home and abroad, against the impacts of climate change that are already manifest and will continue to intensify according to current trajectories.

- Sec. 102 . Purpose. This order builds on and reaffirms actions my Administration has already taken to place the climate crisis at the forefront of this Nation's foreign policy and national security planning, including submitting the United States instrument of acceptance to rejoin the Paris Agreement. In implementing—and building upon—the Paris Agreement's three overarching objectives (a safe global temperature, increased climate resilience, and financial flows aligned with a pathway toward low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development), the United States will exercise its leadership to promote a significant increase in global climate ambition to meet the climate challenge. In this regard:
- (a) I will host an early Leaders' Climate Summit aimed at raising climate ambition and making a positive contribution to the 26th United Nations Climate Change Conference of the Parties (COP26) and beyond.
- (b) The United States will reconvene the Major Economies Forum on Energy and Climate, beginning with the Leaders' Climate Summit. In cooperation with the members of that Forum, as well as with other partners as appropriate, the United States will pursue green recovery efforts, initiatives to advance the clean energy transition, sectoral decarbonization, and alignment of financial flows with the objectives of the Paris Agreement, including with respect to coal financing, nature-based solutions, and solutions to other climate-related challenges. (\(\Delta\) print page 7620)
- (c) I have created a new Presidentially appointed position, the Special Presidential Envoy for Climate, to elevate the issue of climate change and underscore the commitment my Administration will make toward addressing it.
- (d) Recognizing that climate change affects a wide range of subjects, it will be a United States priority to press for enhanced climate ambition and integration of climate considerations across a wide range of international fora, including the Group of Seven (G7), the Group of Twenty (G20), and fora that address clean energy, aviation, shipping, the Arctic, the ocean, sustainable development, migration, and other relevant topics. The Special Presidential Envoy for Climate and others, as appropriate, are encouraged to promote innovative approaches, including international multi-stakeholder initiatives. In addition, my Administration will work in partnership with States, localities, Tribes, territories, and other United States stakeholders to advance United States climate diplomacy.

- (e) The United States will immediately begin the process of developing its nationally determined contribution under the Paris Agreement. The process will include analysis and input from relevant executive departments and agencies (agencies), as well as appropriate outreach to domestic stakeholders. The United States will aim to submit its nationally determined contribution in advance of the Leaders' Climate Summit.
- (f) The United States will also immediately begin to develop a climate finance plan, making strategic use of multilateral and bilateral channels and institutions, to assist developing countries in implementing ambitious emissions reduction measures, protecting critical ecosystems, building resilience against the impacts of climate change, and promoting the flow of capital toward climate-aligned investments and away from high-carbon investments. The Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the Special Presidential Envoy for Climate, shall lead a process to develop this plan, with the participation of the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), the Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation (DFC), the Chief Executive Officer of the Millennium Challenge Corporation, the Director of the United States Trade and Development Agency, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and the head of any other agency providing foreign assistance and development financing, as appropriate. The Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit the plan to the President, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, within 90 days of the date of this order.

### (g) The Secretary of the Treasury shall

- (i) ensure that the United States is present and engaged in relevant international fora and institutions that are working on the management of climate-related financial risks;
- (ii) develop a strategy for how the voice and vote of the United States can be used in international financial institutions, including the World Bank Group and the International Monetary Fund, to promote financing programs, economic stimulus packages, and debt relief initiatives that are aligned with and support the goals of the Paris Agreement; and

- (iii) develop, in collaboration with the Secretary of State, the Administrator of USAID, and the Chief Executive Officer of the DFC, a plan for promoting the protection of the Amazon rainforest and other critical ecosystems that serve as global carbon sinks, including through market-based mechanisms.
- (h) The Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of Energy shall work together and with the Export-Import Bank of the United States, the Chief Executive Officer of the DFC, and the heads of other agencies and partners, as appropriate, to identify steps through which the United States can promote ending international financing of carbon- ( print page 7621) intensive fossil fuel-based energy while simultaneously advancing sustainable development and a green recovery, in consultation with the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs.
  - (i) The Secretary of Energy, in cooperation with the Secretary of State and the heads of other agencies, as appropriate, shall identify steps through which the United States can intensify international collaborations to drive innovation and deployment of clean energy technologies, which are critical for climate protection.
  - (j) The Secretary of State shall prepare, within 60 days of the date of this order, a transmittal package seeking the Senate's advice and consent to ratification of the Kigali Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer, regarding the phasedown of the production and consumption of hydrofluorocarbons.
- **Sec. 103** . *Prioritizing Climate in Foreign Policy and National Security*. To ensure that climate change considerations are central to United States foreign policy and national security:
- (a) Agencies that engage in extensive international work shall develop, in coordination with the Special Presidential Envoy for Climate, and submit to the President, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, within 90 days of the date of this order, strategies and implementation plans for integrating climate considerations into their international work, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law. These strategies and plans should include an assessment of:

- (i) climate impacts relevant to broad agency strategies in particular countries or regions;
- (ii) climate impacts on their agency-managed infrastructure abroad (e.g., embassies, military installations), without prejudice to existing requirements regarding assessment of such infrastructure;
- (iii) how the agency intends to manage such impacts or incorporate risk mitigation into its installation master plans; and
- (iv) how the agency's international work, including partner engagement, can contribute to addressing the climate crisis.
- (b) The Director of National Intelligence shall prepare, within 120 days of the date of this order, a National Intelligence Estimate on the national and economic security impacts of climate change.
- (c) The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce, through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Director of National Intelligence, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the heads of other agencies as appropriate, shall develop and submit to the President, within 120 days of the date of this order, an analysis of the security implications of climate change (Climate Risk Analysis) that can be incorporated into modeling, simulation, war-gaming, and other analyses.
- (d) The Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall consider the security implications of climate change, including any relevant information from the Climate Risk Analysis described in subsection (c) of this section, in developing the National Defense Strategy, Defense Planning Guidance, Chairman's Risk Assessment, and other relevant strategy, planning, and programming documents and processes. Starting in January 2022, the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall provide an annual update, through the National Security Council, on the progress made in incorporating the security implications of climate change into these documents and processes.

(e) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall consider the implications of climate change in the Arctic, along our Nation's borders, and to National (☐ print page 7622) Critical Functions, including any relevant information from the Climate Risk Analysis described in subsection (c) of this section, in developing relevant strategy, planning, and programming documents and processes. Starting in January 2022, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall provide an annual update, through the National Security Council, on the progress made in incorporating the homeland security implications of climate change into these documents and processes.

**Sec. 104**. *Reinstatement*. The Presidential Memorandum of September 21, 2016 (Climate Change and National Security), is hereby reinstated.

### PART II—TAKING A GOVERNMENT-WIDE APPROACH TO THE CLIMATE CRISIS

**Sec. 201**. *Policy*. Even as our Nation emerges from profound public health and economic crises borne of a pandemic, we face a climate crisis that threatens our people and communities, public health and economy, and, starkly, our ability to live on planet Earth. Despite the peril that is already evident, there is promise in the solutions—opportunities to create well-paying union jobs to build a modern and sustainable infrastructure, deliver an equitable, clean energy future, and put the United States on a path to achieve net-zero emissions, economy-wide, by no later than 2050.

We must listen to science—and act. We must strengthen our clean air and water protections. We must hold polluters accountable for their actions. We must deliver environmental justice in communities all across America. The Federal Government must drive assessment, disclosure, and mitigation of climate pollution and climate-related risks in every sector of our economy, marshaling the creativity, courage, and capital necessary to make our Nation resilient in the face of this threat. Together, we must combat the climate crisis with bold, progressive action that combines the full capacity of the Federal Government with efforts from every corner of our Nation, every level of government, and every sector of our economy.

It is the policy of my Administration to organize and deploy the full capacity of its agencies to combat the climate crisis to implement a Government-wide approach that reduces climate pollution in every sector of the economy; increases resilience to the impacts of climate change; protects public health; conserves our lands, waters, and biodiversity;

delivers environmental justice; and spurs well-paying union jobs and economic growth, especially through innovation, commercialization, and deployment of clean energy technologies and infrastructure. Successfully meeting these challenges will require the Federal Government to pursue such a coordinated approach from planning to implementation, coupled with substantive engagement by stakeholders, including State, local, and Tribal governments.

Sec. 202 . White House Office of Domestic Climate Policy. There is hereby established the White House Office of Domestic Climate Policy (Climate Policy Office) within the Executive Office of the President, which shall coordinate the policy-making process with respect to domestic climate-policy issues; coordinate domestic climate-policy advice to the President; ensure that domestic climate-policy decisions and programs are consistent with the President's stated goals and that those goals are being effectively pursued; and monitor implementation of the President's domestic climate-policy agenda. The Climate Policy Office shall have a staff headed by the Assistant to the President and National Climate Advisor (National Climate Advisor) and shall include the Deputy Assistant to the President and Deputy National Climate Advisor. The Climate Policy Office shall have such staff and other assistance as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this order, subject to the availability of appropriations, and may work with established or ad hoc committees or interagency groups. All agencies shall cooperate with the Climate Policy Office and provide such information, support, and assistance to the Climate Policy Office as it may request, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law. (\(\) print page 7623)

**Sec. 203**. *National Climate Task Force*. There is hereby established a National Climate Task Force (Task Force). The Task Force shall be chaired by the National Climate Advisor.

- (a) Membership. The Task Force shall consist of the following additional members:
  - (i) the Secretary of the Treasury;
  - (ii) the Secretary of Defense;
  - (iii) the Attorney General;
  - (iv) the Secretary of the Interior;
  - (v) the Secretary of Agriculture;



waters, oceans, and biodiversity; deliver environmental justice; and spur well-paying union

jobs and economic growth. As necessary and appropriate, members of the Task Force will engage on these matters with State, local, Tribal, and territorial governments; workers and communities; and leaders across the various sectors of our economy.

(c) Prioritizing Actions. To the extent permitted by law, Task Force members shall prioritize action on climate change in their policy-making and budget processes, in their contracting and procurement, and in their engagement with State, local, Tribal, and territorial governments; workers and communities; and leaders across all the sectors of our economy.

# USE OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT'S BUYING POWER AND REAL PROPERTY AND ASSET MANAGEMENT

Sec. 204 . Policy. It is the policy of my Administration to lead the Nation's effort to combat the climate crisis by example—specifically, by aligning the management of Federal procurement and real property, public lands and waters, and financial programs to support robust climate action. By providing an immediate, clear, and stable source of product demand, increased transparency and data, and robust standards for the market, my Administration will help to catalyze private sector investment into, and (\(\sigma\) print page 7624) accelerate the advancement of America's industrial capacity to supply, domestic clean energy, buildings, vehicles, and other necessary products and materials.

**Sec. 205** . Federal Clean Electricity and Vehicle Procurement Strategy. (a) The Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, the Administrator of General Services, and the Director of the Office and Management and Budget, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Energy, and the heads of other relevant agencies, shall assist the National Climate Advisor, through the Task Force established in section 203 of this order, in developing a comprehensive plan to create good jobs and stimulate clean energy industries by revitalizing the Federal Government's sustainability efforts.

- (b) The plan shall aim to use, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, all available procurement authorities to achieve or facilitate:
  - (i) a carbon pollution-free electricity sector no later than 2035; and

- (ii) clean and zero-emission vehicles for Federal, State, local, and Tribal government fleets, including vehicles of the United States Postal Service.
- (c) If necessary, the plan shall recommend any additional legislation needed to accomplish these objectives.
- (d) The plan shall also aim to ensure that the United States retains the union jobs integral to and involved in running and maintaining clean and zero-emission fleets, while spurring the creation of union jobs in the manufacture of those new vehicles. The plan shall be submitted to the Task Force within 90 days of the date of this order.
- Sec. 206. Procurement Standards. Consistent with the Executive Order of January 25, 2021, entitled, "Ensuring the Future Is Made in All of America by All of America's Workers," agencies shall adhere to the requirements of the Made in America Laws in making clean energy, energy efficiency, and clean energy procurement decisions. Agencies shall, consistent with applicable law, apply and enforce the Davis-Bacon Act and prevailing wage and benefit requirements. The Secretary of Labor shall take steps to update prevailing wage requirements. The Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality shall consider additional administrative steps and guidance to assist the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council in developing regulatory amendments to promote increased contractor attention on reduced carbon emission and Federal sustainability.
- Sec. 207 . Renewable Energy on Public Lands and in Offshore Waters. The Secretary of the Interior shall review siting and permitting processes on public lands and in offshore waters to identify to the Task Force steps that can be taken, consistent with applicable law, to increase renewable energy production on those lands and in those waters, with the goal of doubling offshore wind by 2030 while ensuring robust protection for our lands, waters, and biodiversity and creating good jobs. In conducting this review, the Secretary of the Interior shall consult, as appropriate, with the heads of relevant agencies, including the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Secretary of Energy, the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, State and Tribal authorities, project developers, and other interested parties. The Secretary of the Interior shall engage with Tribal authorities regarding the development and management of renewable and conventional energy resources on Tribal lands.

Sec. 208. Oil and Natural Gas Development on Public Lands and in Offshore Waters. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of the Interior shall pause new oil and natural gas leases on public lands or in offshore waters pending completion of a comprehensive review and reconsideration of Federal oil and gas permitting and leasing practices in light of the Secretary of the Interior's broad stewardship responsibilities over the public lands and in offshore waters, including potential climate and (
print page 7625) other impacts associated with oil and gas activities on public lands or in offshore waters. The Secretary of the Interior shall complete that review in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, through the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the Secretary of Energy. In conducting this analysis, and to the extent consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of the Interior shall consider whether to adjust royalties associated with coal, oil, and gas resources extracted from public lands and offshore waters, or take other appropriate action, to account for corresponding climate costs.

**Sec. 209** . Fossil Fuel Subsidies. The heads of agencies shall identify for the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the National Climate Advisor any fossil fuel subsidies provided by their respective agencies, and then take steps to ensure that, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Federal funding is not directly subsidizing fossil fuels. The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall seek, in coordination with the heads of agencies and the National Climate Advisor, to eliminate fossil fuel subsidies from the budget request for Fiscal Year 2022 and thereafter.

Sec. 210 . Clean Energy in Financial Management. The heads of agencies shall identify opportunities for Federal funding to spur innovation, commercialization, and deployment of clean energy technologies and infrastructure for the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the National Climate Advisor, and then take steps to ensure that, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Federal funding is used to spur innovation, commercialization, and deployment of clean energy technologies and infrastructure. The Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in coordination with agency heads and the National Climate Advisor, shall seek to prioritize such investments in the President's budget request for Fiscal Year 2022 and thereafter.

**Sec. 211** . Climate Action Plans and Data and Information Products to Improve Adaptation and Increase Resilience. (a) The head of each agency shall submit a draft action plan to the Task Force and the Federal Chief Sustainability Officer within 120 days of the date of

this order that describes steps the agency can take with regard to its facilities and operations to bolster adaptation and increase resilience to the impacts of climate change. Action plans should, among other things, describe the agency's climate vulnerabilities and describe the agency's plan to use the power of procurement to increase the energy and water efficiency of United States Government installations, buildings, and facilities and ensure they are climate-ready. Agencies shall consider the feasibility of using the purchasing power of the Federal Government to drive innovation, and shall seek to increase the Federal Government's resilience against supply chain disruptions. Such disruptions put the Nation's manufacturing sector at risk, as well as consumer access to critical goods and services. Agencies shall make their action plans public, and post them on the agency website, to the extent consistent with applicable law.

- (b) Within 30 days of an agency's submission of an action plan, the Federal Chief Sustainability Officer, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall review the plan to assess its consistency with the policy set forth in section 204 of this order and the priorities issued by the Office of Management and Budget.
- (c) After submitting an initial action plan, the head of each agency shall submit to the Task Force and Federal Chief Sustainability Officer progress reports annually on the status of implementation efforts. Agencies shall make progress reports public and post them on the agency website, to the extent consistent with applicable law. The heads of agencies shall assign their respective agency Chief Sustainability Officer the authority to perform duties relating to implementation of this order within the agency, to the extent consistent with applicable law.
- (d) To assist agencies and State, local, Tribal, and territorial governments, communities, and businesses in preparing for and adapting to the impacts of climate change, the Secretary of Commerce, through the Administrator ( print page 7626) of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Secretary of Homeland Security, through the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, in coordination with the heads of other agencies, as appropriate, shall provide to the Task Force a report on ways to expand and improve climate forecast capabilities and information products for the public. In addition, the Secretary of the Interior and the Deputy Director for Management of the Office of Management and Budget, in their capacities as the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Federal Geographic Data Committee, shall assess and provide to the Task Force a report on the

potential development of a consolidated Federal geographic mapping service that can facilitate public access to climate-related information that will assist Federal, State, local, and Tribal governments in climate planning and resilience activities.

# EMPOWERING WORKERS THROUGH REBUILDING OUR INFRASTRUCTURE FOR A SUSTAINABLE ECONOMY

Sec. 212 . Policy. This Nation needs millions of construction, manufacturing, engineering, and skilled-trades workers to build a new American infrastructure and clean energy economy. These jobs will create opportunities for young people and for older workers shifting to new professions, and for people from all backgrounds and communities. Such jobs will bring opportunity to communities too often left behind—places that have suffered as a result of economic shifts and places that have suffered the most from persistent pollution, including low-income rural and urban communities, communities of color, and Native communities.

Sec. 213 . Sustainable Infrastructure. (a) The Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall take steps, consistent with applicable law, to ensure that Federal infrastructure investment reduces climate pollution, and to require that Federal permitting decisions consider the effects of greenhouse gas emissions and climate change. In addition, they shall review, and report to the National Climate Advisor on, siting and permitting processes, including those in progress under the auspices of the Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Council, and identify steps that can be taken, consistent with applicable law, to accelerate the deployment of clean energy and transmission projects in an environmentally stable manner.

(b) Agency heads conducting infrastructure reviews shall, as appropriate, consult from an early stage with State, local, and Tribal officials involved in permitting or authorizing proposed infrastructure projects to develop efficient timelines for decision-making that are appropriate given the complexities of proposed projects.

EMPOWERING WORKERS BY ADVANCING CONSERVATION, AGRICULTURE, AND REFORESTATION

Sec. 214 . Policy. It is the policy of my Administration to put a new generation of Americans to work conserving our public lands and waters. The Federal Government must protect America's natural treasures, increase reforestation, improve access to recreation, and increase resilience to wildfires and storms, while creating well-paying union jobs for more Americans, including more opportunities for women and people of color in occupations where they are underrepresented. America's farmers, ranchers, and forest landowners have an important role to play in combating the climate crisis and reducing greenhouse gas emissions, by sequestering carbon in soils, grasses, trees, and other vegetation and sourcing sustainable bioproducts and fuels. Coastal communities have an essential role to play in mitigating climate change and strengthening resilience by protecting and restoring coastal ecosystems, such as wetlands, seagrasses, coral and oyster reefs, and mangrove and kelp forests, to protect vulnerable coastlines, sequester carbon, and support biodiversity and fisheries.

**Sec. 215** . *Civilian Climate Corps*. In furtherance of the policy set forth in section 214 of this order, the Secretary of the Interior, in collaboration with the Secretary of Agriculture and the heads of other relevant agencies, ( print page 7627) shall submit a strategy to the Task Force within 90 days of the date of this order for creating a Civilian Climate Corps Initiative, within existing appropriations, to mobilize the next generation of conservation and resilience workers and maximize the creation of accessible training opportunities and good jobs. The initiative shall aim to conserve and restore public lands and waters, bolster community resilience, increase reforestation, increase carbon sequestration in the agricultural sector, protect biodiversity, improve access to recreation, and address the changing climate.

- Sec. 216 . Conserving Our Nation's Lands and Waters. (a) The Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, and the heads of other relevant agencies, shall submit a report to the Task Force within 90 days of the date of this order recommending steps that the United States should take, working with State, local, Tribal, and territorial governments, agricultural and forest landowners, fishermen, and other key stakeholders, to achieve the goal of conserving at least 30 percent of our lands and waters by 2030.
  - (i) The Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality shall, as

appropriate, solicit input from State, local, Tribal, and territorial officials, agricultural and forest landowners, fishermen, and other key stakeholders in identifying strategies that will encourage broad participation in the goal of conserving 30 percent of our lands and waters by 2030.

(ii) The report shall propose guidelines for determining whether lands and waters qualify for conservation, and it also shall establish mechanisms to measure progress toward the 30-percent goal. The Secretary of the Interior shall subsequently submit annual reports to the Task Force to monitor progress.

# (b) The Secretary of Agriculture shall

- (i) initiate efforts in the first 60 days from the date of this order to collect input from Tribes, farmers, ranchers, forest owners, conservation groups, firefighters, and other stakeholders on how to best use Department of Agriculture programs, funding and financing capacities, and other authorities, and how to encourage the voluntary adoption of climate-smart agricultural and forestry practices that decrease wildfire risk fueled by climate change and result in additional, measurable, and verifiable carbon reductions and sequestration and that source sustainable bioproducts and fuels; and
- (ii) submit to the Task Force within 90 days of the date of this order a report making recommendations for an agricultural and forestry climate strategy.
- (c) The Secretary of Commerce, through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, shall initiate efforts in the first 60 days from the date of this order to collect input from fishermen, regional ocean councils, fishery management councils, scientists, and other stakeholders on how to make fisheries and protected resources more resilient to climate change, including changes in management and conservation measures, and improvements in science, monitoring, and cooperative research.

**EMPOWERING WORKERS THROUGH REVITALIZING ENERGY COMMUNITIES** 

Sec. 217 . Policy. It is the policy of my Administration to improve air and water quality and to create well-paying union jobs and more opportunities for women and people of color in hard-hit communities, including rural communities, while reducing methane emissions, oil and brine leaks, and other environmental harms from tens of thousands of former mining and well sites. Mining and power plant workers drove the industrial revolution and the economic growth that followed, and have been essential to the growth of the United States. As the Nation shifts to a clean energy economy, ( print page 7628) Federal leadership is essential to foster economic revitalization of and investment in these communities, ensure the creation of good jobs that provide a choice to join a union, and secure the benefits that have been earned by workers.

Such work should include projects that reduce emissions of toxic substances and greenhouse gases from existing and abandoned infrastructure and that prevent environmental damage that harms communities and poses a risk to public health and safety. Plugging leaks in oil and gas wells and reclaiming abandoned mine land can create well-paying union jobs in coal, oil, and gas communities while restoring natural assets, revitalizing recreation economies, and curbing methane emissions. In addition, such work should include efforts to turn properties idled in these communities, such as brownfields, into new hubs for the growth of our economy. Federal agencies should therefore coordinate investments and other efforts to assist coal, oil and gas, and power plant communities, and achieve substantial reductions of methane emissions from the oil and gas sector as quickly as possible.

**Sec. 218** . Interagency Working Group on Coal and Power Plant Communities and Economic Revitalization. There is hereby established an Interagency Working Group on Coal and Power Plant Communities and Economic Revitalization (Interagency Working Group). The National Climate Advisor and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy shall serve as Co-Chairs of the Interagency Working Group.

- (a) Membership. The Interagency Working Group shall consist of the following additional members:
  - (i) the Secretary of the Treasury;
  - (ii) the Secretary of the Interior;

- (iii) the Secretary of Agriculture; (iv) the Secretary of Commerce; (v) the Secretary of Labor; (vi) the Secretary of Health and Human Services; (vii) the Secretary of Transportation; (viii) the Secretary of Energy; (ix) the Secretary of Education; (x) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency; (xi) the Director of the Office of Management and Budget; (xii) the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy and Director of the Domestic Policy Council; and (xiii) the Federal Co-Chair of the Appalachian Regional Commission
- (b) Mission and Work.
  - (i) The Interagency Working Group shall coordinate the identification and delivery of Federal resources to revitalize the economies of coal, oil and gas, and power plant communities; develop strategies to implement the policy set forth in section 217 of this order and for economic and social recovery; assess opportunities to ensure benefits and protections for coal and power plant workers; and submit reports to the National Climate Advisor and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy on a regular basis on the progress of the revitalization effort.
  - (ii) As part of this effort, within 60 days of the date of this order, the Interagency Working Group shall submit a report to the President describing all mechanisms, consistent with applicable law, to prioritize grantmaking, Federal loan programs, technical assistance, financing, procurement, or other existing programs to support

and revitalize the economies of coal and power plant communities, and providing recommendations for action consistent with the goals of the Interagency Working Group. ( print page 7629)

- (c) Consultation. Consistent with the objectives set out in this order and in accordance with applicable law, the Interagency Working Group shall seek the views of State, local, and Tribal officials; unions; environmental justice organizations; community groups; and other persons it identifies who may have perspectives on the mission of the Interagency Working Group.
- (d) Administration. The Interagency Working Group shall be housed within the Department of Energy. The Chairs shall convene regular meetings of the Interagency Working Group, determine its agenda, and direct its work. The Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Chairs, shall designate an Executive Director of the Interagency Working Group, who shall coordinate the work of the Interagency Working Group and head any staff assigned to the Interagency Working Group.
- (e) Officers. To facilitate the work of the Interagency Working Group, the head of each agency listed in subsection (a) of this section shall assign a designated official within the agency the authority to represent the agency on the Interagency Working Group and perform such other duties relating to the implementation of this order within the agency as the head of the agency deems appropriate.

# SECURING ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AND SPURRING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

Sec. 219 . Policy. To secure an equitable economic future, the United States must ensure that environmental and economic justice are key considerations in how we govern. That means investing and building a clean energy economy that creates well-paying union jobs, turning disadvantaged communities—historically marginalized and overburdened—into healthy, thriving communities, and undertaking robust actions to mitigate climate change while preparing for the impacts of climate change across rural, urban, and Tribal areas. Agencies shall make achieving environmental justice part of their missions by developing programs, policies, and activities to address the disproportionately high and adverse human health, environmental, climate-related and other cumulative impacts on disadvantaged communities, as well as the accompanying economic challenges of such impacts. It is therefore the policy of my Administration to secure environmental justice

and spur economic opportunity for disadvantaged communities that have been historically marginalized and overburdened by pollution and underinvestment in housing, transportation, water and wastewater infrastructure, and health care.

**Sec. 220** . White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council. (a) Section 1-102 of Executive Order 12898 (/executive-order/12898) of February 11, 1994 (Federal Actions To Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations), is hereby amended to read as follows:

- "(a) There is hereby created within the Executive Office of the President a White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council (Interagency Council). The Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality shall serve as Chair of the Interagency Council.
- "(b) Membership. The Interagency Council shall consist of the following additional members:
  - (i) the Secretary of Defense;
    (ii) the Attorney General;
    (iii) the Secretary of the Interior;
    (iv) the Secretary of Agriculture;
    (v) the Secretary of Commerce;
    (vi) the Secretary of Labor;
    (vii) the Secretary of Health and Human Services;
    (viii) the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development; (□ print page 7630)
    (ix) the Secretary of Transportation;
    (x) the Secretary of Energy;

(xi) the Chair of the Council of Economic Advisers;

- (xii) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency;
- (xiii) the Director of the Office of Management and Budget;
- (xiv) the Executive Director of the Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Council;
- (xv) the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy;
- (xvi) the National Climate Advisor;
- (xvii) the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy; and
- (xviii) the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy
- "(c) At the direction of the Chair, the Interagency Council may establish subgroups consisting exclusively of Interagency Council members or their designees under this section, as appropriate.
- "(d) Mission and Work. The Interagency Council shall develop a strategy to address current and historic environmental injustice by consulting with the White House Environmental Justice Advisory Council and with local environmental justice leaders. The Interagency Council shall also develop clear performance metrics to ensure accountability, and publish an annual public performance scorecard on its implementation.
- "(e) Administration. The Office of Administration within the Executive Office of the President shall provide funding and administrative support for the Interagency Council, to the extent permitted by law and within existing appropriations. To the extent permitted by law, including the Economy Act (31 U.S.C. 1535 (https://www.govinfo.gov/link/uscode/31/1535)), and subject to the availability of appropriations, the Department of Labor, the Department of Transportation, and the Environmental Protection Agency shall provide administrative support as necessary.
- "(f) Meetings and Staff. The Chair shall convene regular meetings of the Council, determine its agenda, and direct its work. The Chair shall designate an Executive Director of the Council, who shall coordinate the work of the Interagency Council and head any staff assigned to the Council.

- "(g) Officers. To facilitate the work of the Interagency Council, the head of each agency listed in subsection (b) shall assign a designated official within the agency to be an Environmental Justice Officer, with the authority to represent the agency on the Interagency Council and perform such other duties relating to the implementation of this order within the agency as the head of the agency deems appropriate."
- (b) The Interagency Council shall, within 120 days of the date of this order, submit to the President, through the National Climate Advisor, a set of recommendations for further updating Executive Order 12898 (/executive-order/12898).
- **Sec. 221** . White House Environmental Justice Advisory Council. There is hereby established, within the Environmental Protection Agency, the White House Environmental Justice Advisory Council (Advisory Council), which shall advise the Interagency Council and the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality.
- (a) Membership. Members shall be appointed by the President, shall be drawn from across the political spectrum, and may include those with knowledge about or experience in environmental justice, climate change, disaster preparedness, racial inequity, or any other area determined by the President to be of value to the Advisory Council.
- (b) Mission and Work. The Advisory Council shall be solely advisory. It shall provide recommendations to the White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council established in section 220 of this order on how to increase the Federal Government's efforts to address current and historic environmental injustice, including recommendations for updating Executive Order 12898 (/executive-order/12898). (□ print page 7631)
- (c) Administration. The Environmental Protection Agency shall provide funding and administrative support for the Advisory Council to the extent permitted by law and within existing appropriations. Members of the Advisory Council shall serve without either compensation or reimbursement of expenses.
- (d) Federal Advisory Committee Act. Insofar as the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.), may apply to the Advisory Council, any functions of the President under the Act, except for those in section 6 of the Act, shall be performed by the

Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency in accordance with the guidelines that have been issued by the Administrator of General Services.

Sec. 222 . Agency Responsibilities. In furtherance of the policy set forth in section 219

- (a) The Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality shall, within 6 months of the date of this order, create a geospatial Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool and shall annually publish interactive maps highlighting disadvantaged communities.
- (b) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, within existing appropriations and consistent with applicable law:
  - (i) strengthen enforcement of environmental violations with disproportionate impact on underserved communities through the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance; and
  - (ii) create a community notification program to monitor and provide real-time data to the public on current environmental pollution, including emissions, criteria pollutants, and toxins, in frontline and fenceline communities—places with the most significant exposure to such pollution.
- (c) The Attorney General shall, within existing appropriations and consistent with applicable law:
  - (i) consider renaming the Environment and Natural Resources Division the Environmental Justice and Natural Resources Division;
  - (ii) direct that division to coordinate with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, through the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, as well as with other client agencies as appropriate, to develop a comprehensive environmental justice enforcement strategy, which shall seek to provide timely remedies for systemic environmental violations and contaminations, and injury to natural resources; and
  - (iii) ensure comprehensive attention to environmental justice throughout the Department of Justice, including by considering creating an Office of Environmental Justice within the Department to coordinate environmental justice activities among

Department of Justice components and United States Attorneys' Offices nationwide.

- (d) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall, consistent with applicable law and within existing appropriations:
  - (i) establish an Office of Climate Change and Health Equity to address the impact of climate change on the health of the American people; and
  - (ii) establish an Interagency Working Group to Decrease Risk of Climate Change to Children, the Elderly, People with Disabilities, and the Vulnerable as well as a biennial Health Care System Readiness Advisory Council, both of which shall report their progress and findings regularly to the Task Force.
- (e) The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall, in consultation with the National Climate Advisor, within existing appropriations, and within 100 days of the date of this order, publish a report identifying the climate strategies and technologies that will result in the most air and water quality improvements, which shall be made public to the maximum extent possible and published on the Office's website.
- Sec. 223 . Justice 40 Initiative. (a) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, the Director of the ( print page 7632) Office of Management and Budget, and the National Climate Advisor, in consultation with the Advisory Council, shall jointly publish recommendations on how certain Federal investments might be made toward a goal that 40 percent of the overall benefits flow to disadvantaged communities. The recommendations shall focus on investments in the areas of clean energy and energy efficiency; clean transit; affordable and sustainable housing; training and workforce development; the remediation and reduction of legacy pollution; and the development of critical clean water infrastructure. The recommendations shall reflect existing authorities the agencies may possess for achieving the 40-percent goal as well as recommendations on any legislation needed to achieve the 40-percent goal.
- (b) In developing the recommendations, the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and the National Climate Advisor shall consult with affected disadvantaged communities.

- (c) Within 60 days of the recommendations described in subsection (a) of this section, agency heads shall identify applicable program investment funds based on the recommendations and consider interim investment guidance to relevant program staff, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law.
- (d) By February 2022, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in coordination with the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, the Administrator of the United States Digital Service, and other relevant agency heads, shall, to the extent consistent with applicable law, publish on a public website an annual Environmental Justice Scorecard detailing agency environmental justice performance measures.

#### PART III-GENERAL PROVISIONS

**Sec. 301** . *General Provisions*. (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- ( print page 7633)
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(https://img.federalregister.gov/BIDEN/BIDEN\_original\_size.png)

[FR Doc. 2021-02177 (/d/2021-02177)

Billing code 3295-F1-P

PUBLISHED DOCUMENT: 2021-02177 (86 FR 7619)





#### NOTE TO THE PROPERTY OWNER:

CITY PLAN COMMISSION POLICY REQUIRES THAT THE APPLICANT OR REPRESENTATIVE BE PRESENT AT THE PUBLIC HEARING FOR THEIR ITEM(S). PLEASE DIRECT ANY QUESTIONS TO THE PLANNING & INSPECTIONS DEPARTMENT, PLANNING DIVISION, (915) 212-1569.

#### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC:

Sign Language interpreters will be provided for this meeting upon request. Requests must be made to Elsa Ramirez at a minimum of 48 hours prior to the date and time of this hearing.

If you need Spanish Translation Services, please email advance of the meeting.

Posted this 10th of October 2024.



#### AGENDA FOR THE CITY PLAN COMMISSION

# October 17, 2024 MAIN CONFERENCE ROOM, 300 NORTH CAMPBELL – 2<sup>ND</sup> FLOOR 1:30 PM

Notice is hereby given that the City Plan Commission of the City of El Paso will be conducted on the above date and time.

Members of the public may view the meeting via the following means:

Via the City's website:
Via television on City15

YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/upstic/youtubeschole/got

In compliance with the requirement that the City provide two-way communication for members of the public, members of the public may communicate with the City Plan Commission during public comment, and regarding agenda items by calling the following number:

1-915-213-4096 or Toll Free Number: 1-833-664-9267

At the prompt, please enter the following Conference ID: 360 855 497#

#### A quorum of City Plan Commission must participate in the meeting.

If you wish to sign-up to speak, please contact Elsa Ramirez at Raminus or (915) 212-0088 no later than by the start of the meeting.

A sign-up form is available outside the Main Conference Room, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor for those who wish to sign-upon the day of the meeting. Requests to speak must be received by 1:30 p.m. on the date of the meeting.

A total time of three minutes may be allowed for each speaker. The Public Comment portion shall not exceed thirty (30) minutes, unless otherwise approved by the City Plan Commission.

A quorum of the City Plan Commission members must be present and participate in the meeting.

#### PUBLIC COMMENT

This time is reserved for members of the public who would like to address the City Plan Commission on any items that are not on the City Plan Commission Agenda and that are within the jurisdiction of the City Plan Commission. No action shall be taken.

A sign-up form is available outside the Main Conference Room, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor for those who wish to sign up on the day of the meeting. Requests to speak must be received by 1:30 p.m. on the date of the meeting. A total time of three minutes may be allowed for each speaker. The Public Comment portion shall not exceed thirty (30) minutes, unless otherwise approved by the City Plan Commission.

#### **CONSENT AGENDA**

#### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC:

All matters listed under the **CONSENT AGENDA**, including those on the Addition to the Agenda, will be considered by City Plan Commission to be routine, or have met all standards for development under state law (plats only not requiring a public hearing), and will be enacted by one motion unless separate discussion is requested by City Plan Commission or staff and the item is removed from the Consent Agenda. Members of the audience who wish to ask questions or speak regarding items on the Consent Agenda must sign up on the day of the meeting, and such requests to speak must be received by 1:30 p.m. on the date of the meeting. When the vote has been taken, if an item has not been called out for separate discussion, the item has been approved. The City Plan Commission may, however, reconsider any item at any time during the meeting.

#### Approval of Minutes:

1 Discussion and action on the City Plan Commission minutes for:

a. October 3, 2024

#### Major Combination:

2. SUSU24-00047: Ivey's Interstate Commercial Center 3 – Tract 10A, Block 3, Ysleta Grant,

City of El Paso, El Paso County, Texas

Location: South of North Loop Dr., and East of Americas Ave.

Existing Zoning: M-1 (Light-manufacturing Industrial)

Property Owner: Ivey Partners, LTD

Representative: GRV Integrated Engineering Solutions, LLC

District: 7

Staff Contact: Saul J. G. Pina, (915) 212-1612,

#### REGULAR AGENDA - DISCUSSION AND ACTION:

#### Subdivision Applications:

#### **SUBDIVISION MAP APPROVAL:**

#### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC AND APPLICANTS:

The staff report for an agenda item may include conditions, exceptions, or modifications. The Commission's motion to approve an item in accordance with the staff report or with all staff comments means that any modifications, waivers, exceptions requested by the applicant and recommended for approval by staff and any staff recommended conditions, have been approved, without necessitating that the Commission restate the modifications, exceptions, waivers, or conditions as part of the motion to approve and that any findings

required to be made by the Commission, have been made. If the Commission does not wish to approve an exception or modification, or require a condition, then the Commission's motion will state which have not been approved, otherwise, the staff report, with all modifications, exceptions and conditions, is approved and the applicant shall comply with all provisions of the staff report.

#### Major Proliminary:

3. **SUSU24-00074:** Rio Vista Estates Unit II – Being a Portion of Tracts 15-C-1 and 15-D, Block

13, Upper Valley Surveys, and a Remnant Portion of Lot 25, Block 1,

Edmundo Kauffman Estates Replat "A", El Paso County, Texas

Location: North of Borderland Rd, and East of Strahan Rd.

Existing Zoning: N/A Property lies within Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ)

Property Owner: Cuatro Land Holdings, LLC Representative: Del Rio Engineering Inc.

District: N/A Property lies within Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ)

Staff Contact: Saul J. G. Pina, (915) 212-1612, Pass Applications of the Staff Contact:

#### PUBLIC HEARING Comprehensive Plan Amendment:

4. **PLCP24-00004**: Tracts 20A, 20A2, 20B, 21, and 22A, Block 2, Ysleta Grant, City of El

Paso, El Paso County, Texas

Location: 300 Nevarez Rd. and 546 Inglewood Dr.

Zoning: R-F (Ranch and Farm)

Existing Use: Vacant

Request: Future Land Use Map amendment from O-3, Agriculture to G7, Industrial

and/or Railyards

Owner: RE Foundation, LLC Representative TRE & Associates

District: 7

Staff Contact: Luis Zamora, (915) 212-1552,

5. PLCP24-00005: Tract 16-A, Block 2, Ysleta Grant, City of El Paso, El Paso County,

Texas

Location: 445 Inglewood Dr.
Zoning: R-F (Ranch and Farm)

Existing Use: Vacant

Request: Future Land Use Map amendment from O-3, Agriculture to G7, Industrial

and/or Railyards

Owner: Valley Cold Storage and Transportation

Representative: SLI Engineering

District:

Staff Contact: Luis Zamora, (915) 212-1552, Zamora, 212-1552

#### PUBLIC HEARING Rezoning Application:

6. PZRZ24-00004: Tracts 20A, 20A2, 20B, 21 and 22A, Block 2, Ysleta Grant, City of El

Paso, El Paso County, Texas

Location: 546 Inglewood Dr.
Existing Zoning: R-F (Ranch and Farm)

Reguest: Rezone from R-F (Ranch and Farm) to C-4 (Commercial)

Existing Use: Vacant

Proposed Use: General warehouse
Property Owner: RE Foundation, LLC
Representative: Lynette Nevarez Urias

District:

 7. PZRZ24-00023: Tract 16-A, Block 2, Ysleta Grant, City of El Paso, El Paso County,

Texas

Location: 445 Inglewood Dr. Existing Zoning: R-F (Ranch and Farm)

Request: Rezone from R-F (Ranch and Farm) to C-4 (Commercial)

Existing Use: Vacant

Proposed Use: General warehouse

Property Owner: Valley Cold Storage and Transportation

Representative: SLI Engineering Inc.

District: 7

#### PUBLIC HEARING Zoning Condition Release Application:

B. PZCR24-00002: Lot 1, Block 1, Inglewood Subdivision, City of El Paso, El Paso County,

Texas

Location: 551 Inglewood Dr.

Existing Zoning C-4/c (Commercial/conditions)

Request: To release conditions imposed by Ordinance No. 19219, dated August

17, 2021

Existing Use: General warehouse

Proposed Use: General warehouse and Heavy truck (sales, storage, repair, and rental)

Property Owner: Inglewood Properties, LLC

Representative: H2O Terra

District: 7

Staff: Luis Zamora, (915) 212-1552, Zamora Laboratoria del Staff:

9. PZCR24-00003: Tracts 2B, 3, and 3A, Block 6, Socorro Grant, and Tracts 2, 2B and 3D,

Block 2, Ysleta Grant, City of El Paso, El Paso County, Texas

Location: 1000 Inglewood Dr.

Existing Zoning A-O/c (Apartment/Office/conditions)

Request: To release conditions imposed by Ordinance No. 19343, dated June 22,

2022

Existing Use: Vacant

Proposed Use: Apartment complex and offices Property Owner: BRE Development, LLC.

Representative: CEA Group

District: 7

#### **EXECUTIVE SESSION**

The City Plan Commission may retire into Executive Session pursuant to Section 3.5A of the El Paso City Charter and the Texas Government Code, Section 551.071 Consultation with Attorney, Section 551.072 Deliberation Regarding Real Property, and Section 551.073 Deliberation Regarding Prospective Gifts to discuss any item on this agenda.

#### **ADJOURN**



November 12, 2024

Cemelli de Aztlan Familias Unidas del Chamizal El Paso, Texas 79901

Dear Familias Unidas del Chamizal

Thank you for your letter dated October 14, 2024, to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regarding the proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry Project in El Paso, TX. Your letter identified concerns with the BOTA project including impacts to community resources, environmental justice concerns, and the purpose and need of the project. In addition, you requested that EPA advocate for Viable Action Alternative #4 which eliminates all commercial cargo from the BOTA.

While EPA does not advocate for one alternative over another, as required by Section 309 of the Clean Air Act, the EPA did review and submit comments to General Services Administration, the lead federal agency, on the BOTA Draft Environmental Impact Statement. EPA's comment letter can be found at EPA's EIS database. In this letter, and consistent with E.O. 14096 and the Council on Environmental Quality, Environmental Justice Guidance, EPA recommended GSA conduct meaningful engagement with affected communities throughout the NEPA process. In response to community feedback gathered in the public scoping process, GSA designated the removal of commercial cargo traffic from the BOTA as the preferred alternative in the Draft EIS. The EPA supports the GSA meaningfully engaging the public in a manner that aligns with the CEQ EJ guidance.

If you have any further questions or concerns on this matter, please contact Tanisha Hinton at or (214) 665-6466.

Sincerely,

KIMEKA PRICE Digitally signed by KIMEKA PRICE Date: 2024 11 12 11:38:25 -06'00'

Kimeka Price
Acting Branch Manager
Environmental Justice, Community Engagement
and Environmental Review Division

	- Y-		



February 23, 2024

VIA Electronic Mail

Karla R. Carmichael General Services Administration 819 Taylor Street Fort Worth, Texas 76102

Re: Docket Number 2023-0002

Dear Ms. Carmichael:

The Region 6 office of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has reviewed the General Services Administration (GSA) Public Buildings Service (PBS) Scoping request to solicit input regarding the impacts associated with the proposed Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry (LPOE) Modernization Project (Docket Number 2023-0002) in El Paso, Texas. To assist in the scoping process, we have identified the following areas for your attention in the preparation of the GSA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS):

# Statement of Purpose and Need

We recommend the document clearly identify the underlying purpose and need to which the GSA is responding in proposing the alternatives. The purpose of the proposed action is typically the specific objectives of the activity, while the need for the proposed action may be to eliminate a broader underlying problem or take advantage of an opportunity.

#### Alternatives Analysis

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requires evaluation of reasonable alternatives, including those that may not be within the jurisdiction of the lead agency. A robust range of alternatives will include options for avoiding significant environmental impacts. We recommend the analysis provide a clear discussion of the reasons for the elimination of alternatives which are not evaluated in detail. The environmental impacts of the proposal and alternatives should be presented in comparative form, thus sharply defining the issues, and providing a clear basis for choice among options by the decision maker and the public. The potential environmental impacts of each alternative should be quantified to the greatest extent possible (e.g., acres of habitat impacted, tons per year of emissions produced).

## Environmental Justice (EI) and Tribal Analysis

GSA stated in the Federal Register that the EIS will identify, describe, and analyze the potential effects of the action alternatives and the no action alternative. Development of the Draft EIS should be consistent with Executive Orders (EO) 12898 and 14096. EO 14096, *Revitalizing our Nation's Commitment to Environmental Justice for All,* supplements EO 12898, *Federal Action to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-income Populations,* by modernizing and improving how the Federal government confronts environmental injustice. EO 14096 directs agencies to consider disproportionate and adverse direct, indirect, and cumulative effects (including effects unrelated to Federal activities, as appropriate). Agencies are also directed to consider historic inequities and barriers to receiving equitable access to health and environmental benefits in communities with EJ concerns (including persons with disabilities). EPA recommends GSA incorporate relevant provisions of EO 14096 when developing the EIS.

EPA strongly encourages the use of <u>EJScreen</u> during EIS development efforts. EPA's nationally consistent EJ screening and mapping tool is a useful first step in highlighting locations that may be candidates for further analysis. The tool can help identify potential community vulnerabilities by highlighting potential health disparities, calculating EJ Indexes, and can also help focus environmental justice outreach efforts by identifying potential language barriers, meeting locations, tribal lands and indigenous areas, and lack of broadband access. In an initial screening of a 1-mile buffer area surrounding the proposed project site, several relevant EJ Indexes and Supplemental Indexes registered in the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile, including diesel particulate matter, air toxics cancer risk, and traffic proximity (see attached sample EJScreen Community Report).

GSA states the BOTA Land Port of Entry faces a because it does not require paid tolls and experiences significant congestion that cannot be supported by the existing port facilities. In addition to EJScreen, EPA recommends use of other appropriate tools and resources for considering potential disproportionate and adverse traffic-related and other impacts, including local area knowledge (e.g., community advisory groups, health impact assessments, and other relevant local data) The *Promising Practices for EJ Methodologies in NEPA Reviews* report is another useful resource to consider throughout the NEPA process, including during scoping and when considering reasonable project alternatives. As noted in the *Promising Practices* report, agencies can benefit from encouraging communities to propose their own alternatives and having each reasonable alternative in the EIS reflect a comparable level of detail regarding potential environmental justice concerns.

GSA stated it will document measures that could potentially avoid, minimize, or mitigate any identified adverse impacts in the EIS. EO 14096 directs agencies to consider mitigation measures for disproportionate impacts to the maximum extent practicable, including cumulative impacts already experienced by communities with EJ concerns. Additionally, CEQ EJ Guidance states agencies should identify and give heightened attention to "alternatives (including alternative sites), mitigation strategies, monitoring needs, and preferences expressed by the affected community or population" when addressing disproportionate impacts. Consistent with EO 14096 and the Council on Environmental Quality EJ Guidance, EPA recommends GSA conduct meaningful engagement with

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> EO 14096 also directs EPA to assess whether each agency analyzes and avoids or mitigates disproportionate human health and environmental effects on communities with EJ concerns in carrying out its Clean Air Act Section 309 responsibilities.

affected communities throughout the NEPA process (including creation of a community advisory group) to help inform the identification of potential disproportionate impacts and the subsequent development of potential mitigation measures.

EPA recommends GSA comply with Executive Order 13175 in conducting government-to-government consultation with federally recognized tribes potentially affected by the proposed project. In addition, EPA recommends any potential direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts to communities with EJ concerns be identified and explained in plain, clear, and concise language.

## Climate Change Impacts

# Climate change adaptation and resilience

Considering ongoing and projected regional and local climate change, EPA recommends that GSA ensures consideration of robust climate resilience and adaption planning in the design of the proposed project to protect the infrastructure investment from the effects of climate change. Considering potential climate change impacts helps ensure that investments made today continue to function and provide benefits, even in the future under different climate change scenarios.

EPA recommends that GSA specifically discuss how future climate change may alter the frequency and intensity of climate risks such as flooding and extreme weather events or bring about new climate risks. Consideration of these impacts could help avoid siting infrastructure investments in vulnerable locations, as well as unintended impacts on local communities.

When carrying out these climate vulnerability assessments, EPA recommends that GSA uses climate projections tailored to the project area rather than general climate projections for the whole country or state, such as by citing literature reviews specific to the project location or carrying out local flood modeling that integrates climate change projections.

#### **Direct and Indirect Emissions**

EPA expects the EIS to quantify construction and operational Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions in Carbon Dioxide equivalents (CO2e), as well as each individual GHG (methane, nitrous oxide, etc.) emitted. Also, EPA recommends that the EIS quantify all indirect GHG emissions associated with the proposed action, such as emissions from vehicles utilizing the BOTA.

#### **GNG Significance**

EPA does not recommend expressing project-level GHG emissions as a percentage of national or state GHG emissions. A comparison of project-level emissions to national and state emissions diminishes the significance of project-scale GHG emissions and associated project-specific contributions to overall GHG emissions. Instead, we recommend GSA includes a discussion of whether these increases are consistent with the State climate plan as proposed and in conjunction with the cumulative impacts of other GHG emissions sources in the State. Additionally, EPA recommends the EIS discusses whether the estimated GHG emissions from the project are consistent with taking action to achieve science based national GHG reduction targets and any relevant state or local goals.

#### Social Cost of GHG's

EPA recommends the EIS provide an estimate of the social cost of greenhouse gases using the methods and values in the Federal Interagency Working Group (IWG) current draft guidance. This calculation is a useful parameter for disclosing GHG impacts and benefits of mitigation and for comparison across alternatives. In addition to direct emissions sources, we recommend that the social cost of greenhouse gases be calculated for the indirect emissions as well. We also recommend that the full set of assumptions used in this calculation be provided.

#### **GHG Mitigation**

EPA recommends that the EIS discuss all reasonable and practical mitigative measures that avoid, reduce, or minimize emissions associated with the project. GSA could consider mitigation options applicable to the construction, operation, and purpose of the LPOE to include best practices that reduce emissions during construction, and reduction of emissions during life cycle operations. Particular attention should be paid to explaining the quality of the proposed mitigation, including its permanence, verifiability, and enforceability.

#### Wetlands and Water Quality

The Rio Grande is an international boundary water that has been disrupted and impacted by manmade creations and activities such as dams, irrigation diversions, agricultural impacts, etc. According to EPA's Environmental Justice Screening and Mapping Tool, there are multiple reaches of the Rio Grande within the proposed project area that are identified as Impaired. Please include a list of 303(d) listed waters in close proximity to the proposed project components. Discuss how the project is expected to impact impaired waters and non-impaired waters.

In Region 6, EJ Indexes at or above the 70th percentile within the project area trigger the need for more EJ considerations for that specific community. The project area is within the 95<sup>th</sup> - 100<sup>th</sup> percentile for "Wastewater Discharge" and multiple tracts are considered disadvantaged due to meeting more than one burden threshold and the associated socioeconomic threshold according to the CEQ's Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool. Analysis of restorative practices that can be implemented into sustainable designs of BOTA LPOE infrastructure is recommended to address water quality issues in the project area. Riparian restoration through revegetative efforts can help address water, soil, and air quality. Please include a detailed description of efforts to revegetate temporarily impacted areas. This should include a monitoring schedule to ensure revegetation success. EPA also recommends the document discuss the project's consistency with applicable stormwater permitting requirements. Requirements of a stormwater pollution prevention plan should be reflected as appropriate in the document.

If applicable, EPA supports the EIS including measures that could potentially avoid, minimize, or mitigate any identified adverse impacts of action alternatives to CWA 404 jurisdictional waters. Additional analysis and public participation per 33 U.S.C. § 1344(a) are also recommended regarding climate and EJ. EPA encourages GSA to notify all impacted communities with EJ concerns that may affect waters of concern to these parties. Even broader considerations may be used to consider potential impacts on communities exceeding 70<sup>th</sup> percentile on one or more EJ indicators such as the

"public interest review" in determining whether to issue a § 404 permit, in addition to determining whether a permit satisfies the requirements of the § 404(b)(1) guidelines.

#### Air Quality

EPA asks that the EIS provides a detailed discussion of ambient air conditions (baseline or existing conditions), National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) and non-NAAQS pollutants, criteria pollutant nonattainment areas, and potential air quality impacts of the proposed project. Such an evaluation is necessary to understand the potential impacts from temporary, long-term, or cumulative degradation of air quality.

EPA recommends GSA describe and estimate air emissions from potential construction, maintenance, and operation activities, as well as proposed mitigation measures to minimize those emissions. We recommend an evaluation of the following measures to reduce emissions of criteria air pollutants and hazardous air pollutants (air toxics):

- Existing Conditions Provide a detailed discussion of ambient air conditions, NAAQS, and criteria pollutant nonattainment areas in the vicinity of the project.
- O Quantify Emissions Estimate emissions of criteria and hazardous air pollutants (air toxics) from the proposed project and discuss the timeframe for release of these emissions over the lifespan of the project and describe and estimate emissions from potential construction activities, as well as proposed mitigation measures to minimize these emissions. The document should also consider any expected air quality/visibility impacts to Class I Federal Areas identified in 40 CFR Part 81, Subpart D.
- Specify Emission Sources Specify all emission sources by pollutant from mobile sources (on and off-road), stationary sources (including portable and temporary emission units), fugitive emission sources, area sources, and ground disturbance. This source specific information should be used to identify appropriate mitigation measures and areas in need of the greatest attention.
- O Construction Emissions Mitigation Plan Please include a draft Construction Emissions Mitigation Plan and ultimately adopt this plan in the Record of Decision. We recommend all applicable local, state (e.g., coordination of land-clearing activities with the state air quality agency to determine air quality conditions such as atmospheric inversions prior to performing open burning activities), or Federal requirements (e.g., certification of non-road engines as in compliance with the EPA Tier 4 regulations found at 40 CFR Parts 89 and 1039) be included in the Construction Emissions Mitigation Plan in order to reduce impacts associated with emissions of particulate matter and other toxics from any potential construction-related activities.

#### General

The document should discuss noise and lighting impacts from the proposed project and identify any sources that may be impacted. If warranted, GSA should discuss potential mitigation methods to lessen impacts of noise and lighting to nearby populations.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide scoping comments on the BOTA Modernization Project. We look forward to reviewing the EIS related to this effort. If you have any questions, please contact Keith Hayden at (214) 665-2133 or by e-mail at

Sincerely,

Robert tally signed by ert Houston 2024.02.23 to 3 -06'00'

Robert Houston, Staff Director
Office of Communities, Tribes and
Environmental Assessment

#### Enclosure:

EJScreen Report BOTA project area block groups



# EJScreen Community Report

This report provides environmental and socioeconomic information for user-defined areas, and combines that data into environmental justice and supplemental indexes.

# El Paso, TX



#### LANGUAGES SPOKEN AT HOME

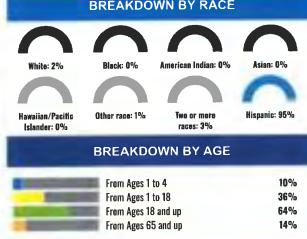
I ANGUAGE	PERCENT
English	10%
Spanish	90%
Total Non-English	90%

the User Specified Area Population: 9,007 Area in square miles: 2.24

#### **COMMUNITY INFORMATION**



#### **BREAKDOWN BY RACE**



#### LIMITED ENGLISH SPEAKING BREAKDOWN

	Speak Spanish Speak Other Indo-Euro Speak Asian-Pacific Isl Speak Other Language	and Languages	99% 0% 1% 0%
Numbers ma : U.S. Census from the Cen	to ro muni I.	nic population can b ) 2017 -2021. Life ex	e of any race. pectancy data

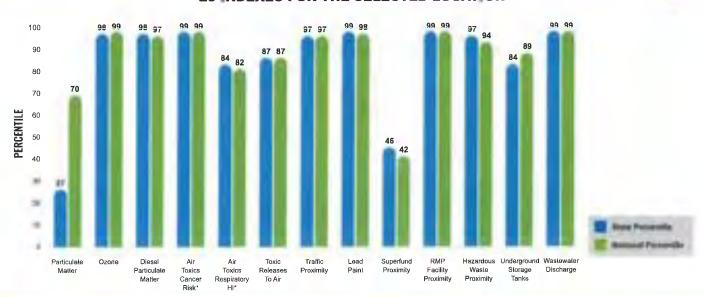
#### **Environmental Justice & Supplemental Indexes**

The environmental justice and supplemental indexes are a combination of environmental and socioeconomic information. There are thirteen EJ indexes and supplemental indexes in EJScreen reflecting the 13 environmental indicators. The indexes for a selected area are compared to those for all other locations in the state or nation. For more information and calculation details on the EJ and supplemental indexes, please visit the

#### **EJ INDEXES**

The EJ indexes help users screen for potential EJ concerns. To do this, the EJ index combines data on low income and people of color populations with a single environmental indicator.

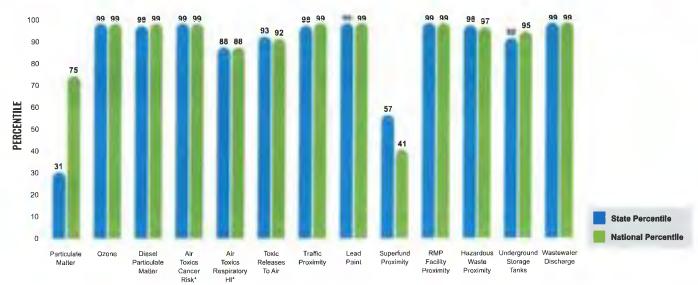
#### **EJ INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION**



#### SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES

The supplemental indexes offer a different perspective on community-level vulnerability. They combine data on percent low-income, percent linguistically isolated, percent less than high school education, percent unemployed, and low life expectancy with a single environmental indicator.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION



These percentiles provide perspective on how the selected block group or buffer area compares to the entire state or nation

Report for the User Specified Area

# EJScreen Environmental and Socioeconomic Indicators Data

MATCHER WARMANS		STREET, STREET	PERSONAL	DEP MAINTE	PERCENTE.
PRODUCTION AND DESIRORS					
Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	7.23	9.11	8	8.08	25
Ozone (ppb)	69.9	64.6	88	61.6	93
Diesel Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	0.349	0.218	89	0.261	77
Air Toxics Cancer Risk* (lifetime risk per million)	40	28	89	25	94
Air Toxics Respiratory HI*	0.3	0.3	29	0.31	31
Toxic Releases to Air	470	12,000	56	4,600	45
Traffic Proximity (daily traffic count/distance to road)	420	150	93	210	88
Lead Paint (% Pre-1960 Housing)	0.62	0.17	92	0.3	81
Superfund Proximity (site count/km distance)	0.015	0.085	17	0.13	10
RMP Facility Proximity (facility count/km distance)	1.9	0.63	93	0.43	96
Hazardous Waste Proximity (facility count/km distance)	1.2	0.75	81	1.9	65
Underground Storage Tanks (count/km²)	2.4	2.3	64	3.9	62
Wastewater Discharge concentration/m distance)	17	0 91	97	22	93
SOCIOLISMINOS INCIGISES					
Demographic Index	90%	AUL	98	35%	98
Supplemental Demographic Index	41%	17%	98	14%	98
People of Color	98%	58%	92	39%	95
Low Income	81%	34%	96	31%	97
Unemployment Rate	7%	5%	72	6%	71
Limited English Speaking Households	46%	8%	97	5%	98
Less Than High School Education	51%	16%	95	12%	98
Under Age 5	10%	6%	82	6%	87
Over Age 64	14%	14%	57	17%	43
Low Life Expectancy	21%	20%	59	20%	63

#### Sites reporting to EPA within defined area:

Superfund	0
Hazardous Waste, Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities	0
Water Dischargers	12
Air Pollution	0
Brownfields	0
Toxic Release Inventory	1

#### Other community features within defined area:

Schools	4
Hospitals	2
Places of Worship	5

#### Other environmental data:

Air Non-attainment	Yes
Impaired Waters	Yes

Colonial location contains American Indian Decomption Lands	No
Selected location contains American Indian Reservation Lands*	NU
Selected location contains a "Justice40 (CEJST)" disadvantaged community	Yes
Selected location contains an EPA IRA disadvantaged community	Yes

Report for the User Specified Area

# **EJScreen Environmental and Socioeconomic Indicators Data**

		HEALTH IN	DICATORS		
HEICHEL -	Var. (L	(a.d. 3355 eb	DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	STATISTICS.	63 / (000) 639
Low Life Expectancy	21%	20%	59	20%	63
Heart Disease	9.9	5.9	97	6.1	97
Asthma	10.6	9.2	91	10	71
Cancer	4.5	5.2	36	6.1	18
Persons with Disabilities	21.1%	12.3%	91	13.4%	88

	100	CUI	MATE INDICATORS	Marie Land	
REISE	THEFT	- TOTAL REPORT	their resentation of	DE ANDREAS	- BET PRODUCTIONS
Flood Risk	5%	10%	51	12%	40
Wildfire Risk	0%	30%	0	14%	0

		CRITICAL SE	RVICE GAPS		
MECHANICAL STREET	RADIO	DATE STORES	DISCOUNTED BY	ID ATTEMEN	NI PERCENTE
Broadband Internet	32%	15%	87	14%	90
Lack of Health Insurance	34%	18%	91	9%	98
Housing Burden	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Transportation Access	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Food Desert	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Footnotes

Report for the User Specified Area



#### **BOTA LPOE DRAFT EIS**

1 message

Cemelli Aztlan <cemelli@mujerobrera.org>

Mon, Dec 2, 2024 at 2:09 PM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>, Karla Carmichael - 7PMC <karla.carmichael@gsa.gov>, Daniel Partida - 7PCA <daniel.partida@gsa.gov>, charlie.hart@gsa.gov

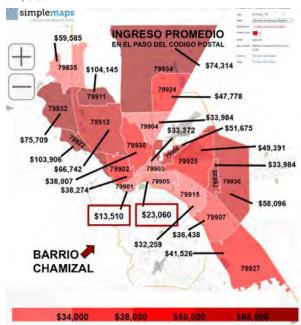
Cc: Hilda Villegas <a href="hilda@mujerobrera.org">hilda@mujerobrera.org</a>, "Paola Camacho(ELP)" <PCamacho@trla.org</a>, Celia Aguilar <celia@mujerobrera.org</a>, Raymond Surya <raymond.surya@mujerobrera.org>

Dear Mr. Charlie Hart, Mr. Daniel Patrida, Ms. Karla Carmichael & GSA officials/staff:

We, Familias Unidas del Chamizal, are writing to submit our concerns and demands in regards to the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) international port-of-entry renovation project in our neighborhood - barrio Chamizal in El Paso, Texas. We, as residents who are directly affected by the emissions produced at BOTA; and whereas we, residents who are and will be directly affected by the decisions and/or consequences that result from the BOTA renovations, demand that our health be prioritized (SEE: STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH: EPA EJ SCREEN CHAMIZAL 2024) and that the GSA finalize the recommendation of Alternative 4; which eliminates semi-truck commercial cargo operations from BOTA. This is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Viable Action Alternative #4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes Environmental Justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Viable Action Alternative #4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

#### **CUMULATIVE IMPACTS CONSIDERATION**

Our neighborhood, Barrio Chamizal, is directly located on the US/Mexico border and has a predominantly poor population with more than 7000+ residents, overwhelmingly Spanish speaking families, living in a dense area, approximately 2 sq.miles. According to the 2020 Census, the two zip codes within the Chamizal neighborhood (79901 & 79905) represent median incomes in severe poverty, below \$13,500/year (79901) and below \$23,060/year (79905). Barrio Chamizal's demographics (Census Tracts 28 & 29 and portions of Census Tracts 20 & 21) include: 96.9 % Latino/a, 92.8% Spanish speaking, 81.6% low income, with the majority- 58.1% living below the poverty line, and 68.3 % of households with children under 18 in single-headed households.

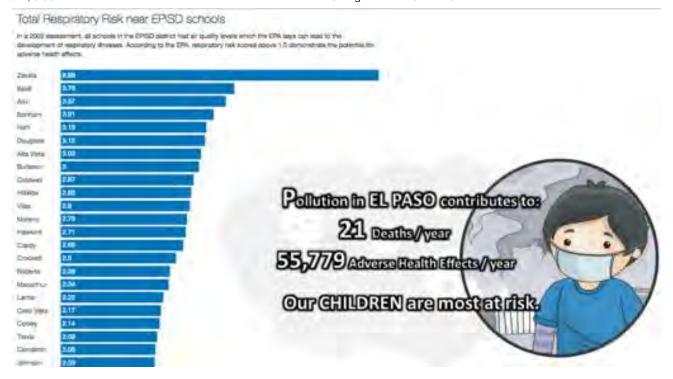


The environmental injustice in barrio Chamizal overburdens residents who can least afford it. The current conditions make residents, especially children, women and elders, more susceptible to serious adverse effects on their health. The socioeconomic conditions of the families in the barrio become a major stressor when exposed to high levels of air pollution. The cumulative impacts overburdening the Chamizal community is particularly concerning because of exasperating effects. A snapshot of our neighborhood, barrio Chamizal reveals stark health disparities, varying in affects according to one's proximity to toxic sources of pollution. Low-life expectancy and documented asthma cases double within a 2-mile radius of barrio Chamizal. The compounded effect of social and environmental injustices in south side El Paso are unseen anywhere in the city. According to EPA's EJScreen, our asthma rates rank our neighborhood in the 80-95th percentile to other neighborhoods in the U.S. and Air Toxic Cancer Risk rank in the 95-100th percentile. The Climate & Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST) qualifies the Chamizal neighborhood as historically underinvested, in the 99th percentile for poverty and ranks the neighborhood in the 95th percentile for lacking green space. The EPA IRA Disadvantaged Communities Map designated barrio Chamizal as disadvantaged and the EPA Environmental Justice Screen ranks the Chamizal neighborhood in the 95-100 percentile in all the following: Ozone, Diesel Particulate Matter, Air Toxics Cancer Risk (Lifetime cancer risk from inhalation of air toxics), Traffic Proximity, Lead Paint, RMP Facilities (potential chemical accident management plan), Hazardous Waste Proximity (hazardous waste management facilities) (TSDFs & LQGs), Underground Storage Tanks, and Wastewater Dischargers Indicator (Stream Proximity & Toxic Concentration).



#### CHILDREN'S HEALTH & ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE CONSIDERATION

Barrio Chamizal is surrounded by stark examples of environmental injustice- BOTA, the second busiest portof-entry on the US/MEX border is overloaded with commercial semi truck traffic that emits dangerous levels
of pollution everyday next to our neighborhood and schools: Bowie High School and Zavala Elementary.
The children on campus are exposed to high levels of air pollution linked to life-long health issues, including
cancer risks and affects to cognitive growth, including lower GPAs. Numerous studies have shown that diesel
truck exposure and near highway exposure pose a grave danger and have everlasting effects in the health of
children, women and elders. There is a higher risk of asthma for children living within ½ mile of a highway
and higher risk of asthma when exposed to traffic pollution at school. Among children, studies show reduced
lung growth in children living within 1,640 feet of a highway. For women, long-term exposure to trafficrelated air pollution is linked to premature births, breast cancer and diabetes. For adults, higher long-term
exposure to traffic is associated with new cases of heart disease, and both short-term and long-term exposure
to traffic-related air pollution is related to cardiovascular deaths and illness. Traffic pollution is linked to
increased lung cancer in people who never smoked (See: Resident Testimony).



In October 2024, we hosted a toxic tour for EPA officials, including the EPA Region 6 Administrator and the Region 6 Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Unit, and highlighted the hazards surrounding public schools and housing, citing the Environmental Health impacts on our children. During the tour, EPA officials noted our situation as comparable to cancer alley, one of the most polluted places in the nation. At each stop, officials witnessed the unjustifiable hazards our children are exposed to. Eliminating commercial cargo semitrucks from BOTA would have profound environmental health effects on a community that has been overburdened for too long. The children are our navigating guides in all we do because they are our future; and though filled with potential and possibilities, they are also the most vulnerable and most susceptible to the contaminants we breathe. The negative long term health consequences that come from exposure to high emissions during critical stages of development are forever, and can negatively affect a family for multiple lifetimes.

Excerpts from article: <u>EL PASO MATTERS</u>, <u>Residents near Bridge of the Americas demand action on truck pollution; businesses warn of economic impacts</u>, October 27, 2024:

Chamizal residents argue other segments of El Paso don't have to face as many challenges and sources of pollution at the same time. "We have a right to exist in a place where we are free of all these environmental stressors and environmental injustices," Villegas said. "Industry has always been considered before us, the residents." "When it comes to diesel contamination, it's super, super horrible for a child's development," Villegas said. "It's the smallest fibers, particles that go inside and get embedded in the bloodstream."

"I don't disagree with the activists from the Chamizal," Calvo, MPO director said. "You have a school (Zavala Elementary) right there in front of the bridge, and you have all the trucks not only northbound but also southbound."

#### RESIDENTS' PUBLIC HEALTH CONSIDERATION

Resident testimony excerpts from <u>EL PASO CITY COUNCIL MEETING PUBLIC COMMENTS ON</u>
<u>OCTOBER 8, 2024</u> Agenda Item #31, regarding BOTA public health issues:

Maria Rodriguez (video @ 2:06): "I come here as a human to speak on behalf of Familias Unidas. I have been living in that area for 27 years. A year and a half ago, my son was diagnosed with cancer. The specialists do not know the reason for this diagnosis. He does not smoke, he does not do drugs. And, I personally attribute this to the contamination. And this problem of contamination is not only something that affects my family and me, who suffer from allergies continually, but it affects the whole community. If someone could take a walk through the neighborhood there, one could see that there are a lot of schools there and kids there, and everyone is constantly suffering from allergies. There are a lot of testimonies from different families, from people who are elderly, that are children, that are suffering from this contamination. In fact, there is a child here in Familias Unidas who is already tired of constantly suffering and dealing with this contamination. So I come, as a representative of Familias Unidas, to ask for a humane decision with regards to our community. I appeal to you that you can render a decision that is favorable to the health of the Barrio. I have noticed that, 24 hours a day, there are commercial trucks that are crossing back and forth between the US and Mexico every day, and the smoke that comes from the trucks is black. It is totally contaminated, and this is what we are breathing. I understand that the economy is very important to you all, but something that is even more important is the health of the community around this bridge. And it's not only the community in the Chamizal, but it's also the people on the other side, where there are more people who are sick from illnesses such as asthma, allergies, and daily coughs. Lastly, I ask that you all please, think of us in a humane way. Put yourselves in our shoes, if you would like to and are able to, and think for a moment about the quality of life that we are experiencing in the Chamizal."



(video @ 2:12) "I am Maria Luisa de Amaya, and I am here to support everything that everyone has said here. I am a resident of the Chamizal neighborhood and I am part of Familias Unidas as well. So I come here to ask that you think of the Chamimzal neighborhood in a humane way, because it's too much, the losses that we have already suffered. There are too many diseases here. I myself have a daughter who lost her baby, and the doctors said it was due to the contamination in the neighborhood. So this is something that is critical, and it is something beyond just respiratory conditions. I come here, thinking of this, to ask you all to really think through this. I am not asking you to send the contamination somewhere else, but know that in our community, there is no more room for more contamination. We have the recycling plants, we have the buses, and we can't take any more. That is why I'm saying this. There are a lot of stories of the contamination, and while for me, mine is the most critical, for my friends and neighbors, they have their own stories, and their stories are the most critical. The need is big in our area, and this need is urgent. Also, in our area you have the trucks driving by Zavala Elementary, and there are a lot of children there. And I think it's not fair, I think it's not fair for us to have all the pollution the trucks are producing right there. Also, as I was saying, we have a lot of other sources of contamination. We have the train, we have the recycling plants, we have the

cardboard business that every so often ignites on fire. And so we can't do it anymore, we can't take anymore contamination. So I will ask you to please think of this, and realize that the need in the Chamizal area is urgent. Please take us into account, consider us. And for there to be no more deaths because of this. Thank



(video @ 2:18) "I am Josefina Lerma. I come from Barrio Chamizal, I have already lived there for 38 years. I feel like we are abandoned, we are surrounded by many sources of contamination, and they are affecting our health. I have a granddaughter of 2 years, and the doctor is saying she may grow up with asthma, because she suffers from allergies often. All of my family suffers from allergies, and the doctor says that this is because of the pollution. Right now, she is sick, and there is a school there right next to the bridge, and we feel for the kids who go there. Perhaps some mothers do not realize all the pollution their children are being exposed to from their school next to the bridge, but when those kids grow up they will have health issues later on. And we don't know what that school is doing right there. We feel abandoned, like no one pays any attention to us, but we continue in our fight for the sake of our health. Right now I am good, and then tomorrow I will wake up coughing and unable to speak, and the doctor says this is because of the pollution. Sometimes the odor of the smog wakes us up. Maybe it's because our lungs are already ruined, or damaged. We are surrounded by these sources of pollution. There are schools right next to the bridge, and elderly people who are suffering from different diseases in their lungs from the pollution. Many people come here to fight for the economy or financial gain. We come to fight for our health, and the health of our kids and the health of our community. We know that there are trucks passing through there, but that's not the only bridge they can use to cross. Soon, they will have to close that bridge, and we know you will look for solutions for the trucks that will have to find another way to cross. And we hope you will keep that solution so they don't have to come back to our neighborhood. Us, what we want is our health, that of ourselves and our children



and all the children around the bridge."

Excerpts from article: **THE GUARDIAN** 'You can taste it': El Paso residents fear air pollution will worsen after border crossing upgrade, Benton Graham, published Feb. 13, 2024

'At Bridge of the Americas, one of the region's most popular ports of entry, this slow crawl across the border is a near daily occurrence – and residents of surrounding communities say the resulting air pollution is killing them. The port is the city's only toll-free one, making it especially attractive to the hundreds of thousands of

commercial vehicles that cross there annually. The bridge's facilities are over 50 years old and federal regulators say they are in urgent need of revitalization. But local environmental advocates say such an effort would cater to the needs of the business owners who use the port over the health concerns of the residents who live next door. "It's a public health issue. Lives are being affected," said Cemelli de Aztlan, a community organizer with La Mujer Obrera, an El Paso organization committed to empowering working women of Mexican heritage. She worries that local leaders aren't doing enough to elevate the concerns of its most vulnerable residents. "To dismiss the health of residents and prioritize [industry] is not acceptable."

South-central El Paso has historically been home to working-class communities like the San Xavier neighborhood, where residents say their feedback on infrastructure projects has previously been ignored. Ricardo Leon has lived in San Xavier, adjacent to the Bridge of the Americas, for the majority of the last 60 years. He said he's developed a cough from exposure to diesel fumes from the trucks that cross the border every day. "They're just idling and you can smell everything. On a hot day, it's very, very irritating, annoying. You just can't stand it. Your eyes start burning, you feel it in your throat, you can taste it," Leon said.

Poor air quality has long been a community issue for this region of El Paso. The Environmental Protection Agency puts the diesel particulate matter, traffic proximity, and air toxics cancer risks in the neighborhoods surrounding the Bridge of the Americas in the 95-100th percentile range compared with the rest of the country. The American Lung Association ranked El Paso as the 14th worst city in the US for ozone pollution, giving it an F rating.

Penelope Quintana, a public health professor at San Diego State University who studies the impact of idling trucks near ports of entry, said air pollution from vehicles can increase the incidence of asthma, heart disease and type 2 diabetes. "Heavy duty trucks spew out much more pollution than passenger vehicles, and it tends to be very toxic pollution," Quintana said.

Indeed, south-central El Paso has some of the city's highest asthma rates, with all US census tracts in the area above the 8% national average, according to the Maps for Equity project. Leon and his neighbors worry pollution could get even worse if the federal government's \$700m investment in revamping the Bridge of Americas expands the port and encourages more companies to open factories in nearby Mexico. The port currently sees 200,000 commercial trucks cross yearly.'

#### CITY CLIMATE ACTION PLAN CONSIDERATION

According to the City's Regional Climate Action Plan, transportation is the # 1 source of air pollution and generates 40% of greenhouse gas emissions in our region. Removing the idling commercial semi-trucks from BOTA is in alignment with the Climate Action Plan: <a href="https://www.elpasotexas.gov/assets/Documents/CoEP/Community-Development/Climate-Action/EP-Priority-Climate-Action-Plan-03.01.2024.pdf">https://www.elpasotexas.gov/assets/Documents/CoEP/Community-Development/Climate-Action/EP-Priority-Climate-Action-Plan-03.01.2024.pdf</a> (pg v)

#### NAAQS PM 2.5 UPDATE CONSIDERATION

We, as residents, have been paying a high toll on our health because of long overdue environmental injustices in our neighborhood. In 2023, when we traveled to Washington DC to present resident testimonies alerting the federal government of the soot & smog public health crisis, we spoke to EPA leadership, to

include the Office of Air and Radiation and Office of Environmental Justice, the White House Climate Policy Office, the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee, and we advocated for stricter Clean Air Act national standards for soot and smog, which are overwhelmingly emitted from semi trucks and refineries. In October 2023, the EPA updated the Clean Air Act standards on soot (PM2.5) to a stricter standard, strengthening protections from 12 µg/m3 to 9 µg/m3. This newly established standard would classify El Paso as not meeting standards (non-attainment) when it goes into effect in 2025 if El Paso does nothing to address the PM2.5 pollution now. Additionally, the Draft EIS includes the old NAAQS standard for annual PM 2.5 of 12 ug/m<sup>3</sup>. The standard was approved/updated to 9 ug/m<sup>3</sup> on February 7, 2024 (Below is page 1-17 of the EIS, which needs to be updated to the new NAAQS standard):

Table 1-6. National Ambient Air Quality Standards Primary and Secondary NAAQS.	Table 1-6.	National Ambie	nt Air Quality Stand	dards Primary and Sec	condary NAAQS.
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Air Pollutant	Averaging Time	Primary NAAQS <sup>1</sup>	Secondary NAAQS
00	1-hour 8-hour	35 ppm 9 ppm	None None
NO2	1-hour Annual	0.10 ppm 0.053 ppm	Note 0.053 ppm
90:	3-hour 1-hour	0.075 ppm	0.50 pprt Norm
PMil	24-hour	150 µg/m²	150 pg/m <sup>2</sup>
PMLI	Annual 24-hour	12.0 µg/m <sup>2</sup> 35 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	15.0 usm 25 µg/m²
d).	8-hour	0,070 ppm	G O Ad ppm
.Pb	Rating 3-mounty average.	0.15 µg/m	8.16 pam

The elimination of the commercial cargo operations from BOTA would greatly reduce the congestion problem, and as cited in the initial BOTA NEPA DEIS, and would create at least a 33% decrease in toxic air pollution. The reduction of emissions is evident when we evaluate the dates in which the Governor of Texas shut down cargo from the BOTA during the following dates: September 15, 2023-October 10, 2023. Reviewing data (SEE ATTACHED) from when the bridge was closed to commercial traffic, one can see how much the idling diesel trucks contribute to Particulate Matter pollution. Data from the TCEQ Continuous Air Monitor shows that from 09/15/2023 to 10/10/2023, while the bridge was closed to commercial traffic, PM 2.5 averaged **8.36 ug/m^3**. This is below the updated NAAQS Standard of 9 ug/m^3. The month prior from 8/15/2023 to 9/10/2023, PM 2.5 averaged **9.11 ug/m<sup>3</sup>**, while the month after from 10/15/2023 to 11/10/2023, PM 2.5 averaged 9.75 ug/m<sup>3</sup>. Thus, only the month without the diesel trucks was in compliance with the new NAAQS standards for PM 2.5.

#### TORNILLO INTERNATIONAL PORT-OF-ENTRY CONSIDERATION

When the Tornillo port-of-entry was planned and constructed, the intention was for international cargo trucks. Though the BOTA was not built to withstand the weight and ware of impacts of the commercial semitrucks, the Tornillo port-of-entry was built with the intention of withstanding heavy semi trucks while processing that international cargo (see El Paso Times article). Yet, the DEIS does not consider the potential of the Tornillo POE in accommodating the rerouted trucks from BOTA and/or Zaragoza/Ysleta POE. Both Congresswoman Escobar and the CPB have stated that the Tornillo POE is ready to process 1000 commercial trucks per day. This needs to be considered in the NEPA evaluation. Furthermore, considering that the majority of cargo is destined to the El Paso Airport, it is important to note

that there is an airport in Tornillo, too, and the potential of rerouting commercial trucks in that direction should be considered.

#### **DECOMMISSIONED SEMI-TRUCKS CONSIDERATION**

For years, the Mexican government has allowed for the sale of outdated U.S. semi-trucks to those willing to buy in Mexico. These trucks are not allowed to travel throughout the United States, yet there is an exception made around the border for these decommissioned semi-trucks, which are considered 'short-distance' trucks and are 'allowed' to travel a few miles (12mi) into the US despite NOT meeting national standards and regulations. (See the commercial zone, which has been expanded to include the Tornillo POE.) The majority of commercial semi-trucks crossing the BOTA daily are those decommissioned semi-trucks the US does not allow to travel here because they do not meet emission standards (SEE PICTURE OF BLACK SOOT ON SEMI-TRUCK NEXT TO ZAVALA ELEMENTARY, HEADED SOUTH TOWARD BOTA) These semi-trucks are not the 'cleaner' less soot producing semi-trucks used in California; the semi-trucks passing at the BOTA each and every day are the decommissioned ones that the US government does not allow to travel anywhere else in the US. This reality should be considered and weighed when estimating the air contaminants from these semi-trucks crossing the bridge, in addition to how these specific types of decommissioned semi-trucks further affect our health. 'Death by a thousand cuts' has been said to describe the long history of waivers, exceptions, and loopholes that exclude our community from basic rights and protections that most people take for granted.



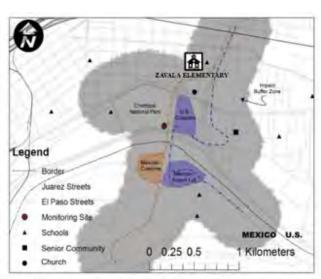
A <u>2018 study</u> reveals large diesel trucks to be the greatest contributors to harmful black carbon emissions close to major roadways, indicating that vehicle types matter more than traffic volume for near-road air pollution. "Whether it be cancer, respiratory problems, cardiac problems or neurodegenerative problems, there are numerous adverse health effects associated with the chemicals in these emissions. If we were able to reduce emission of pollutants like black carbon, we would also see an immediate climate benefit."

Further, there needs to be consistency in evaluating air quality impacts, specifically imputing projections that might only account for standard semi-trucks vs. decommissioned semi-trucks, and/or diesel semi-trucks vs. POVs. Further, when calculating projections for both BOTA Option 1 and Alternative 4, inputs should be consistent and based in reality, and as previously pointed out, Option 1's projections should include semi-trucks, as the misleading title: Future No Trucks, does not plan for nor does it guarantee an actual truck free future.

Also, the non-attainment status, extreme poverty, lack of adequate resources and infrastructure should be considered, as the commercial semi-trucks have been damaging our public roads yet do not contribute to the maintenance of those roads. The commercial semi-trucks should be rerouted to POEs that collect tolls in order to ensure contribution to maintaining the roads, ports and bridges that the industry depends on.

#### NEIGHBORHOOD & PUBLIC SCHOOLS PROXIMITY CONSIDERATION

Those involved in the planning have expressed concerns about shifting one environmental problem to another area, yet no one is considering the distance and proximity to the POE's, as the BOTA is the ONLY POE with commercial traffic in a neighborhood. The other POE's are more than 2 miles away from the POE, thus lessening exposure risks from emissions. BOTA is directly next to two Title I public schools, Zavala Elementary School and Bowie High School; and is located in one of the poorest neighborhoods in the city of El Paso, TX. For years, Zavala Elementary has dealt with substandard cooling systems, where windows are often opened for ventilation, yet no one is calculating the health effects that the dangerous fine particulate matter has on those children. Included is a snapshot of areas of expected ultrafine particle exposure, noting the proximity of both Zavala Elementary School, and Bowie H.S. (next to Chamizal National Park):



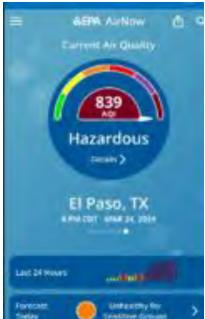


Figure 12. Areas of expected ultrafine particle exposure above background levels.

#### WIND PATTERN CONSIDERATION

On particularly windy days, the air quality worsens to unbearable conditions (SEE EPA AIRNOW 839 AQI). There are numerous hazardous particles in the hard, swirling winds that we would like NEPA EIS to access and consider. Further, the wind patterns in each POE should be considered, given that the BOTA is feeding into the Chamizal neighborhoods, of which the land area's topography is basin like and the wind patterns circle the pollution problem directly into the neighborhoods and schools, creating a circling accumulation of airborne particulates as well as particulates settling on the soil that get kicked back up by winds and movement. In comparison to the Ysleta/Zaragoza POE, the wind patterns in that area blow towards the commercially-zoned area of warehouses (SEE CITY ZONING NOTICE). Also, the expectation of POV's rerouting their commute to BOTA should alleviate traffic wait times at other POEs.

#### RECOGNIZE UNIQUENESS OF BOTA: THE ONLY FREE POE ON US/MEX BORDER

In 1963, when the U.S. and Mexico declared the official international boundary between the two countries with the Treaty of Chamizal. As a result, the river was dammed in concrete and our community was divided between two countries. At that time, during the planning process, residents were discriminated against and left out of negotiations. Families shuffled and scrambled into 'new territory' as boundary lines were drawn. Many unjustly lost their homes and their community. Residents of the Chamizal demanded inclusion and reparations. The concessions they fought for and won included: the establishment of a new school, Bowie High School; the establishment of Chamizal National Park to preserve the natural integrity of the environment; and a toll-free international port of entry for residents to cross freely between the two nations that divided the Chamizal community, The Bridge of the Americas, commonly known as El Puente Libre ("the free bridge"). The concessions made did not make up for all that was lost - yet residents hoped that these spaces would protect the Chamizal community from displacement.

Today, BOTA is the only toll free POE on the US/Mexico border. The Treaty of Chamizal was designed to bring two sister cities together as one community, now divided by international boundaries, yet the maquiladora semi-trucks have taken over BOTA. The two POE's in downtown, near our neighborhood: Stanton & Paso del Norte POE's do not allow commercial semi-trucks, yet the BOTA POE in our neighborhood is overloaded with commercial semi-trucks. We, as residents of barrio Chamizal - one of the poorest neighborhoods in the US- should be able to use the BOTA toll free daily, yet because of the congestion from semi-truck pollution, often opt to travel via the downtown POE's, paying the tolls in order to avoid unbearable high levels of pollution. Worse, all our barrio schools are surrounded by serious sources of pollution. Bowie High School sits between a massive bus hub, an international port of entry overloaded with semi-trucks. Our neighborhood is treated as a dumping ground for international trade, as our schools and housing are under a cloud of pollutants that enter our lungs, hearts, brains, and blood on a daily basis. The Chamizal National Park, which students once walked through on their way to school, is now fenced and guarded, access limited, often denied. El Puente Libre, the only toll-free bridge along the U.S. - Mexico border intended for the people, is overloaded with polluting semi-trucks transporting products and industrial waste from the NAFTA maquiladora industry in Ciudad Juarez, Mexico.

#### MAINTAIN NATURAL INTEGRITY OF THE CHAMIZAL CONSIDERATION

Since the Treaty of Chamizal (1963), both the US and Mexico have promised to maintain the natural integrity of the land, as expressed through the establishment of Chamizal National Park (US) and Parque Chamizal (MEX). Recently, in 2024, the Mexican government declared Parque Chamizal an ecological restoration zone. "El Chamizal is of historical, socioeconomic and cultural importance, since it is part of the identity of the people of Juárez, as a space for recreation and contact with the natural environment, immersed in the urban area of more than one and a half million inhabitants," the presidential decree states. The Parque Chamizal ecological restoration zone declaration states the following:

- Ecosystem restoration must be carried out in order to recover the continuity of ecological processes.
- The reintroduction or repopulation of wildlife must be carried out with native species or with species compatible with the original ecosystems but must not compromise or impact the recovery of other native species.
- The eradication or control of exotic, invasive exotic or harmful species must not impact the ecological and evolutionary processes.
- Scientific research and collection, environmental monitoring and environmental education must be carried out in such a way that they do not affect the restoration process and do not involve the

installation of infrastructure.

- Environmental education must be carried out in such a way that it does not alter the restoration process, nor the habitat or viability of wildlife species and populations, and does not involve the installation of infrastructure.
- Tourism and any other recreational activity may only be carried out outside the reforestation zones to be determined.
- The construction and maintenance of infrastructure in the reforestation areas that are determined is only permitted for activities related to the restoration.

Parque Chamizal in Juarez, MX is 320 acres of land adjacent to the BOTA and any and all future planning for BOTA should consider, calculate and respect the integrity of the ecological life that exists and will be restored at the Parque Chamizal.

#### LETTERS OF SUPPORT FROM ELECTED OFFICIALS CONSIDERATION

As we enter into the final planning stages of this historic funding, we know that the multinational export industries are countering any plans to remove the commercial trucks from the Bridge of the Americas/El Puente Libre, citing a supposed financial burden. The power structure has depended on these exploitative practices for so long, but resident's health has never been considered as part of the 'bottom-line.' The reality is that the maquiladora industry, a billion dollar per month industry, can afford to cross their products without jeopardizing the health and safety of vulnerable populations. We, as residents, have gained the support of our elected officials to ensure our environmental health is prioritized, and both the county commissioners court and the city council to unanimously voted in favor of sending a letter of support to GSA for removing the commercial trucks from BOTA (SEE ATTACHED).

We, as the Familias Unidas del Chamizal Neighborhood Association, urge the GSA to commit to Alternative 4, and remove the commercial cargo trucks from El Puente Libre/ The Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) in El Paso, TX. We have a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to plan for a better future with these historic funds. Please address the long-overdue public health crisis in barrio Chamizal, and protect the health and civil rights of families who live here by fulfilling the promise and intent of these important federal funds. Removing the commercial trucks from El Puente/BOTA is in the best interest of the city of El Paso and will have long term benefits for generations to come. Thank you.

Respectfully,

Hilda Villegas & Cemelli de Aztlan President & Secretary

Familias Unidas del Chamizal Neighborhood Association

ATTACHMENTS: FAMILIAS UNIDAS DEL CHAMIZAL BOTA NEPA DEIS LETTER PDF ATTACHED; CITATIONS, ELECTED OFFICIALS LETTERS OF SUPPORT; 109 COMMUNITY PUBLIC COMMENTS PDFs, AIR QUALITY DATA, PUBLIC HEALTH SNAPSHOTS & NEWS ARTICLE LINKS



#### 9 attachments

BOTA NEPA 12 01 2024 REFERENCE ATTACHMENTS.pdf

Air Quality Data\_v3.xlsx

Air Quality Data\_v2.xlsx

Reports\_v2.xlsx 1448K

Reports\_v3.xlsx 1869K

Reports\_v2\_updated.xlsx

elected officials letters of support 2024.pdf

BOTA DEIS NEPA 109 COMMENTS SUBMITTED 12 01 2024.pdf 11309K

FINAL FAMILIAS UNIDAS DEL CHAMIZAL NEPA BOTA LETTER 12 02 2024.pdf



#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Atziri Reyes** <azzy.reyes.b@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Oct 11, 2024 at 9:51 AM

My name is Citlali Reyes, and I am a resident of El Paso. My address is 323 Ontiveros El Paso, TX 79932

I am writing in support of the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Regards,

Citlali Reyes







We encourage you to send your comments to:

with the email subject line reading

"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

#### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

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El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a: The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

#### Comentario público:

Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signatures

Date:





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NAME/NOMBRE:
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PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

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#### Comentario publico:

Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:



We encourage you to send your comments to:

### BOTA nepacomments@esa.gov

with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:
The U.S. General Services Administra

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

#### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

#### **Public Comment:**

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

NAME/NOMBRE:

JOSO RIVERA APT #Z

PHONE/TELEFONO\*:

EMAIL/CORREO\*

AGE/EDAD\*:

RACE/RAZA\*
\*Optional

El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

#### BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a: The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

#### Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

#### Consentario publico:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date: 29-00T-2024





GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024
We encourage you to send your comments to:

BOTA nepacomments@psa.gov

with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

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September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

#### **Public Comment:**

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con el asunto del correo electrónico que dig

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Comentario público:

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Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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Signature:	Mei
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Date: 29-0(1-2024



#### Comments from EPISD Trustees, Districts 1 and 2

2 messages

**Leah Hanany** <leahhanany@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Sat, Feb 24, 2024 at 12:00 AM

#### On behalf of children:

Together, we serve the Chamizal, San Xavier, Val Verde, and Washington/Delta neighborhoods on the El Paso ISD Board of Trustees that encircle the Bridge of the Americas. As elected members of the school board, our duty extends beyond educational boundaries to the holistic well-being of EPISD children and communities, particularly those historically marginalized. Our request is clear: we ask that the needs of children be prioritized and central to decision-making processes, especially regarding how their environments are impacted by the Bridge of the Americas project, and that commercial traffic be diverted away from their schools and their homes. This focus is essential for their well-being and the overall health of our community's future generations.

The exclusion of neighborhood voices in urban planning, particularly those of our children and their families, casts a long shadow over the integrity of our community development. Failing to include these crucial perspectives not only undermines the social fabric of our neighborhoods but also perpetuates a cycle of disengagement and disenfranchisement. Centering children in our decisions ensures that urban development is a reflection of our collective hopes, not our oversights. It sends a powerful message that every member of our community, no matter how small, is valued and heard.

Investing in child-centric urban planning is not just a moral obligation; it's a strategy for thriving communities. Research illustrates that neighborhoods designed with children's needs at the forefront are not only healthier and safer but also more vibrant and economically resilient.

The Bridge of the Americas project presents a unique, perhaps once-in-a-generation opportunity to fundamentally shift the narrative by diverting commercial traffic away from our neighborhoods. This decision has the potential to redefine urban spaces as zones of safety, health, and vibrancy, rather than corridors of convenience for through traffic. Missing this chance could mean decades of living with the consequences, as urban development projects (and the allocated infusion of funding) of this scale and impact are rare.

The evidence is irrefutable. Studies demonstrate that the built environment has a profound, lasting impact on the physical and psychological development of children. Neighborhood infrastructure, green spaces, and overall neighborhood perception are not mere urban planning elements; they are determinants of our children's future. These are neighborhoods that have, for too long, borne the brunt of neglect and oversight in urban planning decisions.

We stand firmly against any development that exacerbates or continues these historical inequities or endangers our children's health and futures. As school board trustees, we have a responsibility to champion environments that foster health, safety, and equity, especially in our most vulnerable communities.

We owe it to our children and future generations to prioritize their well-being over transient commercial benefits. Let's realign our priorities and make decisions that honor our commitment to all our citizens, especially the young and the voiceless.

We are prepared to engage in collaborative discussions and take necessary actions to advocate for a more equitable, child-friendly urban future.

On behalf of children, Leah Hanany, EPISD District 1 Alex Cuellar, EPISD District 2

#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:38 PM

To: Leah Hanany <leahhanany@gmail.com>

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.

• For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

[Quoted text hidden]

#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



#### COMMENT FORM - PUBLIC INFORMATIONAL MEETING

Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBRE Darlere Kivera	
ORGANIZATION/ORGANIZACIÓN HILOS DE PLOTO	1
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 100 5. EUCALVOTUS #4104	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO (915)922-0619	Π 70
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Roam 12-8, FW, TX 76102

#### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsp.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hojo adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:
First and for most our contamination of our
environment in the surrounding area will affect the
Odution and the breathing the our health.



#### **Bota LPOE draft EIS**

1 message

**David Bustillos** <davidbustillos57@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Tue, Oct 1, 2024 at 7:12 AM

Please we need to stop the flow of large commercial vehicles to n from Mexico causing a safety issue on the Freeway entrances to Mexico n creating a hazardous environment for the poor people who live there stop it not worth any money when people are getting sick cause of the pollution n our Freeway are clogged n dangerous.



#### **Stop Commercial Truck Traffic**

1 message

**David Bustillos** <davidbustillos57@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 2:28 PM

Stop Commercial Truck Traffic it's poisoning our Central Public n causing pollution n Traffic from East&West freeway n North n South Loop.



#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**dflores2k9** <dflores2k9@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Sun, Oct 20, 2024 at 10:09 AM

Include Sentry Lanes coming back to USA and eliminate thr Cargo lane. This causes traffic issues on the US side. Thanks

Sent from my Verizon, Samsung Galaxy smartphone



#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

Daniel Reyes <a href="mailto:com">dreyes0515@gmail.com</a>

Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 6:17 AM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

I am 100 percent in favor of completely removing commercial trucks from the Bridge Of The Americas.



#### **Proposed BOTA Closure**

1 message

**David Ochoa** <ochdav8@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 6:10 PM

I'm a life long el Pasoan, raised by lifelong El Pasoans who all agree the time is long overdue to address the environmental injustices perpetuated by the decades of neglect and racism in regards to the population impacted by the issue of the lack of vision and unrestrained commercial traffic at the BOTA.

The negligence and lack of planning that has finally brought this issue to the forefront impacts all El Pasoans, including the business community.

The business leaders that benefited from decades of unregulated commercial traffic should have at the ready an alternative solution to this problem that has continued to be exponentially compounded by the growth of our regional binational commerce.

It's time to ensure the health of residents in the BOTA's adjacent neighborhoods is the number one priority.

Business and government leaders need to stop complaining and hustle to find joint funding for alternative routes. Consider it the cost of doing business.

Environmental justice requires us to stop putting this problem on the backs of people who do not have the resources to fight big business and corrupt government officials.

Aside from the contaminating our communities, the daily mile long lines of 18-wheeler traffic waiting on the overpasses from I-10 to BOTA, will continue to deteriorate these overloaded overpasses at an alarming and accelerated pace.

Those overpasses should be inspected annually and repairs paid for by the industries that have benefited from this infrastructure for decades.

The time for change is now.

David Ochoa ochdav8@gmail.com

Sent from my iPhone



#### **Bridge of Americas EP**

1 message

diana chavez <dianeachavez@hotmail.com>

Mon, Sep 23, 2024 at 6:24 AM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Good morning,

Please stop commercial cargo traffic through Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry in El Paso, Texas. The pollution they cause not only affects human health, but also the animals at the El Paso Zoo. There are two other bridges that commercial cargo could use. Thank you for your time. Sincerely,

Diana Chavez

Get Outlook for iOS



## City Representative Josh Acevedo, Ed.D. - District 2

November 1, 2024

Via email to: BOTA.ne acomments
U.S. General Services Administration

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

Letter in Support of Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas.

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

This letter is submitted in support of Viable Action Alternative 4 from the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry (LPOE) Modernization Project. My constituents and I are elated that you have stated Viable Action Alternative 4 as your preferred option as it falls in line with the work of the community to promote health in our neighborhoods.

Thank you for the important public comment period regarding the draft EIS for BOTA prior to improvements. The multiple LPOEs in our city are critical to daily life in our border community as they facilitate the movement of people who live, work, and are educated between El Paso and Ciudad Juarez as well as represent significant pillars of our local, regional, state, and national economies.

I also thank you for the public outreach efforts and meetings that have taken place throughout El Paso over the past two years. During those meetings, along with others throughout the city, residents have made clear that public health and environmental justice should be critical focus points and efforts in any alternative for improvements to BOTA. Residents and neighborhoods surrounding BOTA have been subject to idling commercial cargo vehicles for decades and have been placed at risk. The fact remains, the neighborhoods surrounding the one-mile radius of BOTA are primarily residential along with open space school parks, the City Zoo, the County Coliseum, and the Chamizal National Memorial park. Other LPOEs, such as the Ysleta LPOE is surrounded largely by industrial and undeveloped land, while the Santa Teresa LPOE is similarly surrounded by open and commercial land. In addition, the Tornillo LPOE is completely surrounded by open and commercial land. The introduction of Viable Alternative 4 eliminates commercial cargo traffic altogether and is supported by residents, neighborhoods, community organizations, the County of El Paso, and the City of El Paso.

As a City Council that prides itself on public safety and health, we are also supportive of Viable Alternative 4 as it will eliminate exposure to air pollution and noise. We continue to look forward towards a collaborative partnership that not only enhances our community, but one that protects its health as well.

Sincerely, Crevedo

Dr. Josh Acevedo

District 2 City Representative



#### Bota

2 messages

Sylvia Peregrino <dr.speregrino@gmail.com>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 9:44 PM

To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Please choose alternative 4 and remove semi trucks from the bridge of the Americas!

The other location will have more room for conveyer belt technology!

I have asthma which is exacerbated by pollution! El Paso is a very polluted city! The other location will be more efficient and not expose us to more pollution from the trucks in the central area.

I grew up near the bridge of the Americas and attended Burleson Elementary. I remember the contamination! My spouse graduated from Jefferson High School which is also near the area!

I think the toxins gave me asthma to the degree that I would have to visit the emergency room as a child.

Please don't expose our community to more pollutants! I hope you consider these comments and the lungs of the children in the area!

Thank you. Respectfully,

Dr. Sylvia Peregrino Concerned citizen El Paso TX 915-267-1968

Sent from my iPhone

BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> da.nepacomments@gsa.gov> To: Sylvia Peregrino <dr.speregrino@gmail.com>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:40 PM

Hello Dr. Sylvia Peregrino,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes - specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

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Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

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In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

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- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

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### 2 attachments

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN _ H'. OS Q. Plata.	(A)	g
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 4015, Tays APA, 128		<u></u>
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO 915 838-0634		
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO		100

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Roam 12-8, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

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Par favor, respondo con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Roam 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPGE) El Pieso County, El Pieso, Toxas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Madernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puento de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME MOMBILE SULARD GONZALES	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACION LANCOLN PACK	
ADDRESS/DIRECTION 4727 DUIZAZINO ALE	
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Karla M. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/P85, Facilities Management and Services Programs (Notion)
815 Faylar St. Room 12-W, FW, TX 75102

### BOTA NEPACOMMENTS@gsm.gov

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> Knrin R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Disman 819 Taxion St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

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NAME/ NOMBRE Esteban Jim	ienez .	Circ	11.7
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ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 445 Cortez Dr.	79905	i i	
TELEPHONE/TELEPONO 9/5 873 34 14			
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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	ase guitaran	los 7	Troilers	de esto
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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/NOMBRE Estella Solis	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN HI-los de plata	q
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 6400 Edgemere BU.	ji ji
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO (9/5) 777-0797	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Roam 12-8, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gso.gov

Par favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karlo R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todas los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS: No queremos mucho trafico	
por la calle DELTA	



# GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024

We encourage you to send your comments to:

with the email subject line reading "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

### **Public Comment:**

promote public health. goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that communities. Alternative 4 pollution BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo Viable Action and the environmental justice. Alternative GSA'sharm selection to 4 is not only the most environmental is the only of Viable Ву removing justice feasible Action

## Esteranía Rosales Aneda

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN C.P. 32177

(1 Udad Juátez, (Mb. México CITY/CIUDAD STATE/ESTADO ZIP CODE/CÓDIGO POSTAL

PHONE/TELEFONO\*

EMAIL/CORREO\*

Signature 514

Olific.

El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024

Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS" o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

## Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

### ementario público

Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

## Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

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AGE/EDAD\*: 30 RACE/RAZA\* \_\_\_\_



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS - Please select Viable Action Alternative 4**

1 message

**Swetha Pottam** <spottam@earthjustice.org>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Dec 2, 2024 at 2:53 PM

Hi there,

My name is Swetha Pottam, and I work with Earthjustice. I am submitting the names of 173 individuals who have submitted public comments urging the U.S. General Services Administration's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4 which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas. Below you will see the letter that our Earthjustice supporters signed. Attached to this email is the letter and the list of signatories.

RE: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS - Please select Viable Action Alternative 4

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager:

Hi there. I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA).

Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice.

By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

[undersigned]

Thank you,

Swetha Pottam (she/her)

(pronounced: Sway-tha)

**Digital Advocacy Associate** 

50 California Street, Suite 500

San Francisco, CA 94111

T: 415.217.2105

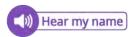
F: 415.217.2040

earthjustice.org

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Because the earth needs a good lawyer





### RE: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS - Please select Viable Action Alternative 4

Hi there,

My name is Swetha Pottam, and I work with Earthjustice. I am submitting the names of 173 individuals who have submitted public comments urging the U.S. General Services Administration's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4 which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas. Below you will see the letter that our Earthjustice supporters signed and the list of signatories.

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By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

[undersigned]	
<b>-</b>	

Thank you,

Swetha Pottam
Digital Advocacy Associate, Earthjustice

Signed Date	Email	First Name
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11/30/24 10:31AM	klern@hotmail.com	Caroline
11/27/24 11:05PM	sstilwell49@gmail.com	Sharon
11/27/24 4:03AM	lorivennell@gmail.com	Lori
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11/24/24 9:11PM	ddolber0612@gmail.com	Dianne
11/24/24 8:15PM	michelfobbs@gmail.com	Michel
11/24/24 7:46PM	wetnoses@comcast.net	Christy
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11/20/24 5:59PM	christys812193@gmail.com	Christy
11/20/24 5:59PM	lrjnwhite@comcast.net	Lawrence

Last Name	ZIP Code		State
Shaver	Zir Code	75243	
Session		90018	
Cushing		85338	
Owens		45503	
Vennell		19312	
Ingalls		3774	
Dolber		11741	
Fobbs		66002	
Allen		17356	
Salinas		95391	
Bauman		92109	
Stadler		92129	
Sanders		78664	TX
Maxheimer		62563	IL
Overlin		92339	CA
Martin		41014	KY
Marsille Ramos		80645	CO
Khater		63031	MO
Foxx		90802	CA
DeMarco		7733	NJ
Park		19023	PA
Reckers		98282	WA
Davis		62939	IL
LeGrand		44057	ОН
Woodcock		71909	AR
Hirschhorn		11360	NY
Traub		60614	IL
Scharoun		75217	TX
E		13212	NY
Gollapudi		77007	TX
L Halper		10010	NY
Kuster		65037	MO
Throckmorton		43081	OH
Thompson		90230	CA
Alaniz		95492	
Alaniz		95492	CA
Curry		2769	MA
Garrison-Dennis		11722	
VAKINER		14850	
Woods		36303	
Jones		45042	
Lindstrom		97220	
Walsh		2461	MA

Lakson	00070 14/4
Leksen	98273 WA 28677 NC
Doyle	
Marshall	77386 TX
Dula	43605 OH
Lang	92508 CA
Cooke	28208 NC
Hudson	24065 VA
O'Shea	98661 WA
Warzoha	97055 OR
Crowningshield	13021 NY
Ambrose	12019 NY
Horn	34711 FL
Tritchler	87111 NM
Eastham	70420 LA
Baldwin	20110 VA
Brown	76118 TX
Kelly	28213 NC
Raymond	4579 ME
Smith	14612 NY
Vaccaro	60304 IL
Ditz	56701 MN
curry	46240 IN
Coffman	80015 CO
Odin	11757 NY
Kindle	32808 FL
Engilis	32824 FL
Cavaliero	60008 IL
Mourre	7083 NJ
Wishman	50036 IA
Tolosky	12992 NY
Schoonover	7102 NJ
Saylor	32976 FL
Carrell	35904 AL
Hayes	30125 GA
Walters	49323 MI
Zmijewski	48197 MI
Hunter	78028 TX
Robinson	60431 IL
Baze	99611 AK
Jourdan	86047 AZ
Moriarty	6026 CT
Voltura	89122 NV
Karliner	32780 FL
Meyering	60626 IL
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A	12484 NY
Cooper	76137 TX
Grady Collins	46404 IN
Lynch	92129 CA
Parrish	92887 CA
Welch	90290 CA
Rezkalla	90808 CA
Herbener	18062 PA
Kelly	16508 PA
Porter	93612 CA
Kabisch	46804 IN
Shetty	20500 DC
Rayburn	95076 CA
Wagner	45869 OH
Chaplin	47201 IN
Collins	32208 FL
Glennon	8736 NJ
Robinson	91942 CA
Delgiudice	60707 IL
Miller	88001 NM
Vaughn	89166 NV
Raptopoulos	7646 NJ
Haddad	43014 OH
Arnold	44647 OH
Garbinsky	37917 TN
Sullivan	6704 CT
McKibben	7663 NJ
Greenway	32244 FL
Beacom	84098 UT
Barrett	78758 TX
Wierzbicki	19720 DE
Knepper	19460 PA
Romero	93454 CA
Davis	85082 AZ
Hinson	14217 NY
Anglewicz	48230 MI
Clark	46221 IN
Irving	47338 IN
Winkeljohn	5040 VT
Booth	28612 NC
Meyerson	91361 CA
St Germaine	98188 WA
McCann	12771 NY
Raynes	49735 MI
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Walker	95827 CA
Blake Mourad	11102 NY
Aw	93730 CA
Smith	17055 PA
Halter	95006 CA
Dearborn	85351 AZ
Coronado	79512 TX
Lawrence	20781 MD
Valerie	97305 OR
Kirk	19125 PA
Coniglio	34608 FL
Lozier	99202 WA
Silva hi	94520 CA
Haray	10027 NY
Hutchinson	53545 WI
Rich	30755 GA
Barnes	89509 NV
Caligure	85622 AZ
Landau	94707 CA
Drouin	3034 NH
Headley Downs	29620 SC
Janisse	49680 MI
Weeks	6525 CT
Day	98338 WA
Kortus	68333 NE
Shahan	77706 TX
Green	90025 CA
Emily Castaneda	33436 FL
Imm	15068 PA
Papadopoulos	95136 CA
Alicea	5401 VT
Glover	32317 FL
Collins	76249 TX
Press	55426 MN
Fulton	6226 CT
Abbott	92124 CA
COX	48035 MI
Morjan	60506 IL
Martin	94062 CA
Nentrup	28705 NC
Sailes	44003 OH
White	98225 WA



### (no subject)

1 message

**Eric Esquivel** <ericesquivel2014.ee@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 10:01 AM

I support making the Tornillo port of entry or the Santa Teresa port the main corridor for commercial truck traffic. The bridge of the Americas and the Ysleta ports are way to busy with regular traffic as it is. Wait times to cross ridiculous. I worked by the bridge of the Americas for over 25 years. At the El Paso zoo. You can smell the truck fumes many a times. I'm sure it affected the animals health for one and the citizens that live in the area. Please find a positive solution for all the residents and people who work in the area. Thank you. Eric Esquivel.



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Erly Moya** <erly.moya23@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Oct 11, 2024 at 6:12 PM

My name is Erly Moya Machuca, and I am a resident of El Paso. My address is 1419 Wyoming Ave, El Paso TX 79902.

I am writing in support of the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

Regards,

Erly Moya Machuca



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/NOMBRE GOODALVE ACEVES	
ORGANIZATION/ORGANIZACIÓN HIJOS de	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 4531 Blanco	β.
TELEPHONE/TELEPONO 915-9908850	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Roam 12-8, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gso.gov

Par favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 a enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBRE	- sectante
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZATION	noóh
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	340 25 vana Vista
TELEPHONE/TELÉPONO	5987737
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓN	co

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to IANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102

### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

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> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	 _





GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024

We encourage you to send your comments to:

BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov with the email subject line reading

"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS" or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

### **Public Comment:**

AGE/EDAD\*:

RACE/RAZA\* \*Optional

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

promote public neutrin
NAME/NOMBRE:
ADDRESS/DIRECCION
915) 820-37-16
PHONE/TELEFONO*:
EMAIL/CORREO*

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Signatur	10%	Kosa	ls
Date:	10-3	9-24	

NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024

BOTA nepacomments@gsa.gov con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga

The U.S. General Services Administration,

"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

Comentario público:

Comentario público:

El Paso, TX

Adicionales:

septiembre de 2024 para la

Modernización propuesta del

Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a:

Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager,

El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre,

Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de

Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial

en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa

de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que

modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce

la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las

comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa

4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la

única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar

compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4

logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la

**Additional Comments/Comentarios** 

cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Beatriz Vera** <br/>
beatrizvera00@gmail.com><br/>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Sep 24, 2024 at 5:57 PM

Dear Sirs and Madams.

I am writing in support and in solidarity with La Mujer Obrera & Familias Unidas del Chamizal in their efforts to "Get the Trucks Out!" from the BotA LPoE. As statend in the press release from the community organizers in their effort to protect local communities from the decades of negative impact from un-clean air due to commercial freight traffic.

Respectfully, Beatriz E. Vera

"There is nobody more dangerous than one who has been humiliated, even when you humiliate him/her rightly." Nelson Mandela



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**barbara anne welch** <obscuredjinn@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 5:06 PM

Please consider this email my support for implementing Option 4 for the Bridge of the Anericas going forward. The people in the area already suffer health ramifications from the pollution from trucks idling on the bridge, so moving commercial traffic away from a densely populated area of El Paso makes the most sense. And there are definitely enough other bridges to accommodate the traffic in areas that won't jeopardize people's health.

Thank you for suggesting this as the best possible option -

Barbara Welch 708 Camino Real Avenue El Paso, Texas 79922



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

Daniel Reyes <a href="mailto:com">dreyes0515@gmail.com</a>

Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 6:17 AM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

I am 100 percent in favor of completely removing commercial trucks from the Bridge Of The Americas.



### **BOTA NEPA comment**

2 messages

Sito <sito.negron@gmail.com>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 1:39 PM

To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov, karla.carmichael@gsa.gov, daniel.partida@gsa.gov

Dear GSA:

I write on behalf of the Sunset Heights Neighborhood Improvement Association to ask that you choose Action Alternative 4, which renovated the port facility to accommodate personal vehicles and pedestrians.

El Paso is an oasis in the desert, but one would be hard-pressed to see that given the development of the river valley, which created the Pass for transportation and fertile ground for agriculture. Where BOTA stands now was farmland and suburbs only a generation ago.

We cannot restore what was, but as we learn more about the impacts of our built environment and community health, and build in equity analysis as we maintain existing facilities and develop new ones, we can do better than we have.

Removing commercial activity from this port, creating a welcoming, efficient, and secure facility, would go a long way toward upholding the promises made by the White House and by the Transportation Secretary to do just that - better.

I'm sure your research, and the many comments received, point you to similar conclusions. The neighborhoods adjacent to BOTA and other significant facilities, such as I-10, have elevated levels of asthma and other pollution related illness and disease. While the causes may be many, including the presence of polluting industry, there is no question that these transportation facilities are significant contributors. In fact, BOTA feeds I-10, and removing commercial traffic from BOTA may have a salubrious effect on I-10. In addition to supporting other neighborhoods, this of course is of great importance for Sunset Heights and the many other neighborhoods adjacent to I-10.

Given the federal investment, and the community history and sentiments, the BOTA port renovation has an opportunity to be a landmark project that goes a long way towards the promise of environmental justice.

Thank you for your work, and please do not hesitate to reach out should you have any questions or comments.

Sito Negron

President, Sunset Heights Neighborhood Improvement Association

Sent from my iPhone

Karla Carmichael - 7PMC < karla.carmichael@gsa.gov>

Mon, Feb 26, 2024 at 11:00 AM

To: Ron Moore <gsaronmoore@gmail.com>, BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

### Karla R. Carmichael

NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
Greater Southwest Region 7
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102
Cell: 817-822-1372
karla.carmichael@gsa.gov

[Quoted text hidden]



### AA4

1 message

Coní salazar <conisalbu@gmail.com>

Tue, Jul 16, 2024 at 8:31 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Dear GSA,

I saw the new proposed options yall have for the renovations of Bridge of the America's and as a community member I wanted to share some thoughts. The only option for a dignified project in our community is to get the trucks off the bridge as soon as possible and for the foreseen future.im urging everyone to choose and go forward with action alternative 4. The diesel is polluting our lungs, and there is no other urban port of entry along the US-Mexico border that has commercial traffic. Please move the trucks to a bridge that is not surrounded by residential neighborhoods. I live in central EI Paso and our families don't deserve to be inhaling desiel smoke 24/7.

The other option is not in favor of a good relationships and health security in the future. We have to move the trucks immediately.

Appreciate it, Aylin Perez



### Air Quality F for Failing = FAILING the Citizens of El Paso Tx.

1 message

**Theresa Rodriguez** <terrice777@icloud.com> To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Wed, Feb 14, 2024 at 11:33 AM

Please for the sake of the El Paso Tx. Community, stop the Semi trucks from entering the free bridge, this is sucking the life out of many innocent children and frail senior citizens on both sides!!! This is unacceptable and needs your attention now! I live on the Northeast side of El Paso Tx. and the air quality is terrible way too many times per month! What are we the people of El Paso suppose to do??Live inside in a bubble??? I myself developed Asthma at age 63 and other health issues...my grandchildren have asthma and many health issues. Not too long ago I remember seeing the AQI at over 400!!! No joke we are suffering in illness here! Help us please! Also what's with all the small airplanes and all the chemical trails? Please look into that also!

Thanks
A concerned El Paso Tx. resident
Teresa C. Rodriguez
Sent from my iPhone

Sent from my iPhone



### Health

1 message

**Mail Service** <sylvialsrn@netzero.net>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Thu, Jul 25, 2024 at 4:21 PM

### To NEPA:

I'm a retired RN who is & has been seriously concerned about the air quality in El Paso, TX, & especially the amount of air pollution in the area of the BOTA caused by the commercial trucks.

The particulate matter & other pollutants that we are breathing in daily has been & is damaging our respiratory & neurological systems. We are human beings & have to breathe!

Taking the commercial trucks off the BOTA will decrease the amount of poisonous polluted air that we breathe in.

The Bipartisan Infrastructure Bill funding allocated for the BOTA needs to address the environmental justice issues as it

was intended to do.

As a resident of El Dece Lem tired of being resilient 8 nutting up with injustice. Alternative 4 to remove all commercial

As a resident of El Paso,I am tired of being resilient & putting up with injustice, Alternative 4 to remove all commercial trucks on the BOTA is the only option.

Our health & our lives are at stake!

Sincerely, Sylvia Searfoss



### **BOTA Citizen Comment**

1 message

Nadia Powell <npnmex@live.com>

Thu, Feb 22, 2024 at 11:59 AM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Hello,

My name is Nadia Powell, I live at 655 Upson Drive in Sunset Heights. I am writing today to urge you to vote for Alternative 4 which will remove and relocate semi-trucks from the BOTA in both directions. Commerce and quality of life should both be at the forefront of decision making in any urban landscape. We cannot continue to ignore the health effects of pollution on our citizens of El Paso and Juarez. Living near the highway presents many health concerns - I personally suffer from asthma due to environmental issues, not to mention the noise pollution. Our downtown has been slowly undergoing a renaissance that will showcase the magnificent architecture we have in this city, but buildings as well as people suffer effects of pollution.

Perhaps in times past, we didn't think we had much choice in these decisions, but I no longer believe that is the case. We have better technology, and better data on the effects of our decisions. I imagine that those that came before us may not make the same decisions were they able to see the outcomes of those decisions today. We can do better. We should do better. Your citizens are counting on you.

Thank you, Nadia



### **Bota LPOE Draft Eid**

1 message

**Arminda Lozano** <stardancing49@gmail.com> To: Bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Sun, Oct 6, 2024 at 6:45 PM

Please do what the people want. For once listen to the people of that neighborhood. This has been going long enough and it shouldn't be just about the money behind it. People homes and health are on the line.



### **Bota LPOE draft EIS**

1 message

**David Bustillos** <davidbustillos57@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Tue, Oct 1, 2024 at 7:12 AM

Please we need to stop the flow of large commercial vehicles to n from Mexico causing a safety issue on the Freeway entrances to Mexico n creating a hazardous environment for the poor people who live there stop it not worth any money when people are getting sick cause of the pollution n our Freeway are clogged n dangerous.



### **BOTA LPOEdraft eis**

1 message

Jessica Tiebor <jessicaspurpose@yahoo.com>
Reply-To: Jessica Tiebor <jessicaspurpose@yahoo.com>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 6:52 PM

### To whom it may concern;

I wanted to comment on having big trucks be redirected to other bridges. I'm highly in favor on this move. I think it will benefit all parties involved who utilize the Bridge of America crossing. Truckers who don't have to deal with small vehicles in their way, cars who won't have to deal with the frustrations of large trucks, Including border patrol who can have their teams focus better on their inspections and what they're inspecting for. Not to mention smaller surrounding communities who may profit from the extra traffic coming their way.

Please make this ban!

Thank you Jessica Ortiz

Yahoo Mail: Search, Organize, Conquer



### **BOTA NEPA Comments**

1 message

**Celia Aguilar** <celia@mujerobrera.org>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Mon, Jul 22, 2024 at 1:37 PM

Without a defined plan or timeline, Alternative 1A is misleading and deceptive. The only option that is certain to get the trucks out is Alternative 4. With all of the sources of pollution already plaguing the area, the vulnerability of the residents, and the communities near the bridge being in the 99th percentile in diesel particulate matter, the only reasonable option is to get the trucks out now. Bipartisan Infrastructure funding should be used to address issues of environmental justice and Alternative 4 would do that.

Celia Aguilar



### Bota

2 messages

Sylvia Peregrino <dr.speregrino@gmail.com>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 9:44 PM

To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Please choose alternative 4 and remove semi trucks from the bridge of the Americas!

The other location will have more room for conveyer belt technology!

I have asthma which is exacerbated by pollution! El Paso is a very polluted city! The other location will be more efficient and not expose us to more pollution from the trucks in the central area.

I grew up near the bridge of the Americas and attended Burleson Elementary. I remember the contamination! My spouse graduated from Jefferson High School which is also near the area!

I think the toxins gave me asthma to the degree that I would have to visit the emergency room as a child.

Please don't expose our community to more pollutants! I hope you consider these comments and the lungs of the children in the area!

Thank you. Respectfully,

Dr. Sylvia Peregrino Concerned citizen El Paso TX 915-267-1968

Sent from my iPhone

BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> da.nepacomments@gsa.gov> To: Sylvia Peregrino <dr.speregrino@gmail.com>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:40 PM

Hello Dr. Sylvia Peregrino,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes - specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

### **Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas** Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

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### 2 attachments

1615K

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



# **Bridge of Americas EP**

1 message

diana chavez <dianeachavez@hotmail.com>

Mon, Sep 23, 2024 at 6:24 AM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Good morning,

Please stop commercial cargo traffic through Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry in El Paso, Texas. The pollution they cause not only affects human health, but also the animals at the El Paso Zoo. There are two other bridges that commercial cargo could use. Thank you for your time. Sincerely,

Diana Chavez

Get Outlook for iOS



# Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry Consultation

2 messages

Ignatius Harding <i harding@friars.us>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 9:35 PM

To: "BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov>

Subject: Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry

2024

February 22,

Brother Ignacio Harding ofm

Cabrini Migrant Ministry Fraternity

Dear U.S. GSA,

I, brother Ignacio Harding ofm, am in support of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE)

I use the bridge often and strongly suggest the removal and relocation of semi-commercial trucks and related traffic from the BOTA LPOE in both directions.

Please seek sustainable alternatives that remove the issue of idling commercial internal combustion vehicles and implement solutions that provide opportunities that don't further escalate issues present such as poor air quality for the poor in the whole surrounding area.

Why not implement public transportation on the BOTA LPOE?

Can we not find a way to implement conveyor technology for cargo loads on our international bridges?

It is of great concern to me that demolishing the El Paso County Coliseum will only devalue the area more and deconstruction is undesirable for local economics as well as maintaining the historical significance to our region.

Sincerely,

Brother Ignacio Harding ofm

Cabrini migrant Ministry

Fraternity

465 Gallagher Street

El Paso, TX 79915

The information contained in this message, including but not limited to any attachments, may be confidential. It is not intended for transmission to, or receipt by, any unauthorized persons. If you have received this message in error, please (i) do not read it, (ii) reply to the sender that you received the message in error, and (iii) erase or destroy the message and any attachments or copies. Any disclosure, copying, distribution or reliance on the contents of this message or its attachments is strictly prohibited, and may be unlawful. Unless expressly stated otherwise, nothing contained in this message should be construed as a digital or electronic signature, nor is it intended to reflect an intention to make an agreement by electronic means.

Please consider the environment before printing this email or its attachments.

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:42 PM

To: Ignatius Harding <iharding@friars.us>

Hello Brother Harding,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

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Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

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- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

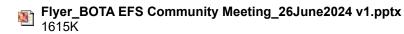
**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

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#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



## **Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry**

1 message

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 10:14 AM

Veronica Carrillo 1026 E. California Ave. El Paso, Texas 79902

Dear U.S. GSA,

I, Veronica Carrillo, am in support of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE). I demand the removal and relocation of semi commercial trucks and related traffic from the BOTA LPOE in both directions. Please seek sustainable alternatives that remove the issue of idling commercial internal combustion vehicles and implement solutions that provide opportunities that don't further escalate issues present such as poor air quality from the area."

It's been repeated many times that the modernization of BOTA is a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity. Let's make it count by:

- implementing public transportation on the BOTA LPOE
- · installing conveyor technology for cargo loads on international bridges
- · making real changes that eliminate public health impacts related to traffic pollution on BOTA

More importantly, it is time to end the environmental discrimination that has disproportionately impacted South Side neighborhoods of El Paso and get ahead of a worsening air quality issue in El Paso.

The El Paso County Coliseum is at risk of being demolished. This will only devalue the area more and hurt the local economy.

Sincerely, Veronica A. Carrillo



# **Bridge of the Americas Meeting Comments**

1 message

Jorge Acosta <if.acosta@icloud.com>
To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov
Cc: Mom <minnie.acosta@icloud.com>

Fri, Jul 26, 2024 at 6:19 PM

Good Afternoon.

Please find the attached letter of our comments regarding the June 26, 2024 meeting on the Bridge of the Americas project in El Paso, Texas. Should you require any further information or clarification, please feel free to reach out using the contact information in the attached letter.

Respectfully,

Jorge F. Acosta Jr.





#### **Comment Forms**

1 message

Rebecca Delgado(ELP) < RDelgado@trla.org>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 4:25 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "Paola Camacho(ELP)" < PCamacho@trla.org>

Hello,

Please find attached 2 forms.

Let me know if you have any questions.

TY,

# Becky Delgado

Legal Assistant

Texas Rio Grande Legal Aid 1331 Texas Avenue El Paso TX 79901

Office: (915) 585-5100 Direct Line: (915) 585-5143 Email: rdelgado@trla.org

www.trla.org



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# Comment on Air Quality and Bridge of the Americas

3 messages

Jean Soto <jeanpondersoto@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 11:12 AM

Subject: Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry

Jean Ponder Soto

236 Paso Noble Dr.

El Paso, TX 79912

"Dear U.S. GSA,

I,Jean Ponder Soto, coordinator of the Laudato Si El Paso TX and Las Cruces NM, are in support of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) We/I demand the removal and relocation of semi commercial trucks and related traffic from the BOTA LPOE in both directions. Please seek sustainable alternatives that remove the issue of idling commercial internal combustion vehicles and implement solutions that provide opportunities that don't further escalate issues present such as poor air quality from the area."

Please do the following for the health and safety for our communities:

- -implement public transportation on the BOTA LPOE
- -conveyor technology for cargo loads upon international bridges
- conduct a study on the public health impacts related to air pollution

My family travels frequently between El Paso and Juarez Mexico and they personally are impacted by the terrible air quality they must breathe in for a great deal of time. Our entire metropolis of over 4 million people who live on both sides of the border are impacted by the terrible air quality of this region. As you may know, El Paso had a failing grade for particulate matter in our air. It is impossible to clean our air without mitigating the effects of pollution coming from international bridges.

There is also the question of the injustice done to the

disproportionately impacted South Side neighborhoods of El Paso and the neighborhoods in Juarez closest to the bridges.

Further, demolishing the El Paso County Coliseum will only devalue the area more, and deconstruction is undesirable for local economics as well as the need to maintain its historical significance to our region.

Sincerely,

Jean Ponder Soto, Coordinator

Laudato Si El Paso TX and Las Cruces NM



Jean Ponder Soto, Ph.D. 236 Paso Noble Dr. El Paso, TX 79912



image003.png 1K

Marie-Paule Willem <pollefmm19@gmail.com>

To: Jean Soto <jeanpondersoto@gmail.com>
Co: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Great!

[Quoted text hidden]

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:50 PM

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 12:48 PM

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

Notice of Public Meeting
Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas
Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

[Quoted text hidden]

#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



#### Comment on BOTA NEPA

5 messages

cynthia renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 7:44 PM

To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Cc: daniel.partida@gsa.gov, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>, Luis Sito Negron <I.negron@epcounty.com>

Good Evening,

Attached please find 31 comment forms from residents of South Central, members of the Washington Delta Neighborhood Association, and members of the Hilos de Plata Senior Center located one block east of the County Coliseum.

It is clear that everyone wants the trucks to be relocated to a different POE, so in favor of option 4.

Please confirm that you received this email, the attachments, and that they will be included as part of the official comments of the initial scoping for the EIS and NEP process.

Best, Cynthia

#### 31 attachments





R Guzmean.pdf 131K

G Aceves.pdf

E Solis.pdf

M Madrid.pdf

M Daclini.pdf

M Villalobos.pdf
142K

A Treras.pdf 131K

G Escalante.pdf 133K

R Perez.pdf 131K

B Arizmendiz.pdf 129K

C Rivera.pdf



C Trujillo.pdf 122K

M Estrada.pdf
142K

E Garcia.pdf
141K

D Rivera.pdf 136K

V Guerra.pdf 143K

S Moreno.pdf 132K

E Jimenez.pdf

R Maria.pdf 126K

M Ceballos.pdf

C Villansana.pdf

L Soto.pdf 2296K

C Amparan.pdf

Q Villa.pdf 2315K

A Villa.pdf 2628K

E Gonzales.pdf 2419K

I Molina.pdf 2376K

J Pinon.pdf 4820K

#### Hilda Villegas <hildavillegas021@gmail.com>

Wed, Feb 28, 2024 at 11:39 AM

To: cynthia renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>

Cc: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov, daniel.partida@gsa.gov, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>, Luis Sito Negron <<li>l.negron@epcounty.com>

Hi Cinthia, yes we received the email.

[Quoted text hidden]

#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> da.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:18 PM

To: cynthia renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>

Cc: daniel.partida@gsa.gov, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>, Luis Sito Negron <I.negron@epcounty.com>

Cynthia / David / Sito

Will you be able to get the notice of the public meeting to the residents of South Central neighborhood, the Washington Delta Neighborhood Association, and members of the Hilos de Plata Senior Center area for whom you submitted comments? I cannot read all of the emails so I want to make make sure they are all aware of the meeting through one way or another. I am also attaching a flyer. I believe all 3 of you already received the email invitiation. Please let me know if I need to try and reach out in a different manner to these 31 individuals. karla

#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K

#### Cynthia Renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 6:27 PM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: daniel.partida@gsa.gov, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>, Luis Sito Negron <L.Negron@epcounty.com>

Hi Hilda,

I'm just looking through my emails from the GSA and getting caught up with everything since I have to do this after work now.

Also, I thought you knew, but in case you don't, I'm no longer with commissioner Stout 's office, but I'm still at the county in a different department.

I will work on getting the word out to Washington Delta Neighborhood Association and to Hilo's de Plata. Can precinct two provide copies of the flyers that Mr. Partida sent so that we can circulate them?

Best, Cynthia

On Jun 13, 2024, at 1:18 PM, BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
<br/>
yota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> wrote:

[Quoted text hidden]

<Flyer BOTA EFS Community Meeting 26June2024 v1.pptx>

<Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx>

#### Luis "Sito" Negron < L. Negron@epcounty.com>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 6:28 PM

To: Cynthia Renteria <renteria.cynthia@gmail.com>, BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> Cc: "daniel.partida@gsa.gov" <daniel.partida@gsa.gov>, David Stout <Stout@epcounty.com>

Yes. We can coordinate printing flyers tomorrow.

[Quoted text hidden]



#### Comments from EPISD Trustees, Districts 1 and 2

2 messages

**Leah Hanany** <leahhanany@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Sat, Feb 24, 2024 at 12:00 AM

#### On behalf of children:

Together, we serve the Chamizal, San Xavier, Val Verde, and Washington/Delta neighborhoods on the El Paso ISD Board of Trustees that encircle the Bridge of the Americas. As elected members of the school board, our duty extends beyond educational boundaries to the holistic well-being of EPISD children and communities, particularly those historically marginalized. Our request is clear: we ask that the needs of children be prioritized and central to decision-making processes, especially regarding how their environments are impacted by the Bridge of the Americas project, and that commercial traffic be diverted away from their schools and their homes. This focus is essential for their well-being and the overall health of our community's future generations.

The exclusion of neighborhood voices in urban planning, particularly those of our children and their families, casts a long shadow over the integrity of our community development. Failing to include these crucial perspectives not only undermines the social fabric of our neighborhoods but also perpetuates a cycle of disengagement and disenfranchisement. Centering children in our decisions ensures that urban development is a reflection of our collective hopes, not our oversights. It sends a powerful message that every member of our community, no matter how small, is valued and heard.

Investing in child-centric urban planning is not just a moral obligation; it's a strategy for thriving communities. Research illustrates that neighborhoods designed with children's needs at the forefront are not only healthier and safer but also more vibrant and economically resilient.

The Bridge of the Americas project presents a unique, perhaps once-in-a-generation opportunity to fundamentally shift the narrative by diverting commercial traffic away from our neighborhoods. This decision has the potential to redefine urban spaces as zones of safety, health, and vibrancy, rather than corridors of convenience for through traffic. Missing this chance could mean decades of living with the consequences, as urban development projects (and the allocated infusion of funding) of this scale and impact are rare.

The evidence is irrefutable. Studies demonstrate that the built environment has a profound, lasting impact on the physical and psychological development of children. Neighborhood infrastructure, green spaces, and overall neighborhood perception are not mere urban planning elements; they are determinants of our children's future. These are neighborhoods that have, for too long, borne the brunt of neglect and oversight in urban planning decisions.

We stand firmly against any development that exacerbates or continues these historical inequities or endangers our children's health and futures. As school board trustees, we have a responsibility to champion environments that foster health, safety, and equity, especially in our most vulnerable communities.

We owe it to our children and future generations to prioritize their well-being over transient commercial benefits. Let's realign our priorities and make decisions that honor our commitment to all our citizens, especially the young and the voiceless.

We are prepared to engage in collaborative discussions and take necessary actions to advocate for a more equitable, child-friendly urban future.

On behalf of children, Leah Hanany, EPISD District 1 Alex Cuellar, EPISD District 2

#### 

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:38 PM

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

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- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.

• For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

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#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



# **Comments on BOTA Modernization Project**

1 message

Acevedo, Joshua <AcevedoJ@elpasotexas.gov>
To: "BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov>
Cc: "jorge.pineda@gsa.gov" <jorge.pineda@gsa.gov>

Sun, Jul 28, 2024 at 4:19 PM

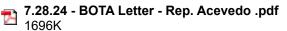
Good Afternoon,

Please see my attached letter in regards to the Bridge of the Americas modernization project.

Please let me know if you need any other information from me.

Best,

Josh Acevedo El Paso City Council Representative District 2





#### **FUERA LAS TROCAS**

1 message

Anahi Ponce <anahiponce@utexas.edu>

Wed, Feb 21, 2024 at 2:47 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Dear NEPA,

My name is Anahí Ponce, I am a PhD candidate at UT Austin, an El Paso native, and I am very concerned about the health of my community. Barrio Chamizal has heavy semi truck traffic and its a public health issue causing dangerous levels of pollution that disproportionately impact low income and migrant communities. I demand you get the trucks out now! Protect our health and our families! We urge NEPA to select option #4: REMOVAL OF COMMERCIAL TRUCKS.

AP

--

Anahí Ponce (she/they)
PhD Candidate
Department of Mexican American and Latina/o Studies
The University of Texas at Austin



#### I CANNOT BREATH - MOVE TRUCKS OUT OF BOTA

1 message

**MARTHA CAMACHO** <marthacamachoa@yahoo.com>
To: "BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Feb 22, 2024 at 11:04 AM

I am 71 years old and frequently cross the BOTA bridge by foot. The truck exhaust is only about 10 feet from my nose. I can barely breath.

Please move trucks away from humans crossing or residents that live nearby.

Martha E Camacho



# Letter of Support - Viable Action Alternative 4 from the (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas

1 message

Prine, Laura D <prineld@elpasotexas.gov>

Tue, Oct 29, 2024 at 9:02 AM

To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "Rosas, Adriana" <RosasAX@elpasotexas.gov>, District #2 <District2@elpasotexas.gov>

Good morning Ms. Carmichael please see attached letter of support issued by the City Council of the City of El Paso regarding Viable Action Alternative 4 from the draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Port of Entry (LPOE) Modernization Project – original letter sent via USPS certified mail.

Thank you for your attention,

Laura D. Prine

City Clerk

City Of El Paso

prineld@elpasotexas.gov

(915) 212-1212

Letter of Support - BOTA Alternative 4- Port Project.pdf 586K



# NEPA BOTA PUBLIC COMMENT: RE: The Bridge of the Americas Renovation Project

2 messages

Cemelli Aztlan <cemelli@mujerobrera.org>
To: BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
vota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Sat, Jul 27, 2024 at 10:44 AM

The language of Action Alternative 1A is deceptive and is not a viable option if there is no real plan or timeline to remove the commercial traffic. The Future No Commercial phrasing only serves to mislead the community into believing that the commercial trucks will be removed at a later date, but the reality is that it is optional and has the potential to be delayed indefinitely and not considered at all. Further, we met with Daniel Partida and other GSA representatives who confirmed that the decision to remove the trucks was out of GSA jurisdiction. This means Alternative 1A is a non-option not done in good faith. It is making a promise that cannot be fulfilled. The Future No Commercial title of 1A should be removed, and the option should be considered null and void because the title is deceptive and dismissive to the urgent environmental concerns. Presenting this option cheats the public out of supporting an option that is actually possible. Alternative Action 4 is the only option in which the removal of the trucks is a certainty.

As for the GSA presentation held on June 26, it was confusing and biased. One person said it was his first time at the meetings and he did not know what was going on. Karla Carmichael (GSA) who was presenting used biased language and discouraged the attendees from commenting stating that if they had already commented they did not need to do so again, literally stating, "If you already commented to get the trucks out, you don't need to do that anymore." Carmichael also skimmed the presentation on the Alternative Action 4: 'No Commercial Trucks' option. It was not given sufficient detail or equal time compared to the 1A alternative. El Paso County Commissioner Stout noted her dismissive and discouraging attitude, as well. Carmichael's job is to present information and facilitate the public through the NEPA process which includes providing comments, not presenting her own opinions which seemed to favor Alternative 1A. Attendees felt the session was a charade. We do not feel confident in the competency of the agency to provide a process that satisfies NEPA procedures, including the evaluation of REASONABLE alternatives.

Overall, the residents directly affected by the project have valid environmental justice and civil rights concerns about the renovation process and planning of the Bridge of the Americas international port-of-entry. We feel this is a once in a lifetime investment that can address environmental justice issues as intended by the Bipartisan Infrastructure bill. Our position remains the same, get the trucks out now.

Fri, Sep 20, 2024 at 8:04 AM

GSAs preferred alternarive and where you can get a complete copy of the draft document is listed here.

https://www.federalregister.gov/d/2024-21068 [Quoted text hidden]



#### **NEPA BOTA PUBLIC COMMENTS**

2 messages

Cemelli Aztlan <cemelli@mujerobrera.org>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 12:23 PM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
sota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "Veronica Carbajal(ELP)" <vcarbajal@trla.org>, "Paola Camacho(ELP)" <PCamacho@trla.org>

#### PLEASE SEE 30 NEPA PUBLIC COMMENTS RE BOTA ATTACHED



nepa public comments feb 23 2024.pdf 3631K

#### Veronica Carbajal(ELP) <vcarbajal@trla.org>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 3:00 PM

To: Cemelli Aztlan <cemelli@mujerobrera.org>, BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> Cc: "Paola Camacho(ELP)" <PCamacho@trla.org>

Thank you!

Verónica Carbajal

Attorney

Group Coordinator: Community Preservation & Empowerment

Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc.

1331 Texas Ave. El Paso, TX 79901

Direct Tel.: (915) 585-5107

Fax: (915) 533-4108

From: Cemelli Aztlan <cemelli@mujerobrera.org>

Sent: Friday, February 23, 2024 11:23 AM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments < bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: Veronica Carbajal(ELP) <vcarbajal@trla.org>; Paola Camacho(ELP) <PCamacho@trla.org>

Subject: [EXTERNAL EMAIL] NEPA BOTA PUBLIC COMMENTS

[Quoted text hidden]



## **Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry**

2 messages

**elena I** <elena.lightbourn@gmail.com> To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 2:58 PM

Elena Lightbourn

1008 E Rio Grande Ave El Paso, TX 79902

Dear U.S. GSA,

I, Elena Lightbourn, am in support of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE). I demand the removal and relocation of semi commercial trucks and related traffic from the BOTA LPOE in both directions. Please seek sustainable alternatives that remove the issue of idling commercial internal combustion vehicles and implement solutions that provide opportunities that don't further escalate issues present such as poor air quality from the area.

As someone who works in the area, I have seen and experienced firsthand the public health impacts of poor air quality from the idling and freight traffic on the bridge. The continued polluting of the south side neighborhoods of El Paso, with no serious effort given to alternatives, is blatant environmental discrimination which we all still pay consequences for. Air pollution affects the entire city and region. I would hope that our leaders choose better and create solutions that benefit the health and well being of all El Pasoans.

Signed, Elena Lightbourn Rio Grande Neighborhood Association

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:48 PM

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael

### **Notice of Public Meeting** Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

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- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

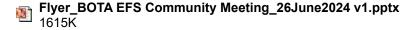
**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

[Quoted text hidden]

#### 2 attachments

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K





# Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry

2 messages

**Kim Schulte** <hlkess@gmail.com> To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 4:25 PM

To whom it may concern, I am writing to you today as a citizen of El Paso with concern about the health issues presented by commercial vehicles idling on the Bridge of the Americas. In making improvements to this port of entry, I strongly encourage you to select Action Alternative #4- No Commercial Traffic, as the best plan for this area.

The idling vehicles negatively affect the air quality in the surrounding area, an area that is highly populated. Residents in the area are subjected to continuous deisel fumes as well as noise. The respiratory affects of this pollution have been documented. To prioritize resident's health, these trucks need to pass through less densely populated areas.

Choose Alternative #4 for cleaner air!

Thank you,

Kim Schulte 7956 Morning Dawn El Paso, TX 79932 915-252-7405 hlkess@gmail.com

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:45 PM

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

## **Notice of Public Meeting**

# Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

[Quoted text hidden]

#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K



#### **Public comment on BOTA**

1 message

**Sylvia Searfoss** <slsearfoss@icloud.com> To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Feb 20, 2024 at 10:13 PM

My name is Sylvia Searfoss, I'm a retired RN with extensive experience and expertise in maternal-infant care and community health. I have been very concerned with the health of the people, especially the children, who live in the vicinity of the BOTA. The heavy semi-truck traffic that bottle-necks the highways leading up to BOTA result in extreme air pollution that affects the overall health and especially respiratory, cardiovascular and neurological health of the people. The people of this community are not in positions to move from the area. This is a long standing example of environmental injustice. They have suffered debilitating and deadly consequences for much too long, it's time to do something about it, it's time to prioritize the health of the people.

The American Academy of Pediatrics have published numerous policy statements and clinical reports on health impacts of environmental pollution on children. And the American College of Obstetricians & Gynecologists has issued guidelines on reducing exposure to toxic environmental pollution.

Alternative #4, that takes commercial traffic off the BOTA, will make a substantial difference for the health of the people who live in the area of the BOTA. It will make a significant impact on the health of the children. We cannot allow this tragic situation to continue. Take the trucks off the BOTA! Choose Alternative #4!

There are better alternatives for commercial traffic, there are several bridges, eg. Tornillo and Santa Teresa, that work better for the factories in Mexico.

A cumulative impact analysis and a complete analysis of alternative #4 needs to be conducted, and you will see that Alternative #4 is the only choice.

Alternative #4 Remove Commercial Traffic from BOTA is the ethical decision.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely, Sylvia Searfoss

Sent from my iPad



#### Public Comment RE BOTA

1 message

**Celia Aguilar** <celia@mujerobrera.org>
To: BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Wed, Feb 14, 2024 at 10:39 AM

Dear NEPA:

My name is Celia Aguilar and I am reaching out to express my concern for the health of my community. I work in Barrio Chamizal and have noticed that in the last year I have had more respiratory issues than normal. I have had more frequent sinus issues, congestion, irritated eyes and throat, and headaches. At work, I have gotten the opportunity to get to know the residents and witness how bad their asthma is, from the elders to a one year old baby who has to visit the hospital often. I have noticed when residents are absent from community meetings because they or their family is hospitalized, and I've heard the story of one resident whose non-smoking son has lung cancer. It is heartbreaking to see these issues and I truly believe removing commercial trucks from BOTA will greatly reduce the risk for those of us who live and work near the BOTA. The trucks should be removed both north and southbound to truly have a positive impact on the community, but as option 4 seems to be the best option, I support it over the others. I also wonder if the Environmental Impact Statement will include a Cumulative Impact Analysis or an Environmental Health Impact Analysis as this community is more vulnerable, not only because of higher rates of pollution but social factors as well. Thank you.

Sincerely,

--

Celia Aquilar



# **Regarding BOTA**

1 message

**ctrl** <1800ctrl@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Thu, Feb 22, 2024 at 1:41 PM

Dear NEPA: My name is Jose and I am very concerned about the health of my community. Barrio Chamizal has heavy semi-truck traffic, a public health issue that is causing dangerous levels of pollution. I demand that you get the trucks out now! Protect our Health!

We urge NEPA to select Option #4: REMOVAL OF COMMERCIAL TRUCKS



#### REMOVAL OF COMMERCIAL TRUCKS

1 message

**Kalina Gallardo** <kalinag.98@icloud.com> To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov Wed, Feb 21, 2024 at 12:44 PM

Dear NEPA: My name is Kalina Gallardo and I am very concerned about the health of my community. Barrio Chamizal has heavy semi truck traffic and its a public health

issue causing dangerous levels of pollution. I demand you get the Trucks Out, Now! Protect our Health! We urge NEPA to select Option #4: REMOVAL OF COMMERCIAL TRUCKS



#### Remove Commercial Traffic from BOTA

1 message

Tristan Bouilly <tbouilly@hotmail.com>

Thu, Feb 22, 2024 at 10:00 AM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

My name is Tristan Bouilly. I live near downtown El Paso at 516 Fewel Street, EP, TX 79902. I am writing to urge you to choose "Alternative 4" and remove commercial truck traffic from the Bridge of the Americas. It is vital to the health of communities near the bridge and in all of central El Paso that the environmental impacts caused by idling trucks at the bridge be removed. These neighborhoods were devastated decades ago when the current bridge iteration was built. Now, air pollution and heat island effects continue to victimize these families.

Though I don't live next to the bridge I do work in downtown El Paso. I commute by bicycle everyday. I have noticed an increase in air pollution in central El Paso over the years, not to mention increased temperatures. I suffer from asthma, the symptoms of which have been exacerbated as air quality has declined. We do not need or deserve more of the same.

Furthermore, any plan that requires the loss of the El Paso County Coliseum should be scrapped. This is a vital community venue that has historical significance for our region.

Again, please implement "Alternative 4" and remove commercial traffic from BOTA.

Sincerely, Tristan Bouilly



#### Remove trucks from BOTA

1 message

ivette reyes <ireyesestr@gmail.com> To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov Thu, Feb 22, 2024 at 9:28 PM

I am worried for the people that live in the BOTA area, they are innocent souls sacrificing their health in arras of corporations using this international crossing, when other crossings could be used for this trading business.

Please move out of this bridge those trucks, children and adults are getting sicker every day. Be mindful of their petition and their human rights.

Thanks,

Ivette Reyes



# Response to Expansion of BOTA

1 message

Arturo Moreno <art.moreno.ep@gmail.com>

Sat, Jul 27, 2024 at 9:47 AM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>, Arturo Moreno <art.moreno.ep@gmail.com>

This is a reply to the options being considered for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) and Port of Entry (LPOE) Modernization Project in El Paso. We are recommending the option that does not allow commercial trucks, defined here as 18-wheelers, to use BOTA.

The relevant question is what is the long-term strategy for the El Paso community that will: 1) add to its quality of life; and 2) take advantage of off-shoring opportunities being generated by our country's excessive global-supply chain dependence on China. This is why my colleagues and I choose an option that excludes commercial trucks from using BOTA. Commercial traffic should be diverted away from the middle of the city to sparsely populated areas outside the city such as the Tornillo Bridge and the Santa Teresa Bridge. Long term this will reduce pollution, congestion and increase the safety of the residents that use the main corridor in El Paso, which is I-10.

Heavy pollution from diesel fumes is described by the World Health Organization as a lung cancer-causing carcinogen that contributes to the development of severe health conditions including heart disease, diabetes and Alzheimer's. Already per EPA EJ Index, the area around America's Bridge, or Barrio Chamizal, is above the 99% percentile in diesel particular matter. The American Lung Association ranked El Paso as the 14<sup>th</sup> worst city in the country for ozone pollution, giving it an F rating. Dr. Silverman, Chief of Environmental Epidemiology of the National Cancer Institute, mentioned in her 50-year study of miners exposed to diesel fuels that they have seven times the normal lung cancer risk of nonsmokers.

Substantial congestion in El Paso's main corridor I-10 will be further increased with the added traffic of 18-wheelers if one chooses any option that allows for commercial trucks to use BOTA. Many residents, especially the elderly, already stay away from I-10 due to the excessive number of 18-wheelers that makes this freeway unsafe for them. And it gets worse every year. In theory Options that allow commercial trucks to use BOTA are expected to bring significant efficiencies resulting from streamlining and modernization that could reduce pollution, but realistically and in practice these same efficiencies will attract even more 18-wheelers to this corridor in the middle of the city further exacerbating congestion and pollution from diesel fumes.

Will Options that exclude commercial trucks, adversely impact off-shoring opportunities that are currently generated and that will be further generated in the future as we try to minimize our global—supply chain dependence on China? No! Yet, if the traffic of 18-wheelers is diverted away from the middle of the city to sparsely populated areas outside such as the Tornillo Bridge on the far east side and the Santa Teresa Bridge on the far west side the whole transportation eco-system becomes more efficient. Encouraging 18-wheelers to utilize these two bridges that already exist will make for more efficient transportation of goods from the South to the North saving them significant downtime caused by very long waits at BOTA and the heavy

traffic they face in the middle of the city once they come across. A suggestion that will add to the success of this recommendation would be for the Tornillo Bridge to be strictly reserved for commercial trucking until it is further expanded.



Respons to expansion of the Americas Bridge.docx 154K



#### **Richard Genera comment**

2 messages

R G <generalgenera01@gmail.com>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 12:51 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Dear NEPA: My name is Richard Genera and I am very concerned about the health of my community. Barrio Chamizal has heavy semi truck traffic and it is a public health issue causing dangerous levels of pollution. Please, step in and fix this injustice. I urge you to select option #4, Removal of Commercial Trucks. Thank you.

BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
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<br/>
Sota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:49 PM

To: R G <generalgenera01@gmail.com>

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

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**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

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#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



# Semi truck removal from bridge

1 message

**Aly Orville** <alyorville22@yahoo.com>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Wed, Jul 17, 2024 at 8:15 AM

Dear GSA,

I am writing to comment on the new options you all have proposed for the renovation of the Bridge of the Americas. As our community has said numerous times, the trucks need to get off the bridge as soon as possible, and stay off the bridge.

The diesel is polluting our lungs, and there is no other urban port of entry along the US-Mexico border that has commercial traffic. Please move the trucks to a bridge that is not surrounded by residential neighborhoods, as we breathe in the diesel smoke all over central El Paso. Thus, I advocate for Action Alternative 4 which keeps all commercial traffic off the bridge. In addition, Action Alternative 1A is misleading, since it says future no commercial traffic, but there is no plan to remove the trucks. The time to remove the trucks forever is NOW.

Thanks, Citrus

Sent from Yahoo Mail for iPhone



# **Stop Commercial Truck Traffic**

1 message

**David Bustillos** <davidbustillos57@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 2:28 PM

Stop Commercial Truck Traffic it's poisoning our Central Public n causing pollution n Traffic from East&West freeway n North n South Loop.



# **Subject: Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry**

1 message

Patrick Hernandez cpzhernandez@harding.edu>
To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov
Cc: info@ecoelpaso.org

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 7:14 AM

Patrick Hernandez-Cigarruista

El Paso, TX

"Dear U.S. GSA,

I, Patrick Hernandez-Cigarruista, MBA, WMCP, am in support of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) I demand the removal and relocation of semi commercial trucks and related traffic from the BOTA LPOE in both directions. Please seek sustainable alternatives that remove the issue of idling commercial internal combustion vehicles and implement solutions that provide opportunities that don't further escalate issues present such as poor air quality from the area."

Peace be with you, Patrick Hernandez



# Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry

2 messages

**Kim Schulte** <hlkess@gmail.com> To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 4:25 PM

To whom it may concern, I am writing to you today as a citizen of El Paso with concern about the health issues presented by commercial vehicles idling on the Bridge of the Americas. In making improvements to this port of entry, I strongly encourage you to select <u>Action Alternative #4-</u> No Commercial Traffic, as the best plan for this area.

The idling vehicles negatively affect the air quality in the surrounding area, an area that is highly populated. Residents in the area are subjected to continuous deisel fumes as well as noise. The respiratory affects of this pollution have been documented. To prioritize resident's health, these trucks need to pass through less densely populated areas.

Choose Alternative #4 for cleaner air!

Thank you,

Kim Schulte 7956 Morning Dawn El Paso, TX 79932 915-252-7405 hlkess@gmail.com

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:45 PM

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# **Notice of Public Meeting**

# Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

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#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K



# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Marivel Macias** <mmacia1973@icloud.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Sep 20, 2024 at 6:53 PM

The Zavala Elementary campus currently resides under the highway leading to the international Bridge of the Americas. Would this funding support El Paso ISD with rebuilding of the Zavala campus in a more suitable and environmentally friendly location?

I support Alternative 4 - Multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian and non-commercial vehicle traffic <u>with the elimination</u> of northbound and southbound commercial cargo traffic.

Thank you. Marivel Macias

(915)494-2010 cell



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPGE)
El Pass County, El Pass, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas I el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or an an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may, be turnest in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to IANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not obtate respond today to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karra R. Exemichael MEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Brenzin
ISSA/PBS, Fusilities Management and Services Programs Divasar
819 Taylor St. Room 23-8: FW, TX 76183

# BOTA NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Par favor, responda con cumquier comentaria y continúe un la parte posterior o én una hoja miliannal si ey merenna. Este formulario de comentarias puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por carreo electrónica. a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 15 de Enera de 2024 a enviar por carreo a la signante minusum

> Karla R. Camichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St., Room 12-R. FW, TX 76192

No pademos responder individualmente la sus comentanos, su apartir es Euroyanida y valarada por el equipa. Todas las comentarios se obardaván en el documenta ElS.

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:			



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The American Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerte de Entrada Terrestre del Puerte de las Americas Consisto de El Paso, El Paso, Texas ( el 13 de Diciembro de 2023

NAME/ NOMBRE	To C PINON
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ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓ	" 245 Scotlinguiseria EL HER TE THE
	NO. 415-329-3176
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Hease respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or by an additional sheet if neurosary. This comment form of the surror in taiday, emailed or mailed to the fallowing prior to sAMSARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EDI deciment.

Kinta R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager
Enumerated, Fire and Safety & Health Brasili25A/PBS, Pacifities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St., Room 12-8, FW. TX 76162

# BOTA NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Par Javar, responda con cuarquier comentaria y controle en la parte pasterior o en una hoja insicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios punde ser entregada hay a emigdo par culvito electricia a a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@psa.gov antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 a emigo por carrer a la siguente de errada:

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Monager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Hisalth Branch.
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW. TX 76107.

Na podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aparte es birriveneta y valorada par el vaujos. Todas ni comentarios se abuedanán en el documento NS

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPGE) El Peso County, El Peso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARGO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condodo de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBRE JO C PINCH
ORGANIZATION/ DEGANIZACIÓN
ADDRESS/OMECTION 245 S.COMING/NEITH EL ANS, THE 79/18
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO 4.15-309-3178
EMAIL/ CORRED ELECTRONICO JOSJETICO COVERE LOS

Flease respond with any feedback, commung on the back or on an additional sheet if selectory. This comment form may be turned in today, emolited or resolved to the following prior to IANUARY 15, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the trans and will be incorporated into the Etj document.

Rario R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/FRS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX-761812

#### BOTA NEPACOMMENTS Brasia gov

Par juster, respando con cualquier comentaria y continúe en la parte posteriar a en ling hala inficientif a en inversión. Este farmulario de comentarios paede ser entregada hay a enviada por carren electronica a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 16 de Enero de 2004 a enviar par carren a la equiente disección.

> Koria R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Illumor 819 Taylor St. Room 12 B. FW. TX 76102.

No podemos respunsier individuálmente a sus comentantos, so aporte es bientidados y valurado por el equins. Todos los comentarios se abordado en el documento ErS.

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# **Bridge of the Americas**

1 message

**James Davis** <davis799241973@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Sep 20, 2024 at 2:12 PM

My name is James Davis from El Paso Texas. I would like to see the Bridge of the America's not have any commercial traffic. I would also like to see the Bridge not be free any longer. The city of El Paso needs the extra tax revenue. Thank you James Davis life long El Paso resident.



# Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry - Alternative 4

2 messages

Eco El Paso <info@ecoelpaso.org>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 4:50 PM

To: "BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: ECO El Paso <ecoelpasotexas@gmail.com>

Dear U.S. GSA,

I. Joshua Simmons, as Executive Director of the local El Paso-based 501(c)3 non-profit would like to express support for Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) and seek a transition to the removal of the current mode of commercial semi-truck traffic in that area. The opportunity to innovate an essential land port of entry is presented. Our organization suggests implementing methods that best suit the surrounding area, including the adjacent impacted neighborhoods as well as the retention of historical significance of local structures such as the El Paso County Coliseum. The surrounding neighborhoods have long been subject to the impacts of the pollution emitted from the daily use of this land port of entry. The reduction of traffic in the case of the removal of commercial semi-truck transportation would improve these conditions going forward into the future. As we find ourselves as a community developing a transition to reduced emissions and replacing existing modes of transportation with more renewable means of fueling it offers a challenge to be met that. Where development and innovation may be the unexplored solution to resolve issues of current transportation such as road surface degradation from heavy-weight vehicles and excessive wear due to the transportation of heavy loads of commercial goods crossing the bridge. Developing a transport system such as a conveyor or mechanized payload crane could eliminate the need for vehicle inspections and allocate resources to focus on cargo inspection only. This would also reduce the need for licensing or permits for vehicles that may not meet emission standards or other regulations required in the United States to operate. This opportunity should be seized to ensure prosperity not only for the economy of our region but for the rest of the nation as well. As relationships and trade increase with our bordering neighbor countries, this can strengthen on-shore manufacturing and other supported industries as well as new industries to take hold in the local region to provide more employment opportunities. Again, Eco El Paso supports Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry. Our organization stands in support of the many neighborhoods and community organizations that have been vocal in support of the mentioned alternative plan. Eco El Paso is open to further engagement with the U.S. GSA to ensure a carbon-reduced solution is implemented for the long-standing sustainability of the Bridge of America's Land Port of Entry.

Thank you,

Joshua Blaine Simmons

Executive Director, Eco El Paso

Phone: (915) 213-4858

Schedule a meeting: Calendly

--

Donate | Connect

#EcoElPaso #GoSolar #MillionTreesElPaso #Sustainability

Cc: ECO El Paso <ecoelpasotexas@gmail.com>

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

[Quoted text hidden]

2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



GSA NEPA DEIS 45-day comment period ends November 4, 2024 We encourage you to send your comments to:

BOTA nepacomments@gs2.msv with the email subject line reading

"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS" or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

# **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso,

Public Comment:

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

NAME/NOMBRE

3409 Diamond Drue

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN

EI Paso, TX 79908 code/código postal

PHONE/TELEFONO\*

**EMAIL/CORREO\*** 

Signature: Old / 2024

El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

BUTA nepacomments@gsa.gov

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a: The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

Consentario pililico:

Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

**Additional Comments/Comentarios** Adicionales:

commercial trucks

AGE/EDAD\* 89 RACE/RAZA\* Myx ed \*Optional



# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Jerry Kurtyka** <jerrykurtyka@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Tue, Oct 22, 2024 at 11:00 AM

Thank you for finally hearing the voices of the Barrio Chamizal peoples who have suffered the contaminants of idling diesel trucks for decades. As an El Paso citizen and environmentalist of 30 years, I ask you to hold fast to your decision for Option #4 to remove commercial trucks from BOTA as part of the rebuilding of the port-of-entry.

--

Jerry Kurtyka El Paso, Texas USA 915-526-6297

Jerry Kurtyka – Binational Waters

"The Rio Grande is the only river I know that is in need of irrigating!" - Will Rogers, American humorist



# **BOTA LPOEdraft eis**

1 message

Jessica Tiebor <jessicaspurpose@yahoo.com>
Reply-To: Jessica Tiebor <jessicaspurpose@yahoo.com>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Sat, Sep 21, 2024 at 6:52 PM

#### To whom it may concern;

I wanted to comment on having big trucks be redirected to other bridges. I'm highly in favor on this move. I think it will benefit all parties involved who utilize the Bridge of America crossing. Truckers who don't have to deal with small vehicles in their way, cars who won't have to deal with the frustrations of large trucks, Including border patrol who can have their teams focus better on their inspections and what they're inspecting for. Not to mention smaller surrounding communities who may profit from the extra traffic coming their way.

Please make this ban!

Thank you Jessica Ortiz

Yahoo Mail: Search, Organize, Conquer



# Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry

2 messages

**Kim Schulte** <hlkess@gmail.com> To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 4:25 PM

To whom it may concern, I am writing to you today as a citizen of El Paso with concern about the health issues presented by commercial vehicles idling on the Bridge of the Americas. In making improvements to this port of entry, I strongly encourage you to select <u>Action Alternative #4-</u> No Commercial Traffic, as the best plan for this area.

The idling vehicles negatively affect the air quality in the surrounding area, an area that is highly populated. Residents in the area are subjected to continuous deisel fumes as well as noise. The respiratory affects of this pollution have been documented. To prioritize resident's health, these trucks need to pass through less densely populated areas.

Choose Alternative #4 for cleaner air!

Thank you,

Kim Schulte 7956 Morning Dawn El Paso, TX 79932 915-252-7405 hlkess@gmail.com

#### 

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:45 PM

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# **Notice of Public Meeting**

# Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

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**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

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#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Constado de El Paso. El Paso, Tesas I el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/NOMBRE Lawrence 50-to	
DRIGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN HI 105 de Pla	ta Serner Conter
ADDRESS/DIRECCION 6412 Edginoser	
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO (915) 301 - 2094	
EMAIL/ CORRECT ELECTRÓNICO	

Please respond with any feesback, continuing an the tack or on an passional strent if necessary. This common form may be tween in laday, tracinal or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 15, 2024. While we are not also in respond individually to these comments, your input it welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the US disciment.

Euron In: Commission NEPA Program Monagery
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PRS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Diminis
819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76103

# BOTA NEPACOMMENTS@gsn.gov

Par favor, responda son sualquier comentario y continúe en la parte postenior á en una haja údiciónal si es antesamo Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hay a enviada par carren electránica a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav** antes del 16 de Emera de 2024 a enviar por comen a la siguiente direixións.

Korla R. Carmichoel NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PSS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76107.

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We encourage you to send your comments to:

with the email subject line reading
"BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

or comments can be mailed to:

The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

#### **Public Comment:**

September 2024 Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry, El Paso, TX

#### **Public Comment:**

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

NAME/NOMBRE: Lovenzo Guel-Camp
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓ Morchead)
2631 Mordison Ave. Aptit
PHONE/TELEFONO*:
(915)593-9175
EMAIL/CORREO*
larens a.c. 98@gmail
AGE/EDAD*: 25
RACE/RAZA* Menter Avenuer *Optional

El período de comentarios de 45 días de la GSA NEPA DEIS finaliza el 4 de Nov. de 2024 Lo alentamos a usted a enviar sus comentarios a:

con el asunto del correo electrónico que diga "BOTA LPOE Draft EIS"

o los comentarios pueden enviarse por correo a: The U.S. General Services Administration, Attention: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager, 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, Fort Worth, TX 76102

Comentario público:

Borrador de la Declaración de Impacto Ambiental de septiembre de 2024 para la Modernización propuesta del El Puente Libre, Puerto de Entrada Terrestre, El Paso, TX

Comentario público:

Apoyo la selección de la GSA de la Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 que elimina toda la carga comercial en el Puente de las Américas (BOTA). La Alternativa de Acción Viable 4 es la única alternativa viable que cumple con el propósito y las necesidades de la modernización de BOTA y al mismo tiempo reduce la peligrosa contaminación del aire y el daño a las comunidades de justicia ambiental. La Alternativa 4 no es sólo la más económica, sino que también la única que promueve la justicia ambiental. Al retirar los camiones de carga comerciales y evitar la compra innecesaria de propiedades, la Alternativa 4 logra el objetivo primordial de NEPA de reducir los impactos ambientales y promover la salud pública.

Additional Comments/Comentarios Adicionales:

Signature:

Date: W/31/24



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

HAME/HOMBRE MARTHA EVAN Ge/INA Ceballos	
ORGANIZATION/ORGANIZACIÓN PAISANO GXERN	30.5
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 4000 E PAISGNO DE APTCZY	
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO 915. 691-6383	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102

# BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St., Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se obordarán en el documento EIS.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBRE	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN DE Plata	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 3// LIBIS / /	
TELEPHONE/TELEPONO 915-479-1997	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

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# BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

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> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	Bulytien



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

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NAMEL NOMBRE Martina Estrala	
	Washington/Delta NA
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 207 HARDE	stu PC
TELEPHONE/TELEPONO (915) 252 56	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

# BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsp.gov

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> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBRE	77av1	Madrid	) - «III	ED	0	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGA	NIZACIÓN 🖟	Ylos Pla	Ha			
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	5930	Jemes	eL	Paso.		
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915	1396-80	39	,		
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECT		m/a				

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

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# COMMENT FORM - PUBLIC INFORMATIONAL MEETING Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

125	
NAME/ NOMBRE	Margarita Villa Cobos
ORGANIZATION/ ORGA	ANIZACIÓN MOROBER D. Helas de Plata.
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	344 Val Dude St.
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915 373-7328
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECT	MONICO TOTANGIEVILLE LOBOS 915 amail. Com
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Karlo R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102

# BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

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COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	t the 18 wheeler	trucks of	
the 1	ridge (Cordora)	BOTAD	



# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Marivel Macias** <mmacia1973@icloud.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Sep 20, 2024 at 6:53 PM

The Zavala Elementary campus currently resides under the highway leading to the international Bridge of the Americas. Would this funding support El Paso ISD with rebuilding of the Zavala campus in a more suitable and environmentally friendly location?

I support Alternative 4 - Multilevel modernization accommodating pedestrian and non-commercial vehicle traffic <u>with the elimination</u> of northbound and southbound commercial cargo traffic.

Thank you. Marivel Macias

(915)494-2010 cell



# **Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry**

2 messages

Maggie Barnes <maggie.barnes@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 5:05 PM

Dear U.S. GSA.

I, Margaret Barnes, am in support of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE). I demand the removal and relocation of semi commercial trucks and related traffic from the BOTA LPOE in both directions. Please seek sustainable alternatives that remove the issue of idling commercial internal combustion vehicles and implement solutions that provide opportunities that don't further escalate issues present such as poor air quality from the area.

In addition, I would like to see prioritization of safe cycling and pedestrian infrastructure on BOTA LPOE and the surrounding area and the implementation of public transportation on the BOTA LPOE. For nearby international bridges, I would like to see conveyor technology for cargo loads to reduce idling time and improve our air city's air quality.

Signed, Margaret Barnes 3140 Aurora Ave, El Paso, TX 79930

**BOTA NEPA Comments** <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> To: Maggie Barnes <maggie.barnes@gmail.com>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:43 PM

Hello Ms. Barnes,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

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Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# **Notice of Public Meeting** Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

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- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

[Quoted text hidden]

#### 2 attachments



Flyer BOTA EFS Community Meeting 26June2024-spanish v2.pptx



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K



# **Remove Commercial Traffic**

2 messages

**Gaglio, Mike** <mike@highdesertnativeplants.com> To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 3:52 PM

To Whom it may concern:

The Bridge of the Americas represents a major source of pollution from vehicles in the El Paso community. In addition to the pollution, the traffic congestion and noise create a negative social impact on our community. I am in favor of eliminating all commercial traffic from the BOTA port of entry as presented in Alternative #4. I also encourage the designers to implement processes that encourage multi-modal transportation, electric-powered public mass transit, and expedited flow of vehicular traffic in order to reduce pollution and congestion in the area.

Respectfully, Mike Gaglio El Paso Resident

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:47 PM

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed

improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

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#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K



# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Marcus Grignon** <marc@ruralco.org>
To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Nov 5, 2024 at 9:59 AM

Good morning,

We had some trouble submitting our comment last night regarding Bridge of the Americas project draft EIS.

Just wanted to make sure this comment came through and was received.

Waewaenen (thank you) for taking the time to read this email and respond,

Marc

--

Marcus Grignon Policy and Strategy Specialist Rural Coalition 920-562-9518



RC Comment on GSA BOTA LPOE.pdf



# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

Tejada, Matthew <mtejada@nrdc.org> To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov> Tue, Oct 15, 2024 at 3:27 PM

I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action

Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial

cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas

(BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only

feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and

needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing

dangerous air pollution and harm to

environmental justice communities. Alternative 4

is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but

the only alternative that promotes environmental

justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and

avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative

4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to

minimize environmental impacts and promote

public health.

NAME/NOMBRE: Matthew S. Tejada

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN: 1152 15<sup>th</sup> St. NW, Suite 300, Washington DC, 20005

PHONE/TELEFONO\*: 202-836-9356

EMAIL/CORREO: mtejada@nrdc.org

Matthew S. Tejada

SVP - Environmental Health

Natural Resources Defense Council



#### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO	Cemelli de Aztlan
ORGANIZATION/ ORGAI	NIZACIÓN 🛎 FAMILIAS UNIDAS DEL CHAMIZAL
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	2000 TEXAS NE
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915 992890
DANE CORREO SLECTE	m erolvera.or
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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

BOTA. TS@gsa.gov

No podemos responder formalmente a estos comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equip o. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

#### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

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Get the Trucks out
OPTION # 4 (See more comments of 1)
(See more attached)
attached)

El Paso's Puente Libre- The Bridge of the Americas in barrio Chamizal is receiving \$700+million of federal Bipartisan Infrastructure funding for necessary renovations. This long-overdue investment should be used as intended- to reduce the emissions and address the impact on overburdened, vulnerable communities, specifically, our children's health.

"This is a public health issue. Lives are being affected. To dismiss the health of residents and prioritize the maquiladora industry is not acceptable." We have not had clean air for 30 years! Protect our health. We - as residents of the Chamizal are asking representatives and public entities such as the Joint Advisory Council to Tell NEPA to "Get the Trucks Out!"

"After a year and a half of advocacy, the federal government has -as of December 13, 2023- provided a potential alternative design that removes the heavy polluting diesel semi-trucks from el puente libre, BOTA. We want to send a clear message that this alternative #4 is the only option that would address this dangerous public health issue. The time to relocate the idling trucks is now,"

According to the National Institute of Health: diesel semi truck pollution (PM2 ultrafine particles) are the worst of the worst! These dangerously small cancer causing particles infect our lungs are restricting our ability to breath, seep posion into our bloodstream and, settle in our bones and, as the toxicity damages our brains and deteriorating our cognitive abilities for a lifetime. Our children are most vulnerable, especially Zavala Elementary students, who during their most important developmental years, they're inundated in diesel truck pollution because the 500+ diesel trucks that surround them daily using the free bridge- El Puente Libre.

The World Health Organization declared that Diesel fumes cause lung cancer. Experts state diesel fumes arette smoke." We Must Protect Children's Health and place a very high priority on communities like ours where environmental injustice has deadly and debilitating consequences. The effects are forever. "We need this once-in-a-lifetime investment to protect children from this silent killer. To prioritize the profits of an industry over the health of our children is wrong. The working poor families of El Paso should not have to bear these burdens," states Hilda Villegas, president of Familias Unidas del Chamizal neighborhood association.

Diesel exhaust is the worst of the worst. The EPA states, it contains more than 40 toxic 'cancer-causing' air contaminants. A recent study reveals large diesel trucks to be the greatest contributors to harmful emissions on the road, indicating that vehicle types matter more than traffic volume for near-road air pollution. "

Will NEPA'S Environmental Impact Statement include a Cumulative Impact or Health Analysis?

Instituto Nacional de Salud: ¡Las partículas ultra finas PM2 son lo peor de lo peor! Lo más problemático. El mayor culpable: Los Diesel SemiTrucks! /National Institute of Health: PM2 ultrafine particles are the worst of the worst! Most Problematic. Biggest culprit: Los Diesel SemiTrucks!





#### MAS VULNERABLES/ MOST AT RISK:

Pre-conception / Pre-conception

En utero / In utero

Primeros años de desarrollo cerebral /

Early brain development years

Exposicion de por vida / Lifetime exposure

Niños en escuelas enseguida de carreteras / Children in schools next to highways



EL EFECTO A LOS NIÑOS / EFFECTS ON CHILDREN:

Cancer

Asma y falta de respiracion / Asthma & wheezing

Alergias / Allergies

Reduce el desarrollo de pulmones / Reduce lung development/growth (smaller lungs)

Falta de crecimiento en bebés / Low birth weight/smaller babies

Nacimiento prematura de bebés / Premature babies

Riesgos de COVID /Covid risks

Inflamacion / Inflammation

Rx/mds

# CORAZON:

Tóxicos en la sangre / Toxins blood

cancer/tumors

Presión de la sangre y estrés / Blood pressure/stress

Tóxicos en los huesos y dientes / Toxins go into bones and teeth

#### **CEREBRO**:

Impacto en el desarrollo / Developmental impacts

Neurological/ Neurodegenerative diseases

Atención déficit de atención con hiperactividad, ansiedad, depresión, estres / ADHD, anxiety, depression, stress

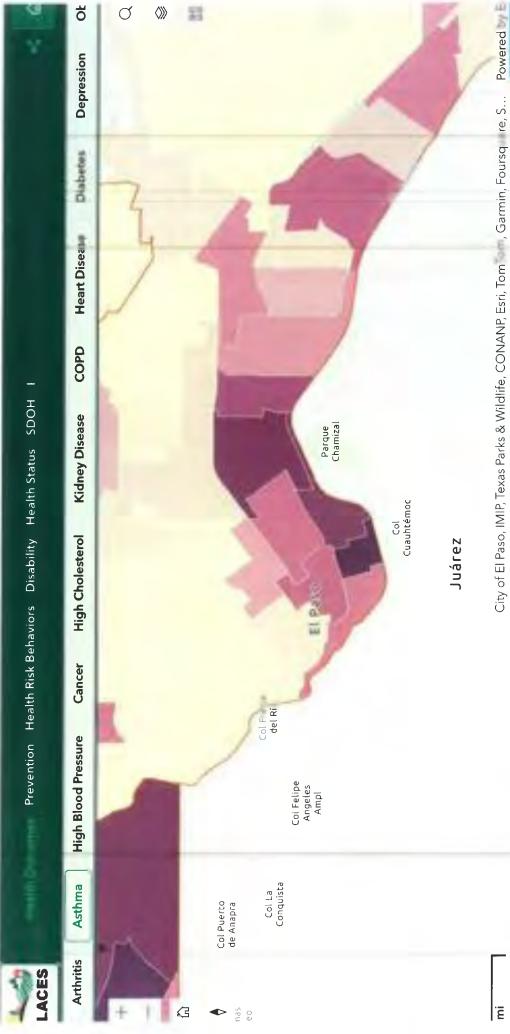
Sistema nervioso / Affects nervous system

Alzheimer's Dementia & Parkisons



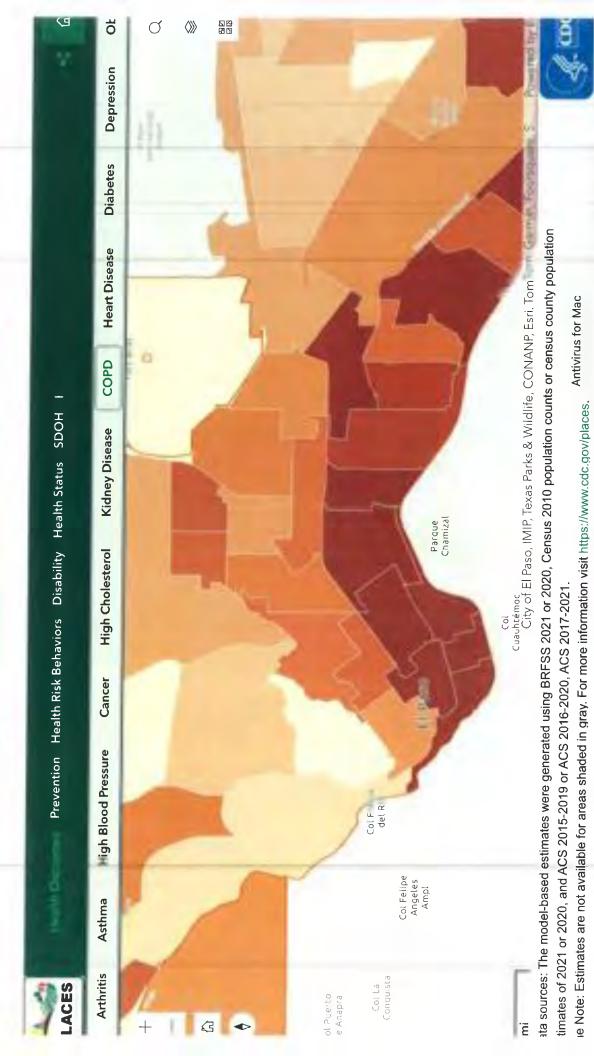




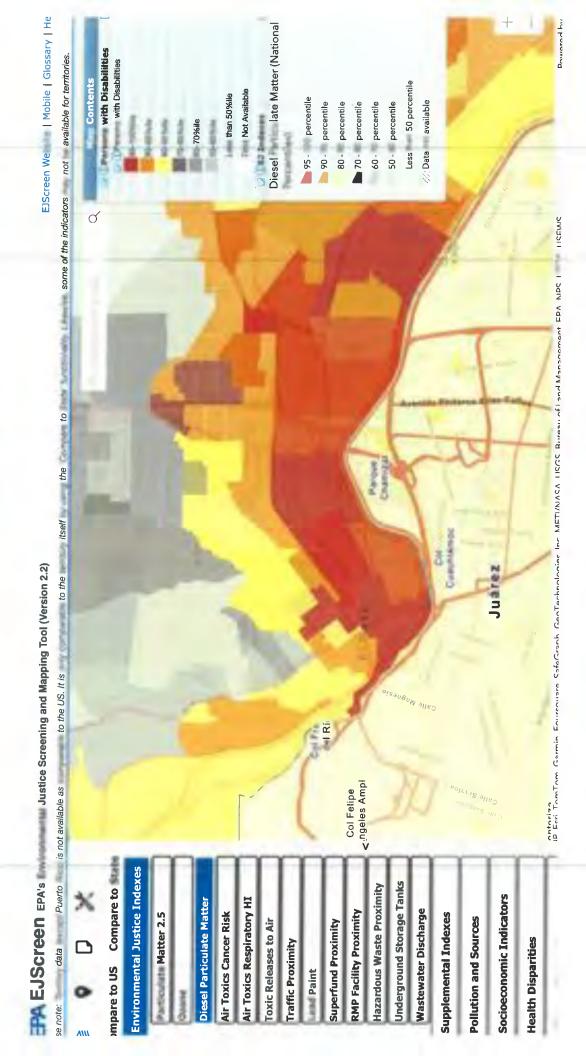


City of El Paso, IMIP, Texas Parks & Wildlife, CONANP, Esri, Tom Garmin, Foursq re, S... ata sources: The model-based estimates were generated using BRFSS 2021 or 2020, Census 2010 population counts or census county population timates of 2021 or 2020, and ACS 2015-2019 or ACS 2016-2020, ACS 2017-2021. Ē

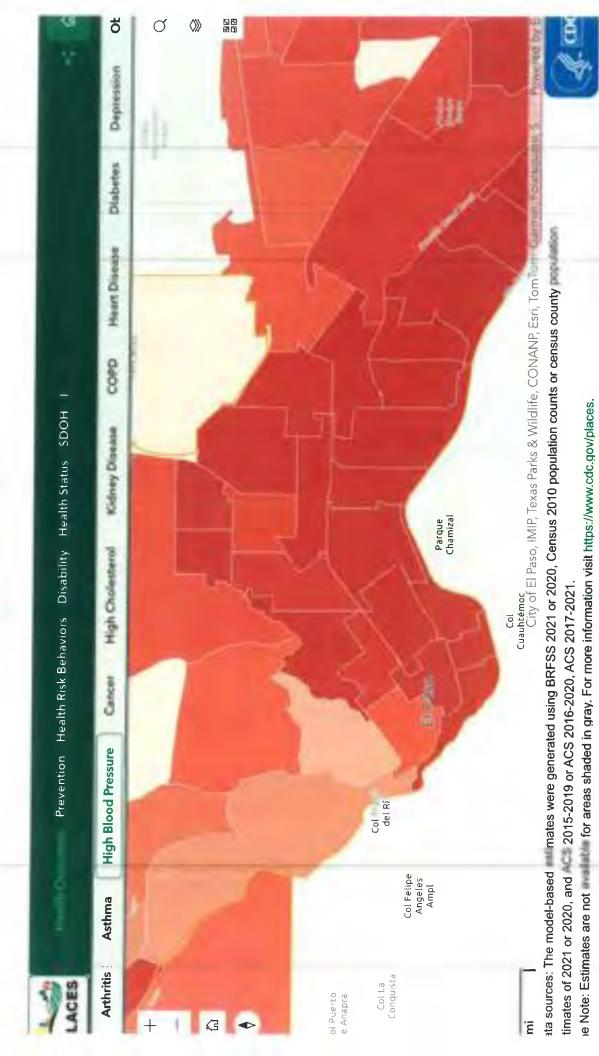
# Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease



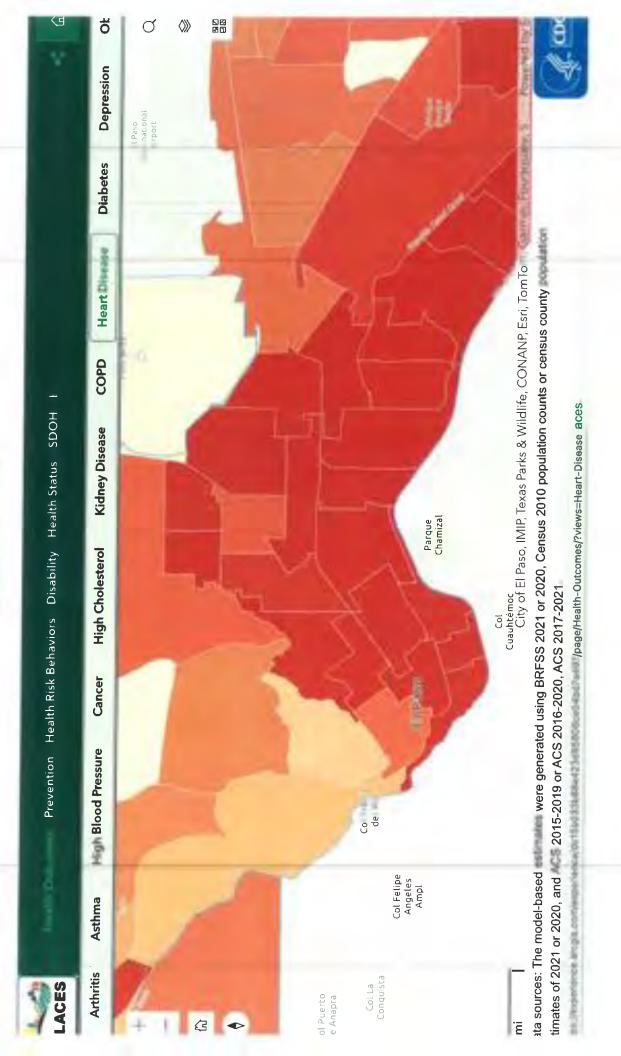
# Diese Particulate Matter



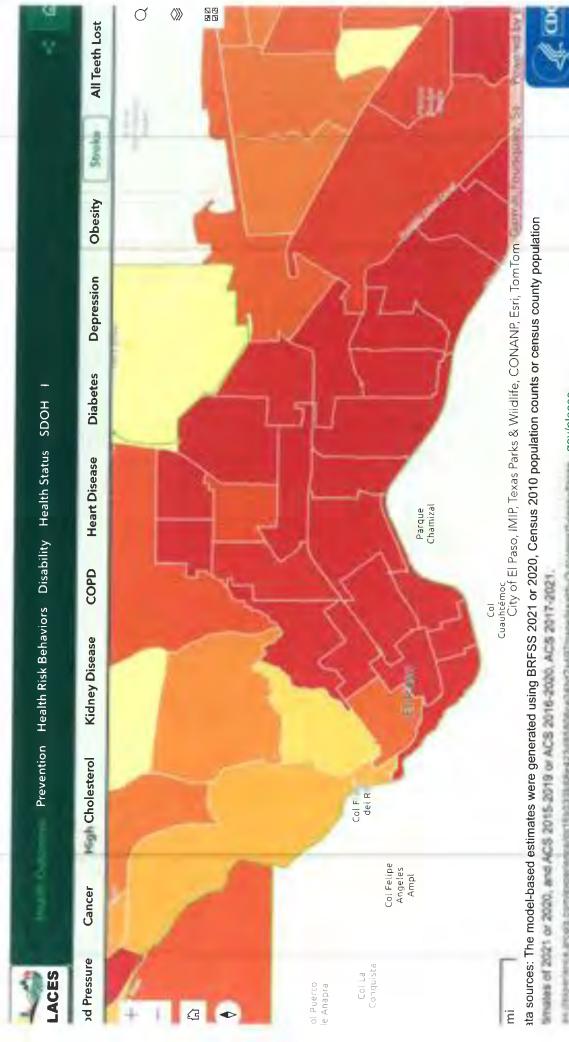
### Hypertension



## Heart Disease

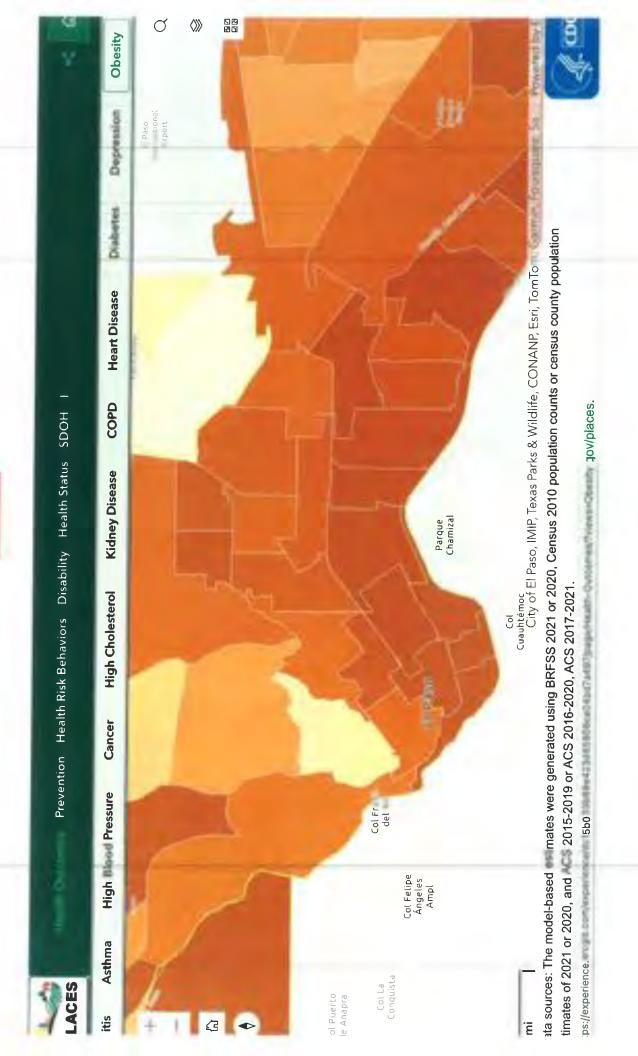




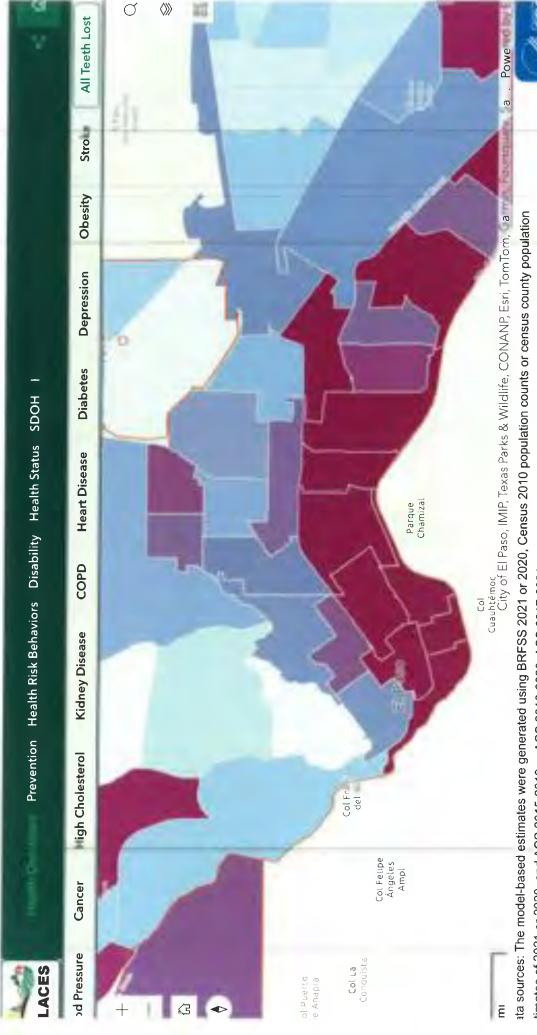


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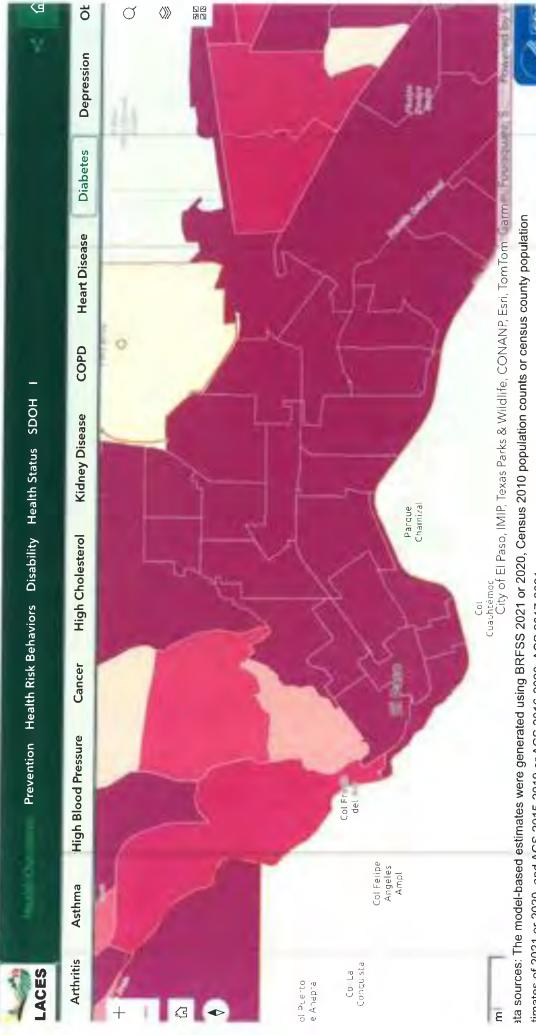
# All Teeth Lost



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### COMMEN' FORM - PUBLIC INFORMATIONAL MEETING

Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry LEDE SI Paso County El Paso Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas 033 de El Paso. El Paso. Texas 1 el 13 de diciembre de 2023.

NAME/ APELLIDO Mary Helen Michals

ORGANI TION/ ORGANIZACIÓN Barrio Chamizal -learni -

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 2000 TEXAS AVE EIPASO TX 7990

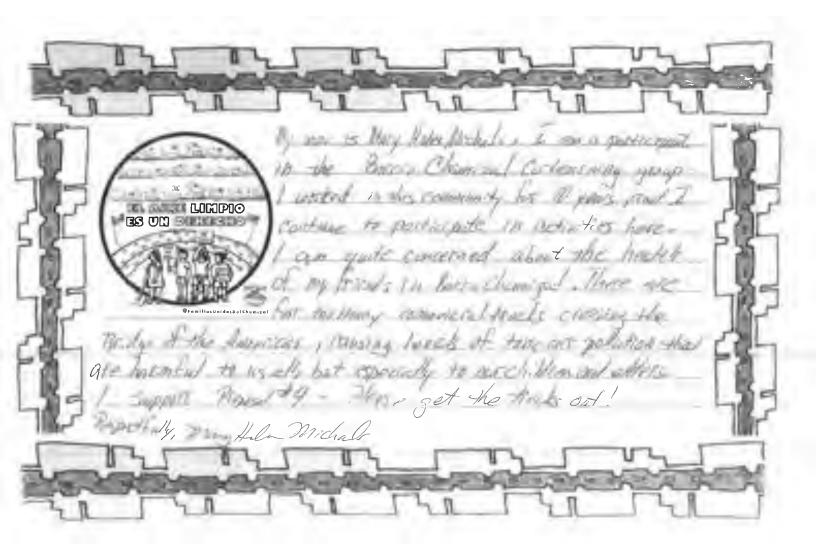
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Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following proventies to February 23, 2024 5:00 PM. T. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102



COMMENT FORM - PUBLIC INFORMATIONAL VIEETING Toposed improvements at the Bildge of the Americas Land Port of Ent. (1908) Lind Port of Ent. (1908) Lind Port of Ent. (1908)

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso 19 aso 18 asó 1 de 13 de disiembre de 2023

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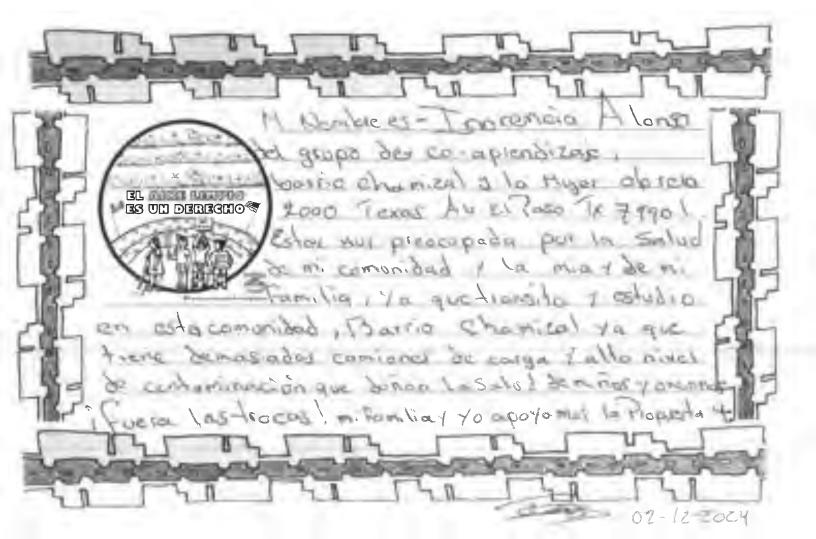
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BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@sas.gav

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Fa Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102



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DEL CHAMIZAL ENGO TX 7490

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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch nt rvices Programs Division ylo TX

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### COMMENT FORM PUBLIC INFORMATIONAL MEETING 1000sed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (1906) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas | December 13, 2023

ULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de dictembre de 2023----

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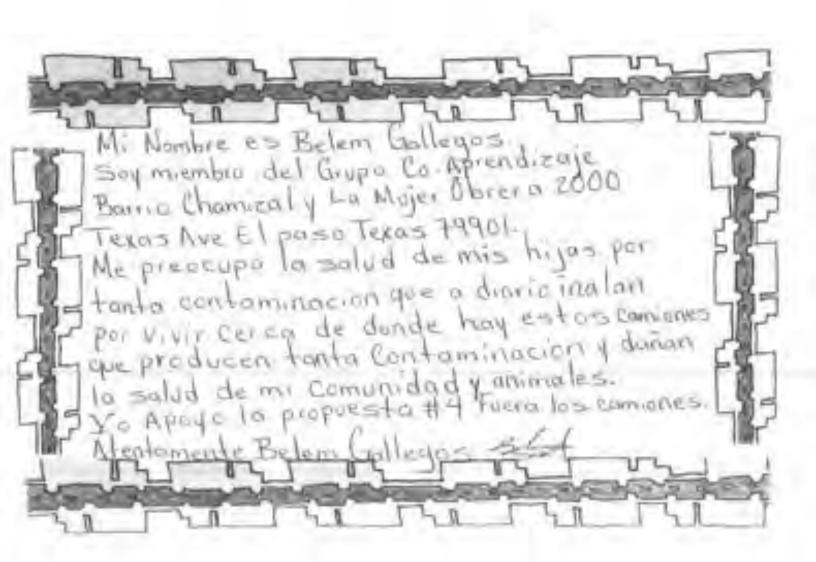
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BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

rograms Division





### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNION INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico

a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.
BOTA.N MENTS@gsa.gov

No podemos responder formalmente a estos comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equip o. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNION INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102

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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**

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NAME/ APELLIDO
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO (915) 741,9442
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO

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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102. BOTA. gsa.gov

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> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102. BOTH REPRODURNENTS BY SW

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### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Karla R Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

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BOTA NEFACONMENTS@gre-gov

### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS**

I was born and raised in EI Paso and I have seen a significant increase in 18 wheelers comfrom New Mexico. The due to the amount of our city. The older people ity are especially at risk of inha these toxic fumes, the not weather can me especiall overwhelmin when the smell of fumes constantly urrounds us. The phand mental health of a city's populismore is more important than creating more factories leading to more 18 electraffic GET THE TRUCKS OUT



### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 6	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO 915-875-4796	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

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COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS: AS GIVEN CINVINONICA	ental science student,
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### FOR ENTARIOS - REUNION INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	
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EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO WES	

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COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:
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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMÁTIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESÁDAS.

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO *	Million Castone
ADDRESS/ORECCIÓN	4524 Frankfort On-
TELEPHONE/TELÉFON	(9)=)1-1-7-91-41
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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

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### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

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### FOR MALARMO DE COMENTAR DE LAS FARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO	Koberto SARMENTO	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGAN	NIZACIÓN	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	3425 Hueco Ave	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	9.5.262.1397	
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRO	ONICO Robxbox63@GMAL	

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico

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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO		
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BOTA NEPACOMMENTS Pless nov

### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

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### Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO 9/1	5-791	-0242	
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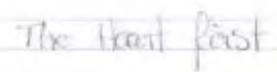
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GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

BOTA. gsp.gov

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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**





### FORMILLARIO DE COMENTARIOS - RELINION INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO	TOWN	11-5	MARCO	do	51111	truros.
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TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO		715	179 01	42		
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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch

GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division

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### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO			
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ADDR DIRECCIÓN	DITC N Pircleas & El flow TX 79830		
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	1915)318-9239		
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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**

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Atentamente.

El reno Castreno.



### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NA APELLIDO LIZARRAGA LUJAN AIAN

NETWORK FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO 915- -0109

EMAIL/CORREO ELE NICO CHRArraga@bnhr.org

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GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
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BOTA.N TS@gsa.gov

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BOTA

Lingrama & I am extremely

concerned for the health of my Community.

Barrio Chizal has been more by the overwhelming amount of commercial trucks.

NEPA

Re: America's

Briolge

first. We deserve to have clean air, our

impacts & the viability of a no commercial

Sincerely, Many

**COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:** 



### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO	Pat Delando
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANI	ZACIÓN
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	10509 Carculton St
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	(915) 740-196D
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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

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GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**

please protect the safety + 1== off of the



### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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ADDRESS/DIRECTIÓN	4023	Shadbo	Kin Arc	160	Churs	Alm 588U
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	208-76	10-2893	3			100
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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**



### MULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNION INFORMATI PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Conda de El Paso. El aso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO	Adule
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	Hoor Border Smith the
LESS/DIRECCIÓN	117 de Cabble Hills
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	715-2-4-8730
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	as bancoles commes co

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### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

Protect our children's health and support the removal of commerci kt El Puente Libre, The Bridge of the Am in .

The Chamizal neighborhood is subjected to various sources of compounded by he rs many bu ternational port-of-entry overloaded w/ diesel trucks emitting high levels of cancerous pollutants; a public school bus terminal of over 150 school buses; industrial waste recycling facilities shredding metals, electronics, and batteries in out-dated & open-air lots; in addition to the 12+ fires/year that erupt from those industrial waste sites. There is an overload of environmental injustice in our neighborhood affecting our children's health.

According to a record energy about term brack pullimentally if we were able to policie creamons like black traffice from community track pullidage, we award also see an amount of the communities like ours where comportanced reported that dealing and debtilizating contoparyons. The effects are forced:

The residents of Barrio Chamizal demand: 'Get the trucks out of the Puente Libre!' The trucks are the highest contributors to diesel particulate matter and should be

we counted OUT of our thriving rangelour bood of 2,000+ residence. Our Pounts Libbs-The Bridge of the American is the only tell from international port of antity because it was interpoled for the people, not the magnifiadops importa-

Today II Puretr Libro is the second bossest part of errory slong the border; and despite years of oversue. He resounders indicate and country years of oversue. He resounders indicate and the bridge tooks and infrastructure may resultly oversue. If Fasc's Bridge of the American, fit Poemis Libro in our sanghborhood, is receiving \$700's indition of trained fitpartian infrastructure fanding for reconstry processors. This long-oversue immerced should be count in introduction for reduce the carbon temporary and address the mount of country and contributions of overburders of our carbon temporary and address the mount of our overburders of our members.

Current plans proposed by the federal General Services Administration include: various options of adding more lanes for semi-truck commercial traffic, which will lead to more the GSA created an Option #4: To Remove Commercial Traffic, yet no details or further information has been given.

We have the opportunity to send our concerns to the federal government. We demand: GET THE TRUCKS OUT!



### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO

ORGANIZATION/ ORGANI MUJET BYE

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 2000 TEXAUS

TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO 915 799 2890

EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRONICO L'i de Mextern a amil com

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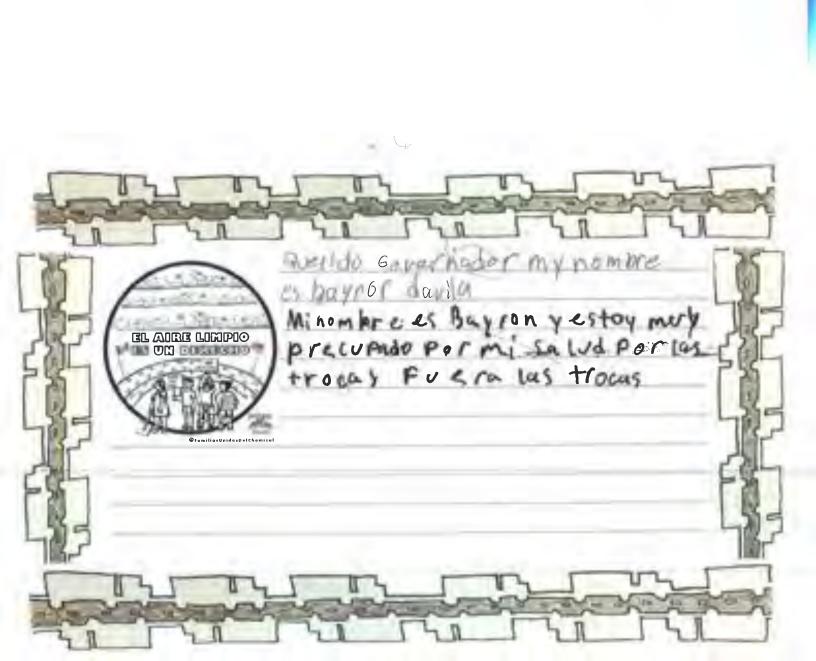
Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

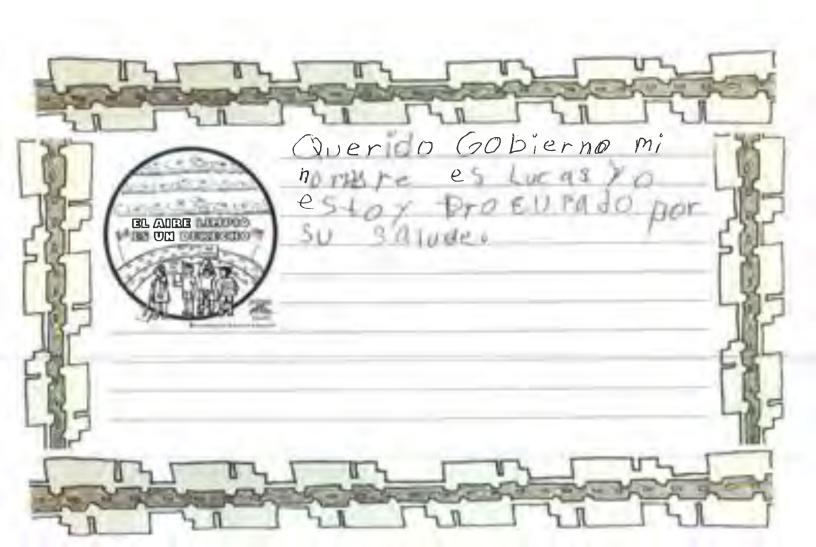
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### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:

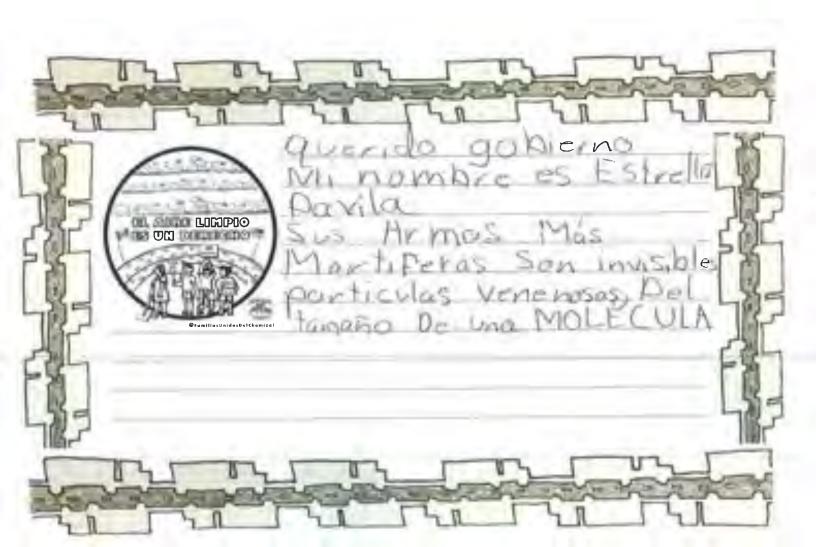
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Me r'hore Mambre







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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO	Le melli de Azılan
ORGANIZATION/ ORGAN	IZACIÓN 😝 FAMILIAS UNIDAS DEZ CHAMIZAL
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	2000 TEXAS AVE
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	915 992890
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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
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BOTA. TS@gsa.gov

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### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

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ADHO, strokes level of ling of brain - our most
while organia affect d - of thoughter land who could affect
t - Mary don the same to be letter 1
Get the Trucks out
OPTION # 4 Semelles
(See more attached)
attached)

El Paso's Puente Libre- The Bridge of the Americas in barrio Chamizal is receiving \$700+million of federal Bipartisan Infrastructure funding for necessary renovations. This long-overdue investment should be used as intended- to reduce the emissions and address the impact on overburdened, vulnerable communities, specifically, our children's health.

"This is a public health issue. Lives are being affected. To dismiss the health of residents and prioritize the maquiladora industry is not acceptable." We have not had clean air for 30 years! Protect our health. We - as residents of the Chamizal are asking representatives and public entities such as the Joint Advisory Council to Tell NEPA to "Get the Trucks Out!"

"After a year and a half of advocacy, the federal government has -as of December 13, 2023- provided a potential alternative design that removes the heavy polluting diesel semi-trucks from el puente libre, BOTA. We want to send a clear message that this alternative #4 is the only option that would address this dangerous public health issue. The time to relocate the idling trucks is now,"

According to the National Institute of Health: diesel semi truck pollution (PM2 ultrafine particles) are the worst of the worst! These dangerously small cancer causing particles infect our lungs are restricting our ability to breath, seep posion into our bloodstream and, settle in our bones and, as the toxicity damages our brains and deteriorating our cognitive abilities for a lifetime. Our children are most vulnerable, especially Zavala Elementary students, who during their most important developmental years, they're inundated in diesel truck pollution because the 500+ diesel trucks that surround them daily using the free bridge- El Puente Libre.

The World Health Organization declared that Diesel fumes cause lung cancer. Experts state diesel fumes arette smoke." We Must Protect Children's Health and place a very high priority on communities like ours where environmental injustice has deadly and debilitating consequences. The effects are forever. "We need this once-in-a-lifetime investment to protect children from this silent killer. To prioritize the profits of an industry over the health of our children is wrong. The working poor families of El Paso should not have to bear these burdens," states Hilda Villegas, president of Familias Unidas del Chamizal neighborhood association.

Diesel exhaust is the worst of the worst. The EPA states, it contains more than 40 toxic 'cancer-causing' air contaminants. A recent study reveals large diesel trucks to be the greatest contributors to harmful emissions on the road, indicating that vehicle types matter more than traffic volume for near-road air pollution. "

Will NEPA'S Environmental Impact Statement include a Cumulative Impact or Health Analysis?

Instituto Nacional de Salud: ¡Las partículas ultra finas PM2 son lo peor de lo peor! Lo más problemático. El mayor culpable: Los Diesel SemiTrucks! /National Institute of Health: PM2 ultrafine particles are the worst of the worst! Most Problematic. Biggest culprit: Los Diesel SemiTrucks!





### MAS VULNERABLES/ MOST AT RISK:

Pre-conception / Pre-conception

En utero / In utero

Primeros años de desarrollo cerebral /

Early brain development years

Exposicion de por vida / Lifetime exposure

Niños en escuelas enseguida de carreteras / Children in schools next to highways



EL EFECTO A LOS NIÑOS / EFFECTS ON CHILDREN:

Cancer

Asma y falta de respiracion / Asthma & wheezing

Alergias / Allergies

Reduce el desarrollo de pulmones / Reduce lung development/growth (smaller lungs)

Falta de crecimiento en bebés / Low birth weight/smaller babies

Nacimiento prematura de bebés / Premature babies

Riesgos de COVID /Covid risks

Inflamacion / Inflammation

Rx/mds



Tóxicos en la sangre / Toxins blood

cancer/tumors

Presión de la sangre y estrés / Blood pressure/stress

Tóxicos en los huesos y dientes / Toxins go into bones and teeth

### CEREBRO:

Impacto en el desarrollo / Developmental impacts

Neurological/ Neurodegenerative diseases

Atención déficit de atención con hiperactividad, ansiedad, depresión, estres / ADHD, anxiety, depression, stress

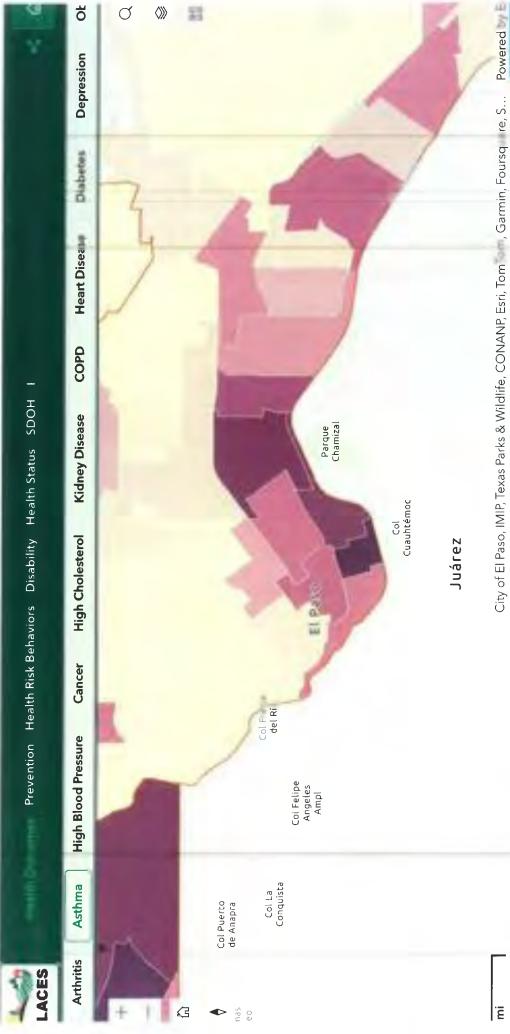
Sistema nervioso / Affects nervous system

Alzheimer's Dementia & Parkisons



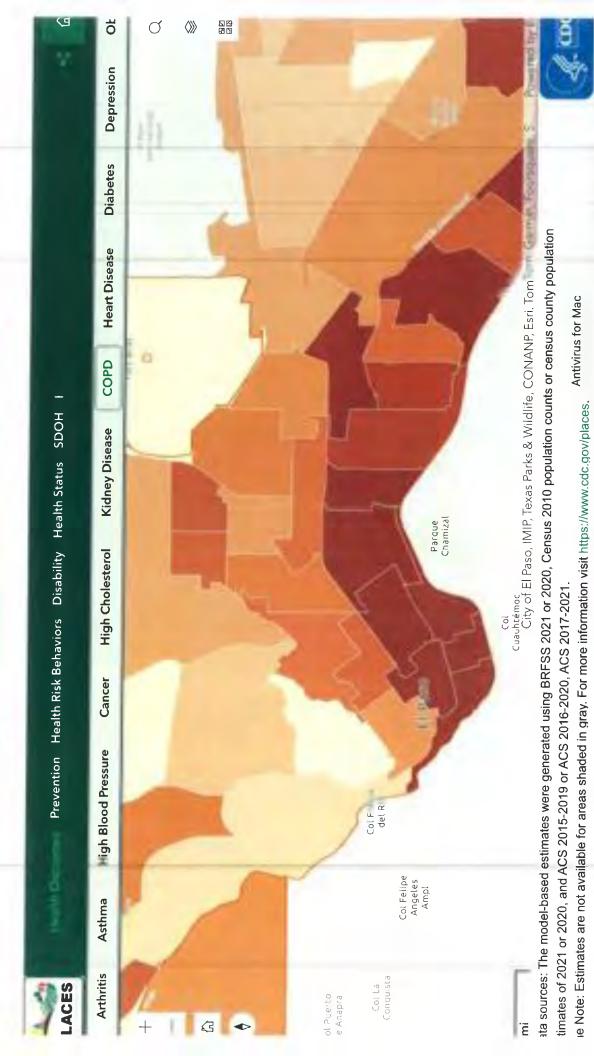




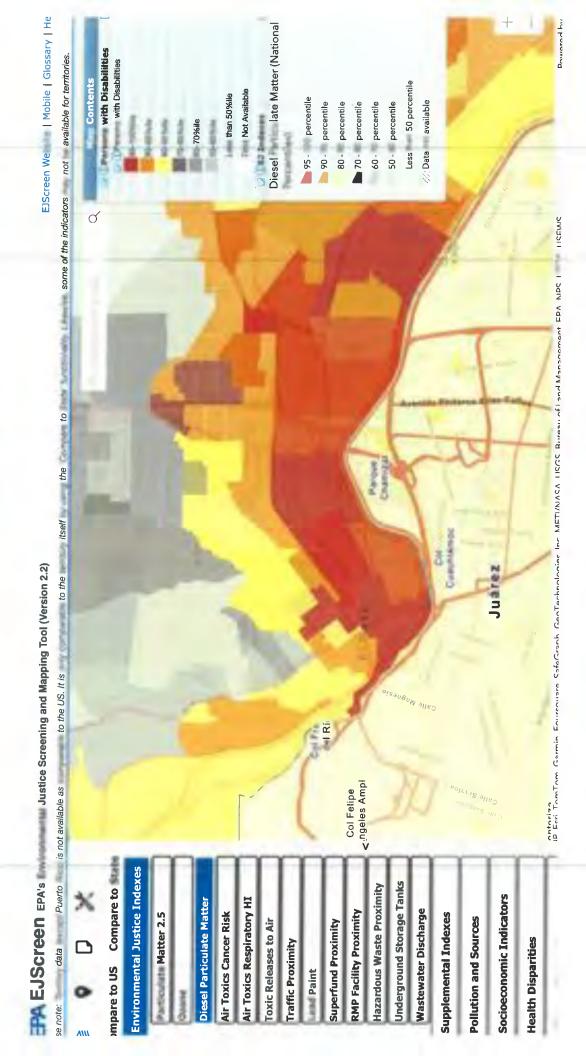


City of El Paso, IMIP, Texas Parks & Wildlife, CONANP, Esri, Tom Garmin, Foursq re, S... ata sources: The model-based estimates were generated using BRFSS 2021 or 2020, Census 2010 population counts or census county population timates of 2021 or 2020, and ACS 2015-2019 or ACS 2016-2020, ACS 2017-2021. Ē

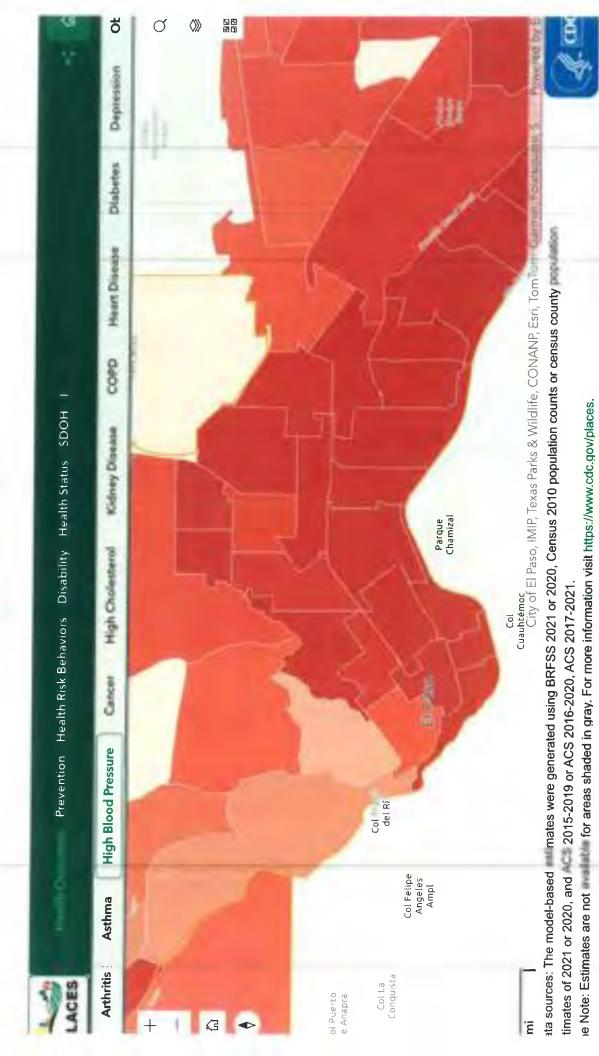
# Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease



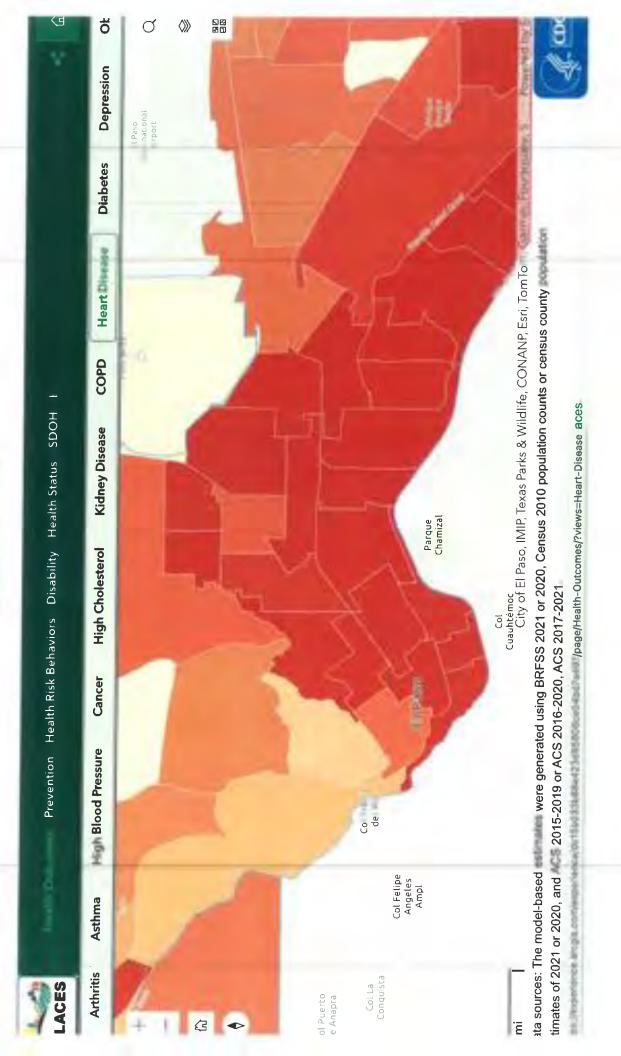
# Diese Particulate Matter



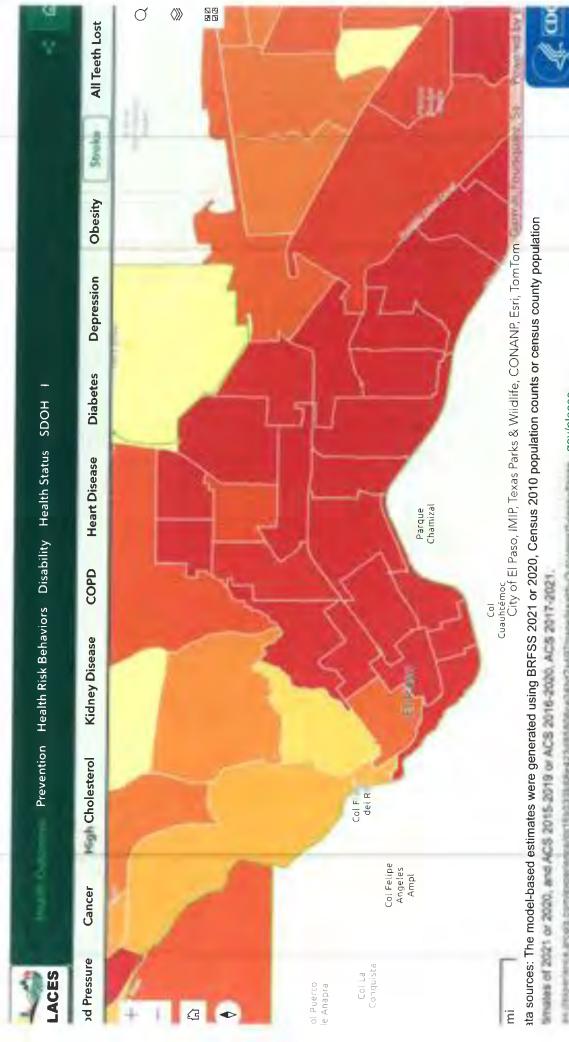
### Hypertension



## Heart Disease

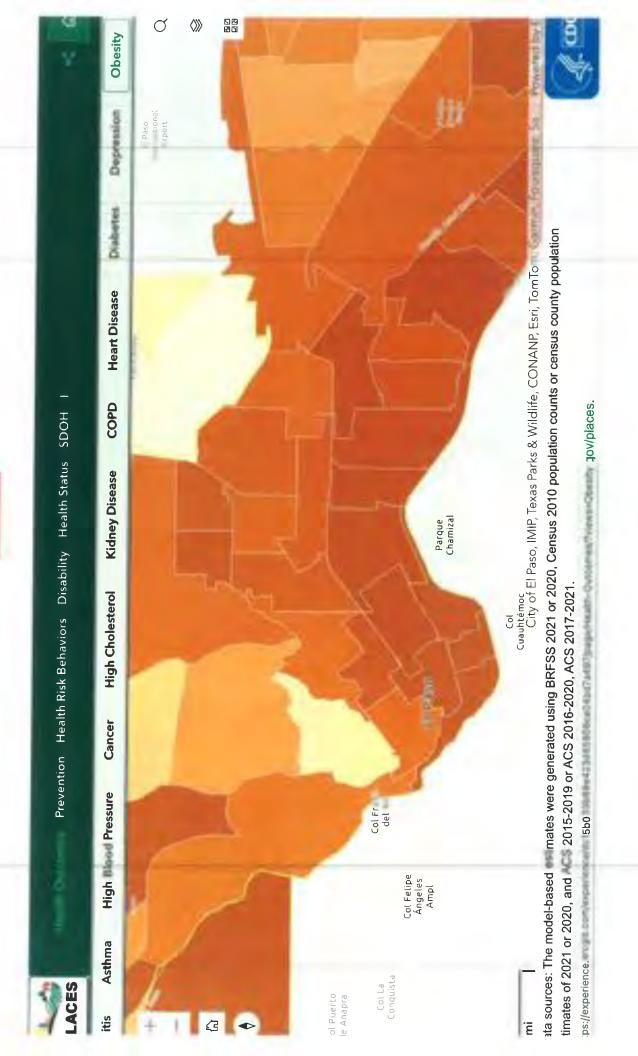




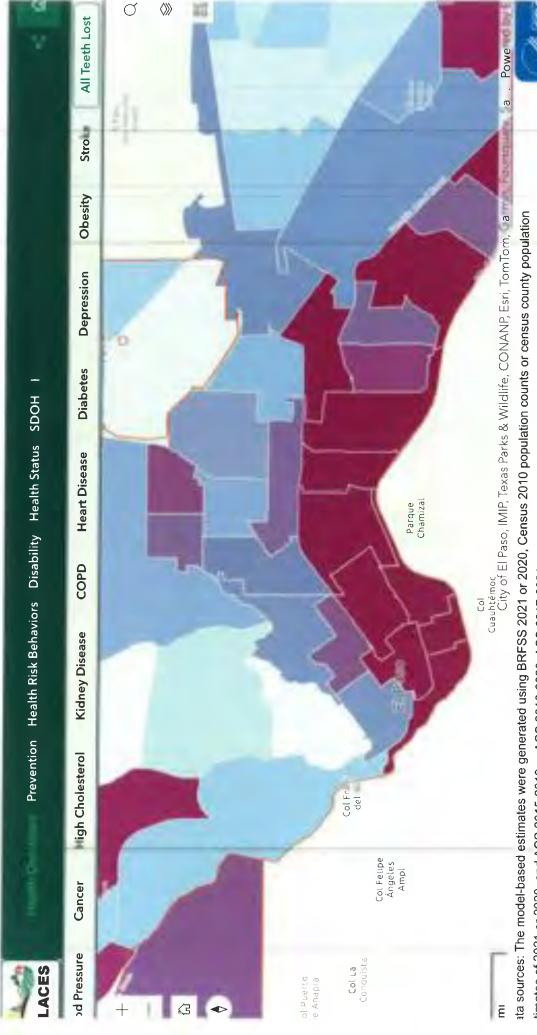


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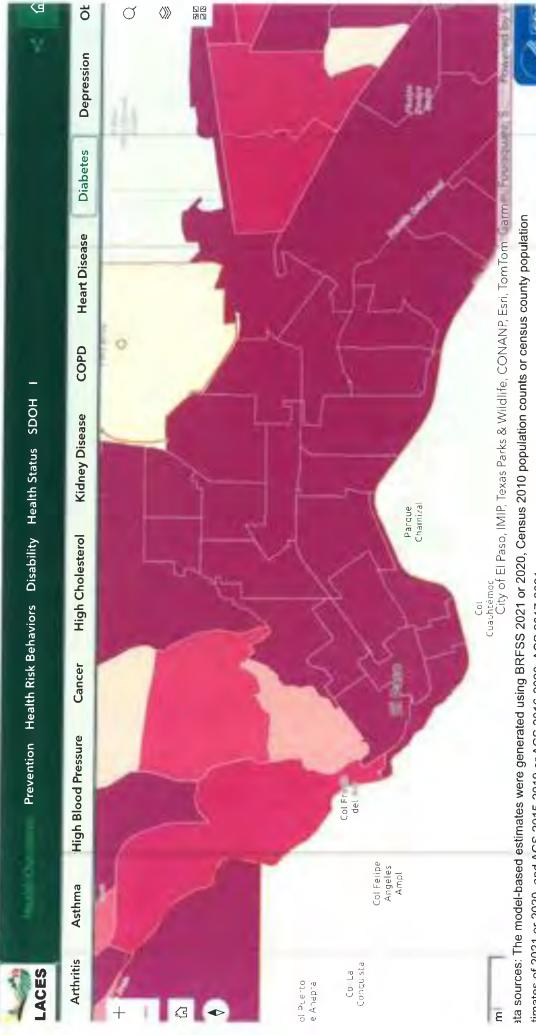
# All Teeth Lost



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ps://experience.arcgis.com/experience/dc15b033b88e423d85808ce04bd7a497/page/Health-Outcomes/?views=All-Teeth-Lost aces





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### COMMEN' FORM - PUBLIC INFORMATIONAL MEETING

Proposed Proprovements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry LEDE SI Paso County El Paso Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas 033 de El Paso. El Paso. Texas 1 el 13 de diciembre de 2023.

NAME/ APELLIDO Mary Helen Michals

ORGANI TION/ ORGANIZACIÓN Barrio Chamizal -learni -

ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 2000 TEXAS AVE EIPASO TX 7990

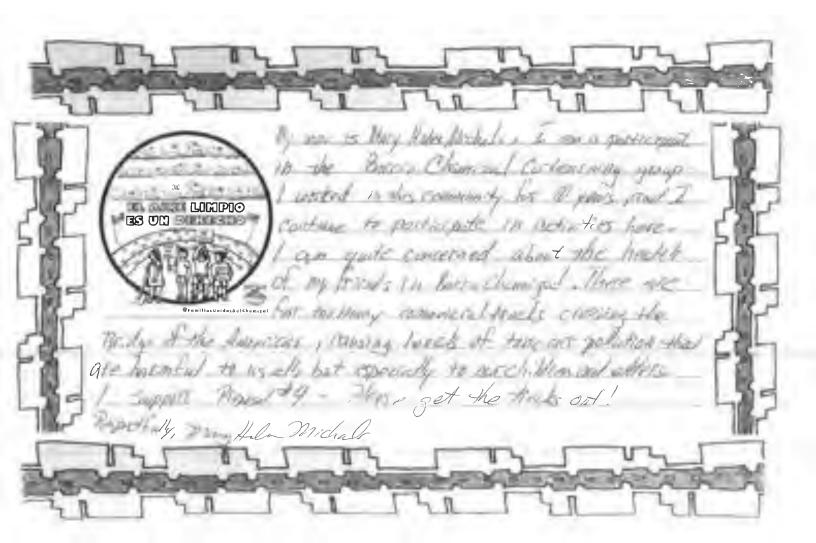
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BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102



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FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso El Paso Exas 1 el 13 de disiembre de 2022

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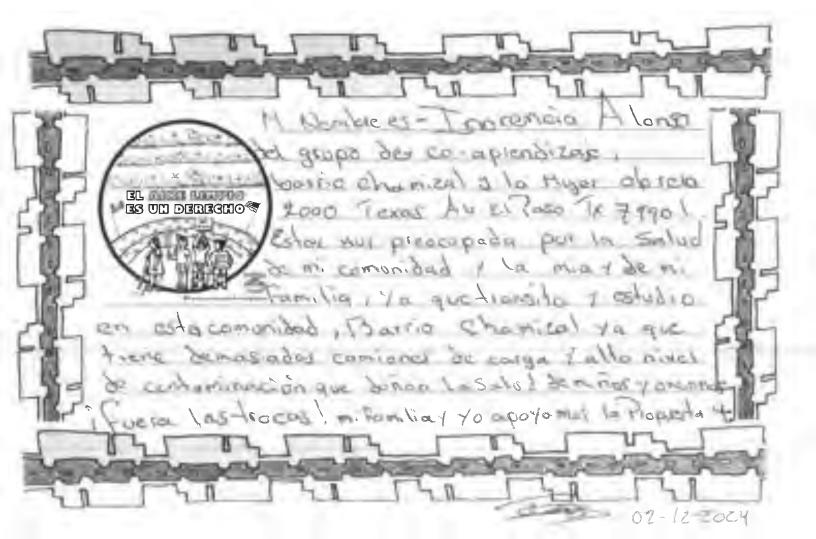
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DEL CHAMIZAL ENGO TX 7490

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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch nt rvices Programs Division ylo TX

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ULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de dictembre de 2023----

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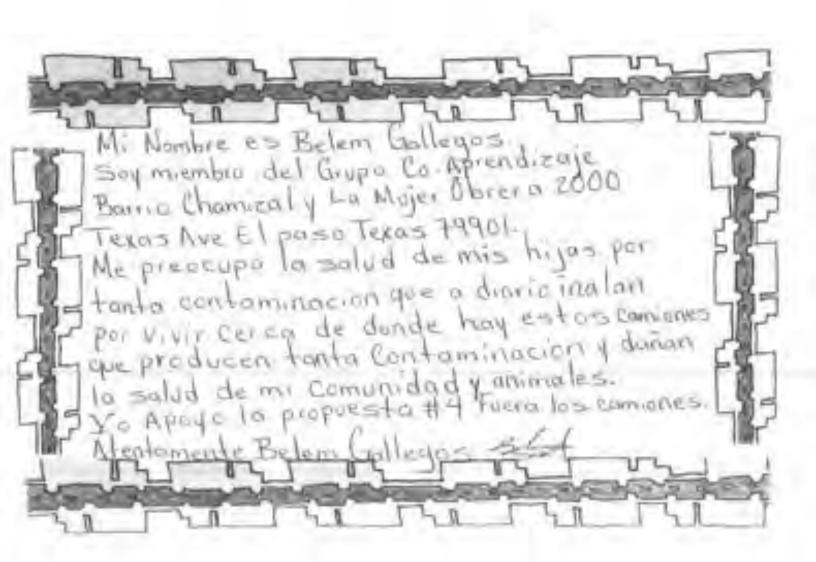
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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.
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NAME/ APELLIDO
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> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102. BOTH REPRODURNENTS BY SW

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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ORGANIZATION/ ORGAN	NIZACIÓN	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	3425 Hueco Ave	
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	9.5.262.1397	
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Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

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### Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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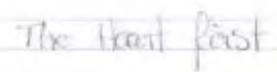
Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

BOTA. gsp.gov

No podemos responder formalmente a estos comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equip o. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**





### FORMILLARIO DE COMENTARIOS - RELINION INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico

a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager

Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch

GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division

819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

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### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO	Lique Castoveria
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ADDR DIRECCIÓN	DITC N Pircleas & El flow TX 79830
TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO	1915)318-9239
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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**

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Atentamente.

El reno Castreno.



### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NA APELLIDO LIZARRAGA LUJAN AIAN

NETWORK FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

TELEPHONE/TELÉFONO 915- -0109

EMAIL/CORREO ELE NICO CHRArraga@bnhr.org

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

BOTA.N TS@gsa.gov

No podemos responder formalmente a estos comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equip o. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

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Lingrama & I am extremely

concerned for the health of my Community.

Barrio Chizal has been more by the overwhelming amount of commercial trucks.

NEPA

Re: America's

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first. We deserve to have clean air, our

impacts & the viability of a no commercial

Sincerely, Many

**COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:** 



### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

BOTA. TS@gsa.gov

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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**

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### FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

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### **COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:**



#### MULARIO DE COMENTARIOS -- REUNION INFORMATI PARTES INTERESADAS

Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Conda de El Paso. El aso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico

a **BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov** antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102. BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

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#### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS

Protect our children's health and support the removal of commerci kt El Puente Libre, The Bridge of the Am in .

The Chamizal neighborhood is subjected to various sources of compounded by he rs many bu ternational port-of-entry overloaded w/ diesel trucks emitting high levels of cancerous pollutants; a public school bus terminal of over 150 school buses; industrial waste recycling facilities shredding metals, electronics, and batteries in out-dated & open-air lots; in addition to the 12+ fires/year that erupt from those industrial waste sites. There is an overload of environmental injustice in our neighborhood affecting our children's health.

According to a record energy about term brack pullimental of a property continues and the black terminal forms of the black terminal forms and a property of the control of the black terminal termina

The residents of Barrio Chamizal demand: 'Get the trucks out of the Puente Libre!' The trucks are the highest contributors to diesel particulate matter and should be

we counted OUT of our thriving rangelour hood of 2,000+ residence. Our Pounts Libbs-The Bridge of the American is the only tell from international port of antity because it was interpoled for the people, not the magnifiadops importa-

Today II Puretr Libro is the second bossest part of errory slong the border; and despite years of oversue. He resounders indicate and country years of oversue. He resounders indicate and the bridge tooks and infrastructure may resultly oversue. If Fasc's Bridge of the American, fit Poemis Libro in our rangithorhood, is receiving \$700's indition of trained fitpartican infrastructure fascing for reconstry processors. This long-oversue immerced should be count in introduction to reduce the carbon temperature and address the majort on overburdered to instable communicate.

Current plans proposed by the federal General Services Administration include: various options of adding more lanes for semi-truck commercial traffic, which will lead to more the GSA created an Option #4: To Remove Commercial Traffic, yet no details or further information has been given.

We have the opportunity to send our concerns to the federal government. We demand: GET THE TRUCKS OUT!



## FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso. El Paso. Texas | el 13 de diciembre de 2023

NAME/ APELLIDO

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Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 23 de Febrero de 2024 5:00 PM hora central o enviar por correo a la siquiente direccion

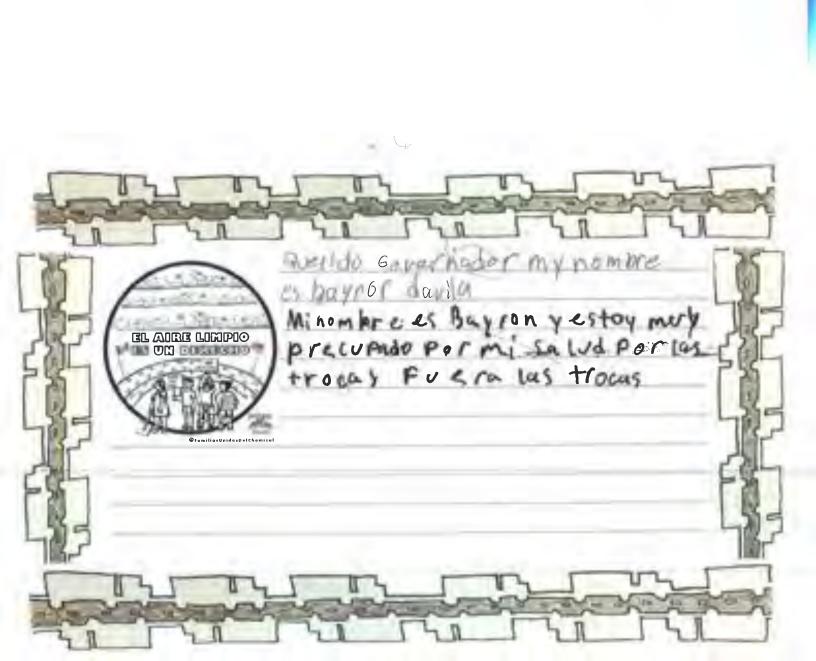
Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

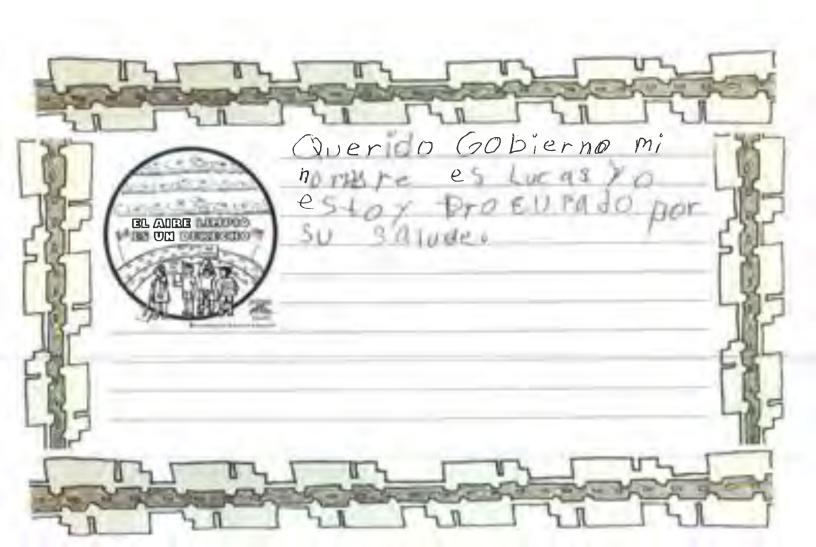
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#### COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:

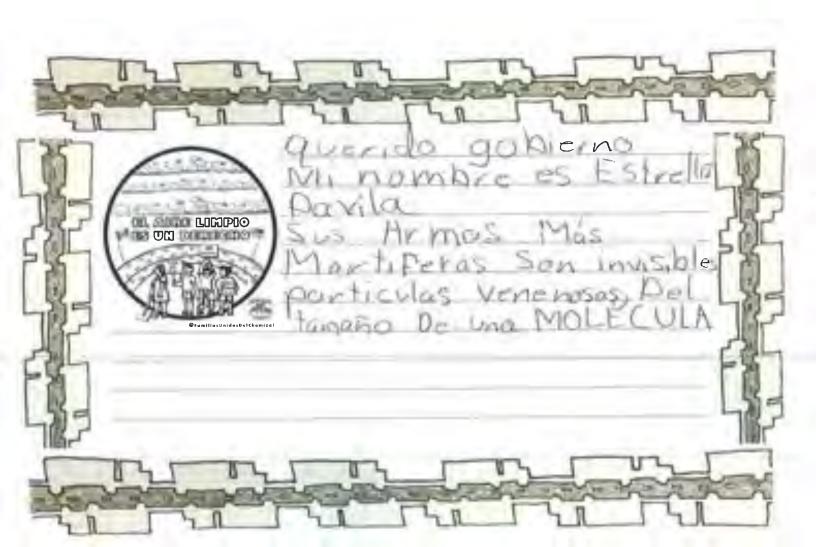
Take the test troks out, it causes problems we don't went to deal with, putting troks was your doings and twke them out don't be lazy, at least the mujer observa tries and doson't sit there smiling at a stid crying because a truks offer smoke into their fine. do something and try needer.





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## Bridge of the AmericasLand Port of Entry

2 messages

**Betty Keegan** <a href="mailto:kfmm.betty915@gmail.com">kfmm.betty915@gmail.com</a>>
To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 3:54 PM

Betty Keegan 8124 Edgemere Blvd. El Paso, TX 79925

Dear U.S. GSA,

I, Betty Keegan, am in support of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE.). I demand the removal and relocation of semi commercial trucks and related traffic from the BOTA LPOE in both directions. Please seek sustainable alternatives that remove the issue of idling commercial internal combustion vehicles and implement solutions that provide opportunities that don't further escalate issues present, such as poor air quality in the area.

Please implement public transportation of the POTA LPOE. Use conveyor technology for cargo loads upon international bridges. Public health suffers from the air pollution. There is the need to resolve environmental discrimination that has disproportionately impacted South Side neighborhoods of El Paso. Do not demolish the El Paso County Coliseum as it will devalue the area more and deconstruction is undesirabe for local economics as well. We need to maintain historical significance to our region.

Thank you. Betty Keegan

**BOTA NEPA Comments** <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov> To: Betty Keegan <kfmm.betty915@gmail.com>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:46 PM

Hello Ms. Keegan,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

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#### 2 attachments

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



## **Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry**

2 messages

elena I <elena.lightbourn@gmail.com>
To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 2:58 PM

Elena Lightbourn

1008 E Rio Grande Ave El Paso, TX 79902

Dear U.S. GSA,

I, Elena Lightbourn, am in support of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE). I demand the removal and relocation of semi commercial trucks and related traffic from the BOTA LPOE in both directions. Please seek sustainable alternatives that remove the issue of idling commercial internal combustion vehicles and implement solutions that provide opportunities that don't further escalate issues present such as poor air quality from the area.

As someone who works in the area, I have seen and experienced firsthand the public health impacts of poor air quality from the idling and freight traffic on the bridge. The continued polluting of the south side neighborhoods of El Paso, with no serious effort given to alternatives, is blatant environmental discrimination which we all still pay consequences for. Air pollution affects the entire city and region. I would hope that our leaders choose better and create solutions that benefit the health and well being of all El Pasoans.

Signed, Elena Lightbourn Rio Grande Neighborhood Association

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:48 PM

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

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Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael

GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

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- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

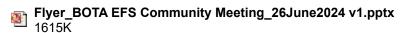
**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

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#### 2 attachments

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K





Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The American Land Part of Entry (LPGE)

E) Paso County, E) Paso, Texas Documber 13, 2023

FORNIULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Plamite de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBE	MAZIA A. MONEZ (ROSIE)
ORGANISATION/ ORGANIS/	NOON
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rilease respond with any firstback, continuing on the back or on an administrational short of neutrosis. This comment form may be turned in today, employed or mained to the following polar to JANUARY ER, 2004. When we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your travel is welcome and valued to the form and will be incorporated into the BS document.

Harris R. Colmichael NEFA Program Monages
Environmental, fire and Safety & Health disness
65A/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Response Disnilles
819 Taylor St. Room EJ B, FW. TX 76107

#### BOTA NEPACOMMENTS Eight give

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BER Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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SOMMENTS/COMENTARIOS. OPTION # 4 for the fellowing.

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Proposed improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Pass County, El Pass, Tesse December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Torrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas I el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

HAMIL! NOMBILE	Jose of Manoz
DRSANDATION/ ORG	ANIZACIÓN
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	3722 E San Waterio
TELEPHONE/TELE/ON	915 447-7753
EMAIL/ CORRED ELEC	THÔNICD

Please respond with any freeboux, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment filter may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to IANUARY 35, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the Ixam and will be incorporated into the Lib. document.

Karlu R. Carrichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PRS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
815 Tevior St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 761032

#### BOTA NEPACOMINENTS Bigsa gov

Par firmer, responda con cualquier comentanto à continúe en la parte posterior a en una haja adicional si los necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregada bay a enviado por correo electrónico o de supulente dirección.

o **BOTA NEPACOMMENTE** El gue gov entes del 16 de l'inero de 2024 a enviar por nivera a la signiente dirección.

Karlo R. Cannichael NESA Program Manager
Zintrammental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/FRS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
829 Taylor St. Room 32-B. FW: TX 76102.

Na podemos responder exclusiónamente a sua comentamas, su aparte es hierarentas y valorado por el equipa. Todos tas Comentas de abandorán en el documente EIS.

UMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	Was to she	
C/2162 T- 4	10-1248	





### (no subject)

2 messages

**Gladiola Hernandez** <gladiolahernandez1234@gmail.com>
To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 3:51 PM

My name is Gladiola Hernandez and I am very concerned for the health of the communities of my hometown El Paso, Texas. Barrio Chamizal has many diesel truck pollutants that are negatively affecting the health of their children and worsening our air quality here in El Paso. My people have a right to clean air! Protect our air, our health and our rights! We demand to get the diesel trucks out of the Bridge of the America's!

Thank you for your time,

Gladiola Hernandez

 Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:47 PM

Hello.

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

## Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the

meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

[Quoted text hidden]

#### 2 attachments

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx

1615K

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



## OSCAR LEESER

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U.S. General Services Administration

Attention: Kirtle Cermichael, NEPA Program Manager

819 Taylor St. Rozen 12-D

Fort Worth: TX 76/02

Letter to Support of Draft Leverocommuni Impact Statement for the Proposed Mudernieus of the Bridge of the American Land Port of Entry El Passe, Tomas

Dear Ms. Clemaniael.

This letter is committed on behalf of the City Council of the City of El Paso, Texas in support of Viable Action Alternative 4 from the draft Environmental Impact Statement (ISS) for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) Land Fort of Entry (LPOE) Modernization Project. The safe, efficient, and effective movement of people and goods through our region's ports of entry are a vital lifeline to the economy of the Paso del Norte Region and beyond. LPOEs are critical to delly life in our border community as they facilitate the insvenient of people who live, work, visit and are schooled between El Paso and Ciudad Justez, as well as advance our local, regional, state, and national dominates.

The City of El Paso appreciates the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) for the public parameter efforts and envertings that have taken place throughout El Paso over the past two years. During those moetings, residents have made clear that public health and environmental junior, should be critical focus points in any planned improvements to BOTA. Besidents and neighborhoods surrounding BOTA have been subject to the effects of iding commercial surpovehicles for decades, including public health concerns and resise.

The introduction of Viable Action Alternative 4 eliminates communical cargo traffic altogether and is supported by residents, nearby neighborhoods, and community organizations, as it is expected that removing the track traffic will result in "Moderate to Significant Long-Term Beneficial" outcomes to ineffic, safety, or pollution, noise pollution, and "public/community health or other related environmental impact" (ESS 9-12).

On October 9, 2024, the El Paso City Council considered item 31: "Discussion and action to approve and adopt a latter by the El Paso City Council in support of the U.S. General Services. Administration's (GSA) identification of Alternative 4 for the Bridge of the Americas port project in El Paso, Texas before the 45-day public comment period, which ends on November 4, 2024, pending review and approval from the City Attorney's Office." Council discussed concurre regarding making sure this alternative truly reduces politicion in the area.

Council also sterated concerns related to holatic planning and detailed preparation to transfe the traffic that is diverted from BOTA both during and after the construction, and other items. Though GSA discrimined that the elimination of sargo traffic at BOTA via Viable Action Alternative 4 and the number of tracks round to the Yuleta-Zanagora Port of entry "are not considered significant and would real be anticipated to have an adverse effect on the local transportation retweet at them parts" (EIS 4-30). Council expressed concerns about the abouty of regional ports of entry to about simulational commercial traffic, estimated to be closer to 2,000 tracks daily.

Approximately 17 members of the public spoke at the Cooscil meeting in support of this item, and the El Paso City Council members of the public are hopeful that removing commercial traffic from BOTA would result in these beneficial outcomes has discussed ensuing that the benefits be verified and the appropriate actions be taken in preparation and bolissic planning for despited traffic, with federal apport.

We look forward to a collaborative partnership that not only enhances one community, but one than present its health as well.

Kennectfully

Ofest Leeser

Mayne



### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

#### Paola Camacho(ELP) < PCamacho@trla.org>

Mon, Dec 2, 2024 at 8:20 PM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov>

Cc: "vero@houstoninaction.org" <vero@houstoninaction.org>, "Lane Eisenmann (ELP)" <LEisenmann@trla.org>, "Ilan Levin (AUS)" <ILevin@trla.org>, "cemelli@mujerobrera.org" <cemelli@mujerobrera.org>, "leonpsounds@yahoo.com" <leonpsounds@yahoo.com>, Karla Carmichael - 7PMC <karla.carmichael@gsa.gov>

Good evening,

Attached please find TRLA's comments on behalf of Familias Unidas del Chamizal and the San Xavier Neighborhood.

Please reach out to me if you have any questions.

Wishing you well,

Paola Camacho (She/Her)
Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc. (TRLA)
Staff Attorney-El Paso Office
1331 Texas Ave
El Paso, Texas 79901
915-422-6599
pcamacho@trla.org

This electronic message and any attached files are confidential and are intended solely for the use of the addressee(s) named above. This communication may contain material protected by attorney-client, work product, or other privileges.



**12.2.2024** TRLA BOTA Modernization DEIS Comments.pdf 563K



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas. June 26, 2024

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Américas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas I al 26 de junio de 2024

NAME/ NOMBRE Y APELLIDO	Dupino Villa
OBGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	Distriction Delta Neighborh & Barrie
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN H C	EKylest TITOS
TELEPHONE/TELEFONO	715-120-6709
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	qualities good sees

Please respond with any feedback, you may write on the back or include additional sheet(s) if necessary. This comment form may be turned in lodge, smalled or mailed to the following prior to JULY 26, 2024. While we are not still to responsibilitionally to these comments, your logal is welcomed and valuable to the team and will be incorporated into the fill document.

Karla R. Carmichusi NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety B. Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

#### BOTA NEPACOMMENTS@gso.gov

Por favor dirijo sus comentarios a la persona indicada, usted puede continuar escribiendo en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesaria. Este formulano de comentarios puede ser entregada boy, por correo electrárico, a o cóci po postal antes del 26 de Julio de 2024 y la siguiente dirección. Su aportación es bienvenida y valarado por miestro estro estro en la fungue na podemios responder individualmente, sus comentarios serán incorporados en el documento EIS

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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COMMENTS/CO	MENTARIOS:	3 9-0		0.1
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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME NOMBRE Roquel Guzzean	g den Q
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN miembro de kilo	re de plate
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 2209 East Morres	ell
TELEPHONE/TELEPONO 791 50	0
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO	

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to IANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

> Karla R. Cormichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102

#### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Korla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

#### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gso.gov

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> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

No pademos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aparte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

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Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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NAME NOMBRE BICGEDO FERCE				b <sup>18</sup>	
ORGANIZATION/ ORGANIZACIÓN	100		18	ī	
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 409 KYLE ST.					
TELEPHONE/TELEPONO (GIF) 345-2721					
EMAIL CORRED ELECTRÓNICO PICENTO PEREZ 1909	e Jan	ro. Co	1224		
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Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to IANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Monager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Monagement and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

## BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hay o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karlo R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	No	Coments	at the TIM	15:	



#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

**Raymond Surya** <raymond.surya@mujerobrera.org>
To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Tue, Oct 29, 2024 at 2:15 PM

Hello GSA,

Here I attach 6 letters from residents in the Chamizal that support the NEPA's position of choosing Alternative Action 4 to remove the trucks from the Bridge of the Americas.

Have a nice day!

--

Raymond Surya

#### 6 attachments

- Commentary for GSA about BOTA-2.pdf
- Commentary for GSA about BOTA-5.pdf
- Commentary for GSA about BOTA-4.pdf
  109K
- Commentary for GSA about BOTA-3.pdf 107K
- Commentary for GSA about BOTA-1.pdf
- Commentary for GSA about BOTA-6.pdf 107K



#### **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS additional comments**

1 message

**Raymond Surya** <raymond.surya@mujerobrera.org> To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Tue, Oct 29, 2024 at 4:54 PM

Hello GSA,

Here are some more letters from residents that

--

## Raymond Surya

Researcher at La Mujer Obrera El Paso, TX B.S. in Climate Engineering from the University of Michigan 616-834-0942

#### 10 attachments





BOTA Commentary-3.pdf

BOTA Commentary-4.pdf

BOTA Commentary-5.pdf

BOTA Commentary-10.pdf

BOTA Commentary-6.pdf

BOTA Commentary-8.pdf

BOTA Commentary-7.pdf
120K

BOTA Commentary-9.pdf

November 4, 2024

U.S. General Services Administration Attention: Karla Carmichael NEPA Program Manager 819 Taylor Street, Room 12-B Fort Worth, TX 76102

**RE: BOTA LPOE Draft Environmental Impact Statement** 

Dear NEPA Program Manager Carmichael,

Rural Coalition appreciates this opportunity to comment to provide advice on the draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Bridge of the Americas port project in El Paso, Texas.

Rural Coalition is an alliance of more than 65 regionally and culturally diverse organizations working to build a more just and sustainable food system in tribal, rural, and urban communities throughout the United States. We advocate for national policies that support these goals, as well as economic development efforts such as bridging the digital divide, the development of environmentally friendly infrastructure, and helping our diverse members market their farm products.

The long-time community of the Chamizal area of south central El Paso, where our member group La Mujer Obrera is rooted, has struggled for years with pollution and multiple public health hazards including constant emissions from an endless stream of cars, buses and trucks that from the toll-free Bridge of the Americas (aka the "Free Bridge" due to its toll-free passage) connecting it with neighboring Ciudad Juárez, Mexico.¹ When evaluating the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry Modernization Project, please consider that the Chamizal community registered "extreme" on the Environmental Protection Agency's environmental justice screening maps that gauge community exposures.

Rural Coalition shares the concern of the community about the diesel emitting commercial vehicles traveling over the bridge and the surrounding communities air quality. Therefore, we urge GSA and CBP to implement its Viable Action Alternative #4 to remove diesel-emitting commercial truck traffic from the Bridge of the Americas.

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**Rural Coalition** 

La Mujer Obrera

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> El Paso Gets a Boost for Environmental Health and Justice



#### REMOVAL OF COMMERCIAL TRUCKS

1 message

**Nicole Serrano** <nicoleserrano8880@yahoo.com> To: BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov

Thu, Feb 22, 2024 at 4:51 PM

Dear NEPA,

My name is Nicole Serrano and I am very concerned about the health of my community. Barrio Chamizal has heavy semi truck traffic and it's a public health issue causing dangerous levels of pollution. I demand you get the trucks out now! Protect our health! We urge NEPA to select Option#4: Removal of Commercial Trucks.

With great concern,

Nicole Serrano (915)791-2194 nicoleserrano8880@yahoo.com



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The American Land Part of Entry (LPGE)

E) Paso County, E) Paso, Texas Documber 13, 2023

FORNIULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Plamite de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBE	MAZIA A. MONEZ (ROSIE)
ORGANISATION/ ORGANIS/	NOON
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	3724 E Son Antonio Nive El Ado To 79905
TULFHONE/FEEFOWD	Pig. 255-8275
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819 Taylor St. Room EJ B, FW. TX 76107

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BER Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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Proposed improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Pass County, El Pass, Tesse December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Torrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas I el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBRE	Jose of Munoz
DRSANIZATION/ ORG	ANIZACIÓN
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	3722 E San Waterio
TELEPHONE/TELEFON	915 447-7753
EMAIL/ CORRED EURC	HONICO

Please respond with any freeboux, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment filter may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to IANUARY 35, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the Ixam and will be incorporated into the Lib. document.

Karlu R. Carrichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PRS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
815 Tevior St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 761032

#### BOTA NEPACOMINENTS Bigsa gov

Par firmer, responda con cualquier comentanto à continúe en la parte posterior a en una haja adicional si los necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregada bay a enviado por correo electrónico o de supulente dirección.

o **BOTA NEPACOMMENTE** El gue gov entes del 16 de l'inero de 2024 a enviar por nivera a la signiente dirección.

Karlo R. Cannichael NESA Program Manager
Zintrammental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/FRS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
829 Taylor St. Room 32-B. FW: TX 76102.

Na podemos responder exclusiónamente a sua comentamas, su aparte es hierarentas y valorado por el equipa. Todos tas Comentas de abandorán en el documente EIS.

MMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	Sela tamba	
C/2162 T- 4	Me trues	





## **Bridge of the America's Land Port Entry Public Comments**

1 message

Zachary Frantz <zack.frantz7@gmail.com>

Thu, Feb 22, 2024 at 11:06 PM

To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Hello,

When deciding which plan to modernize the LPoE, please choose alternative 4. The LPoE is close to communities and greenery, which are harmed by the increased traffic as well as all of the commercial vehicles coming through. The diesel fuel they burn isn't healthy for children, animals, or the environment surrounding the LPoE. Alternative 4 still provides improved transportation and climate adaptation strategies that make the crossing better than as is, without the increased toxic impact of commercial vehicles.

I hope you consider going with alternative 4.

Thank you,

Zachary Frantz



## (no subject)

2 messages

**Gladiola Hernandez** <gladiolahernandez1234@gmail.com>
To: "bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 3:51 PM

My name is Gladiola Hernandez and I am very concerned for the health of the communities of my hometown El Paso, Texas. Barrio Chamizal has many diesel truck pollutants that are negatively affecting the health of their children and worsening our air quality here in El Paso. My people have a right to clean air! Protect our air, our health and our rights! We demand to get the diesel trucks out of the Bridge of the America's!

Thank you for your time,

Gladiola Hernandez

**BOTA NEPA Comments** <br/>
<br/>
<br/>
Fo: Gladiola Hernandez <gladiolahernandez1234@gmail.com>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:47 PM

Hello.

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

## Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the

meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

**LOCATION:** Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

[Quoted text hidden]

#### 2 attachments

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx



This is a reply to the options being considered for the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA) and Port of Entry (LPOE) Modernization Project in El Paso. We are recommending the option that does not allow commercial trucks, defined here as 18-wheelers, to use BOTA.

The relevant question is what is the long-term strategy for the El Paso community that will: 1) add to its quality of life; and 2) take advantage of off-shoring opportunities being generated by our country's excessive global-supply chain dependence on China. This is why my colleagues and I choose an option that excludes commercial trucks from using BOTA. Commercial traffic should be diverted away from the middle of the city to sparsely populated areas outside the city such as the Tornillo Bridge and the Santa Teresa Bridge. Long term this will reduce pollution, congestion and increase the safety of the residents that use the main corridor in El Paso, which is I-10.

Heavy pollution from diesel fumes is described by the World Health Organization as a lung cancer-causing carcinogen that contributes to the development of severe health conditions including heart disease, diabetes and Alzheimer's. Already per EPA EJ Index, the area around America's Bridge, or Barrio Chamizal, is above the 99% percentile in diesel particular matter. The American Lung Association ranked El Paso as the 14<sup>th</sup> worst city in the country for ozone pollution, giving it an F rating. Dr. Silverman, Chief of Environmental Epidemiology of the National Cancer Institute, mentioned in her 50-year study of miners exposed to diesel fuels that they have seven times the normal lung cancer risk of nonsmokers.

Substantial congestion in El Paso's main corridor I-10 will be further increased with the added traffic of 18-wheelers if one chooses any option that allows for commercial trucks to use BOTA. Many residents, especially the elderly, already stay away from I-10 due to the excessive number of 18-wheelers that makes this freeway unsafe for them. And it gets worse every year. In theory Options that allow commercial trucks to use BOTA are expected to bring significant efficiencies resulting from streamlining and modernization that could reduce pollution, but realistically and in practice these same efficiencies will attract even more 18-wheelers to this corridor in the middle of the city further exacerbating congestion and pollution from diesel fumes.

Will Options that exclude commercial trucks, adversely impact off-shoring opportunities that are currently generated and that will be further generated in the future as we try to minimize our global—supply chain dependence on China? No! Yet, if the traffic of 18-wheelers is diverted away from the middle of the city to sparsely populated areas outside such as the Tornillo Bridge on the far east side and the Santa Teresa Bridge on the far west side the whole transportation eco-system becomes more efficient. Encouraging 18-wheelers to utilize these two bridges that already exist will make for more efficient transportation of goods from the South to the North saving them significant downtime caused by very long waits at BOTA and the heavy traffic they face in the middle of the city once they come across. A suggestion that will add to the success of this recommendation would be for the Tornillo Bridge to be strictly reserved for commercial trucking until it is further expanded.



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)

El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to IANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102

#### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hay o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/P8S, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus comentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los comentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:	Heatth	Issues		



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The American Land Part of Entry (LPGE)

E) Paso County, E) Paso, Texas Documber 13, 2023

FORNIULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Plamite de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBE	MAZIA A. MONEZ (ROSIE)
ORGANISATION/ ORGANIS/	NOON
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	3724 E Son Antonio Nive El Ado To 79905
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Harris R. Colmichael NEFA Program Monages
Environmental, fire and Safety & Health Branch
65A/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Response Dissilies
819 Fayler St. Room EJ B, FW. TX 76107

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BER Taylor St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 76102.

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Proposed improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE)
El Pass County, El Pass, Tesse December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS - REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Torrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas I el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

NAME/ NOMBRE	Jose of Manoz
DRSANDATION/ ORG	ANIZACIÓN
ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN	3722 E San Waterio
TELEPHONE/TELEFON	915 447-7753
EMAIL/ CORRED ELEC	THÔNICD

Please respond with any freeboux, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment filter may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to IANUARY 35, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the Ixam and will be incorporated into the Lib. document.

Karlu R. Carrichael NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PRS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
815 Tevior St. Room 12-8, FW, TX 761032

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Karlo R. Cannichael NESA Program Manager
Zintrammental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/FRS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
829 Taylor St. Room 32-B. FW: TX 76102.

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# **BOTA LPOE DRAFT EIS**

1 message

**Shirley Neagle** <sneagle071@gmail.com> To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 4:36 PM

I am in favor of removing the commercial trucks from the BRIDGE OF THE AMERICAS for environmental and safety concerns' Any other port of entry must take into consideration the safety of the drivers.



# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

1 message

stephaniewartooth@gmail.com <stephaniewartooth@gmail.com>
Reply-To: "stephaniewartooth@gmail.com" <stephaniewartooth@gmail.com>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Fri, Oct 11, 2024 at 4:37 PM

My name is Stephanie Sáenz, and I am a resident of El Paso. My address is 10073 Oslo Dr. Apt. B.

I am writing in support of the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA). Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice. By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Regards,

Stephanie Sáenz

Yahoo Mail: Search, Organize, Conquer



#### **BOTA NEPA comment**

2 messages

Sito <sito.negron@gmail.com>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 1:39 PM

To: bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov, karla.carmichael@gsa.gov, daniel.partida@gsa.gov

Dear GSA:

I write on behalf of the Sunset Heights Neighborhood Improvement Association to ask that you choose Action Alternative 4, which renovated the port facility to accommodate personal vehicles and pedestrians.

El Paso is an oasis in the desert, but one would be hard-pressed to see that given the development of the river valley, which created the Pass for transportation and fertile ground for agriculture. Where BOTA stands now was farmland and suburbs only a generation ago.

We cannot restore what was, but as we learn more about the impacts of our built environment and community health, and build in equity analysis as we maintain existing facilities and develop new ones, we can do better than we have.

Removing commercial activity from this port, creating a welcoming, efficient, and secure facility, would go a long way toward upholding the promises made by the White House and by the Transportation Secretary to do just that - better.

I'm sure your research, and the many comments received, point you to similar conclusions. The neighborhoods adjacent to BOTA and other significant facilities, such as I-10, have elevated levels of asthma and other pollution related illness and disease. While the causes may be many, including the presence of polluting industry, there is no question that these transportation facilities are significant contributors. In fact, BOTA feeds I-10, and removing commercial traffic from BOTA may have a salubrious effect on I-10. In addition to supporting other neighborhoods, this of course is of great importance for Sunset Heights and the many other neighborhoods adjacent to I-10.

Given the federal investment, and the community history and sentiments, the BOTA port renovation has an opportunity to be a landmark project that goes a long way towards the promise of environmental justice.

Thank you for your work, and please do not hesitate to reach out should you have any questions or comments.

Sito Negron

President, Sunset Heights Neighborhood Improvement Association

Sent from my iPhone

Karla Carmichael - 7PMC <karla.carmichael@gsa.gov>

Mon, Feb 26, 2024 at 11:00 AM

To: Ron Moore <gsaronmoore@gmail.com>, BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

# Karla R. Carmichael

NEPA Program Manager
Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch
GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division
Greater Southwest Region 7
819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102
Cell: 817-822-1372
karla.carmichael@gsa.gov

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# **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS - Please select Viable Action Alternative 4**

1 message

**Swetha Pottam** <spottam@earthjustice.org>
To: "BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Dec 2, 2024 at 2:53 PM

Hi there,

My name is Swetha Pottam, and I work with Earthjustice. I am submitting the names of 173 individuals who have submitted public comments urging the U.S. General Services Administration's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4 which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas. Below you will see the letter that our Earthjustice supporters signed. Attached to this email is the letter and the list of signatories.

RE: BOTA LPOE Draft EIS - Please select Viable Action Alternative 4

Attn: Karla Carmichael, NEPA Program Manager:

Hi there. I support the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4, which eliminates all commercial cargo operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA).

Viable Action Alternative 4 is the only feasible alternative that fulfills the purpose and needs of the BOTA Modernization while reducing dangerous air pollution and harm to environmental justice communities. Alternative 4 is not only the most cost-effective alternative, but the only alternative that promotes environmental justice.

By removing commercial cargo trucks and avoiding unnecessary land expansion, Alternative 4 achieves the overriding goal of NEPA to minimize environmental impacts and promote public health.

[undersigned]

Thank you,

Swetha Pottam (she/her)

(pronounced: Sway-tha)

**Digital Advocacy Associate** 

50 California Street, Suite 500

San Francisco, CA 94111

T: 415.217.2105

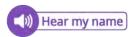
F: 415.217.2040

earthjustice.org

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Because the earth needs a good lawyer







## **BOTA LPOE Draft EIS**

4 messages

#### Sylvia Searfoss <sylviasearfoss@gmail.com>

To: BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov

Thu, Oct 31, 2024 at 7:01 PM

The National Nurses Organizing Committee/National Nurses United (NNOC/NNU) supports the GSA's selection of Viable Action Alternative 4 which eliminates all commercial truck operations on the Bridge of the Americas (BOTA).

NNOC/NNU promotes public health, environmental justice, and access to healthcare, and is very concerned about the poor air quality, toxic air, in El Paso, Texas.

The air pollution in El Paso, Texas has had devastating effects on the health of the people, especially those who live in the area of the BOTA.

Alternative 4 is cost effective and fufills the purpose and needs of the BOTA modernization project.

Alternative 4 minimizes environmental impacts and promotes health and environmental justice..

There is NO reason to continue commercial cargo at BOTA.

Sincerely, SylviaSearfoss, NNOC/NNU Member and resident of El Paso, Texas

#### BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> <br/> da.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

To: Sylvia Searfoss <sylviasearfoss@gmail.com>

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 12:23 PM

At the request of the Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, the El Paso MPO, and others, GSA has decided to extend the public comment period for the draft ElS of the BOTA LPOE Modernization Project from November 4th to December 1st, 2024. We do not anticipate that this will change the overall project schedule but will provide us time to consider additional traffic and air modeling data. Please let your collegues, community and any interested parties know. Thank you, Karla

[Quoted text hidden]

#### Sylvia Searfoss <sylviasearfoss@gmail.com>

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<br/>
bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Nov 4, 2024 at 12:43 PM

Thank you for the information.

[Quoted text hidden]

# Sylvia Searfoss <sylviasearfoss@gmail.com>

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Mon, Dec 2, 2024 at 11:36 PM

The decision to extend comments was at the request of the business leaders, they assumed that the GSA would not put the health of the community over money.

Human health is the essential criteria that must be the deciding criteria for the removal of truck traffic on the BOTA & not business concerns.

Business will continue to thrive using the other international bridges. Planning has been ongoing for the commercial truck traffic to facilitate the move to the other bridges.

Healthy people are the most valuable resource for a community.

Sincerely, Sylvia Searfoss, NNOC NNU

[Quoted text hidden]



# Texas RioGrande Legal Aid Comments on BOTA Modernization

3 messages

#### Paola Camacho(ELP) < PCamacho@trla.org>

Fri, Feb 23, 2024 at 4:57 PM

To: "BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov" <BOTA.NEPAcomments@gsa.gov>, "karla.carmichael@gsa.gov" <karla.carmichael@gsa.gov>

Cc: "Veronica Carbajal(ELP)" <vcarbajal@trla.org>, "cemelli@mujerobrera.org" <cemelli@mujerobrera.org>

Dear Ms. Carmichael,

Attached please find TRLA's comments on behalf of Familias Unidas and San Xavier residents on GSA's proposed Project to modernize the Bridge of the Americas.

We appreciate the opportunity to submit these comments. Please let us know if you have any questions.

Wishing you well,

#### Paola Camacho (She/Her)

Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc. (TRLA) Staff Attorney-El Paso Office 1331 Texas Ave El Paso, Texas 79901 915-422-6599 pcamacho@trla.org

This electronic message and any attached files are confidential and are intended solely for the use of the addressee(s) named above. This communication may contain material protected by attorney-client, work product, or other privileges.



# 2.23.2024 TRLA SCOPING COMMENTS on BOTA Modernization Project.pdf 10476K

#### Karla Carmichael - 7PMC <karla.carmichael@gsa.gov>

Mon, Feb 26, 2024 at 10:56 AM

To: BOTA NEPA Comments <br/>
<a href="mailto:bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov">gov</a>, Ron Moore <a href="mailto:gsa.gov">gsaronmoore@gmail.com</a>

#### Karla R. Carmichael

NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division Greater Southwest Region 7 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102 Cell: 817-822-1372 karla.carmichael@gsa.gov

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# 2.23.2024 TRLA SCOPING COMMENTS on BOTA Modernization Project.pdf

BOTA NEPA Comments <br/> <br/> <br/> bota.nepacomments@gsa.gov>

Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 2:37 PM

To: "Paola Camacho(ELP)" < PCamacho@trla.org>

Cc: "cemelli@mujerobrera.org" <cemelli@mujerobrera.org>

I don't think I sent this to Paola and Cemelli you do not have the flyers. Can you make sure word gets out to your clients please.

Hello,

My name is Karla Carmichael. I am the Regional Environmental Quality Advisor (REQA) for the General Services Administration (GSA) Greater Southwest Region (Region 7). I am writing to you today with regards to GSA's proposed modernization of the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry (BOTA LPOE) in El Paso, Texas. In case you are not aware of the proposed undertaking, the GSA proposes to modernize the BOTA LPOE to correct deficiencies and bring facilities up to standards and current codes – specifically the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Land Port of Entry Design Standard (used to develop planning and programming criteria for inclusion in programs of requirements [PORs]) and the GSA Facilities Standards for the Public Buildings Service (P100).

I have received your email address as someone who is interested in the status of the BOTA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process. You may be a member of the public or considered an internal or external stakeholder. Regardless of your previous involvement in the project, the GSA is committed to transparency and wants to invite you to participate in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. Please see the notice of the upcoming public meeting below. I hope you can attend. Please forward this email as you see fit.

Sincerely,

Karla R. Carmichael GSA REQA, Greater Southwest Region

# Notice of Public Meeting Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of the Americas Land Port of Entry El Paso, Texas

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and GSA implementation regulations, the public is hereby notified that the GSA will be holding a meeting to inform the public and seek input regarding proposed improvements at the Bridge of the Americas LPOE in El Paso, Texas. Interested parties are invited to attend the meeting, learn about the proposed improvements, the NEPA process, ask questions, and provide input and comments on the proposal.

- The meeting will be a casual come-and-go event.
- There will be a brief update of the EIS status and the remaining alternatives under consideration.
- Translators will be available and a limited number of headsets on a first come basis.
- Comments on the proposed improvements will be accepted for 30 calendar days following the meeting date.
- For information on attending the meeting virtually, or if other assistance is required, please contact Ms. Carmichael at the email address provided below.

**DATE:** Wednesday, June 26, 2024 **TIME:** 5:30pm-7:30pm MTN

LOCATION: Hilos De Plata Senior Center, 4451 Delta Drive

Questions/comments can be directed to Karla Carmichael, GSA Regional Environmental Quality Advisor, BOTA.nepacomments@gsa.gov.

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#### 2 attachments



Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024 v1.pptx 1615K

Flyer\_BOTA EFS Community Meeting\_26June2024-spanish v2.pptx 2060K



Proposed Improvements at the Bridge of The Americas Land Port of Entry (LPOE) El Paso County, El Paso, Texas December 13, 2023

FORMULARIO DE COMENTARIOS – REUNIÓN INFORMATIVA DE LAS PARTES INTERESADAS Modernización del Puerto de Entrada Terrestre del Puente de las Americas Condado de El Paso, El Paso, Texas | el 13 de Diciembre de 2023

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ADDRESS/DIRECCIÓN 175 Bld Robin		1	- 11
TELEPHONE/TELEPONO(415) 217-5520			
EMAIL/ CORREO ELECTRÓNICO			

Please respond with any feedback, continuing on the back or on an additional sheet if necessary. This comment form may be turned in today, emailed or mailed to the following prior to JANUARY 16, 2024. While we are not able to respond individually to these comments, your input is welcome and valued to the team and will be incorporated into the EIS document.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102

#### BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gov

Por favor, responda con cualquier comentario y continúe en la parte posterior o en una hoja adicional si es necesario. Este formulario de comentarios puede ser entregado hoy o enviado por correo electrónico a BOTA.NEPACOMMENTS@gsa.gav antes del 16 de Enero de 2024 o enviar por correo a la siguiente direccion.

> Karla R. Carmichael NEPA Program Manager Environmental, Fire and Safety & Health Branch GSA/PBS, Facilities Management and Services Programs Division 819 Taylor St, Room 12-B, FW, TX 76102.

No podemos responder individualmente a sus camentarios, su aporte es bienvenido y valorado por el equipo. Todos los camentarios se abordarán en el documento EIS.

# COMMENTS/COMENTARIOS:

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